

Geothermal energy and support schemes in The Netherlands

The Guarantee Fund & Exploitation subsidy scheme

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- Paul Lako, ECN
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TNO innovation
for life

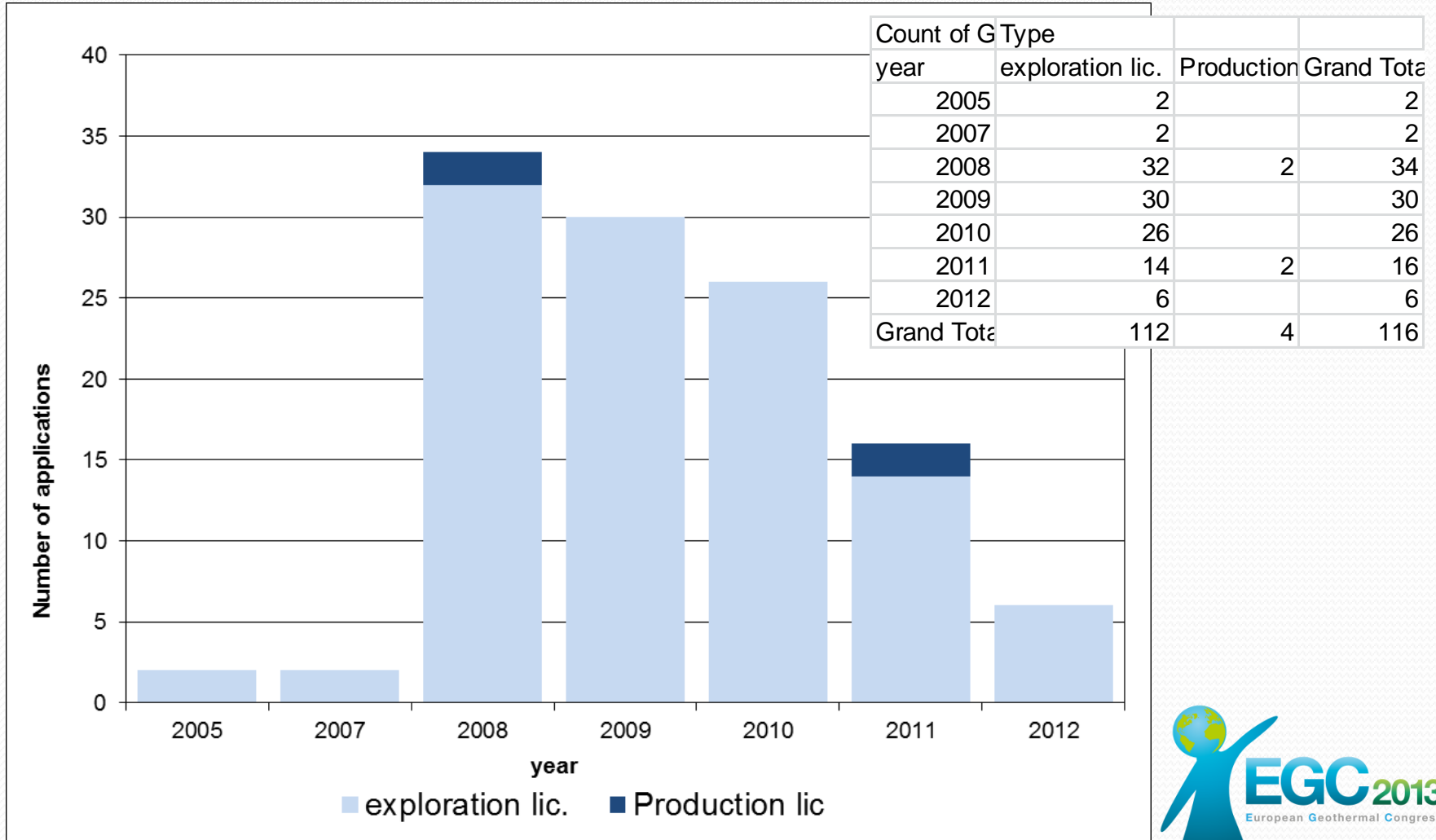


Support scheme stakeholders

- Ministry of Economic affairs (MEA) => owner
- Agency NL => execution of schemes, support policy conception
- TNO-AGE => support in execution and conception
- ECN => support policy conception of SDE+
- DNV-KEMA => support policy conception of SDE+

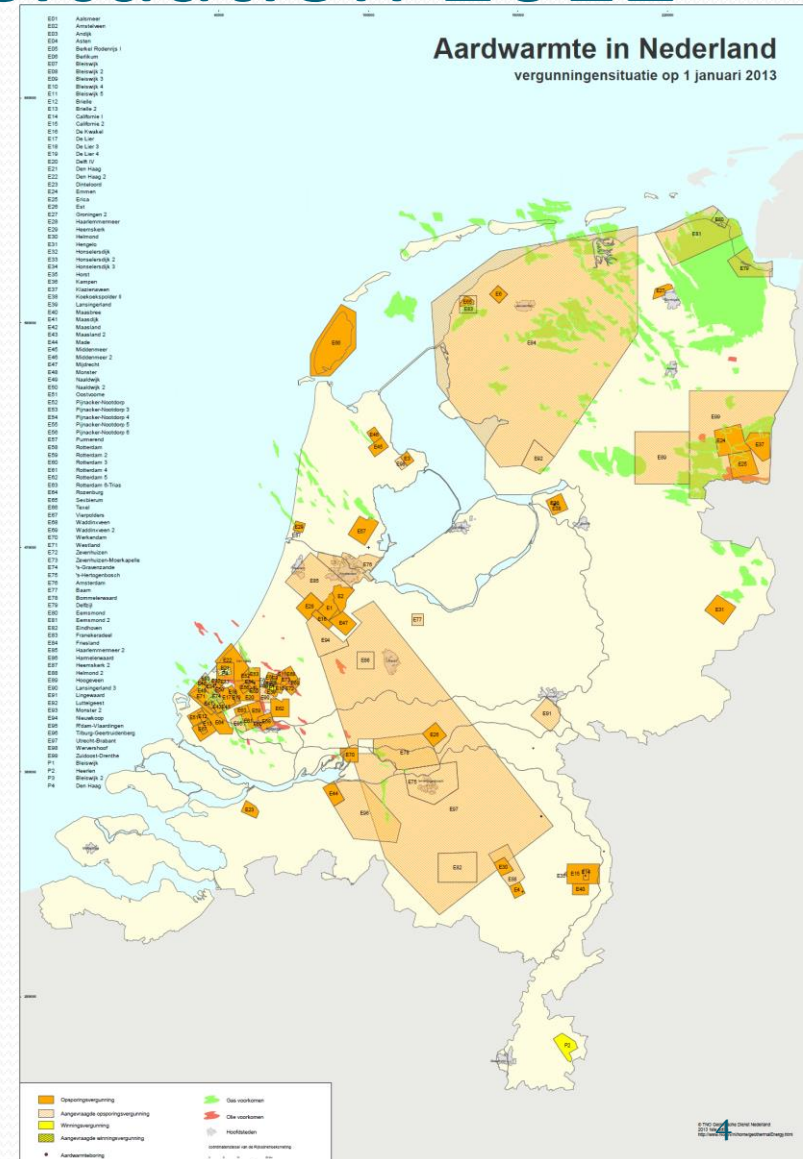
- Participation: Joint operators, consultants

Geothermal license applications

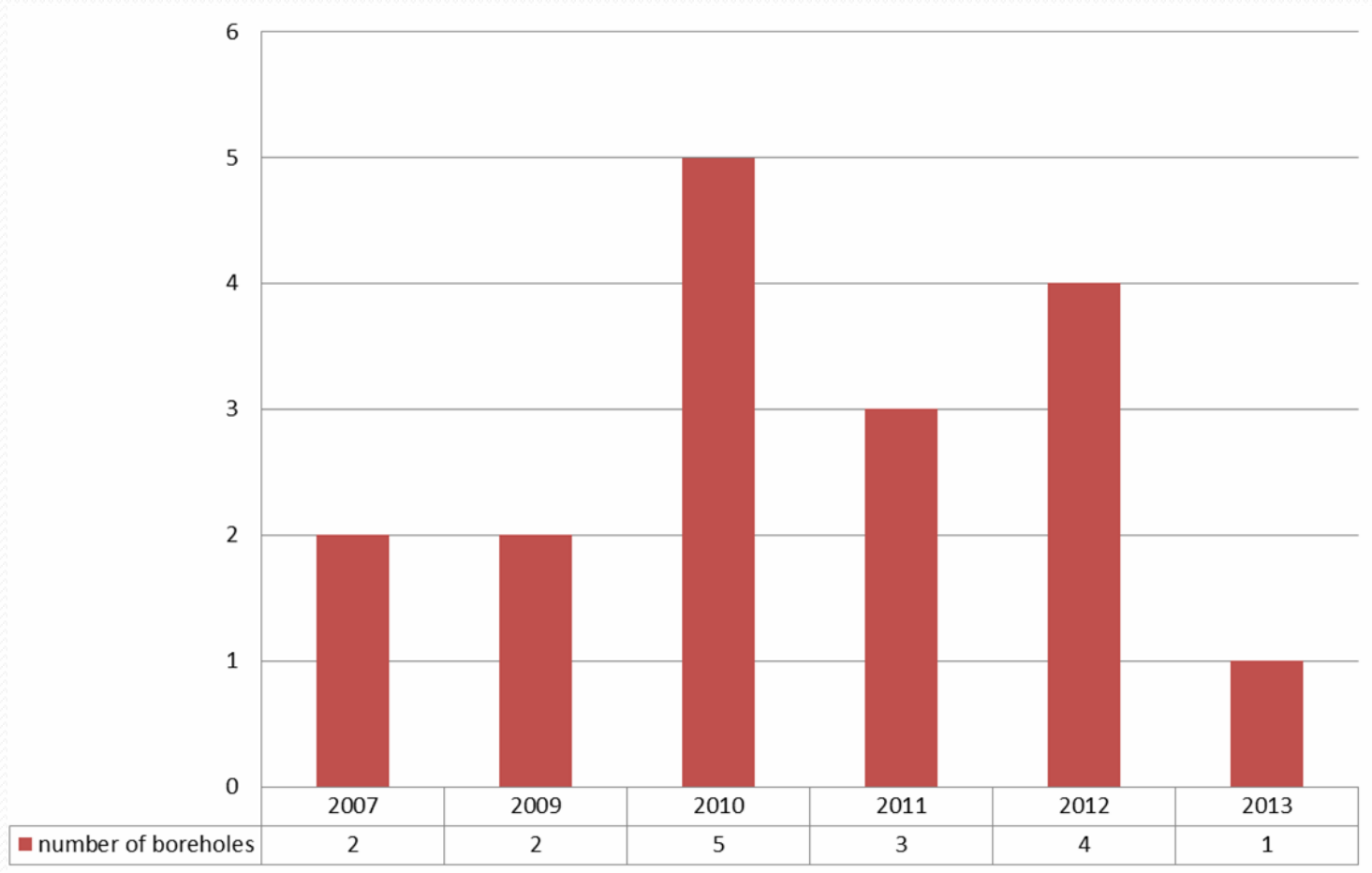


Geothermal licence situation 2012

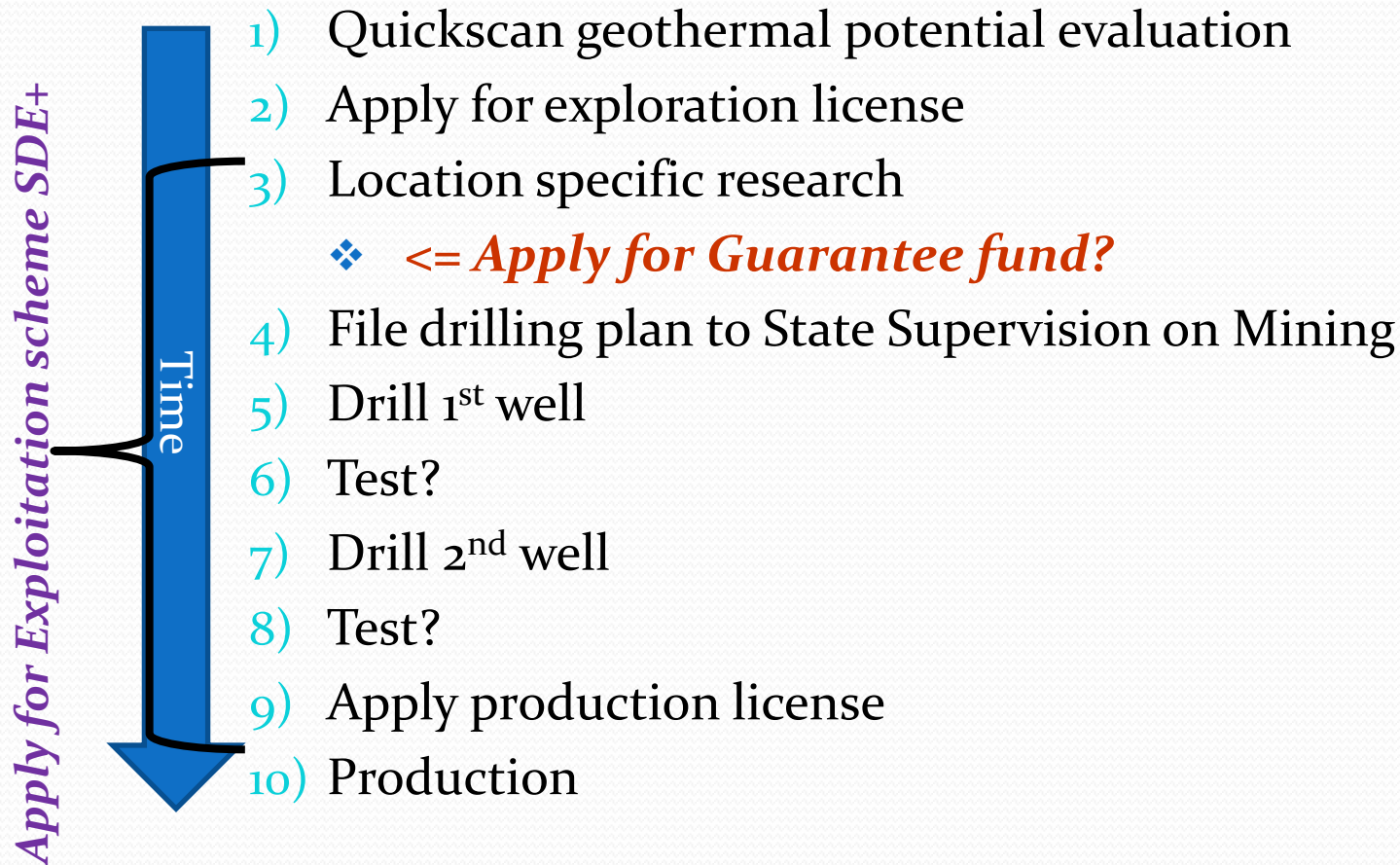
- Exploration licences (73)
- Production licences (2)



Geothermal wells drilled

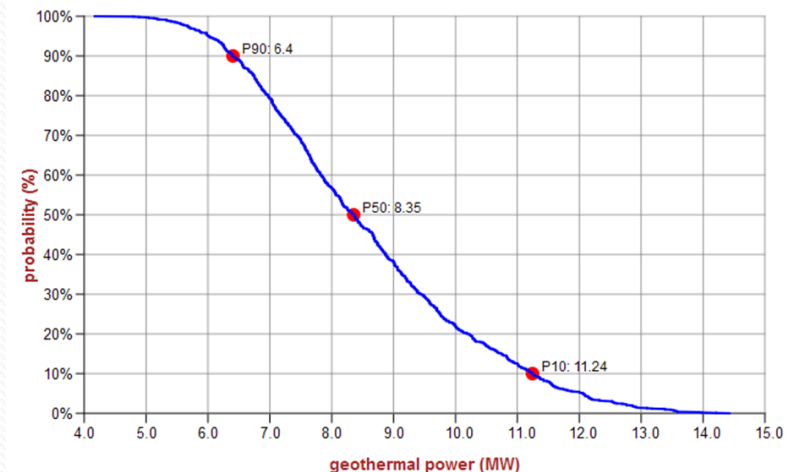


From Plan to Production of a Geothermal project



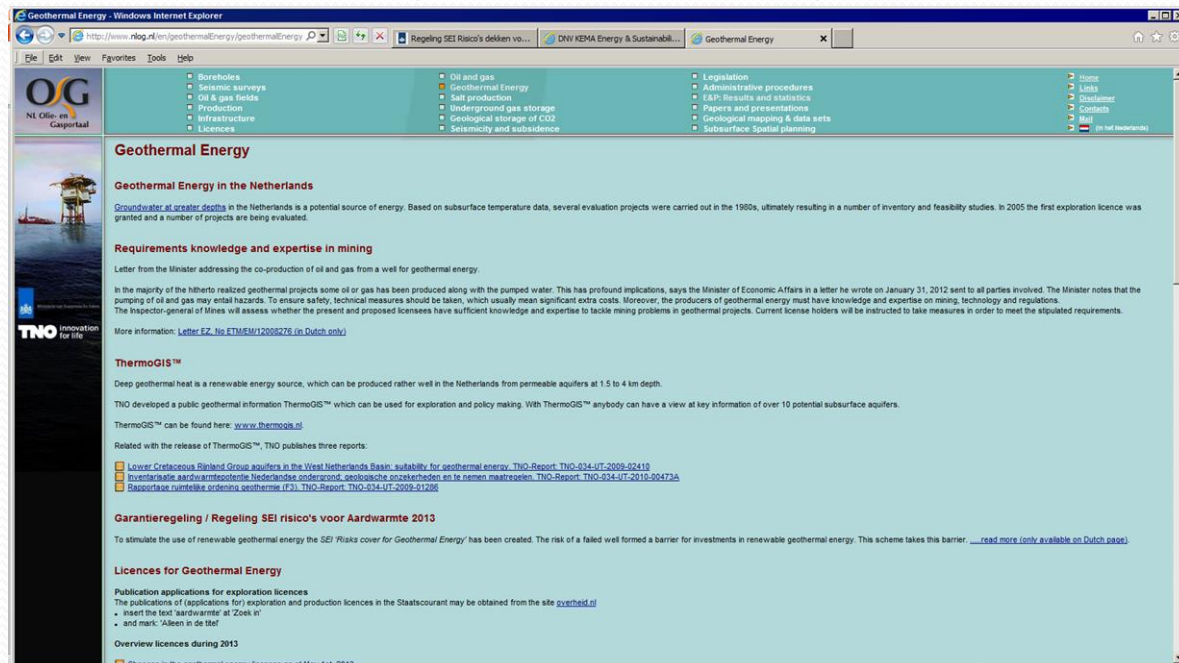
Subsurface Geology ↔ Uncertainty

- Calculation geothermal potential = f (flow, temperature)
 - Flow = $f(k, H, N/G, \text{salinity})$
 - Temperature = f (geothermal gradient, depth)
- Pre-drill estimation of geological/aquifer parameters
 - Tricky => estimation including uncertainty range
- Best expressed as a range of possible outcomes with an equal likelihood of realization



Aquifer evaluation => Subsurface Data and geological information

- **www.NLOG.nl ⇔ Public domain data**
 - “raw” subsurface data: well data, seismic data, production data
 - Interpreted subsurface data: regional mapping, ThermoGis
 - Publications



The screenshot shows a web browser window displaying the NLOG.nl website. The page is titled "Geothermal Energy" and features a navigation menu with categories such as "Boreholes", "Seismic surveys", "Oil & gas fields", "Production", "Infrastructure", "Licences", "Oil and gas", "Geothermal Energy", "Salt production", "Underground gas storage", "Geological storage of CO2", "Seismicity and subsidence", "Legislation", "Administrative procedures", "E&P: Results and statistics", "Papers and presentations", "Geological mapping & data sets", and "Subsurface Spatial planning".

The main content area includes the following sections:

- Geothermal Energy in the Netherlands**: A paragraph stating that groundwater at greater depths in the Netherlands is a potential source of energy, based on subsurface temperature data, and that several evaluation projects were carried out in the 1960s, ultimately resulting in a number of inventory and feasibility studies. In 2005 the first exploration licence was granted and a number of projects are being evaluated.
- Requirements knowledge and expertise in mining**: A letter from the Minister addressing the co-production of oil and gas from a well for geothermal energy. The text mentions that in the majority of the hitherto realized geothermal projects some oil or gas has been produced along with the pumped water. This has profound implications, says the Minister of Economic Affairs in a letter he wrote on January 31, 2012 sent to all parties involved. The Minister notes that the pumping of oil and gas may entail hazards. To ensure safety, technical measures should be taken, which usually mean significant extra costs. Moreover, the producers of geothermal energy must have knowledge and expertise on mining, technology and regulations. The Inspector-general of Mines will assess whether the present and proposed licensees have sufficient knowledge and expertise to tackle mining problems in geothermal projects. Current license holders will be instructed to take measures in order to meet the stipulated requirements. More information: [Letter EZ, to ET/MKM/12009276 \(in Dutch only\)](#)
- ThermoGIS™**: A section describing ThermoGIS as a renewable energy source, which can be produced rather well in the Netherlands from permeable aquifers at 1.5 to 4 km depth. It states that TNO developed a public geothermal information ThermoGIS™ which can be used for exploration and policy making. With ThermoGIS™ anybody can have a view at key information of over 10 potential subsurface aquifers. ThermoGIS™ can be found here: www.thermogis.nl
- Related with the release of ThermoGIS™**: TNO publishes three reports:
 - Lower Cretaceous Rinland Group aquifers in the West Netherlands Basin: suitability for geothermal energy. TNO-Report: TNO-034-UT-2009-02410
 - Inventarisatie aardwarmtepotentie Nederlandse ondergrond: geologische onderwerpen en te nemen maatregelen. TNO-Report: TNO-034-UT-2010-00473a
 - Rapportage ruimtelijke ordening geothermie (F3). TNO-Report: TNO-034-UT-2009-01096
- Garantieregeling / Regeling SEI risico's voor Aardwarmte 2013**: To stimulate the use of renewable geothermal energy the SEI 'Risico cover for Geothermal Energy' has been created. The risk of a failed well formed a barrier for investments in renewable geothermal energy. This scheme takes this barrier. [read more \(only available on Dutch page\)](#)
- Licences for Geothermal Energy**: Publication applications for exploration licences. The publications of applications for exploration and production licences in the Staatscourant may be obtained from the site gvvsthe.nl
 - insert the text: 'aardwarming' at 'zoek in'
 - and mark: 'Alleen in de Ite'
- Overview licences during 2013**

Subsurface uncertainty: e.g. aquifer thickness



Thickness 2 m

← Ca 2500m →

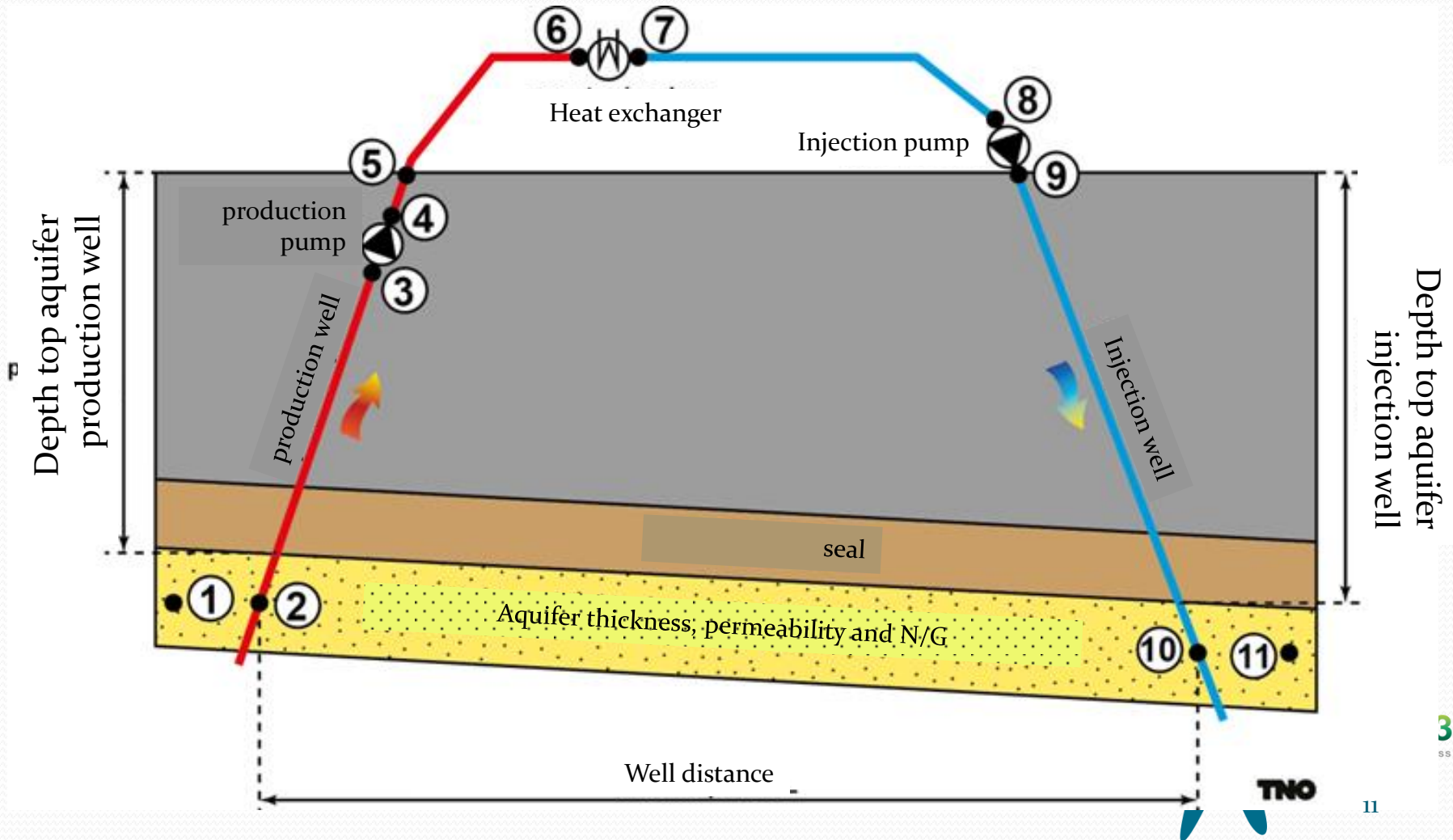


Thickness 30 m

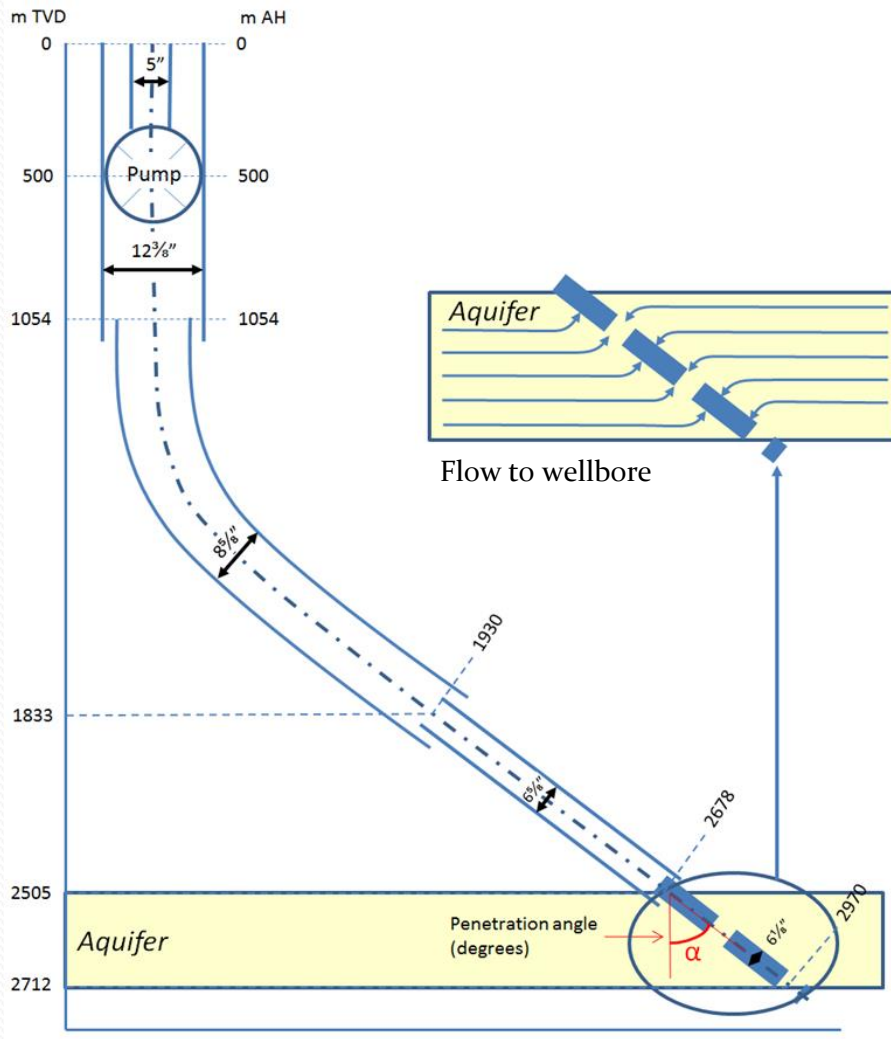
Calculation Indicative Pre-drill Geothermal Power → DoubletCalc

- DoubletCalc: a dedicated program which calculates the potential geothermal power of a doublet, on a basic set of geological, installation and operational parameters
- Geological input parameters are given in uncertainty ranges
- Geothermal power is stochastically calculated
- Output => P_{90} , P_{50} , P_{mean} & P_{10} geothermal power

DoubletCalc model



Installation parameters



DoubletCalc: Input screen

Aquifer properties => range

Installation properties => single

Well properties => single

Doublet Calculator 1.4-Beta

number of simulation runs (-) Calculate ! Open Scenario Save Scenario Exit Program

file: d:\program files\doubletcalc14\example.xml

Geotechnical input

A) Aquifer properties

Property	min	median	max	Property	value
aquifer permeability (mD)	150	250	500	aquifer kh/kv ratio (-)	1
aquifer net to gross (-)	0.75	0.80	0.85	surface temperature (°C)	10
aquifer gross thickness (m)	95	105	115	geothermal gradient (°C/m)	0.031
aquifer top at producer (m TVD)	2255.0	2505	2756.0	[mid aquifer temperature producer (°C)]	0
aquifer top at injector (m TVD)	2221.0	2468	2715.0	[mid aquifer pressure at producer (bar)]	0.0
aquifer water salinity (ppm)	100000	120000	140000	[mid aquifer pressure at injector (bar)]	0.0

B) Doublet and pump properties

Property	value
exit temperature heat exchanger (°C)	35
distance wells at aquifer level (m)	1460
pump system efficiency (-)	0.61
production pump depth (m)	500
pump pressure difference (bar)	40

C) Well properties

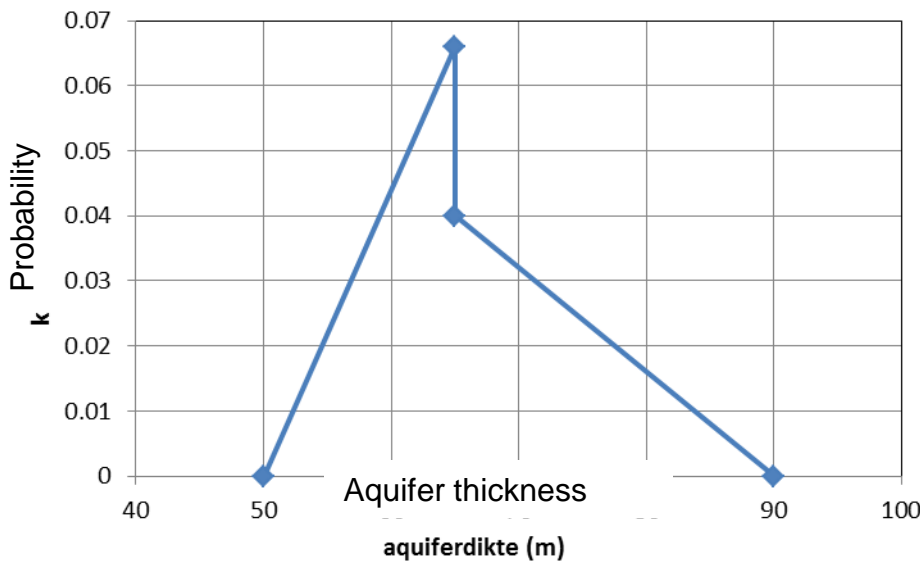
segment length (m)

Producer					Injector				
outer diameter producer (inch)	6.125				outer diameter injector (inch)	6.125			
skin producer (-)	0				skin injector (-)	0			
penetration angle producer (deg)	45				penetration angle injector (deg)	45			
skin due to penetration angle p (-)	-0.97				skin due to penetration angle i (-)	-0.97			
Segment	tubing segment sections p (m AH)	tubing segment depth p (m TVD)	tubing inner diameter p (inch)	tubing roughness p (milli-inch)	Segment	tubing segment sections i (m AH)	tubing segment depth i (m TVD)	tubing inner diameter i (inch)	tubing roughness i (milli-inch)
1	500	500	5	1.2	1	50	50	5	1.2
2	1054	1054	12.375	1.2	2	1054	1054	12.375	1.2
3	1930	1833	8.625	1.2	3	1930	1833	8.625	1.2
4	2678	2505	6.625	1.2	4	2645	2468	6.625	1.2
5					5				
6					6				
7					7				
8					8				

optional

Stochastic simulation:

- Uncertainty ranges expressed as a double triangle
- Analytical model



$$Q_m = \text{constant}$$

$$Q_v = \frac{Q_m}{\rho}$$

$$\Delta p_{w,aq} = p_w - p_{aq} = Q_v \frac{\mu}{2\pi k H R_{ntg}} \left(\ln \left(\frac{L}{r_{out,w}} \right) + S \right)$$

$$p_{stat,p} + \sum_{k=1}^{N-1} \Delta p_{k+1,k} - p_{stat,i} = 0$$

$$q_{w,put} = \frac{4\pi k_{t,g} (T_c - T_{gt})}{\ln \left(\frac{4\alpha_{t,g} t}{\sigma_c^2} \right)}$$

$$\rho_{fw} = 1 + 10^{-6} (-80T - 3.3T^2 + 0.00175T^3 + 489p - 2Tp + 0.16T^2 p - 1.3 \cdot 10^{-5} T^3 p - 0.333p^2 - 0.002Tp^2)$$



DoubletCalc Output screens

Doublet Calculator 1.4-Beta Result Table

probabilistic plots fingerprinting export base case details

file: d:\program files\doubletcalc14\example.xml

Geotechnics (Input)

Property	min	median	max
aquifer permeability (mD)	150.0	250.0	500.0
aquifer net to gross (-)	0.75	0.8	0.85
aquifer gross thickness (m)	95.0	105.0	115.0
aquifer top at producer (m TVD)	2255.0	2505.0	2756.0
aquifer top at injector (m TVD)	2221.0	2468.0	2715.0
aquifer water salinity (ppm)	100000.0	120000.0	140000.0

Property	value
number of simulation runs (-)	1000.0
aquifer kh/kv ratio (-)	1.0
surface temperature (°C)	10.0
geothermal gradient (°C/m)	0.031
[mid aquifer temperature producer (°C)]	0.0
[mid aquifer pressure at producer (bar)]	0.0
[mid aquifer pressure at injector (bar)]	0.0
exit temperature heat exchanger (°C)	35.0
distance wells at aquifer level (m)	1460.0
pump system efficiency (-)	0.61
production pump depth (m)	500.0
pump pressure difference (bar)	40.0
outer diameter producer (inch)	6.13
skin producer (-)	0.0
skin due to penetration angle p (-)	-0.97
tubing segment sections p (m AH)	500.0,1054.0,1930.0,2678.0
tubing segment depth p (m TVD)	500.0,1054.0,1833.0,2505.0
tubing inner diameter p (inch)	5.0,12.38,8.62,6.62
tubing roughness p (milli-inch)	1.2,1.2,1.2,1.2
outer diameter injector (inch)	6.13
skin injector (-)	0.0
skin due to penetration angle i (-)	-0.97
tubing segment sections i (m AH)	50.0,1054.0,1930.0,2645.0
tubing segment depth i (m TVD)	50.0,1054.0,1833.0,2468.0
tubing inner diameter i (inch)	5.0,12.38,8.62,6.62
tubing roughness i (milli-inch)	1.2,1.2,1.2,1.2

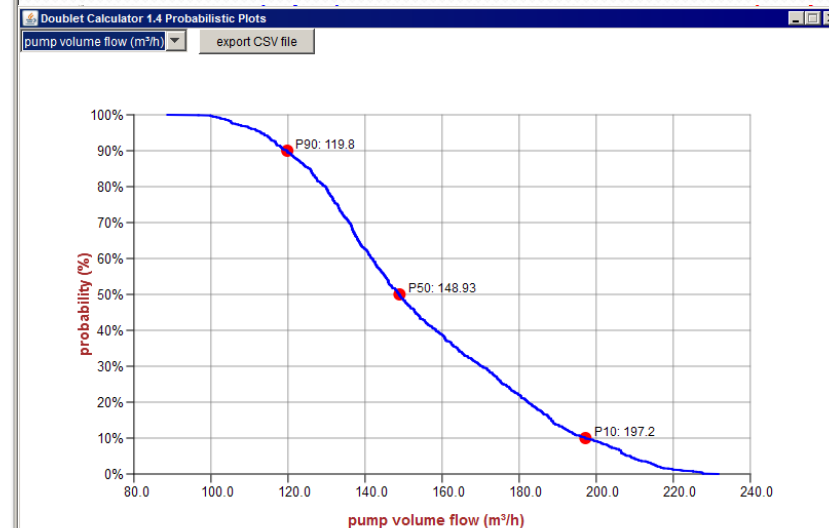
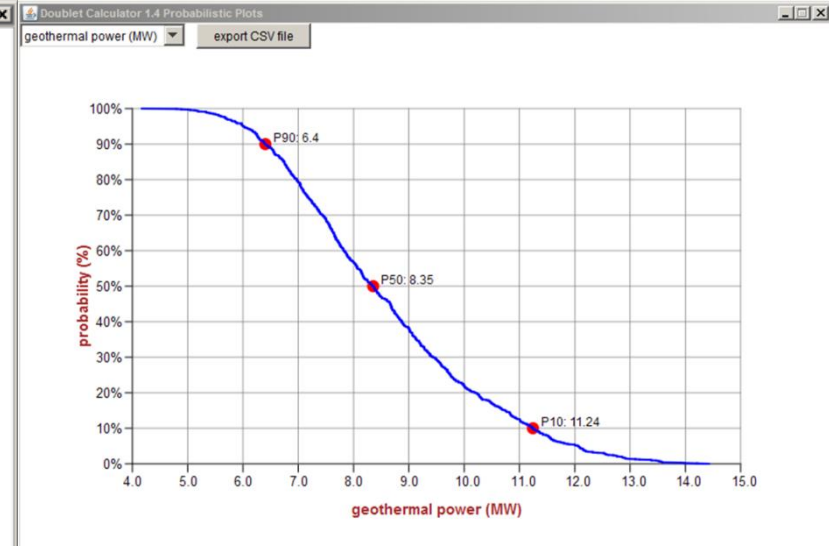
Geotechnics (Output)

Monte Carlo cases (stochastic inputs)	P90	P50	P10
aquifer kH net (Dm)	16.4	21.3	32.52
mass flow (kg/s)	35.16	43.79	58.29
pump volume flow (m³/h)	119.8	149.1	198.5
required pump power (kW)	218.3	271.6	361.5
geothermal power (MW)	6.42	8.33	11.23
COP (kW/kW)	28.0	30.4	32.8

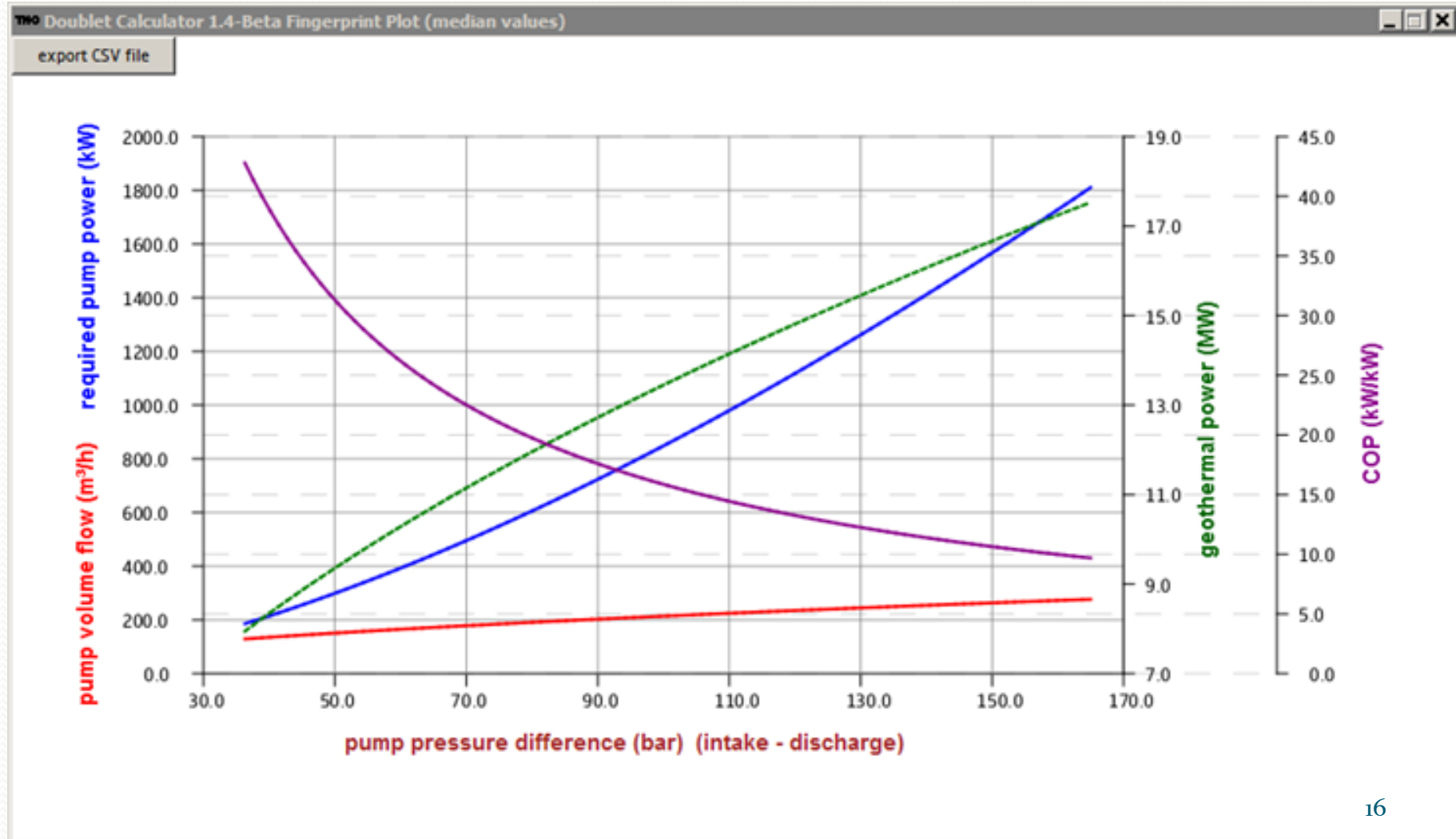
base case (median value inputs)	value
aquifer kH net (Dm)	21.0
mass flow (kg/s)	43.05
pump volume flow (m³/h)	146.6
required pump power (kW)	267.1
geothermal power (MW)	8.12
COP (kW/kW)	30.4

Aquifer Pressure at producer (bar) *	255.08
Aquifer Pressure at Injector (bar) *	251.18
Pressure difference at producer (bar) *	13.78
Pressure difference at Injector (bar) *	25.81
Aquifer temperature at producer (°C) *	89.28
Temperature at heat exchanger (°C)	86.51

* @ mid aquifer depth



DoubletCalc output screen



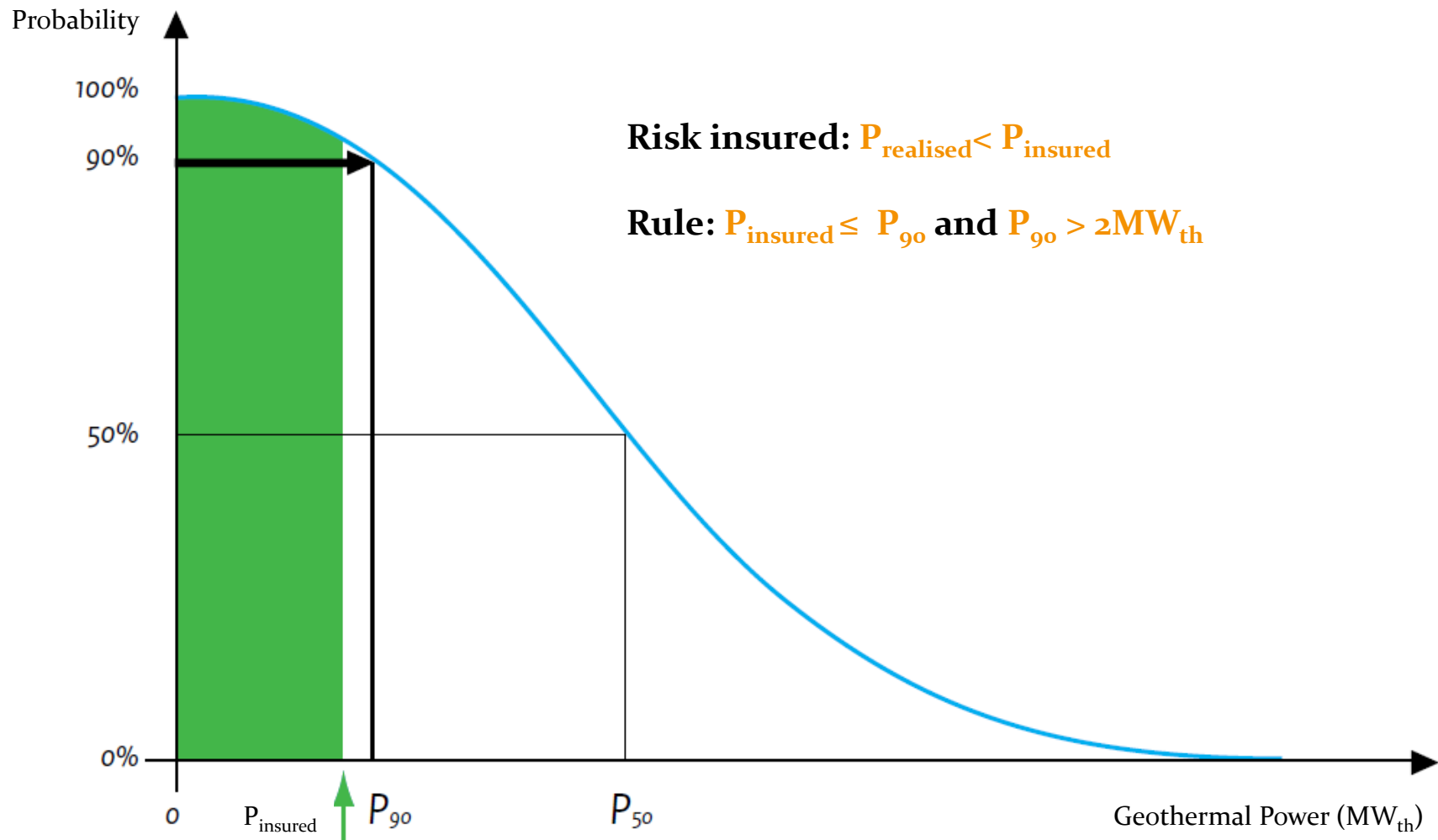
Geothermal Guarantee Scheme

www.agentschapnl.nl/aardwarmte

- **Risk-mitigation** scheme for geothermal projects
- Insurance on disappointing realised performance of a geothermal doublet due to **geological risks**
- Insurance on difference: pre-drill **P_{estimated/insured}** (max. P₉₀ estimated Geothermal power) vs. **P_{realised}** (realised Geothermal power)



P90 pre-drill geothermal power



Application procedure

Action Applicant

- 1. Contact government (NL Agency)
- 2. File an application

Audit & processing application by government (NL Agency)

- 3. Is the application complete?
- 4. Audit on content:
 - geologic audit (*TNO review P90 GT-power*)
 - audit of economic, financial, technical, organizational and planning aspects (*NL Agency*)
- 5. Grant or denial (NL Agency)

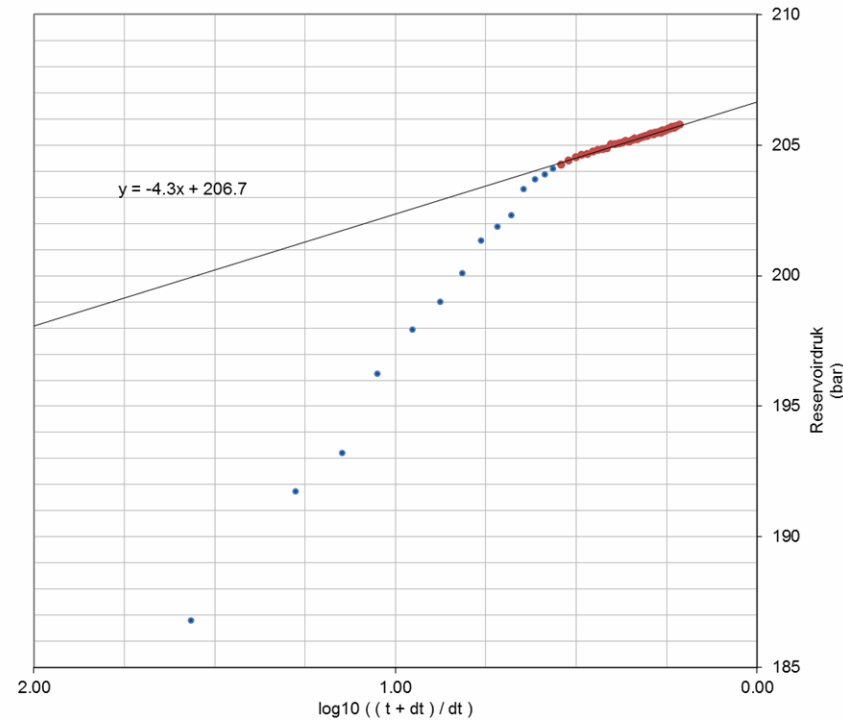
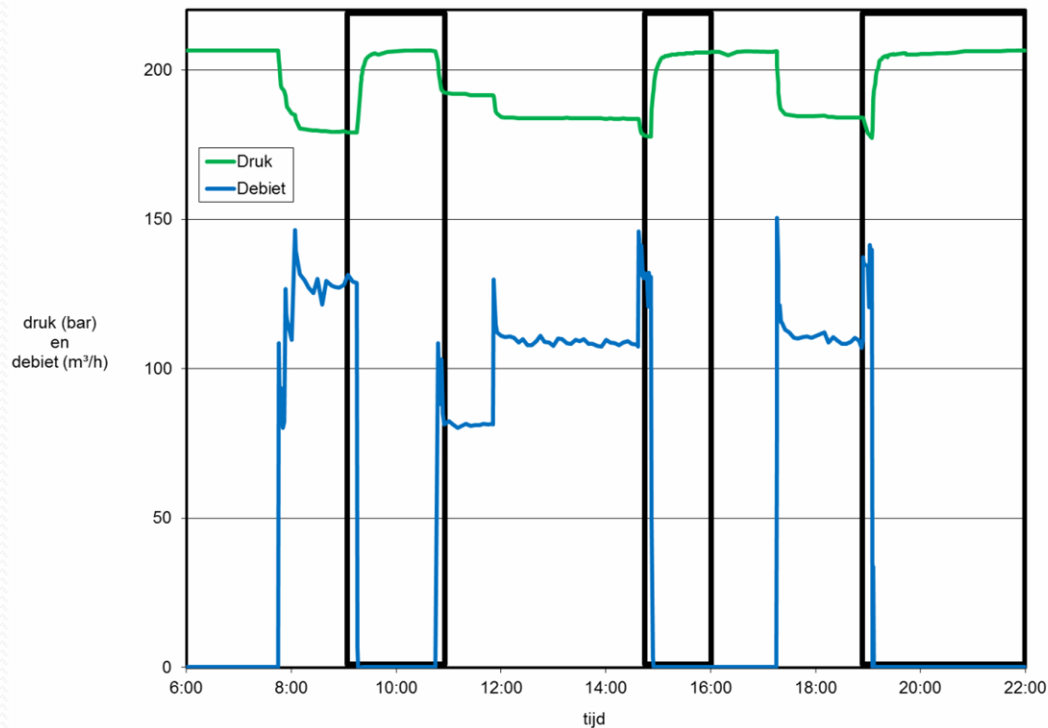
Action applicant

- 6. Payment of “insurance” premium

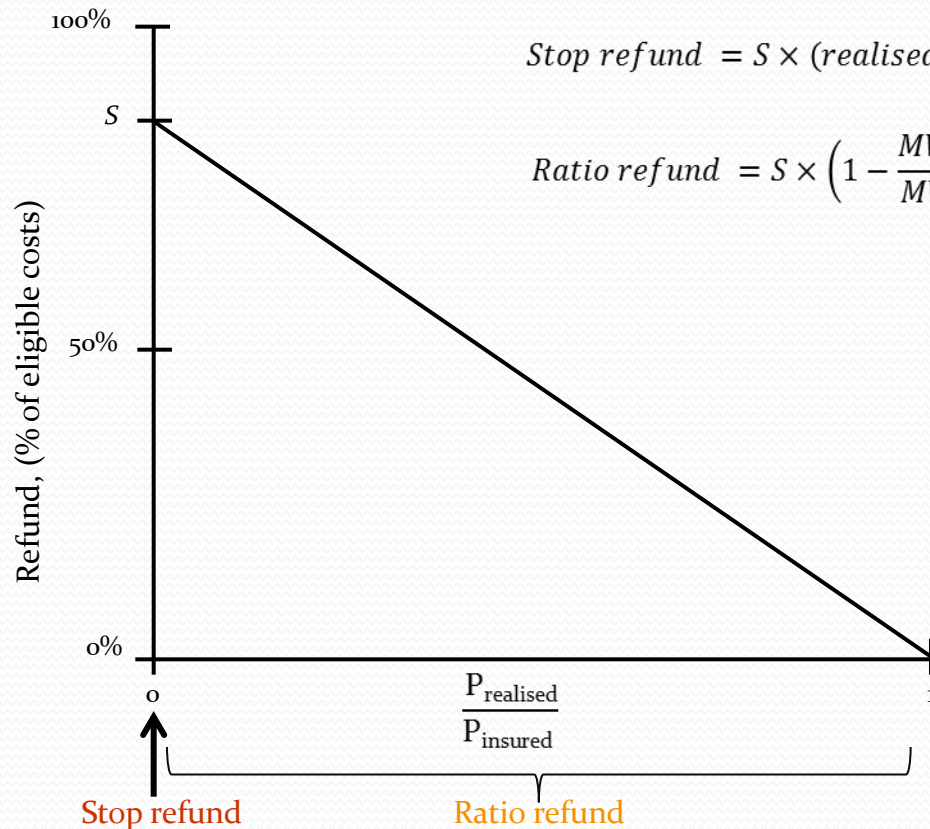


Realised performance: Well test

- Well test => Determination of: transmissivity, permeability and skin
- Calculation realised geothermal power (P_{realised})



Refund strategy



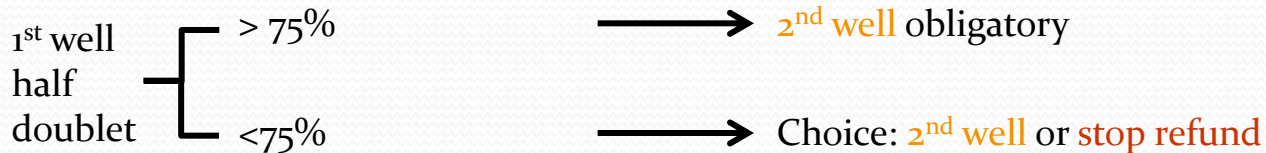
$$Stop\ refund = S \times (realised\ costs - rest\ value)$$

$$Ratio\ refund = S \times \left(1 - \frac{MW_{realised}}{MW_{insured}}\right) \times realised\ costs$$

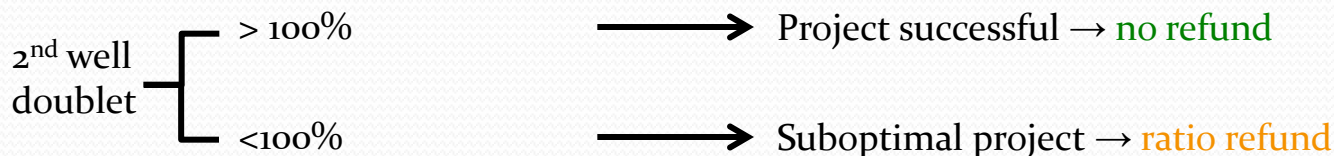
improvement or alternative use possible

Refund scenario's for a project

- 1st well



- 2nd well



Exploitation Subsidy: SDE+

www.agentschapnl.nl/sde

Geothermal

In 2013, you will be able to call on the SDE+ scheme for installations that use geothermal heat as an energy source. Subsidies are available for geothermal heat and geothermal in combination with heat and power. This year, an upper limit will be applicable for the eligible annual production per installation.

SDE+

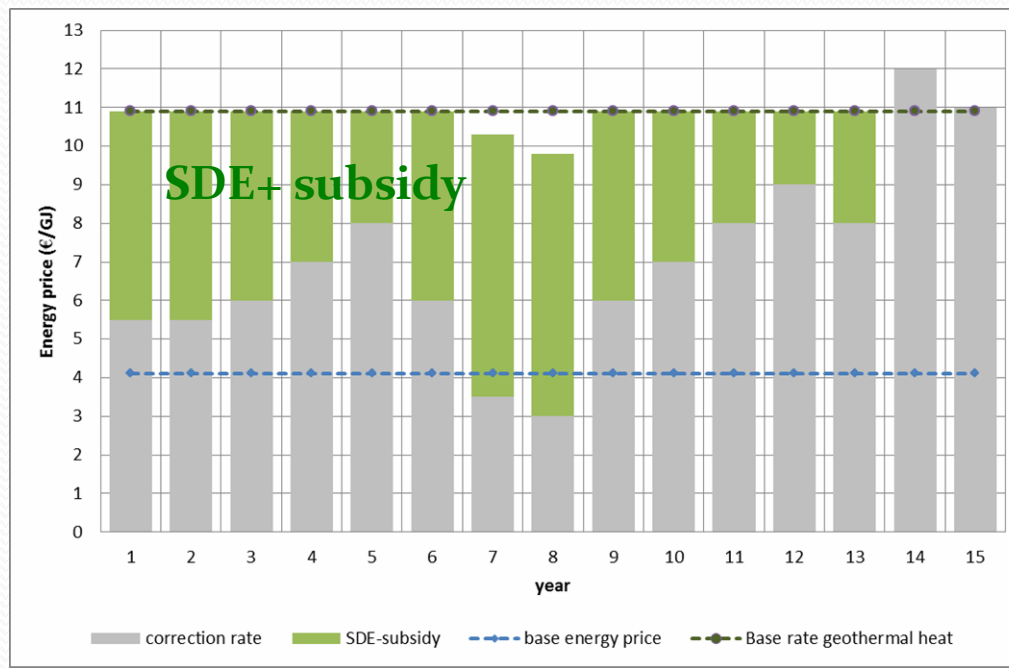
- Feed-in premium for renewables
- SDE+ levels cost price of renewables to fossiles
- one pot + auction
(max. base amount increased per phase; 6 phases in 2013)
- **renewable heat** included **since 2012**
- **Geothermal energy**
 - Max. subsidy duration = 15 yr
 - Max. full load hours = 5500 hrs/yr (4158 hrs/yr for cogen.)
 - Leadtime start up installation= 4 yr

SDE+ figures

- **Base rate** is fixed (= cost price geothermal energy)
- **Correction amount** determined yearly (= cost price fossile energy)
- **Base-energy price** = lower limit “correction amount”
- **SDE+-subsidy** = (Base rate – correction amount) € /GJ

Base rate >

BEP >



Calculation of base rate

- Based on **reference cases** (advice: ECN / DNV KEMA)
- Costs
 - Drilling
 - Separation of Hydrocarbons
 - Installation

Drilling depth	Unit	Net drilling costs	Reserve for separation of hydrocarbons	Drilling costs including separation of hydrocarbons
2300 m	[M€]	5.7	1.0	6.7
3000 m	[M€]	11.0	1.0	12.0
4000 m	[M€]	16.5	1.0	17.5

		Reference case 2300m – target depth 500 – 2700 m			Reference case 3000m – target depth > 2700 m		
		Variant Doublet	Variant ‘Sweet spot’	Variant Triplet	Variant Doublet	Variant ‘Sweet spot’	Variant ‘Triplet’
Flow rate	[m ³ /h]	137	180	2x137	133	180	2 x 133
Geothermal capacity	[MW _{th}]	6.2	8.1	12.4	9.0	12.15	18.0
Full-load hours	[h/a]	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500	5,500
Investment cost	[€/kW _{th}]	1,527	1,261	1,132	1,743	1,381	1,321
Fixed O&M cost	[€/kW _{th}]	30	25	23	35	28	26
Variable O&M cost	[€/GJ]	2.2	2.2	2.2	1.85	1.85	1.85
Base rate	[€/GJ]	11.8	10.3	9.5	12.8	10.6	10.2

SDE+ 2013 rates

Geothermal Energy SDE+ 2013	max. base amount (€/GJ)	preliminary correction amount 2013 (€/GJ)	preliminary SDE+ amount 2013 (€/GJ)	max. full load hours per year	max. 15y subsidy at prel. 2013 corr.rate / (power)
Geothermal Heat > 500m max. 245,520 GJ/year	11.8	5.7 (BEP=€3.7)	6.1 (0-8.1)	5500	€ 22,465,080 / (12,4 MWth)
Geothermal Heat > 2700m max. 356,400 GJ/year	12.8	5.7 (BEP=€3.7)	7.1 (0-9.1)	5500	€ 37,956,600 / (18 MWth)
Geothermal Heat+Electricity max. 178,129 GJ/year	24	7.1 (BEP=€5.5)	16.9 (0-18.5)	4158	€ 45,155,702 / (12 MW*)

BEP = Base Energy Price

* nominal power for Geothermal H+E = nominal Heat Power + nominal Electrical Power (not necessarily at same time)



SDE+2013, 6 phases

April 4	May 13	June 17	Sep 2	Sep 30	Nov 4
0.07	0.08	0.09	0.11	0.13	0.015
€ct/kWh	€ct/kWh	€ct/kWh	€ct/kWh	€ct/kWh	€ct/kWh
19.444	22.222	25.000	30.556	36.111	41.667
€/GJ	€/GJ	€/GJ	€/GJ	€/GJ	€/GJ

3. Phasing and rates for Geothermal



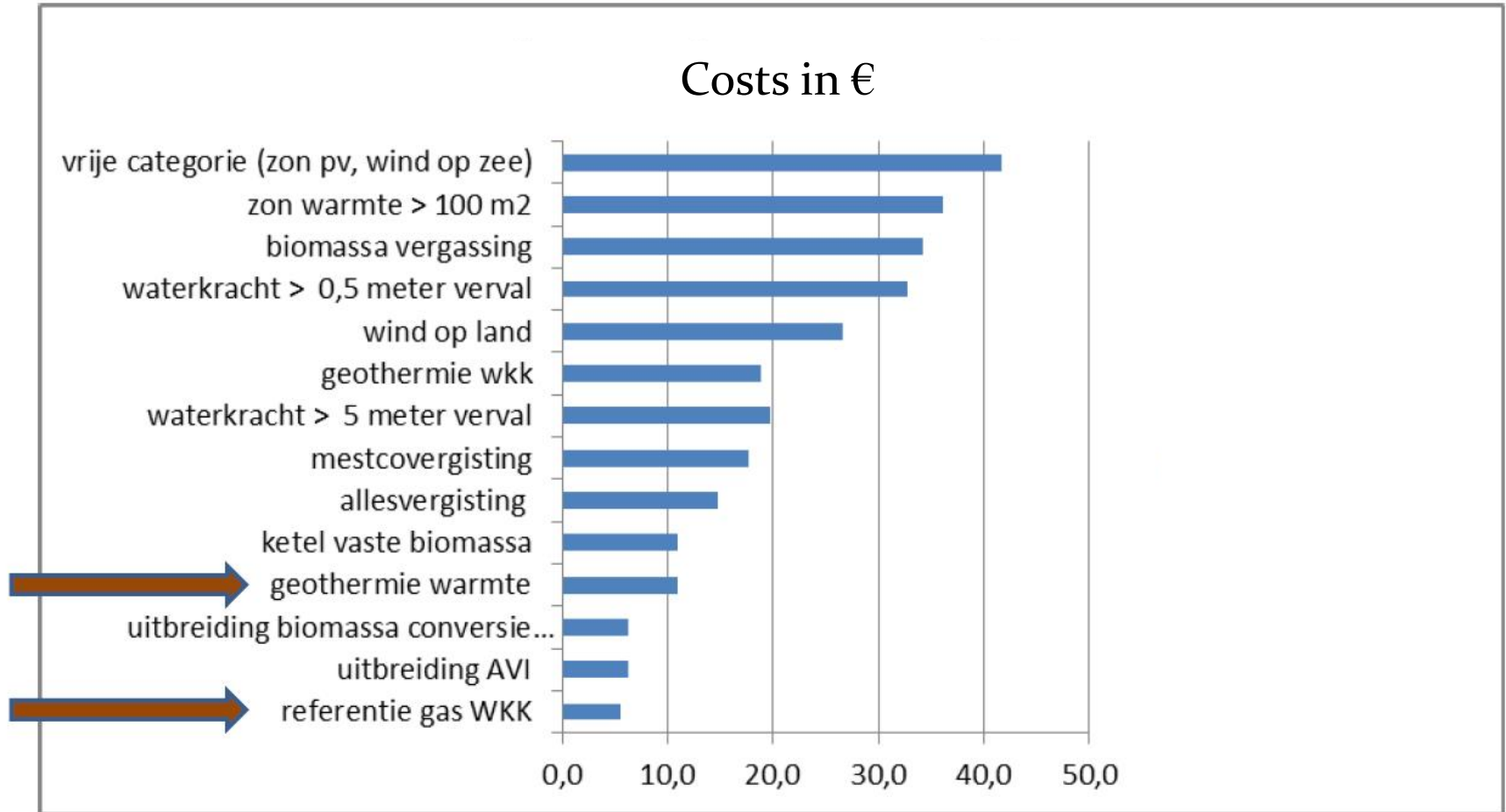
	Phase 1 4 Apr 9.00 to 13 May 17.00	Phase 2 13 May 17.00 to 17 Jun 17.00	Phase 3 17 Jun 17.00 to 2 Sep 17.00	Phase 4 2 Sep 17.00 to 30 Sep 17.00	Phase 5 30 Sep 17.00 to 4 Nov 17.00	Phase 6 4 Nov 17.00 to 19 Dec 17.00	Base energy price	Preliminary correction amount for 2013	Max. full load hours per year	Max. subsidy period (years)	Latest term for operation
Geothermal	Base amount per phase (€ / GJ)						(€ / GJ)				
Geothermal CHP • ≥ 500 m deep, max 178,129 GJ/year	19,444	22,222	24.0	24.0	24.0	24.0	5.5	7.1	4158	15	4
Geothermal heat • ≥ 500 m deep, max 245,520 GJ/year • ≥ 2700 m deep, max 356,400 GJ/year	11.8 12.8	11.8 12.8	11.8 12.8	11.8 12.8	11.8 12.8	11.8 12.8	3.7 3.7	5.7 5.7	5500 5500	15 15	4 4

4. Geothermal calculation example

Calculation example SDE+ contribution – Geothermal deeper than 2700 metres (heat)

Base amount from phase 1	12.8 €/GJ
Preliminary correction amount for 2013	5.7 €/GJ
Preliminary SDE+ contribution for 2013 from phase 1	$12.8 - 5.7 = 7.1$ €/GJ
Maximum number of eligible full load hours	5,500
Maximum eligible annual production at an installation with a capacity of 10 MW	$10 * 5,500 = 55,000$ MWh (corresponds with) 198,000 GJ
Maximum eligible annual production per production installation for the geothermal category deeper than 2700 metres	356,400 GJ
Annual production for which you are applying for a subsidy: 198,000 GJ. In this case, the subsidy is granted for a maximum of 198,000 GJ/year.	
Preliminary SDE+ contribution for 2013 when applied from phase 1	$7.1 * 198,000 = € 1,405,800,-$

SDE+ 2012 base rates





source:

<http://www.ecn.nl/nreap> - 1 February 2011

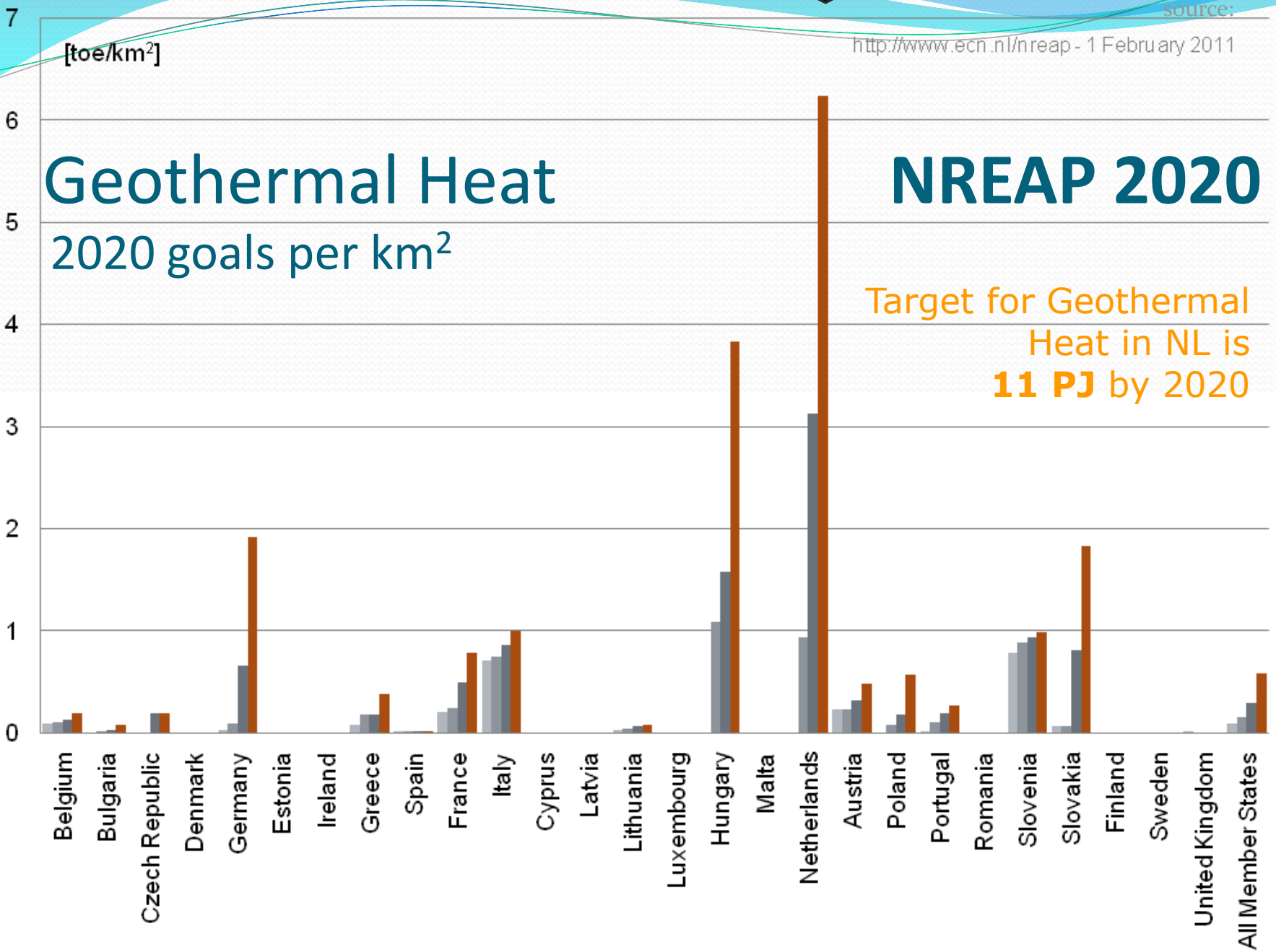
- 2005
- 2010
- 2015
- 2020

Geothermal Heat

2020 goals per km²

NREAP 2020

Target for Geothermal Heat in NL is **11 PJ** by 2020



Summary

2012 SDE+ (incl. renewable heat)
total budget allocation 1700 M€

*30 geothermal heat projects > 829 M€ allocated
> maximum 121 PJ (in 15 years) = max. 8 PJ /year*

2013 SDE+
total budget allocation 3000 M€

opened april 4th 2013

2013 Geothermal Guarantee scheme (renewed, 3rd opening)
available budget 43 M€

opened march 18th 2013

new/innovative: possibility for deep project > 3500 m, half doublet, etc.

***Geothermal in NL
ready for take off...***



Conclusion

- Support schemes are propelling geothermal in NL to a next phase
- The main issues are the uncertainties in the pre-drill geothermal power estimation, and in the investment costs
- DoubletCalc software efficiently calculates an indicative geothermal power range
- Regular amendments are carried out to meet new requirements and incorporate new insights

Support Schemes are a crucial element for the breakthrough of geothermal in NL



Thank you for your attention

