

Appendices

Appendix 1 Glossary

This glossary is made up of some of the more common oil-industry terms and other specialised geological or technical terms used in the Atlas. The explanations are in some case simplified or Atlas-orientated, and the list is not intended to be comprehensive. For terms not listed here, or for greater technical detail, the reader is referred to geological dictionaries such as Whitten and Brooks (1972), the Glossary of Geology (Bates & Jackson, 1987) and the Illustrated Glossary of Petroleum Geochemistry (Miles, 1994), which have been valuable references in the compilation of this glossary. The glossary was compiled by Graham Lott. Gion Kuper and Ken Glennie are thanked for providing much of the information related to the oil industry. Robert Knox is thanked for providing additional advice on the geological definitions.

3D-seismic data. Seismic-reflection profiles collected on a very close grid of 15-25 m spacing allow the generation of cubes of ‘three-dimensional data’ (3D data); these provide great detail of the sub-surface. More-widely spaced seismic data are termed 2D.

Accommodation space. Any space generated at the land surface or the sea bed within which sediments can accumulate; commonly this is due to subsidence or faulting.

Accretionary prism. A tectonically thickened wedge of sediment scraped off the subducting plate found on the landward side of some oceanic trenches.

Acoustic impedance. The seismic property acoustic impedance (AI) is defined as the velocity multiplied by density. The difference in AI between layers basically determines the amplitude and polarity of seismic reflections.

Aeolian. The erosion, transport or deposition of material by wind.

Alginite. Microscopy term for oil-prone kerogen components composed of recognisable algal remains. Equates chemically with type I kerogen.

Alkanes. Carbon and hydrogen compounds saturated with respect to hydrogen. Alkanes may be straight chain (normal), branched chain (iso-) or cyclic (cyclo-) structures.

Ammonite zones. A non-hierarchical, usually restricted chronostratigraphic unit, based on a type section where specific beds yield characteristic ammonites.

Anisotropy. Term applied to the variation of physical rock properties in different directions.

API Gravity. American Petroleum Institute measure of the specific gravity of crude oils and condensates. The API gravity (in API degrees) is calculated as (141.5/density at 16°C) – 131.5 or may be estimated from oil fluorescence characteristics.

Appraisal. A period of data collection in which a petroleum discovery is assessed for its commerciality. The period can be short or extend to many years.

Appraisal well. A well drilled to appraise the lateral extent and potential commercial viability of a petroleum discovery.

Aromatics. Carbon and hydrogen compounds containing one or more six-membered carbon rings with conjugated (alternating) single and double bonds.

Asphaltenes. The heavy molecular weight component of crude oils or sediment extracts which is insoluble in n-heptane (API definition) or pentane.

Associated gas. Gas that occurs in the same reservoir as oil and is partly dissolved in the oil.

AVO. Amplitude versus offset. The change in amplitude of reflected seismic waves as the angle of incidence on the reflector changes. These amplitude variations can be interpreted to show the differing fluid content of the rocks.

Basin. A depression, usually of large size and generally caused by tectonic subsidence.

Barrel. The standard measure of volume for oil. One barrel equals 0.159 m³ (159 litres), 5.615 cubic feet, 35 Imperial or 42 US gallons.

Biodegradation. The alteration of sedimentary organic matter, oils and gases by the action of bacteria.

Biogenic gas. Methane that is produced at shallow depths in sediments by the action of bacteria on organic matter.

Bioherms. Build-up of mainly *in situ* organisms that produces a reef or mound.

Biomarkers. Biologically derived molecules such as isoprenoids, steranes and triterpanes that retain structural specificity characteristics of their biological origin. Biomarkers are commonly used for estimating maturity and oil and source rock correlations.

Biostratigraphy. The stratigraphy of rocks based on the fossils and microfossils contained within them.

Bituminite. Microscopy term for macerals generated during maturation, i.e. of secondary origin.

Block. Each 1 degree quadrant in the North Sea is divided into licence blocks. 30 such numbered blocks are in each Quadrant in the UK sector, 18 in each Quadrant in the Netherlands, 32 in Denmark and 18 in Germany.

Blow out. The uncontrolled emission of hydrocarbons from a well. Can occur when the drill bit enters a zone of very high formation pressure, which is not controlled by the mud system in the well. These days, a blow out is a very rare occurrence; controlled by the use of heavy muds and ultimately by mechanical blow out preventers at the wellhead.

Bouguer gravity anomaly. A deviation from the Earth’s normal force of gravity after taking account of corrections for latitude and water depth.

Brine. The salty water present in the sub surface both within aquifers (formation water) and hydrocarbon reservoirs; mostly of marine origin and trapped during deposition of the sediment.

Burial history curve. Graphical presentation (depth/time plot) of the variation with geological time of the subsidence and burial within a basin from deposition to present. Used for thermal geohistory modelling, and maturity prediction.

Calcrete. Carbonate bed formed in a soil within semi-arid regions with sparse rainfall.

Caprock. An impervious seal overlying a petroleum bearing reservoir.

Capillary entry pressure. The capillary pressure required to allow the non-wetting phase (typically oil or gas) to enter the pores of the reservoir rock.

Capillary pressure. The difference between the pressures of any two immiscible fluid phases. In an oil reservoir, it is calculated from the density difference between the oil and water multiplied by the height above the Free Water Level (FWL) and the gravity constant.

Carbon number. The number of carbon atoms in a molecule.

Carbon Preference Index (CPI). The ratio of odd numbered normal alkanes to even numbered normal alkanes in a specified part of the carbon number range. Used as maturity index for oil and sediment extracts.

Carrier bed (conduit). A permeable bed along which oil and gas is believed to have migrated from its source.

Catagenesis. The main hydrocarbon generation stage, between the immature stage of diagenesis and the post (oil) mature stage of metagenesis.

Chronostratigraphy. Stratigraphy based on the age of rocks and their time relations.

Clastic sediments (clastics). Sediments formed of fragments of pre-existing rocks. They include conglomerates, sandstones and mudstones.

Closure. The vertical distance between the top of an actual or potential hydrocarbon trap and its lowest closed contour (cf. **spill point**). Coupled with area, reservoir thickness and porosity, it is an important factor in deducing the volume of a hydrocarbon trap.

Coal. A sediment formed dominantly of fossilised organic matter (>50%).

Coal rank. A classification based on the thermal alteration or maturity of coal. Classes range from peat-brown coal (lignite), sub-bituminous coal, and bituminous coal (high, medium, low volatile) to semi-anthracite and anthracite.

Condensate. Hydrocarbons which were gaseous in the reservoir but condense (form liquids and gas) under surface pressure and temperature conditions. The term is frequently used to describe a mixture containing dominantly gaseous and light liquid hydrocarbons.

Couplet. Term given to related pairs of laminae which occur as part of a recurring sedimentary sequence (for example, annual varves).

Creaming curves. Plots of the hydrocarbon resources discovered through time which show the resource growth for each **hydrocarbon play**.

Crude oil. Unrefined liquid petroleum or hydrocarbons.

Debrites. A sedimentary deposit formed from an event such as a landslide, submarine slump or debris flow.

Debris flow. A fast-moving, mass of unconsolidated, water-saturated debris that can include material up to boulder size. Debris flows occur in both subaerial and submarine settings, in slopes or in channels.

Development wells in an oil or gas field are drilled within the productive area defined by appraisal wells after the hydrocarbon accumulation has been proven to be commercial; also known as production wells.

Deviated wells. Wells which are drilled away from a straight vertical track, often as a second or subsequent segment of an originally vertical well.

Diachronous. Describes a lithological unit of varying ages in different places. For instance a prograding, or advancing, sand body is said to be diachronous or to have a diachronous base because its inshore portion was laid down some time before the offshore portion.

Diagenesis. Changes undergone by a sediment after its deposition, including the lithification process by which it is converted to a rock; these are important as they influence porosity and permeability. These changes can include compaction, dissolution, cementation, replacement and recrystallisation. The term is also used to describe the first stage of post-biological organic maturation in the progressive burial (maturation) sequence; diagenesis, catagenesis and metagenesis resulting from temperature induced molecular transformations. (N.B. this usage is distinct from sedimentological usage of pre-metamorphic mineral alteration).

Diapir, diapirism. The density of most rocks increases with depth of burial but salt (halite) does not. At depth, therefore, halite is relatively less dense and more buoyant than its cover, leading to instability. Salt can also flow, so in unstable conditions, a bed of salt may move sideways and locally bulge vertically like a pillow, thus deforming overlying strata into domes and anticlines. Cylindrical salt domes and linear salt walls are created if the rising salt pierces the overlying strata. This process is known as diapirism; its product is a diapir.

Diasteranes. Rearranged steranes produced during diagenesis by acid-catalysed skeletal rearrangement. Biomarker compounds derived from plant and animal sterols.

Dipmeter log. A down-hole geophysical log which measures the angle and direction of dip of the strata within the borehole.

Disconformity. A surface representing a time gap in a stratigraphic succession where the beds both above and below the surface are parallel.

Discovery well. An exploration well that encounters oil or gas which can be developed economically.

Dolomitised, dolomitisation. Process whereby a limestone is transformed into dolomite by the addition of magnesium either soon after deposition or during the process of diagenesis.

Dry gas. Hydrocarbon gas comprising over 95% methane.

Dual porosity. A reservoir rock has dual porosity when it has both primary and secondary porosity, for instance both inter-granular porosity and fracture or solution porosity.

Elemental analysis. Analysis of the elemental composition of organic compounds, in particular with respect to the elements C, H, O, N and S.

En-echelon. Term applied to the parallel or subparallel alignment of individual structural features, which are arranged obliquely to a specific directional axis.

Ephemeral lake. A lake which forms only after rain or snow-melt and disappears in the dry season.

Exploration licence. A permit to conduct exploration work, other than deep drilling, in an area that is not covered by a **production licence**.

Exploration well. A well drilled to discover whether a previously untested trap contains oil or gas. If successful it becomes a **discovery well**.

Expulsion. Term used to describe the process of primary migration, whereby oil or gas leaves its site of generation in the source rock due to the increasing effects of temperature and pressure.

Extension. A pull-apart tectonic strain that is an important component of basin formation. Crustal extension commonly leads to rifting.

Extract. Removed oil and oil-like products from rocks by the use of organic solvents. Used in source rock analysis to provide indications of maturity and/or kerogen type.

Facies. An association of lithology, bedding, sedimentary structures, colour and fossils that characterises a certain environment of deposition.

Fault. A break in rock across which there has been a noticeable displacement. Some fault planes are composed of relatively coarse rubble that can act as a conduit for migrating oil or gas, whereas the surfaces of other faults are smeared with impermeable clays and can act as barriers to migration (fault seal). The high side of the fault is termed the footwall block, the low side is termed the hanging-wall block.

Fault-block rotation. During rifting, large crustal blocks may be faulted, and due to the dip angle of the faults, these blocks rotate from the horizontal.

Fault trap. A hydrocarbon trap in which the lateral seal consists of an impermeable fault gouge or an impermeable lithology on the opposite side of the fault plane.

Fluid gradient. Pressure gradient pertaining to the density of a particular fluid type.

Flysch. Term used to describe a thick sequence of redeposited, deep-sea, clastic material, normally deposited during a major phase of orogeny.

Footwall. The upthrown side of a normal fault.

Formation pressure. The pressure of fluids within a subsurface reservoir. Commonly this is the hydrostatic pressure (equal to a column of water from the formation's depth to sea level). When soft impervious rocks are compacted, the fluids (which can include newly generated oil) cannot always escape and must then support the total overlying rock column, leading to very high formation pressures; if not controlled during drilling; this could lead to a **blow out** in the well bore.

Formation water is the water that normally occurs in the pores within rocks, particularly potential reservoir rocks. It commonly comprises salty water (brine) that filled the pores during deposition of the original sediment.

Fracture. General term given to any break or rupture in a rock.

Fracture porosity. Secondary porosity caused by fracturing of any rock; this allows reservoirs to develop in rocks such as granites.

Free water level (FWL). The level at which water and hydrocarbon pressure gradients cross and the capillary pressure thus becomes zero.

Gamma-ray logs. A common measurement of the natural emission of gamma rays in a rock succession. Gamma-ray logs are particularly helpful because shales and sandstones typically have different gamma-ray signatures that can be correlated readily between wells. A log of the total natural radioactivity, measured in **API** units. The measurement can be made in both open-hole and through casing. See **wireline logs**.

Gas. A mixture of compounds which are gaseous under normal temperatures and pressures. Common gaseous hydrocarbons are methane, ethane, propane and butane.

Gas cap. Free gas that overlies the oil in some reservoirs; in some fields, pressure in the gas cap is sufficient to drive the oil to the surface during initial production, with the gas cap expanding downward. See **primary recovery**.

Gas Chromatography (GC). Method for separating compounds from a mixture, commonly applied to gases, gasoline, and saturated and aromatic fractions of oils and extracts. Separation results from the differential partition of individual molecules between a stationary liquid phase and a mobile gas phase (carrier gas). Various detectors can be used to measure the separated components.

Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS). Analytical technique for the separation, detection and characterisation of organic compounds, mainly used for biomarker analysis (steranes and triterpanes). Compounds are initially separated by gas chromatography, after which the separated molecules pass into a mass spectrometer providing structural information.

Gas Chromatography – Isotope Ratio Mass Spectrometry (GC-IRMS). Method for determining the isotopic composition of individual components separated using a gas chromatograph. An isotope ratio mass spectrometer, sensitive to differences in mass among different isotopes of an element, is used for detection.

Gas-prone. Sedimentary organic matter which at optimum maturity will predominantly generate and expel hydrocarbon gases.

Gas/Oil ratio (GOR). Measure of the volume of produced hydrocarbon gas relative to oil, usually expressed in cubic feet per barrel.

Glacio-eustatic sea-level changes result from the growth and decay of ice sheets.

Glauconitic rocks are those rich in the hydrous potassium-iron-alumino-silicate clay mineral glauconite and indicate a marine origin. Many sandstones rich in this mineral have a green colour.

Graben. A downfaulted area between faults; the opposite of horst.

Grainstone texture. Term applied to limestones in which the granular material is arranged in a self-supporting framework and the interstitial spaces contain little or no calcareous mud matrix.

Hardground. A zone of lithified sediment at, or near, the seabed that indicates a hiatus.

Halite. Common salt, NaCl.

Half-graben. A basin that is downfaulted on one side only.

Halokinesis. The structure and emplacement of salt bodies (also applied to the study of salt tectonics).

Hanging wall. The downthrown side of a fault. A hanging-wall basin lies beside the hanging wall.

Hemipelagic. A fine-grained deep-sea deposit, consisting of at least 25% terrigenous material or derived volcanic ash.

Highstand. Term applied to a period of high relative sea level.

Horst. An uplifted area between faults; the opposite of graben.

Humic. General term for organic matter derived from the lignified tissues of terrigenous higher plants. Chemically equivalent to type III kerogen.

Hyaloclastite. Aggregate of fine glassy debris formed by the sudden contact of hot magma with cold water or water-saturated sediment.

Hydrocarbon generation. The formation of oil and gas from within a source rock through the transformation of organic matter during burial (maturation).

Hydrocarbon migration. The process by which hydrocarbons move from the source rock to the reservoir or to the surface. Primary migration consists of oil and gas leaving the source rock, secondary migration is the movement via carrier beds or fracture conduits to the reservoir, and tertiary migration is the further movement of hydrocarbons to another trap or to the surface.

Hydrocarbon play. A family of prospects, leads, postulated (unmapped) prospects, undeveloped and developed pools and drilled unsuccessful features that are known or believed to share the same gross reservoir, hydrocarbon charge system and regional top seal.

Hydrocarbons. In the restricted sense, chemical compounds consisting of the elements carbon and hydrogen only. In the oil industry the term is used loosely to refer to ‘oil and gas’ or ‘petroleum’.

Hydrogen Index (HI). Source rock quality parameter, measure of the hydrogen richness and hence the oil-proneness of the source rock organic matter. Derived from programmed pyrolysis, especially Rock-Eval, and calculated as $100 \times (S_2/\%TOC)$.

Hypersaline. Term applied to a lake that contains a higher than normal concentration of sodium chloride (or other mineral salts), typically exceeding that of ocean water (i.e., 31.5 grams/litre).

Immature. Maturity term applied to the stage at which kerogen has yet to generate hydrocarbons, where rock temperature is insufficiently high or the time of exposure to a sufficiently high temperature too short.

Impermeable. Describes a rock through which water, oil or gas cannot readily pass.

Inertinite. Microscopy term for the maceral group containing carbon-rich kerogen components which have no oil generative potential and only marginal gas potential. Dominant in type IV kerogen.

Injection well. Any well drilled for the purpose of injecting gas, water, steam or other fluid into a hydrocarbon reservoir as part of a secondary or tertiary recovery scheme.

Inter-montane molasse basin. A basin which is being infilled by sediment produced from the erosion of a mountain belt after the final stage of orogenic uplift, consisting of mainly nonmarine or shallow-marine sediments.

Intraclast. A lithified or partially lithified carbonate fragment, eroded and deposited within the same area.

Inversion. A tectonic process that leads to former basins becoming highs, and vice-versa; a term often loosely, and incorrectly, used for uplift.

Isoprenoids. Hydrocarbons composed of multiples of the basic structural unit isoprene, which is composed of five carbon atoms.

Isotopes. Term indicating different nuclear forms of the same element. Atoms of the same element with different numbers of neutrons and thus slightly different atomic weights.

Kelly bushing (KB). The kelly bushing is the point on the drill floor at which all measurements of depth in the hole are referred to, rather than the sea bed or sea level.

Kerogen. The particulate organic matter component of sedimentary rocks that is insoluble in common solvents. It is derived from plant, animal and bacterial tissues, preserved in sedimentary rocks. Classified visually on the basis of morphology into maceral groups, or by pyrolysis and elemental analysis into kerogen types.

Kerogen type. Classification of sedimentary organic matter based on morphology or chemical composition into oil generating algal liptinite (or type I), oil and gas generating amorphous liptinite, exinite (or type II), gas generating vitrinite (or type III) and non-generating inertinite (or type IV).

Kitchen area. A structurally low area where a source rock has reached a depth and temperature at which hydrocarbons are generated. The first stage is that at which oil is generated from it (oil kitchen); carried to greater depths and temperatures it would become a gas kitchen and eventually an over mature or ‘burnt out’ or exhausted kitchen.

Lacustrine. Term applied to environments and deposits associated with lakes.

Liptinite. Microscopy term for the maceral group containing all oil-prone, hydrogen-rich kerogen components. Equates chemically with type I and type II kerogen.

Lowstand. A period of low relative sea level

Lithostratigraphy. Stratigraphy based on the organisation of strata into units determined by their lithology (i.e. not necessarily time units).

Macerals. Microscopically recognisable components of sedimentary organic matter (kerogen) and coals. Macerals can be divided into three main maceral groups, liptinite, vitrinite and inertinite.

Maturation. The process of chemical and physical change to sedimentary organic matter (kerogen) over geological time, brought about during burial by the action of temperature and pressure.

Mature. Term applied to a sediment that has reached sufficient thermal alteration for hydrocarbon generation (i.e. one that is in the oil or gas generative window).

Maturity. The state of a source rock with respect to its ability to generate oil or gas. Considered to range from immature before any oil or gas has been generated, through early, mid- and late mature, to post mature (or over mature) when no additional oil or gas can be generated from it.

Mesogenetic. A term used to describe the period between which newly deposited sediments are mainly affected by eogenetic stage processes and telogenetic stage processes. This term is also applied to any porosity which develops during the mesogenetic stage.

Metagenesis. The last stage in the maturation sequence of organic matter (diagenesis-catagenesis-metagenesis) before inorganic metamorphism. Associated with dry-gas generation.

Methane, CH₄. The lightest and most common of the hydrocarbon gases.

MFS. Maximum Flooding Surface. A term used in sequence stratigraphy to define regionally correlateable surface indicating a local maximum in sea level.

Microfossils. Fossils that are too small to be studied without the use of a microscope; they include foraminifera, nannofossils and pollen palynomorphs (including dinoflagellate cysts, spores and pollen).

Milankovich Cycles. These are cycles of received solar radiation that vary due to eccentricity of the Earth’s orbit, and occur on a range of timescales. The influence of these cycles on past climates is recorded in some sediments.

Moldic porosity. Secondary porosity caused by the preferential dissolution of particles, especially shell fragments, leaving voids.

Net/gross (N:G) ratio. In a stratigraphic interval, that includes a reservoir, this ratio measures the relative thickness of the cumulative effective reservoir beds to the total thickness of the interval. A crude measure of overall reservoir quality.

Net pay. In a hydrocarbon-bearing interval this measures the total thickness of the hydrocarbon filled reservoir (pay).

Normal alkanes (n-Alkanes). Straight chain saturated hydrocarbons (general formula C_nH_{2n+2}). Synonymous with the term ‘paraffin’.

Oil. Used in petroleum exploration and production to mean a naturally occurring mixture of liquid hydrocarbons and other compounds.

Oilfield. A subsurface accumulation of oil trapped by an impervious caprock; it may comprise one or more oil pools.

Oil in place. The total volume of oil within an oilfield, not all of which can be recovered.

Oil pool. A sub-surface oil accumulation confined to a trap within one reservoir.

Oil prone. Term applied to sedimentary organic matter which at optimum maturity will generate and expel oil.

Oil shale. A shale rich in kerogen, which yields oil on distillation.

Oil-water contact. The interface between the oil-bearing reservoir rock and the underlying water-bearing rock. Usually close to or equal to the FWL, but may be considerably shallower than the FWL in low permeability rocks such as chalk.

Organic matter (OM). Biogenic tissue, when preserved in a sediment (sedimentary organic matter, SOM) it comprises kerogen, parts of which can give rise to oil and gas upon maturation.

Overburden. The column and weight of rock overlying some point in the sub-surface.

Over-mature. See post-mature.

Overpressure is pressure greater than would be expected from a normal hydrostatic gradient.

Oxygen Index. Source rock quality parameter, measure of the oxygen richness of the source rock organic matter. Derived from programmed pyrolysis, especially Rock-Eval, and calculated as $100 \times (S_3/\%TOC)$.

Oxygen isotopes. The relative proportion of oxygen isotopes in shells gives an indication of the salinity and temperature of the water in which they were deposited.

Packstone texture. Term applied to limestones in which the granular material is arranged in a self-supporting framework and the interstitial spaces occupied by also contains a little calcareous mud matrix.

Palaeogeography. An inferred geographical distribution of features in an area at a given time in the geological past.

Palaeo-oil column. Used to indicate a reservoir rock that once held hydrocarbons, but which have now escaped.

Palinspastic. Term applied to the restoration of features, presented either on a map or cross-section, to their original position geographically prior to shortening by folding and/or thrusting.

Palynology. The study of organic microfossils including acritarchs, dinoflagellate cysts, pollen and spores.

Paralic. Term applied to deposits laid down on the landward side of a coast, in brackish water or in fresh water subject to marine incursions. Also applied to succession in which marine and nonmarine sediments are interbedded, as, for example, in the lower part of the Coal Measures.

Pedogenesis. The natural process of soil formation. Includes subsidiary processes such as weathering and calcrete formation.

PeeDee belemnite. Limestone from the PeeDee Formation in South Carolina (derived from the Cretaceous marine fossil *Belemnitella americana*), the carbon and oxygen isotope ratios of which are used as an international reference standard. Abbreviated as PDB.

Pelagic. Term applied to deep-sea sediments derived from the overlying water column with negligible input from terrestrial sources. Pelagic sediments are thus commonly composed of biogenic oozes or their lithified equivalents (e.g. chalk).

Permeability. The ability of a porous rock (or other medium) to allow water, oil or gas to pass through it.

Petroleum. Petroleum consists mainly of naturally occurring hydrocarbon molecules that often contain substantial amounts of contaminants such as sulphur, nitrogen, oxygen, trace metals and other elements. Petroleum may occur in gaseous, liquid or solid state depending on the properties of these compounds and the temperature and pressure conditions. The commonly used synonyms for petroleum are ‘hydrocarbons’ and ‘oil and gas’.

Petroleum system. A petroleum system is a conceptual framework that includes a pod, or a group of closely related pods, of active petroleum source rock that has generated oil and gas. A petroleum system also comprises the overlying strata that have subsided to bring the source rock into the temperature range in which petroleum is generated and expelled. These fluids usually begin to migrate, often along discrete pathways within carrier beds or along tectonic fractures. Eventually, a portion of the migrated hydrocarbons may fill a trap and accumulate in economic quantities in one or more reservoirs beneath a seal. A petroleum system includes all formations, processes and products.

Petrophysical. Related to the character of rocks studied from data collected from petrophysical well-logs. Petrophysical analysis allows an estimate of porosity, rock density, gas, oil and water saturation and lithology.

Phytane. A C₂₀ branched acyclic isoprenoid hydrocarbon. Used compared to normal alkane (nC₁₈) and pristane as an environmental and maturity parameter.

Playa. A playa constitutes the lowest part of a terrestrial basin in an arid or semi-arid setting. It is often fed by mountain run-off or by local rain-fall. Sediments consist mainly of evaporites and clays.

Polyhalite. A sulphate of potassium, magnesium and calcium that occurs in bedded evaporite deposits. It is highly soluble and is one of the last minerals to be precipitated from evaporating saline water.

Porosity. Term that refers to the voids (pores) between the grains of a rock that are capable of containing fluids. Usually measured as a percentage of total rock volume.

Post-mature. Term applied to the high-maturity stage at which no further hydrocarbon generation occurs.

Post-rift subsidence. Subsidence that occurs after a period of crustal extension or rifting has ceased in an area, when fault blocks and basins become draped by a common blanket of post-rift sediments.

Potential-field data. A term that includes gravity and magnetic data.

Primary recovery. Recovery of hydrocarbons making exclusive use of the inherent energy of the sub-surface fluids, that is, not requiring artificial uplift by pumping or injection of gas or water.

Pristane. A C₁₉ branched acyclic isoprenoid hydrocarbon. Used compared to normal alkane (nC₁₇) and phytane as an environmental and maturity parameter.

Production Index (PI). Maturity parameter, measure for the extent of oil generation within a source rock. May indicate the presence of migrated hydrocarbons or contamination. Derived from programmed pyrolysis, especially Rock-Eval, and calculated as $S_1 / (S_1 + S_2)$.

Production licence. A licence that permits the holder to search for, drill and extract any petroleum found in a specified area.

Progradation. The building forward, or outwards towards the sea, of a coastline or depositional unit.

Pyrolysis. Process of heating a source rock or isolated kerogen in the laboratory in the absence of oxygen to generate oil-like materials and simulate maturation. Rock-Eval is the most commonly used pyrolysis instrument.

Pyrolytic yield. Hydrocarbons generated during pyrolysis by cracking of the kerogen. Equates to the remaining hydrocarbon potential of the rock.

Rank. See coal rank.

Recoverable oil is the portion of oil that can be produced from an oilfield.

Recovery factor is the fraction of the original oil or gas in place that is expected to be produced from the reservoir.

Remaining reserves. The reserves of a pool or field which have not yet been produced at the time of the assessment.

Reserves. An estimate of the amount of hydrocarbons which can be recovered from a pool or field during the total production lifetime.

Reservoir rock. Any rock that can contain moveable fluids in its pore spaces or fractures.

Resins. Mixture of complex organic compounds containing various other elements in addition to carbon and hydrogen, in particular nitrogen, sulphur and oxygen.

Rifting. The generation of a graben system, largely, if not wholly, by extensional faulting.

Rim syncline. A localised depression which forms around a salt dome as the stratified salt below is displaced laterally towards the dome.

Risk. An expression for the likelihood of failing to find hydrocarbons in an exploration prospect being evaluated for drilling. Risk is the inverse of probability of success, so a high risk prospect has a low probability of success.

Rock-Eval. Commercially available pyrolysis instrument. Source rock screening tool for rapid evaluation of organic richness, kerogen quality and maturity.

Sabkha. A flat, supratidal environment of sedimentation in arid to semi-arid climates in which evaporites commonly accumulate. A well-known example is the Persian/Arabian Gulf.

S₁, S₂ and S₃ peaks. Peaks produced by Rock-Eval or other pyrolysis instruments (also known as P₁, P₂ and P₃). S₁ is the free hydrocarbons, S₂ the hydrocarbons generated by thermal cracking of the kerogen, S₃ is organic carbon dioxide proportional to the oxygen present in the kerogen.

Sapropel. Finely divided oil-prone organic matter often associated with laminated ‘black shales’ environments and implying derivation from bacterially degraded algal debris preserved in anoxic conditions.

Saturates (saturate fraction). Fraction of an oil or sediment extract containing the saturated hydrocarbons, i.e. normal, branched and cyclic alkanes.

Secondary recovery. A scheme to enhance the recovery of hydrocarbons from a field, by the input of secondary energy (e.g. water or gas injection).

Seismic refraction. A form of seismic survey that relies on the refraction of sound along rock layers; currently not a common survey mode for the oil industry, and normally used to obtain information about deep layers in the Earth’s crust.

Sequence stratigraphy, sequence etc. Sequence stratigraphy is used to identify genetically related strata within a time-stratigraphic framework. Sedimentary successions are subdivided on a variety of scales using distinctive bounding surfaces (e.g. **unconformities** and **maximum flooding surfaces**) and the resulting sequence stratigraphic units explained in terms of the effects of relative sea-level change and variations in sediment supply. In hydrocarbon exploration, sequence stratigraphy provides a method of analysing and predicting the spatial and temporal distribution of lithological and stratal patterns in areas between wells. It allows prediction of hydrocarbon source and reservoir rocks, and is particularly suited to the interpretation of seismic data.

Shallow gas. Natural gas accumulation located near to the surface. In petroleum exploration and production defined as any gas zone penetrated before the blowout preventer (BOP) has been installed.

Slump. A relatively fast but sporadically moving body of unconsolidated sediment that has built up slowly into an unstable or marginally stable mass. Slumps commonly occur on continental slopes and within submarine canyons.

Sonic log. A depth related graph that gives a continuous record of the travel time of sound in the rock layers penetrated by a well. One of many **wireline logs** (see definition below).

Source rock. Sedimentary rock sufficiently rich in organic matter of suitable composition to generate significant amounts of hydrocarbons upon maturation. Rocks of marine and lacustrine origin tend to be **oil prone**, whereas terrestrial source rocks, such as coal, are **gas prone**.

Speculative survey. A seismic survey run by a contractor and then sold to more than one oil company. A survey run exclusively for one oil company is called a proprietary survey.

Spill point is the point in an oil or gas field where any addition to its hydrocarbon content will result in the excess spilling out (generally beneath some trap making obstacle). It thus marks the lowest depth at which oil or gas can accumulate within that field.

Spore Colour Index (SCI). Maturity scale based on the change in colour of spores from transparent-pale yellow to dark brown or black.

Steranes. Group of tetracyclic alkanes found in the saturate fraction of oils and sediment extracts. Biomarker compounds derived from plant and animal sterols. Used for oil and source rock correlations, mainly based on depositional environment and maturity.

STOIIP. Stock tank oil initially in place (cf. **recoverable oil**). A measure of the total volume of oil initially in place in a field.

Stylolite. An irregular discontinuity or non-structural fracture in limestones and other sedimentary rocks. Stylolites result from compaction and pressure solution during diagenesis and appear as highly undulating to jagged surfaces often emphasised by an insoluble clay residue.

Stratigraphic trap. A trap for oil or gas that is the result of lithological changes rather than structural deformation. May be the result of a lateral lithological change from, for example, sandstone to shale (pinch out) or an overlying unconformity.

Structural high. An anticlinal, domal or horst like feature where any particular geological horizon is higher (at a shallower depth) than elsewhere.

Structural trap. A trap for oil or gas that is the result of folding, faulting or other deformation (cf. **fault trap: stratigraphic trap**).

Subcrop. A ‘subsurface outcrop’ of a rock unit at a buried surface. Also, the termination of a seismic reflector at such a surface.

Subduction. The process of consumption of lithospheric plates at convergent plate margins.

Tectonostratigraphy. The study of facies affected and influenced by changing tectonic conditions.

Telogenetic. A term to describe the period during which processes such as weathering and subaerial/subaqueous erosion affect long-buried carbonates. This term is also applied to any porosity which develops during this stage.

Temperature gradient. The upward reduction in the temperature of the Earth’s crust, which varies from place to place. Generally measured in °C/km. Needed to calculate the depths at which source rocks become mature.

Tephra. Air-fall material produced by a volcanic eruption regardless of composition or fragment size. See also **volcanic ash**.

Thermal Alteration Index (TAI). Maturity scale based upon colour changes of kerogen from yellow to black.

Thermal subsidence. The progressive sinking of the Earth’s crust in response to cooling after the removal of an underlying heat source. Sedimentation takes place in the depression as accommodation space is created.

Thermogenic gas. Hydrocarbon gas produced from organic matter by thermal breakdown upon maturation.

Tight reservoir. A tight reservoir is one that may be porous but has little or no permeability, so that it is unable to yield its content of hydrocarbons.

T_{max}. Maturity parameter derived from programmed pyrolysis, especially Rock-Eval, defined as the temperature at which the pyrolytic yield (S₂) reaches its maximum.

Total Organic Carbon (TOC). Measure of the quantity of organic carbon or kerogen present in a sediment, commonly expressed as weight percent organic carbon.

Transfer fault. A strike-slip fault that cuts another fault, thus creating a lateral shift in the line of that fault.

Transformation Ratio (TR). Ratio related to the Production Index. Defined as the difference between the original hydrocarbon potential (prior to maturation) and the measured hydrocarbon potential of a source rock sample, divided by the original hydrocarbon potential.

Transpression. In crustal deformation, this combines the elements of strike-slip and compressional motion.

Transtension. In crustal deformation, this combines the elements of extensional and strike-slip motion.

Trap. Any geometrical relationship between a reservoir rock and overlying or flanking caprock or other (e.g. fault, permeability barrier) seal that prevents the upward escape of oil or gas; **structural trap; stratigraphic trap; fault trap**.

Triterpanes. Group of pentacyclic alkanes found in the saturate fraction of oils and sediment extracts. Biological markers, but with different origins for different compounds within the group. The most common triteranes (i.e. hopanes) are derived predominantly from bacterial membrane lipids.

Two-way travel time is the time taken for a shock wave to travel from the energy source to the reflector and back to the hydrophone. To calculate actual depth it is necessary to know the velocity of sound through water and those rocks or sediments through which the sound has travelled.

Type I kerogen. Hydrogen-rich, highly oil-prone kerogen derived from algal and bacterial material and dominated by amorphous liptinite macerals. Commonly associated with lacustrine depositional environments.

Type II kerogen. Moderately hydrogen-rich, oil-prone kerogen containing algal and bacterial material and dominated by liptinite macerals. Commonly associated with marine depositional environments.

Type III kerogen. Relatively hydrogen-poor, gas-prone kerogen consisting of higher-plant material and dominated by vitrinite macerals. Commonly associated with paralic marine settings.

Type IV kerogen. Non-generative hydrogen-poor kerogen predominantly containing oxidised and reworked higher-plant material, dominated by inertinite.

Type section. An exposure on land or a borehole section from which a lithostratigraphic formation was originally defined. Units may also have reference sections that are of lesser significance in defining the unit, but may be good illustrations of it.

Type section. An outcrop or borehole section in which a lithostratigraphic unit (formation, member, or bed) was originally defined. Lithostratigraphic units may also have reference sections that are of lesser significance in defining the unit, but help define the range of variation in facies and thickness displayed by the unit.

Ultimate Recovery. The total volume of hydrocarbons that are expected eventually to be gained after primary, secondary and tertiary recovery techniques have been applied.

Unconformity. A surface representing a time gap in a stratigraphic succession where the beds above the surface are not parallel to the beds below.

Velocity pushdown. The increase in travel time for reflectors which is caused by an overlying, localised zone of low velocity commonly associated with gas-charged sediments.

Vitrinite. Microscopy term for the gas-prone maceral group containing the kerogen or coal components derived from lignocellulosic land plants tissues. Synonymous with humic, equates chemically with Type III kerogen.

Vitrinite Reflectance (% Ro). Maturity parameter based on the measured reflectance of polished vitrinite, expressed as a percentage of vertically incident green light (546 nm). Reflectance values increase upon maturation.

Volcanic ash. Fine-grained, airborne volcanic material deposited after volcanic eruption.

Vug. A cavity in a rock, especially in limestone, caused by dissolution of the rocks, usually several millimeters or more across. Interconnected vugs give rise to exceptionally good permeability.

Wadi. A steep-sided desert valley in which water flows intermittently, typically during times of heavy rainfall. Wadi deposits are usually poorly sorted gravels and sands, often reworked by aeolian processes.

Wet gas. Hydrocarbon gas containing a significant percentage of ethane, propane and heavier hydrocarbons and less than 95% methane.

Wireline logs. Continuous records of rock properties made in the borehole by use of various sondes on the end of a long cable – usually recorded while pulling the sonde towards the surface. Includes among others are neutron density, acoustic transit time (sonic), resistivity and natural-gamma radiation (**gamma-ray logs**).

Appendix 2 GIS maps presented in the Atlas and available on DVD

All grid and vector data presented in the SPBA are available on a DVD. The DVD includes all GIS maps listed in this Appendix as ESRI Arc Map Document (MXD) and Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF). Also included are attribute data of the SPBA Project Database in tabular format (see Chapter 1, Section 4.3).

Figure number	Map title	Scale		
		3M	6M	other
1.2	Topography and bathymetry	■		
1.3	Pre-Quaternary subcrop	■		
1.4	The distribution of about 1240 oil and gasfields in the Southern Permian Basin Atlas area including the 35 hydrocarbon field examples	■		
1.6	Locations of well and seismic data used to produce the 1 : 3 million scale lithostratigraphic depth maps	■		
2.1	Crustal structure of the Southern Permian Basin area and its surroundings		■	
2.2	Depth to the Moho Discontinuity		■	
2.19	Gravity. Bouguer (onshore) and free-air (offshore) anomaly		■	
2.20	Gravity. Free-air anomal		■	
2.21	Gravity. Residual 1 (upward 2 km – upward 10 km)		■	
2.22	Gravity. Residual 2 (upward 5 km – upward 40 km)		■	
2.23	Magnetics. Total field		■	
2.24	Magnetics. Total field reduced to the North Pole		■	
2.25	Magnetics. Total field – pseudogravity		■	
2.26	Geothermal. Heat-flow density (uncorrected)		■	
2.27	Geothermal. Temperature level - 1000 m		■	
2.28	Geothermal. Temperature level - 2000 m		■	
2.29	Geothermal. Temperature level - 3000 m		■	
3.3	Terranes amalgamated to form Laurussia			■
3.5	Terranes amalgamated to form Pangea			■
3.9	Early Permian (lower Rotliegend) tectonic evolution: Artinskian (280 Ma)		■	
3.11	Late Permian (Zechstein Z2) tectonic evolution: Wuchiapingian (255 Ma)		■	
3.13a	Early Triassic tectonic evolution: Olenekian (248 Ma)		■	
3.13b	Mid-Triassic tectonic evolution: Ladinian (237 Ma)		■	
3.15	Late Triassic tectonic evolution: Norian (216 Ma)		■	
3.17	Early Jurassic tectonic evolution: Sinemurian (195 Ma)		■	
3.19a	Late Jurassic tectonic evolution: Kimmeridgian (152 Ma)		■	
3.19b	Early Cretaceous tectonic evolution: Hauterivian (132 Ma)		■	
3.21	Late Cretaceous tectonic evolution: Santonian (85 Ma)		■	
3.25	Late Paleocene tectonic evolution: Selandian (59 Ma)		■	
3.26	Early Miocene tectonic evolution: Aquitanian (23 Ma)		■	
3.30	Salt tectonics		■	
3.31	Locations of regional seismic lines shown in Figures 3.32 to 3.43		■	
4.2	Locations of boreholes and pre-Devonian outcrops (with geology and chronostratigraphy)	■		
4.3	Depth to the top of the pre-Devonian basement	■		
4.18	Possible maximum extent of the Upper Cambrian 'Upper Alum Shale'. Fields with pre-Devonian reservoir		■	
5.2	Devonian rocks in deep boreholes		■	
6.2	Carboniferous structural elements		■	
6.4	Permian subcrop in the SPBA area	■		
6.18	Namurian and partly Dinantian black shales in the Northwest European Carboniferous Basin		■	
6.19	Maturity at the top of the Carboniferous		■	
6.20	Carboniferous reservoirs in the SPBA. Fields with Carboniferous reservoir		■	■
7.2	Depth to the base of the upper Rotliegend clastics		■	
7.3	Thickness of the upper Rotliegend clastics		■	
7.20	Reservoir facies distribution of the lower part of the Slochteren Formation and its equivalents. Fields with Rotliegend reservoir		■	
7.21	Reservoir facies distribution of the upper part of the Slochteren Formation and its equivalents. Fields with Rotliegend reservoir		■	
8.2	Depth to the base of the Zechstein	■		
8.3	Thickness of the Zechstein	■		
8.6	Thickness of Zechstein 1 deposits		■	
8.7	Thickness and palaeogeography of the Zechstein Limestone		■	
8.18a	Facies distribution of the Stassfurt Carbonates and equivalents. Fields with Zechstein reservoir		■	

Figure number	Map title	Scale		
		3M	6M	other
8.18b	Thickness of the Stassfurt Carbonates and equivalents		■	
8.19	Thickness and palaeogeography of the Platy Dolomite Limestone deposits		■	
8.22	Distribution of the youngest Zechstein salts		■	
9.2	Depth to near base of the Lower Triassic (base of the Buntsandstein)		■	
9.3	Thickness of the Lower Triassic		■	
9.4	Depth to near base of the Middle Triassic (base of the Röt evaporites)		■	
9.5	Thickness of the Middle Triassic		■	
9.6	Depth to near base of the Upper Triassic		■	
9.7	Thickness of the Upper Triassic		■	
9.11	Present-day distribution and facies of the Middle Buntsandstein Subgroup and equivalents. Fields with Triassic reservoir			■
10.2	Depth to near base of the Lower Jurassic (base of the Lias Group)		■	
10.3	Thickness of the Lower Jurassic		■	
10.4	Depth to near base of the Middle Jurassic (top of the Lias Group)		■	
10.5	Thickness of the Middle Jurassic		■	
10.6	Depth to near base of the Upper Jurassic		■	
10.7	Thickness of the Upper Jurassic		■	
10.8	Paleogeographical evolution in the Southern Permian Basin area during the Jurassic			■
10.11	Distribution of Jurassic hydrocarbon reservoirs. Fields with Jurassic reservoir		■	
10.12	Lower Jurassic source rocks			■
10.13	Upper Jurassic/Lower Cretaceous source rocks			■
11.2	Depth to near base of the Lower Cretaceous (approximately near base Ryazanian)		■	
11.3	Depth to the base of the Upper Cretaceous (base of the Chalk Group, base Cenomanian)		■	
11.4	Thickness of the Lower Cretaceous		■	
11.5	Subcrop at the base of the Lower Cretaceous		■	
11.6	Thickness of the Upper Cretaceous		■	
11.7	Subcrop at the base of the post-Chalk Group (near the base of the Tertiary)		■	
11.22	Fluid overpressure at top Chalk level in the central North Sea			■
11.24	Distribution of Cretaceous hydrocarbon reservoirs. Fields with Cretaceous reservoir			■
12.1	Depth to near base of the Tertiary (top of the Chalk Group, top Danian)		■	
12.14	Depth to the base of the Quaternary		■	
13.1a	The petroleum provinces and districts in the Southern Permian Basin area. Fields related to Paleozoic source rocks			■
13.1b	The petroleum provinces and districts in the Southern Permian Basin area. Fields related to Mesozoic source rocks		■	
13.4	The Baltic Basin petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by pre-Devonian source rocks			■
13.7	The western area of the Northwest European Carboniferous Basin with fields and accumulations charged by Namurian source rocks			■
13.10	The East Midlands petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Namurian source rocks			■
13.14	The Cleveland Basin petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Namurian source rocks			■
13.18	The Pomeranian petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Early Carboniferous and/or Namurian black shales			■
13.22	The Fore-Sudetic Monocline petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Early Carboniferous and/or Namurian black shales			■
13.26	The Lublin Basin petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Early Carboniferous and/or Namurian black shales			■
13.30	The Anglo-Dutch and North German basins petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Westphalian Coal Measures			■
13.33	The Pomeranian petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Zechstein source rocks			■
13.36	The Fore-Sudetic Monocline and Brandenburg petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Zechstein source rocks			■
13.40	The Weald Basin petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Lower Jurassic source rocks			■

Figure number	Map title	Scale		
		3M	6M	other
13.44	The Dutch Central Graben petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation			■
13.50	The West Netherlands and Broad Fourteens basins petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation			■
13.54	The Lower Saxony Basin and Dogger Troughs petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation			■
13.58	The Tail End Graben petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Jurassic source rocks			■
13.63	The Lower Saxony Basin petroleum province with fields and accumulations charged by Wealden source rocks			■
13.67	Distribution of bright spots and amplitude anomalies in the southern North Sea			■
14.2a-h	Licensed acreage awarded over time by decade		■	
14.3	Licensed acreage at 1 January 2006		■	
14.6a-e	2D seismic-data coverage by decade		■	
14.7a-c	3D-seismic data coverage by decade			■
14.9	Exploration wells drilled showing results		■	
14.10	Exploration well bottom-hole stratigraphy		■	
14.11	Exploration well targets		■	
14.12a-e	Exploration wells drilled by decade			■
14.13a-e	Exploration wells drilled by decade showing results			■
15.1	Overview of petroleum provinces related to Paleozoic source rocks			■
15.2	Overview of petroleum provinces related to Mesozoic and Cenozoic source rocks			■
15.3	The Baltic Basin petroleum province. Fields charged by pre-Devonian source rocks. Main reservoir: Cambrian			■
15.5	The Anglo-Dutch and North German basins petroleum province. Fields charged by Westphalian Coal Measures. Main reservoirs: Rotliegend, Zechstein, Triassic, Cretaceous			■
15.7	The East Midlands and Cleveland Basin petroleum province. Fields charged by Namurian source rocks. Main reservoirs: Carboniferous, Zechstein			■
15.9	The Thüringian and Sub-Hercynian basins petroleum province. Fields charged by Zechstein source rocks. Main reservoir: Zechstein			■
15.11a	The Pomeranian petroleum province. Fields charged by Early Carboniferous source rocks / Namurian black shales. Main reservoir: Rotliegend			■
15.11b	The Pomeranian petroleum province. Fields charged by Zechstein source rocks. Main reservoirs: Carboniferous, Zechstein			■
15.13a	The Fore-Sudetic Monocline and Brandenburg petroleum province. Fields charged by Early Carboniferous source rocks / Namurian black shales. Main reservoir: Rotliegend			■
15.13b	The Fore-Sudetic Monocline and Brandenburg petroleum province. Fields charged by Zechstein source rocks. Main reservoir: Zechstein			■
15.15	The Lublin Basin petroleum province. Fields charged by Early Carboniferous source rocks / Namurian black shales. Main reservoir: Carboniferous			■
15.17	The Weald Basin petroleum province. Fields charged by Lower Jurassic source rocks. Main reservoir: Jurassic			■
15.19	The Tail End Graben petroleum province. Fields charged by Jurassic source rocks. Main reservoir: Cretaceous			■
15.21	The Dutch Central Graben petroleum province. Fields charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation. Main reservoir: Jurassic			■
15.23	The West Netherlands and Broad Fourteens basins petroleum province. Fields charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation. Main reservoirs: Jurassic, Cretaceous			■
15.25	The Lower Saxony Basin and Dogger Troughs petroleum province. Fields charged by the Posidonia Shale Formation and the Wealden. Main reservoirs: Jurassic, Cretaceous			■
15.27	The shallow gas petroleum province (Netherlands offshore). Main reservoir: Cenozoic. Fields with Cenozoic reservoir			■

Appendix 3 SPBA oil and gasfields database

This appendix provides a full list of the 1392 oil and gas accumulations (grouped into 1244 fields) and their associated attributes, sorted by petroleum province as defined in Chapter 15. The SPBA oil and gasfields database has been compiled from public and industry¹ sources. All data are as of 1st January 2007. The 35 hydrocarbon fields described in detail in the stratigraphic chapters (**Figure 1.4**) are marked (■).

The rows in the table represent individual hydrocarbon accumulations; when a field consists of more than one accumulation (e.g. Akkrum in petroleum province 2) the total ultimate recovery and/or cumulative production for the field is indicated.

The dataset is the basis for the various maps in the Atlas, where fields are shown, and has been used to construct the discovery history plots (creaming curves) presented in Chapter 15.

Country abbreviations are:

DK	Denmark	LI	Lithuania	PL	Poland	UK	United Kingdom
GE	Germany	NL	The Netherlands	RU	Russia		

Reservoir age is assigned according to the stratigraphic conventions used in this Atlas.

Ultimately recoverable volumes (proven and probable) are estimates as of 1st January 2007. It was beyond the scope of the Atlas to classify the resources in detail according to the many existing country or company-specific classification schemes.

Appendix 3.1 Petroleum province 1: Baltic Basin

■ Onshore ■ Offshore ■ Gas ■ Oil ■ Field example									
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m ³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m ³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
Ablinga	1976	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.14		2000	0.05		in production
Agluonenai	2005	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.13		2006			in production
Aleshkinskoye (Kaliningrad)	1995	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.88	0.04	1996	0.57	0.02	in production
Antkoptis 1	2004	LI	■ Cambrian ■■						unknown
Armeyskoye	2000	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.02					redeveloping after abandonment
B-16	1985	PL	■ Cambrian ■		0.11				undeveloped
B-21	1996	PL	■ Cambrian ■		1.04				undeveloped
B3	1981	PL	■ Cambrian ■■	6.36	1.14	1995	3.70	0.17	in production
B-34	1985	PL	■ Cambrian ■■	0.29	0.13				undeveloped
B4	1981	PL	■ Cambrian ■		2.01				redeveloping after abandonment
B-5 1	2001	PL	■ Cambrian ■■	0.99	0.11				undeveloped
B6	1982	PL	■ Cambrian ■		1.81				redeveloping after abandonment
B8	1983	PL	■ Cambrian ■■	0.89	0.14				redeveloping after abandonment
Białogóra	1993	PL	■ Cambrian ■■ (cap)			1994			in production
Chekhovskoye (Kaliningrad)	1997	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.09	0.00	1998	0.07		in production
Chekhovskoye Zapadnoye	2000	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.01					redeveloping after abandonment
Dębki	1971	PL	■ Cambrian ■■ (cap)	0.06	0.01	1972	0.04	0.01	in production
Degliai	1972	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.46		1999	0.31		in production
Deyminskoye	1979	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	1.67	0.03	1980	1.37	0.01	in production
Domnovskoye	2003	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.04					redeveloping after abandonment
Druzhbinskoye (Kaliningrad)	2003	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.24		2005			in production

¹ UK operators have given permission to use their field volume data under the following disclaimer: “All UK ultimate recoverable volumes quoted are the opinion of the operator at the time of the request to publish, and do not necessarily reflect the views of our partners in the relevant joint ventures”.

Gayevskoye	1977	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.30		1989	0.25		in production
Genciai	1984	LI	■ Cambrian ■	1.57		1990	1.46		in production
Girkaliai	1993	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.91		1994	0.19		in production
Gorinskoye Vostochnoye		RU	■ Cambrian ■■						unknown
Gusevskoye		RU	■ pre-Cambrian ■						unknown
Isakovskoye (Kaliningrad)	1973	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.59	0.02	1977	0.37	0.01	in production
Kaliningradskoye (C-9)	1984	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.46	0.09				undeveloped
Krasnoborskoye	1968	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	11.35	0.09	1975	10.38	0.08	in production
Krasnoborskoye Severnoye	1975	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.17		1993	0.14		in production
Kravtsovskoye (D-6)		RU	■ Cambrian ■■						unknown
Kretinga	1988	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.45		1990	0.19		in production
Ladushkinskoye	1971	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	2.88	0.90	1982	1.74	0.33	in production
Malinovskoye (Kaliningrad)	1975	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	4.96	0.08	1977	4.42	0.07	in production
Nausodis	1988	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.61		1993	0.53		in production
Novo-Iskrinskoye	1996	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.06		1996	0.05		in production
Novo-Pavenkovskoye	2001	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.01					redeveloping after abandonment
Novo-Serebryanka		RU	■ Cambrian ■						unknown
Oktyabrskoye Yuzhnoye (Kaliningrad)	2004	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.70		2004			in production
Olimpiyskoye (Kaliningrad)	1997	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.06	0.01	1998	0.06		in production
Olimpiyskoye Yuzhnoye	1994	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.19		1995	0.14		in production
Ozerskoye Severnoye (Kaliningrad)		RU	■ Cambrian ■						unknown
Pietu Siupariai	1968	LI	■ Cambrian ■	1.34		1994	0.51		in production
Pociai	1976	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.19		2000	0.18		in production
Poymennoye (Kaliningrad)		RU	■ Cambrian ■						unknown
Ratnoye	2000	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.01		2001			in production
Rozhdestvenskoye (Kaliningrad)	2004	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.08					undeveloped
Sakuciai	1977	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.48		2002	0.10		in production
Sechenovskoye	2004	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.01					undeveloped
Semenovskoye (Kaliningrad)	2000	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.38		2000	0.26		in production
Siupariai	1967	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.59		2002	0.04		in production
Slavinskoye	1971	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.25		1986	0.19		in production
Slavinskoye Severnoye	1994	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.19		1997	0.13		in production
Slavskoye	1964	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.28		1993	0.17		in production
Uoksai	2004	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.03		2006			in production
Ushakovskoye (Kurschkaya)	1969	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	9.81	0.17	1976	8.69	0.15	in production
Veselovskoye (Kaliningrad)	1972	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.41	0.02	1992	0.13	0.01	in production
Vezaiciai	1972	LI	■ Cambrian ■	0.67		1995	0.16		in production
Vilkyciai	1969	LI	■ Cambrian ■	1.27		1990	0.92		in production
Yagodnenskoye	1972	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.06					undeveloped
Yershovskoye (Kaliningrad)		RU	■ Cambrian ■						unknown
Zapadno Krasnoborskoye	1970	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	7.47	0.07	1975	6.52	0.06	in production
Zapadno Ushakovskoye	1995	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.18		1996	0.15		in production
Zapadno-Ozerskoye (Kaliningrad)	2002	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.01					redeveloping after abandonment
Zapadno-Rakitinskoye (Kaliningrad)	2001	RU	■ Cambrian ■	0.10					redeveloping after abandonment
Żarnowiec	1971	PL	■ Cambrian ■■ (cap)	0.05	0.01	1972			in production
Żarnowiec W	1994	PL	■ Cambrian ■■ (cap)	0.03	0.03	1995		0.02	in production
Zaytsevskoye (Kaliningrad)	2002	RU	■ Cambrian ■■	0.78	1.93	2003	0.13		in production

Appendix 3.2 Petroleum province 2: Anglo-Dutch and North German basins

■ Onshore ■ Offshore ■ Gas ■ Oil ■ Field example									
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m ³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m ³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
Adorf (Buntsandstein)	1955	GE	■ Triassic ■		0.71	1955		0.65	in production
Adorf-Dalum-Ringe (Zechstein)	1955	GE	■ Zechstein ■		3.60	1955		2.45	in production
Ahlhorn	1972	GE	■ Zechstein ■		0.61	1972		0.61	abandoned
Akkrum									

– Akkrum 1	1965	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	1.15	1971	7.41			abandoned
– Akkrum 11	1978	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	0.31	1983				abandoned
– Akkrum 13	1980	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	3.67	1982				abandoned
– Akkrum 3	1965	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	2.29	1971				abandoned
– Akkrum 09	1979	NL	■ Rotliegend ■		1980				ceased production (temporarily)
Alfeld-Elze	1972	GE	■ Rotliegend ■	2.83	1972	1.86			abandoned
Alison (+ Alison KX)	1987	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	1.50	1995	1.40			in production
Alkmaar-ZE	1965	NL	■ Zechstein ■	3.40	1979	2.90			gas storage
Alvern/Munsterlager	1978	GE	■ Rotliegend ■	0.42	1978	0.30			in production
Ameland East-R0	1964	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	59.47	1986				in production
Ameland North-R0	1965	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	4.67	1996				ceased production (temporarily)
Ameland Westgat-R0	1975	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	3.68	1993	1.15			in production
Amethyst (East+West)	1972	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	23.68	1990	18.88			in production
Andel-RNUB	1991	NL	■ Triassic ■	0.06	2009				in production
Anglia	1972	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	6.32	1991	5.10			in production
Anjum-R0	1992	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	19.82	1997	3.77			in production
Ann	1966	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	3.02	1994	2.55			in production
Annaveen (Buntsandstein)	1963	GE	■ Triassic ■	0.51	1963	0.74			in production
Annaveen -Emslage (Karbon)	1963	GE	■ Carboniferous ■	0.34	1963	0.07			abandoned
Annerveen-R0	1962	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	76.46	1973	103.27			in production
Apeldorn	1963	GE	■ Triassic ■	5.66	1963	4.66			in production
Apollo	1987	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	2.75	2003	1.01			in production
Appelscha-R0	1971	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	2.41	1999	0.54			in production
Artemis	1974	UK	■ Rotliegend ■						in production
Arthur	1989	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	2.52	2005	0.86			in production
Assen-R0	1982	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	1.13					development expected
Audrey	1976	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	20.81	1988	19.19			in production
Bahnsen	1969	GE	■ Rotliegend ■	0.17	1969	0.14			in production
Bahnsen-Nordwest	1974	GE	■ Rotliegend ■	0.03	1974	0.03			abandoned
Bahrenborstel									
– Bahrenborstel (Buntsandstein)	1962	GE	■ Triassic ■	3.11	1962	2.56			in production
– Bahrenborstel (Zechstein)	1962	GE	■ Zechstein ■	4.81	1962	3.89			in production
Baird	1993	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	3.92	1993	3.36			in production
Barenburg (Zechstein)	1961	GE	■ Zechstein ■	9.34	1961	8.34			in production
Barenburg/Buchhorst (Buntsandstein)	1959	GE	■ Triassic ■	5.66	1959	4.96			in production
Barendrecht									
– Barendrecht-Aerdenhout	1984	NL	■ Jurassic ■	0.47		0.20			undeveloped
– Barendrecht-De Lier	1984	NL	■ Cretaceous ■■	0.08	2002				in production
– Barendrecht-IJsselmonde	1984	NL	■ Cretaceous ■■		1999				abandoned
Barendrecht-Ziedewij									
– Barendrecht-Ziedewij-RBBM	1993	NL	■ Triassic ■	7.02	1997	0.55			in production
– Barendrecht-Ziedewij-RNUB	1993	NL	■ Triassic ■		1997				in production
Barque	1966	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	23.72	1990	17.84			in production
Barque South	1992	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	0.02	1995	0.02			in production
Barrien	1964	GE	■ Triassic ■	13.76	1964	12.15			in production
Beaufort	1991	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	0.81	1996				ceased production
Becklingen/Wardböhmen	1983	GE	■ Rotliegend ■	2.72	1983	2.14			in production
Bedum-R0	1977	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	12.74	1985	2.21			in production
Beerta-ROSL	1992	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	2.12					undeveloped
Bell	1994	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	4.18	1999	3.13			in production
Bentheim	1938	GE	■ Zechstein ■	4.25	1938	3.53			in production
Bergen									
– Bergen Bunter	1965	NL	■ Triassic ■		1978				in production
– Bergen Rotliegend	1965	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	7.93	1978	7.45			in production
Bergermeer Rotliegend	1969	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	20.39	1972	17.76			in production
Bessemer	1989	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	5.34	1995	5.23			in production
Bethermoor	1972	GE	■ Zechstein ■	7.08	1972	0.65			abandoned
Big Dotty	1967	UK	■ Rotliegend ■	Part of Hewett	1976				in production
Blesdijke	1998	NL	■ Zechstein ■	2.27					undeveloped
Blija-Ferwerderadeel-R0	1963	NL	■ Rotliegend ■	2.12	1985				in production

[illegible]

Emshörn/Emshoern-RO	1978	GE	■	Rotliegend	■	3.65	1981	3.65	abandoned
Engerhøfe	1976	GE	■	Rotliegend	■	0.41	1976	0.41	abandoned
Engwierum									
– Engwierum-ROSLU	1999	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	0.41	2001		abandoned
– Engwierum-ROSL	1999	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	0.04	2001	0.04	ceased production (temporarily)
Ensign	1986	UK	■	Rotliegend	■				undeveloped
Esche									
– Esche (Zechstein)	1959	GE	■	Zechstein	■	0.28	1959	0.10	abandoned
– Esche (Karbon)	1964	GE	■	Carboniferous	■	0.13	1964	0.13	abandoned
Esmond	1982	UK	■	Triassic	■	8.86	1985	8.87	ceased production
Europa	1972	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	1.76	2000	1.53	in production
Excalibur	1988	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	6.09	1994	5.67	in production
Exloo-ZEZ2C	1972	NL	■	Zechstein	■	0.71			undeveloped
Ezumazijl-ROSLU	1998	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	1.42	2000	0.27	in production
F15-A	1986	NL	■	Triassic	■	7.28	1993	6.43	in production
F15-B	1998	NL	■	Jurassic	■	1.70	1998	0.93	in production
F16-E-RO	2001	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	8.92	2005	2.14	in production
F16-P	2004	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	0.85			development expected
Feerwerd-ROSLU	1998	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	0.40	2000	0.08	ceased production (temporarily)
Fehndorf									
– Fehndorf (Buntsandstein)	1965	GE	■	Triassic	■	1.92	1965	0.99	abandoned
– Fehndorf (Carboniferous)	1965	GE	■	Carboniferous	■	0.85	1965	0.85	in production
Fizzy	1995	UK	■	Rotliegend	■				undeveloped
Forbes	1970	UK	■	Triassic	■	1.47	1985	1.47	ceased production
Franeke	1978	NL	■	Cretaceous	■	0.14	1997	0.01	in production
Frenswegen									
– Frenswegen (Zechstein)	1951	GE	■	Zechstein	■	0.45	1951	0.18	abandoned
– Frenswegen (Carboniferous)	1951	GE	■	Carboniferous	■	0.21	1951	0.21	in production
G14-A									
– G14-A-RBMD	2005	NL	■	Triassic	■	5.01	2006		in production
– G14-A-RBMV	2003	NL	■	Triassic	■	0.87	2006	0.87	in production
G14-B-RBMV	2004	NL	■	Triassic	■	3.54	2006	0.90	in production
G16A									
– G16A-SGGS	1985	NL	■	Jurassic	■	1.33	2006	0.20	in production
– G16A-ZECP	1985	NL	■	Zechstein	■	3.11	2006	0.20	in production
G17-A-RBMV	1999	NL	■	Triassic	■	3.68	2002	2.15	in production
G17A-S1-RBMV	2004	NL	■	Triassic	■	7.93	2006	0.75	in production
Gaag									
– Gaag-RNUB	1982	NL	■	Triassic	■	7.93			undeveloped
– Gaag-RBBM	1982	NL	■	Triassic	■	1.28	1989	1.28	in production
Galahad	1975	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	4.29	1995	3.92	in production
Galleon	1985	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	21.43	1994	15.07	in production
Ganymede	1989	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	7.79	1995	7.15	in production
Garrow	1992	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	1.42	2007		in production
Gasselternijveen-ZEZ2C	1979	NL	■	Zechstein	■	0.99			undeveloped
Gawain	1988	UK	■	Rotliegend	■	6.06	1995	5.87	in production
Geesbrug									
– Geesbrug-ZEZ2C	1992	NL	■	Zechstein	■	3.40			development expected
– Geesbrug-RO	1992	NL	■	Rotliegend	■	2.27			development expected
– Geesbrug-DC	1992	NL	■	Carboniferous	■				development expected
Geestvaartpolder									
– Geestvaartpolder-RB	2005	NL	■	Triassic	■	0.71	2005	0.23	in production
– Geestvaartpolder-RN	2005	NL	■	Triassic	■	0.03	2005		in production
Gieterveen	1981	NL	■	Zechstein	■				undeveloped
Goldenstedt (Buntsandstein)	1959	GE	■	Triassic	■	1.42	1959	1.26	in production
Goldenstedt/Oythe (Carboniferous)	1959	GE	■	Carboniferous	■	3.40	1959	2.34	in production
Goldenstedt/Visbek (Zechstein)	1959	GE	■	Zechstein	■	66.54	1959	49.71	in production

Gordon	1969	UK	■ Triassic	■	3.99	1985	3.99	ceased production	
Greetsiel	1972	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	1.84	1972	1.68	in production	
Grenzbereich Emsmuendung	1965	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	59.54	1965	59.55	abandoned	
Grijpskerk-RO	1990	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	8.50	1993		gas storage	
Groet Oost Rotliegend	2006	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.57	2007		in production	
Groet Rotliegend	1965	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	7.08	1974	5.15	in production	
Grolloo-DC	1980	NL	■ Carboniferous	■	3.51			development expected	
Groningen-RO	1959	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2825.74	1963	1888.44	in production	
Grootevast-RO	1960	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.66	1979	0.90	in production	
Groothusen (Z5, Z7)	1965	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	9.06	1965	7.35	abandoned	
Großes Meer	1978	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	0.42	1978	0.40	in production	
Grouw	1965	NL	■ Cretaceous	■	0.85	1971		in production	
Grove	1971	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	2.29	2007		in production	
Guinevere	1988	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	2.60	1993		in production	
Haakswold-ZEZ2C	1998	NL	■ Zechstein	■				undeveloped	
Hademsdorf	1941	GE	■ Cretaceous	■	0.18	1941	0.18	abandoned	
Halfweg	1975	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.77	1995	2.45	in production	
Hamwiede									
– Hamwiede (Rotliegend)	1990	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	0.37	1990	0.05	abandoned	
– Hamwiede (Carboniferous)	1968	GE	■ Carboniferous	■	2.46	1968	1.88	in production	
Hannibal	1987	UK	■ Carboniferous	■				undeveloped	
Hardenberg-DC	1967	NL	■ Carboniferous	■	7.08	1975	1.33	in production	
Hardenberg-East	1988	NL	■ Carboniferous	■		1975		in production	
Harlingen									
– Harlingen Upper Cretaceous	1965	NL	■ Chalk	■	2.27	1988		in production	
– Harlingen Lower Cretaceous	1964	NL	■ Cretaceous	■	0.71	1995		in production	
Hawksley	1998	UK	■ Carboniferous	■	1.46	2002	1.46	in production	
Heiloo	1965	NL	■ Triassic	■	1.13			undeveloped	
Hekelingen									
– Hekelingen-RBBM	1993	NL	■ Triassic	■ ■	0.57	2006	0.20	in production	
– Hekelingen-RNUB	1993	NL	■ Triassic	■		2006		in production	
Helvellyn	1985	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	0.57	2004	0.33	in production	
Hemmelte (Buntsandstein)	1964	GE	■ Triassic	■	0.25	1964	0.20	in production	
Hemmelte/Kneheim/Vahren (Zechstein)	1980	GE	■ Zechstein	■	60.34	1980	26.76	in production	
Hengstlage (Buntsandstein)	1963	GE	■ Triassic	■	76.46	1963	60.61	in production	
Hengstlage/Sage/Sagermeer (Zechstein)	1968	GE	■ Zechstein	■	43.49	1968	23.97	in production	
Hesterberg (Zechstein)	1967	GE	■ Zechstein	■	7.50	1967	6.21	in production	
Hewett	1966	UK	■ Triassic and Zechstein	■	121.55	1969	120.40	in production	
Hollum Ameland-RO	1964	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	8.50			undeveloped	
Hoogenweg-ZEZ2C	1988	NL	■ Zechstein	■	0.42	1999		ceased production (temporarily)	
Horne	1992	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	1.19	2005	0.25	in production	
Horstberg Z1	1988	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	0.00	1988	0.00	abandoned	
Hoton	1989	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	3.67	2001	1.28	in production	
Houwerzijl-RO	1998	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.28	1999	0.03	ceased production (temporarily)	
Hunter	1992	UK	■ Triassic	■	0.03	2006	0.03	in production	
Husum Schneeren	1986	GE	■ Carboniferous	■	7.50	1986	7.92	in production	
Hyde	1982	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	3.61	1993	3.09	in production	
IJsselmonde									
– IJsselmonde-NLFFD	1956	NL	■ Cenozoic	■	0.08	1972	0.08	abandoned	
– IJsselmonde-KNGLG	1956	NL	■ Cretaceous	■	0.28	1960	0.28	abandoned	
– IJsselmonde-KNNSL	1956	NL	■ Cretaceous	■ ■	4.77	0.34	1958	4.77	0.34
– IJsselmonde-KNNSY	1956	NL	■ Cretaceous	■ ■	10.71	0.73	1956	10.71	0.73
Imbrock	1995	GE	■ Rotliegend	■	1.70	1995	0.87	in production	
Indefatigable	1966	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	80.92	1989	131.43	in production	
Indefatigable South West	1967	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	1.71	1995	1.53	in production	
J03C-RO	1995	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	4.25	1996	4.19	in production	
Johnston	1990	UK	■ Rotliegend	■	6.44	1994	5.50	in production	
K1-A	1986	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	9.91	2002	4.70	in production	

K02A								
– K02A-ROSL	1987	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.96	2005	1.21	in production
– K02A-DC	1987	NL	■ Carboniferous	■		2005		in production
K04-A Unit-DC	1991	NL	■ Carboniferous	■	8.50	1998	6.90	in production
K04-B	1997	NL	■ Carboniferous	■				in production
K04-D	1989	NL	■ Carboniferous	■	1.42	1997	0.63	in production
K04-E-RO	1997	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.83	2001	1.29	in production
K04-N	1998	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	7.08	2001	1.29	in production
K04-Z	1974	NL	■ Carboniferous	■	1.98			undeveloped
K05A-B	1992	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.61	1995	1.57	in production
K05A-D	1991	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	6.86	1994	1.35	in production
K05A-EN	1992	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.55	1997	0.73	in production
K05A-ES	1996	NL	■ Rotliegend	■		1996		in production
K05A-RO	1988	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	11.33	1994	20.41	in production
K05-C Unit-RO	1974	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.14	1997		in production
K05-EC2	1994	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.55	1997	0.92	in production
K05-FE	1999	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.12	2008		in production
K05-FW	1999	NL	■ Rotliegend	■		2008		in production
K05-G	1998	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.57	1998	0.11	in production
K05-U	2002	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.87			undeveloped
K06-A	2000	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.85	2000	0.21	in production
K06-C	1986	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.40	1992	1.93	in production
K06-D	1988	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.66	1992	2.64	in production
K06-DN	1989	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	7.08	1992	2.47	in production
K06-G	1990	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	8.50	1999	1.42	in production
K06-N	1992	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.27	1993	0.16	in production
K06-T	1991	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.11	1999	0.14	in production
K07A-RO	1969	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.27	1982	5.04	in production
K07B-RO	1970	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.83	2003	1.77	in production
K07C-RO	1996	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	8.50	1998	4.07	in production
K07D-ROSLU	1996	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	7.36	1998	1.58	in production
K07E-ROSLU	2000	NL	■ Rotliegend	■		2000		in production
K08A-RO	1970	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	62.30	1978	54.02	in production
K08B-RO	1972	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.70			development expected
K08C-RO	1979	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.83	1987		ceased production (temporarily)
K08D-RO	1997	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.42			undeveloped
K08F-ROSLU	2004	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.36			undeveloped
K09AB-A	1983	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.95	1987	5.33	in production
K09AB-B	1998	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.10	1999	1.72	in production
K09C-A	1985	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.38	1987	5.11	in production
K10-B	1979	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	16.13	1983	16.13	abandoned
K10-C	1980	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	5.95	1983	0.20	abandoned
K10-V	1988	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	2.12	1993	1.56	abandoned
K11A-RO	1971	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.54	1980	1.54	abandoned
K11B-RO	1985	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.68	1995	0.13	abandoned
K11C-RO	1990	NL	■ Rotliegend	■		1995		abandoned
K12-17-RO	2005	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.70	2007		in production
K12-A	1975	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.96	1983	18.68	abandoned
K12B-RO	1982	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	18.12	1987	0.96	in production
K12-C	1984	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.40	1984		in production
K12-D	1984	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.70	1985		in production
K12-E	1985	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.42	1986		abandoned
K12-Flax	2001	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	7.93	2002		in production
K12-Grape	2000	NL	■ Rotliegend	■		2002		in production
K12-S1	1989	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.13	1991		abandoned
K12-S2	2001	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	0.57	2002		in production
K12-S3	2001	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	1.13	2004		in production
K13-A	1972	NL	■ Triassic	■	12.90	1976	12.90	abandoned
K13-B	1973	NL	■ Triassic	■	3.61	1977	2.67	abandoned
K13-Cf	1977	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.65	1978	3.65	abandoned
K13-De	1976	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	3.75	1979	2.81	abandoned
K14A-RO	1970	NL	■ Rotliegend	■	18.41	1977	18.77	in production

K14B-RO	1979	NL	Rotliegend		7.99	1997	4.54	in production
K14C-RO	1991	NL	Rotliegend		0.57			undeveloped
K15A-RO	1974	NL	Rotliegend		15.57	1979	45.03	in production
K15B-RO	1975	NL	Rotliegend		33.98	1983	1.25	ceased production (temporarily)
K15C-RO	1978	NL	Rotliegend		4.81	1991	0.27	ceased production (temporarily)
K15D-RO	1979	NL	Rotliegend		0.28			undeveloped
K15E-RO	1983	NL	Rotliegend		0.85	2006		in production
K15-FA-SW	2006	NL	Rotliegend		1.42			development expected
K15-FB-NE	2006	NL	Rotliegend		0.42	2007		in production
K15F-RO	1983	NL	Rotliegend		0.00			undeveloped
K15G-RO	1988	NL	Rotliegend		1.56	1990	1.22	in production
K15H-RO	1992	NL	Rotliegend		1.70			undeveloped
K15I-RO	1992	NL	Rotliegend		1.70			undeveloped
K15J-ROSL	1993	NL	Rotliegend		0.71	2007		in production
K15K-ROSL-EXT	2001	NL	Rotliegend		7.71	2003	3.74	in production
K15K-ROSL	2001	NL	Rotliegend			2003		in production
K15L-RO	2003	NL	Rotliegend		5.00	2003	1.11	in production
K15M-RO	2004	NL	Rotliegend		0.57	2004	0.57	in production
K16-5	1987	NL	Zechstein		0.57			undeveloped
K17B-RO	1980	NL	Rotliegend		0.42			undeveloped
K17FA-RO	1972	NL	Rotliegend		5.66	2006	0.64	in production
K18B-RO	1992	NL	Rotliegend					undeveloped
Kalle								
– Kalle (Zechstein)	1958	GE	Zechstein		2.46	1958	3.36	in production
– Kalle (Carboniferous)	1958	GE	Carboniferous		1.64	1958	0.47	in production
Kelvin	2005	UK	Carboniferous					undeveloped
Kepler	1989	UK	Carboniferous					undeveloped
Kerkwijk-RNUB	1988	NL	Triassic		0.28			undeveloped
Ketch	1984	UK	Carboniferous		6.99	1999	3.93	in production
Kijkduin Zee-RBBM	1986	NL	Triassic					undeveloped
Kilmar	1992	UK	Carboniferous		2.69	2006	0.52	in production
Kirchhatten	1970	GE	Zechstein		1.78	1970	1.78	abandoned
Kirchseelte	1992	GE	Zechstein		5.66	1992	0.77	in production
Klosterseelte	1985	GE	Zechstein		11.33	1985	9.14	in production
Kneheim (Buntsandstein)	1985	GE	Triassic		5.10	1985	0.14	in production
Kollumerland-RO	1981	NL	Rotliegend		0.51	1989	0.33	in production
Kollum-Noord-RO	1997	NL	Rotliegend		7.93	2001	2.48	in production
Kollum-RO	1991	NL	Rotliegend		5.27	1993	0.23	in production
Kommerzijl-RO	2000	NL	Rotliegend		2.83	2001	0.76	in production
L01-A	1985	NL	Rotliegend		2.27	2000	0.74	in production
L02A-RBM	1968	NL	Triassic		8.50	1992	6.35	in production
L02B-RBM	1976	NL	Triassic		0.85	2006	0.50	in production
L02C-RBMVL	1997	NL	Triassic		0.99			undeveloped
L04-A	1974	NL	Rotliegend		24.07	1982	17.00	in production
L04-B	1972	NL	Rotliegend		1.25	1985	0.14	in production
L04-D	1981	NL	Rotliegend		0.57			undeveloped
L04-F	1994	NL	Rotliegend		2.12	2000	0.52	in production
L04-G	1999	NL	Rotliegend		2.83	2006	0.40	in production
L04-I	1995	NL	Rotliegend		1.70	2000	0.42	in production
L05A-RBMVL	1988	NL	Triassic		12.74	1992	14.93	in production
L05-B Central	2002	NL	Rotliegend		5.66	2003	2.56	in production
L06A-SLCFT	1990	NL	Jurassic		0.67	2006	0.27	in production
L07-A	1971	NL	Rotliegend		2.83	1985		abandoned
L07-B-TUS	1973	NL	Rotliegend		28.32	1977	44.46	ceased production (temporarily)
L07-C	1973	NL	Rotliegend		4.25	1977	0.19	in production
L07-D	1974	NL	Rotliegend		1.42			undeveloped
L07-F	1974	NL	Rotliegend		0.57			undeveloped
L07-FN	1978	NL	Rotliegend					undeveloped
L07-G	1986	NL	Rotliegend		1.42	2002	0.45	in production
L07-H ROSLL	1987	NL	Rotliegend		1.98	1989	0.02	in production

308

Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area

Ratzel										
– Ratzel (Zechstein)	1961	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.42	1961	0.87	in production		
– Ratzel (Carboniferous)	1960	GE	<div><div></div><div>Carboniferous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>		1960	0.44	in production		
Rauwerd	1965	NL	<div><div></div><div>Cretaceous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.53	1971	0.86	in production		
Ravenspurn	1983	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	45.21	1990	41.01	in production		
Rechterfeld (Zechstein)	1988	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.70	1988	1.06	in production		
Reedijk-RNUB	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.42	2003	0.90	in production		
Rehden										
– Rehden (Buntsandstein)	1962	GE	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.83	1964	2.50	in production		
– Rehden (Zechstein, Gasspeicher)	1952	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	5.81	1954	5.81	in production		
– Rehden (Carboniferous)	1961	GE	<div><div></div><div>Carboniferous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	9.06	1964	8.31	in production		
Ried										
– Ried	1980	NL	<div><div></div><div>Cretaceous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.85	1988		in production		
– Ringe (Carboniferous)	1998	GE	<div><div></div><div>Carboniferous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.57	1998	0.28	in production		
Roden-RO	1971	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.83	1976		abandoned		
Rodewolt-ROSLU	1998	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.47			undeveloped		
Rose	1998	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.72	2004	0.43	in production		
Rossum-Weerselo										
– Rossum-Weerselo-ZE	1955	NL	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	6.37	1958	7.97	in production		
– Rossum-Weerselo-DC	1968	NL	<div><div></div><div>Carboniferous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.42	1988		in production		
Roswinkel-RBM	1976	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	15.15	1980	0.13	in production		
Rotterdam/Taaken	1984	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	67.75	1984	43.63	in production		
Rotterdam-KNNSL	1984	NL	<div><div></div><div>Cretaceous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	14.63	1.70	1984	10.30	in production	
Rough	1968	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	10.92	1983	4.81	in production		
Rustenburg-RO	1981	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.13			development expected		
Rütenbrock										
– Rütenbrock (Rotliegend)	1969	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.42	1969	0.57	in production		
– Rütenbrock (Zechstein)	1969	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.27	1969	2.75	in production		
Rijswijk-KNNSL	1954	NL	<div><div></div><div>Cretaceous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.47	1954	2.01	abandoned		
‘s-Gravenzande										
– ‘s-Gravenzande-KNNSL	1997	NL	<div><div></div><div>Cretaceous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>				undeveloped		
– ‘s-Gravenzande-RNUB	1997	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	5.66	2002	3.38	in production		
– ‘s-Gravenzande-RBBM	1998	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>		2002		in production		
Saaksum-Oost-ROSLU	1993	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.13	2000	1.45	in production		
Saaksum-West-ROSLU	1998	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>		1999		in production		
Sagermeer Z3 (Buntsandstein)	1968	GE	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04	1968	0.04	abandoned		
Salzwedel	1968	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	264.00	1968	206.16	in production		
Saturn	1987	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	10.66	2005	0.43	in production		
Schermer Platten	1964	NL	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.16	1992	2.66	in production		
Schermer Rotliegend	1976	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.56	1979		ceased production (temporarily)		
Schiermonnikoog Wad	1996	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>				undeveloped		
Schoonebeek Gas-ZEZ2C	1957	NL	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	9.91	1958	3.23	in production		
Schooner	1986	UK	<div><div></div><div>Carboniferous</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	8.78	1996	7.18	in production		
Sean	1969	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	24.80	1986	10.53	in production		
Sebaldeburen-RO	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	3.96	1997	1.11	in production		
Shamrock	2004	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.46	2008		in production		
Siedenburg (Buntsandstein)	1963	GE	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	16.99	1963	11.02	in production		
Siedenburg-Ost (Zechstein)	1964	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	28.32	1964	21.21	in production		
Siedenburg-West (Zechstein)	1964	GE	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	24.07	1964	15.36	in production		
Sinope	1994	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.37	1999	0.37	in production		
Skiff	1995	UK	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	7.79	2000	6.32	in production		
Sleen-RBM	1965	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	8.50	1981		abandoned		
Slootdorp	1964	NL	<div><div></div><div>Zechstein</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.42	1977	1.74	in production		
Spijkenisse Oost										
– Spijkenisse Oost-RBBM	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	2.83	2006	0.02	0.27	in production
– Spijkenisse Oost-RNUB	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>			2006			in production
Spijkenisse West										
– Spijkenisse West-RBBM	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03	0.42	2006	0.01	0.13	in production
– Spijkenisse West-RNUB	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div>Triassic</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>			2006			in production
Söhlingen	1979	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	56.63	1980	21.13	in production		
Söhlingen-Ost/Grauen	1981	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	16.28	1981	11.79	in production		
Soltau/Friedrichseck	1984	GE	<div><div></div><div>Rotliegend</div></div>	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	8.52	1984	5.76	in production		

100

Viscount	2001	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.01	2002	0.01	in production		
Vixen	1999	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		3.80	2000	3.34	in production		
Vlagtwedde-ZEZ2C	1988	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		0.85			undeveloped		
Voigtei T1 (Buntsandstein)	1963	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic		0.01	1963	0.01	abandoned		
Völkersen/Völkersen-Nord	1992	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		21.10	1992	9.08	in production		
Volzendorf	1985	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.22	1985	0.22	abandoned		
Vries-R0-Central	1970	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		4.25	1982		in production		
Vries-R0-North	1970	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend			1982		in production		
Vries-R0-South	1968	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend			1976		in production		
Vulcan	1983	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		18.22	1995	16.40	in production		
Waalwijk-Noord	1987	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic		3.68	1991	2.41	in production		
Wagenfeld (Zechstein)	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		0.47	1954	0.47	abandoned		
Walsrode Z-2-Block	1980	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		7.08	1980	0.33	in production		
Walsrode Z4-Block / Idsingen	1990	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		5.95	1990	5.52	in production		
Walsrode-West	1990	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		5.66	1990	3.51	in production		
Wanneperveen										
– Wanneperveen-NLFFT	1980	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic			1988	1.42	ceased production (temporarily)		
– Wanneperveen-KNNS	1949	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous		1.41	1951		abandoned		
– Wanneperveen-RBSH	1951	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic		5.66	1956		in production		
Wardenburg	1971	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		0.08	1971	0.08	abandoned		
Warffum-R0	1977	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		8.50	1986	1.02	ceased production (temporarily)		
Zuidwal	1970	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous		16.00	1988	14.49	in production		
Warga	1965	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous		1.13	1971		in production		
Wartena	1965	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous			1971		in production		
Wassenaar-Deep-RNUB	1988	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic		0.29			undeveloped		
Watt	1990	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous		0.02	2003	0.02	in production		
Waveney	1996	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.34	1998	2.25	in production		
Weissenmoor	1996	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.83	1996	0.83	in production		
Welland North West	1984	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		5.38	1990	5.38	ceased production		
Welland South	1984	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.28	1990	2.28	ceased production		
Wenlock	1974	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		1.70	2007		in production		
Wensum	1985	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend	Part of Thames		1990	0.05	in production		
Werkendam Diep-RNUB	1991	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic					undeveloped		
West Beemster-ROSLU	1993	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.83	2007		in production		
West Boulton	2005	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous					undeveloped		
West Sole	1965	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		59.16	1967	53.59	in production		
Weststellingwerf	1983	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		0.11	1999	0.04	abandoned		
Whittle	1990	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		1.72	2002	1.30	in production		
Wielen										
– Wielen (Zechstein)	1959	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		1.47	1959	3.05	in production		
– Wielen (Carboniferous)	1959	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous		2.21	1959	0.31	in production		
Wietingsmoor										
– Wietingsmoor (Zechstein)	1968	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		4.30	1968	3.84	in production		
– Wietingsmoor (Carboniferous)	1968	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous		0.50	1968	0.43	in production		
Wimmenum Egmond-RBM	1963	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic		1.13	1984	0.02	abandoned		
Windermere	1989	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.11	1997	1.93	in production		
Winkelsett	1979	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		1.13	1979	0.10	abandoned		
Wissey	1967	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein					undeveloped		
Witten-ROSL	1995	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.59			undeveloped		
Wittorf	1981	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous		0.01	1981	0.01	abandoned		
Wollaston	1989	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.21	2003		in production		
Wren	1997	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		1.06	2005	0.14	in production		
Wustrow (Gas)	1966	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		4.62	1966	10.62	abandoned		
Wybelsum	1983	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.09	1983	0.09	abandoned		
Yare	1969	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend	Part of Thames		1986	1.85	in production		
Zevenhuizen West-R0	1993	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.28			undeveloped		
Zevenhuizen-R0	1984	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		0.50			undeveloped		
Zoetermeer-KNNSR	1957	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous		1.71	0.12	1957	1.71	0.12	abandoned
Zuid Schermer Platten	1997	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein		0.04	2001	0.03	ceased production (temporarily)		
Zuidwal	1970	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous		16.00	1988	14.49	in production		
Zuidwending East	2006	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Rotliegend		2.12	2006	0.28	in production		
Zweelo	1953	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous					undeveloped		

Appendix 3.3 Petroleum province 3: East Midlands and Cleveland Basin

Onshore	Offshore	Gas	Oil	Field example					
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
Appleyhead	1960	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Beckering	1990	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Beckingham	1964	UK	Carboniferous	0.28		1987	0.27		in production
Belvoir	1986	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Bothamsall	1958	UK	Carboniferous			1958			ceased production
Brigg	1981	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Broughton	1984	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
C.Hanworth	1997	UK	Carboniferous	0.18		1998	0.05		in production
Calow	1958	UK	Carboniferous		0.05	1963			abandoned
Cauntton	1940	UK	Carboniferous	0.04					ceased production
Caythorpe	1987	UK	Rotliegend		0.12	1992			in production
Cleveland Hills	1941	UK	Zechstein						undeveloped
Cloughton	1986	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Coringham	1958	UK	Carboniferous	0.04		1958	0.04		ceased production
Cropwell Butler	1958	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Crosby Warren	1986	UK	Carboniferous	0.05		1987	0.06		in production
Eakring	1940	UK	Carboniferous	0.73			0.73		ceased production
East Glentworth	1987	UK	Carboniferous	0.04		1993	0.01		in production
Egmanton	1955	UK	Carboniferous	0.37		1955	0.35		ceased production
Eskdale	1939	UK	Zechstein			1960			ceased production
Everton	1988	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Farleys Wood	1943	UK	Carboniferous	0.03		1985	0.02		in production
Fiskerton Airfield	1997	UK	Carboniferous	0.25		1999	0.04		in production
Fordon	1956	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Gainsborough	1959	UK	Carboniferous	0.40			0.38		ceased production
Glentworth	1961	UK	Carboniferous	0.02		1961	0.02		ceased production
Hardstoft	1919	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Hatfield	1976	UK	Carboniferous		0.12	1986			in production
Heath	1919	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
High Hutton	1987	UK	Zechstein and Rotliegend						undeveloped
Ironville	1956	UK	Carboniferous			2002			in production
Keddington	1997	UK	Carboniferous	0.01		1998	0.01		in production
Kelham Hills	1941	UK	Carboniferous	0.33		1941	0.33		ceased production
Kinoulton	1986	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Kirby Misperton	1985	UK	Zechstein		0.49	1995			in production
Kirklington	1986	UK	Carboniferous	0.01		1991			in production
Langar	1957	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Lockton	1966	UK	Zechstein			1971			ceased production
Long Clawson	1986	UK	Carboniferous	0.17		1991	0.11		in production
Malton	1970	UK	Zechstein		0.28	1995			in production
Marishes	1988	UK	Zechstein		0.23	1995			in production
Nettleham	1997	UK	Carboniferous	0.18		1985	0.16		in production
Newton-On-Trent	1998	UK	Carboniferous	0.02		1999			in production
Nocton	1943	UK	unknown						undeveloped
Pickering	1992	UK	Zechstein			2001			in production
Plungar	1953	UK	Carboniferous						development expected
Ralph Cross	1966	UK	unknown						undeveloped
Ranskill	1965	UK	unknown						undeveloped
Reepham	1998	UK	Carboniferous						undeveloped
Rempstone	1995	UK	Carboniferous	0.19		1991	0.02		in production
Robin Hoods Bay	1957	UK	Zechstein						undeveloped
Saltfleetby	1996	UK	Carboniferous		2.08	1999			in production
Scampton	1985	UK	Carboniferous			1996			in production
Scampton North	1985	UK	Carboniferous	0.18		1989	0.17		in production
South Leverton	1960	UK	Carboniferous	0.06		1960	0.04		ceased production
Stainton	1984	UK	Carboniferous	0.02		1987	0.02		in production
Tickhill	1958	UK	unknown						undeveloped

Torksey	1963	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous			1963			ceased production
Trumfleet	1957	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous		0.01	1998			in production
Walkeringham	1959	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> unknown						undeveloped
Welton	1981	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous	1.86		1984	1.73		in production
West Drayton	1941	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> unknown						ceased production
West Firsby	1988	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous	0.23		1991	0.13		in production
Whisby	1985	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Carboniferous	0.10		1990	0.04		in production
Widmerpool	1945	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> unknown						undeveloped
Wykeham	1971	UK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> unknown						undeveloped

Appendix 3.5b Petroleum province 5: Pomerania – Permian (Zechstein) sourced fields

		Onshore	Offshore	Gas	Oil	Field example							
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status				
Bansin	1983	GE	Zechstein			1983			abandoned				
Barth	1966	GE	Zechstein			1966	0.00		abandoned				
Błotno	1980	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	0.05	0.01	1981	0.04	0.01	in production			
Brzozówka	1989	PL	Zechstein		0.03		1991	0.03		unknown			
Daszewo	1980	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	0.26	0.12	1981	0.25	0.09	in production			
Daszewo N	1980	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	0.02	1.42	1987	0.02	0.34	in production			
Grimmen	1963	GE	Zechstein		0.12		1963	0.18		abandoned			
Grimmen-Südwest	1970	GE	Zechstein		0.06		1970	0.06		abandoned			
Kamień Pomorski	1971	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	2.36	0.29	1972	2.35	0.29	in production			
Krummin	1987	GE	Rotliegend			0.17	1987	0.01		abandoned			
Lütow	1965	GE	Zechstein		1.60		1965	1.59		in production			
Mesekenhagen (Kirchdorf-)	1988	GE	Zechstein		0.21		1988	0.12		in production			
Międzyzdroje	1971	PL	Zechstein		0.03		1973	0.03		unknown			
Papenhagen	1980	GE	Zechstein		0.02		1980			abandoned			
Petrykozy	1974	PL	Zechstein				1993			unknown			
Reinkenhagen	1961	GE	Zechstein		0.64		1961	0.46		abandoned			
Rekowo	1975	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	0.03		1975	0.03		in production			
Richtenberg-Nord	1964	GE	Zechstein		0.03		1964	0.03		abandoned			
Richtenberg-Südwest	1966	GE	Zechstein		0.01		1966	0.01		abandoned			
Stawoborze	2001	PL	Zechstein	(cap)			2001			ceased production			
Tychowo	1989	PL	Zechstein		0.01		1994	0.01		unknown			
Wustrow (Ül)	1977	GE	Zechstein		0.01		1977	0.01		abandoned			
Wysoka Kamieńska	1978	PL	Zechstein	(cap)	0.49	0.03	1979	0.41	0.03	in production			

Appendix 3.6a Petroleum province 6: Fore-Sudetic Monocline and Brandenburg – Carboniferous sourced fields

		Onshore	Offshore	Gas	Oil	Field example							
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status				
Aleksandrówka	1994	PL	Rotliegend			0.59	1995	0.35	in production				
Bad Lauchstädt	1971	GE	Rotliegend			0.47	1971	0.45	abandoned				
Bogdaj Uciechów	1969	PL	Zechstein			15.37	1970	10.88	in production				
Bonikowo	1998	PL	Zechstein			0.69	1999	0.34	in production				
Borowo	1980	PL	Rotliegend			0.06			developing				
Borzęcin	1971	PL	Zechstein			4.33	1972	4.13	in production				
Brońsko	1998	PL	Zechstein			14.84	2001	1.71	in production				
Brzostowo	1979	PL	Zechstein			1.54	1980	1.46	ceased production (temporarily)				
Buk E	1977	PL	Rotliegend			0.01	1987	0.01	ceased production				
Buk Se	1983	PL	Rotliegend			0.09	1987	0.09	ceased production				
Buk W	1977	PL	Rotliegend			0.01	1990	0.01	ceased production				
Bukowiec	1977	PL	Rotliegend			2.05	1978	1.98	in production				
Ceradz	1987	PL	Rotliegend			0.12	1988	0.04	abandoned				
Chraplewo	1977	PL	Rotliegend			0.05	1984	0.05	ceased production				
Czeszów	1972	PL	Zechstein			1.64	1973	1.20	in production				
Czmoń	1977	PL	Rotliegend			0.02	1981	0.02	ceased production				
Dębina	1994	PL	Rotliegend			0.19			developing				
Dobrzeń	1969	PL	Zechstein			0.02	1974	0.02	ceased production				
Duszniki E	1985	PL	Rotliegend			0.05	1986	0.04	in production				
Duszniki W	1985	PL	Rotliegend			0.07	1986	0.05	in production				
Góra	1982	PL	Rotliegend			0.97	1983	0.84	in production				
Gorzycze	1997	PL	Rotliegend						developing				
Grabówka E	1986	PL	Zechstein			0.06			developing				

Grabówka W	1974	PL	Zechstein		0.17		developing
Grochowice	1996	PL	Rotliegend		2.39	1997	0.75 in production
Grodzisk	1977	PL	Rotliegend		1.97	1978	1.96 abandoned
Großer Fallstein	1961	GE	Rotliegend		0.34	1961	0.27 abandoned
Henrykowice E	1974	PL	Zechstein		0.27	1973	0.27 ceased production
Henrykowice W	1974	PL	Zechstein		0.04		ceased production
Jankowice	1987	PL	Rotliegend		0.12	1988	0.09 in production
Janowo	1972	PL	Zechstein		0.26	1977	0.26 ceased production
Jarocin	1997	PL	Rotliegend		0.79	1998	0.34 in production
Kaleje	1974	PL	Rotliegend		0.12	1975	0.12 ceased production (temporarily)
Kaleje E	1974	PL	Rotliegend			1975	abandoned
Kandlewo	1991	PL	Rotliegend		0.24		developing
Kłęka	1975	PL	Rotliegend		0.75	1977	0.75 ceased production
Kłęka E	2000	PL	Rotliegend		0.06	2001	0.05 in production
Kopanki	1978	PL	Rotliegend		0.47	1979	0.47 ceased production
Kopanki E	1978	PL	Rotliegend		0.08	1978	0.08 ceased production
Kościan							
– Kościan	1975	PL	Zechstein		10.38	1977	2.57 unknown
– Kościan	2001	PL	Zechstein			2002	in production
Kulów	1980	PL	Rotliegend		0.03		developing
Łagwy	1983	PL	Rotliegend			1990	ceased production
Lipowiec E	2001	PL	Rotliegend		0.63	2002	0.05 in production
Lipowiec W	1976	PL	Rotliegend			2002	unknown
Młodasko	1991	PL	Rotliegend		0.42	1992	0.26 in production
Naratów	1997	PL	Rotliegend		0.46	1998	in production
Niechlów	1997	PL	Rotliegend		0.58	1998	0.25 in production
Niemierzyce	1986	PL	Rotliegend		0.06	1987	0.06 in production
Pakosław	1994	PL	Rotliegend		0.25		ceased production
Paproć							
– Paproć	1984	PL	Rotliegend		2.84	1985	3.12 in production
– Paproć (C)	1993	PL	Carboniferous		1.70	1994	in production
Paproć W (Ca1)	1983	PL	Zechstein		2.12		developing
Piekary	1986	PL	Rotliegend		0.03	1987	0.03 abandoned
Podrzewie	1985	PL	Rotliegend		0.52	1986	0.15 in production
Porażyn	1983	PL	Rotliegend		0.31	1984	0.18 in production
Radlin	1982	PL	Rotliegend		11.07	1992	5.27 in production
Radziądz	1975	PL	Rotliegend		3.17	1976	0.58 in production
Radziądz W	1969	PL	Zechstein				developing
Rawicz P1	1974	PL	Rotliegend		0.47		developing
Rokietnica	1974	PL	Rotliegend				ceased production
Rüdersdorf	1964	GE	Rotliegend		0.04	1964	0.48 abandoned
Sątopy	1977	PL	Rotliegend		0.03	1982	0.03 ceased production
Sędziny	1978	PL	Rotliegend		0.08		developing
Ślubów	1996	PL	Rotliegend		0.20	1997	0.15 in production
Solec	1974	PL	Rotliegend		0.08		developing
Stęszew	1982	PL	Rotliegend		0.52	1983	0.48 in production
Strykowo	1982	PL	Rotliegend		0.29	1983	0.29 in production
Strzępiń	1982	PL	Rotliegend		0.01	1987	ceased production
Szewce E	1982	PL	Rotliegend		0.05	1990	abandoned
Szewce W	1989	PL	Rotliegend		0.30	1990	0.08 in production
Szlichtyngowa	1999	PL	Rotliegend		0.58	2000	0.15 in production
Turkowo	1982	PL	Rotliegend		0.05		developing
Ujazd	1977	PL	Rotliegend		1.45	1978	1.34 in production
Wielichowo	1971	PL	Zechstein		1.40		developing
Wierzchowice	1971	PL	Zechstein		11.6	1994	abandoned
Wierzowice	1994	PL	Rotliegend		0.47	1995	0.05 in production
Wiewierz	1976	PL	Rotliegend		0.30	1977	0.28 in production
Wiewierz S	1971	PL	Rotliegend		0.08	1980	0.06 unknown
Wiewierz W	1976	PL	Rotliegend			1977	in production
Wilcze	1993	PL	Rotliegend		0.49		developing
Wilków	1987	PL	Rotliegend		4.39	1988	2.65 in production
Zatęcze	1972	PL	Rotliegend		21.12	1973	19.17 in production
Żuchłów	1978	PL	Rotliegend		22.18	1979	20.70 in production

Miedzychód	2001	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	4.53	2004		ceased production		
Mittweide-Trebatsch	1978	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1978	0.01	abandoned		
Mozów N	1995	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.01			abandoned		
Mozów S	1991	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.01	1992		in production		
Namyslin	1994	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.02	0.02	1995	ceased production (temporarily)		
Nowa Sól	1963	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01			undeveloped		
Otyń										
– Otyń	1963	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04	1968	0.04	ceased production		
– Otyń	1963	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.02	1968	0.02	unknown		
Paproć W (Ca2)	1982	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.02			in production		
Pillgram	1988	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>		1988		abandoned		
Pomorsko	1967	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1967	0.01	unknown		
Racot	2000	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03	2001	0.02	in production		
Raden	1965	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04	1965	0.04	abandoned		
Radoszyn	1994	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.10	0.01	1995	0.08	0.01	in production
Ratzdorf	1988	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	1988	0.08	abandoned		
Rawicz Ca2	1974	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.23			developing		
Retno	1993	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.02	1994		in production		
Różańsko	1999	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.40	2000	0.17	in production		
Rybaki	1962	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.16	0.02	1963	0.15	0.02	in production
Rybaki-Potęcko		PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>				unknown		
Schenkendoebern-Ost	1979	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03	1979	0.03	abandoned		
Schlagsdorf/Sękowice	1965	GE/PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.35	1970	0.11	abandoned		
Stanowice	2003	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.60			developing		
Steinsdorf	1986	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03	1986	0.03	abandoned		
Steinsdorf-N1/N2	1990	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.05	1990	0.05	abandoned		
Sulęcín										
– Sulęcín	1973	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03			undeveloped		
– Sulęcín	1973	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.09	1973	0.09	unknown		
Tarchały	1972	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	3.44	1973	1.74	in production		
Tauer	1966	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.26	1966	0.18	abandoned		
Tauer-No	1966	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	1966	0.08	abandoned		
Uników	1973	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.17			developing		
Wellmitz	1981	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.09	1981	0.07	abandoned		
Wellmitz-Nordwest	1983	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.00	1983		abandoned		
Wellmitz-Südost	1980	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.02	1980	0.02	abandoned		
Wilcze	1990	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.28			developing		
Wysocko	1989	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.05	1990	0.04	in production		
Wysocko Małe	1998	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.05	1999	0.05	in production		
Żakowo	1968	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.15			developing		
Zakrzewo	1967	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.21			ceased production		
Zbąszyń	1974	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.40			developing		
Zielin	1996	PL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> (cap)	0.28	0.23	1997	0.14	0.23	in production

Appendix 3.7 Petroleum province 7: Lublin Basin

Onshore		Offshore		Gas		Oil		Field example	
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
Minkowice	1972	PL	Carboniferous			1978			abandoned
Stężycza	1993	PL	Carboniferous	(cap) 0.10	0.80	2002			in production
Swidnik	1982	PL	Carboniferous			1982			abandoned
Wilga	1999	PL	Carboniferous		0.28	2006			in production

Appendix 3.8 Petroleum province 8: Weald Basin

Onshore		Offshore		Gas		Oil		Field example		
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age		UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
Albury	1987	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.05	1994			in production
Ashdown	1955	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Avington	2003	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Balcombe	1987	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Baxters Copse	1983	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Bletchingley	1965	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.07				undeveloped
Brockham	1987	UK	■	Jurassic	■		2002			in production
Cowden	1999	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Godley Bridge	1983	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Goodworth	1987	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.07	1997			in production
Heathfield	1986	UK	■	unknown	■					undeveloped
Horndean	1983	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.29	1988			in production
Humbly Grove	1980	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.74	1986			in production
Lidsey	1987	UK	■	Jurassic	■		2008			in production
Lingfield	1999	UK	■	Jurassic	■					undeveloped
Palmers Wood	1983	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.31	1990			in production
Singleton	1989	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.36	1991			in production
Stockbridge	1984	UK	■	Jurassic	■	1.43	1990			in production
Storrington	1986	UK	■	Jurassic	■	0.11	1998			in production

Appendix 3.9 Petroleum province 9: Tail End Graben

Onshore		Offshore		Gas	Oil	Field example						
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age		UR oil (mln m ³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m ³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status		
Adda	1977	DK	■ Cretaceous	■	0.48		2010			developing		
Alma	1990	DK	■ Jurassic	■		1.05	2009					
Boje Area	1982	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■	0.95		2011			developing		
Dagmar	1983	DK	■ Cenozoic, Cretaceous and Zechstein	■	1.01		1991	1.01		in production		
Dan	1971	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■	146.15		1972	86.35		in production		
Elly	1984	DK	■ Cretaceous and Jurassic	■		5.27	2009			in production		
Fergus	1994	UK	■ Jurassic	■	2		1996			in production		
Gorm	1971	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■	66		1981	54.40		in production		
Halfdan	1999	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■	105	15.90	1999	29.61	9.60	in production	■	
Igor	1968	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■		2.60	2007			in production		
Kraka	1966	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■	7.40		1991	4.60		in production		
Lola U1	1975	DK	■ Cenozoic, Cretaceous and Jurassic							unknown		
Nordsee A6 / B4	1974	GE	■ Jurassic	■		12.74	2000		5.83	in production		
Ravn 1	1986	DK	■ Jurassic							unknown		
Regnar	1979	DK	■ Chalk	■	1.03		1993	0.93		in production		
Roar	1968	DK	■ Cenozoic and Cretaceous	■		16.02	1996		13.32	in production		
Rolf	1981	DK	■ Cenozoic, Cretaceous and Zechstein	■	11.77		1986			in production		

Sif	1999	DK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic and Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	7.90	2004					in production
Skjold	1977	DK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic, Cretaceous and Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	47.96	1982	39.56				in production
Tyra	1968	DK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic and Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	28.85	4.11	1984	23.45	42.55		in production
Tyra Se	1991	DK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic and Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	5.08	16.68	2003	2.48	4.58		in production
Valdemar	1977	DK	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cenozoic and Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	12.80		1993	3.45			in production

Appendix 3.10 Petroleum province 10: Dutch Central Graben

<div><div><div>Onshore</div><div>Offshore</div></div><div><div>Gas</div><div>Oil</div><div>Field example</div></div></div>										
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age		UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status
B18A-SLCL	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.79					undeveloped
F02-Hanze	1996	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Chalk	<div><div></div></div>	8.90		2001	7.33		in production
F03-FA										
– F03-FA-SGGS	1971	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
– F03-FA-SLC	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>		1.70				undeveloped
F03-FB										
– F03-FB-SLCL	1974	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	6.10		1993	5.70		in production
– F03-FB-SLCMS	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>			1996			in production
– F03-FB-SLCU	1974	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>		18.40	1993		15.40	in production
F03-FC	1981	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.32					undeveloped
F14-A	1986	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.25					undeveloped
F17-FA	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.70	1.20				undeveloped
F17-FB	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.25					undeveloped
F18-FA	1970	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	1.50					undeveloped
L01-FB	1985	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.75					undeveloped
L05A-SLC	1983	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div></div>	0.48					undeveloped

Horizon	1981	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.70	1993	2.56	in production		
IJsselmonde										
– IJsselmonde-KNNSL	1956	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	4.77	0.34	1958	4.77	0.34	abandoned
– IJsselmonde-KNNSY	1956	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	10.71	0.73	1956	10.71	0.73	abandoned
Kotter										
– Kotter Vlieland	1981	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	12.08		1984	11.36		in production
– Kotter Delfland	1980	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			1984			in production
Lekkerkerk-SLD	1959	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
Logger	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	5.56		1985	5.26		in production
Maasdijk-RBBM	1998	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	2000		0.01		in production
Moerkapelle										
– Moerkapelle-ATWDM	1955	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.11		1958	0.10		abandoned
– Moerkapelle-SLD	1957	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			1957			abandoned
Monster-RBBM	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.83	1990		0.57		in production
Noordwijk										
– Noordwijk-KNNSR	1983	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
– Noordwijk-SLD	1983	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
Ottoland										
– Ottoland-RBBM	1988	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.11	0.06				development expected
– Ottoland-RNUB	1988	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						development expected
Oud Beijerland Zuid										
– Oud Beijerland Zuid-RBBM	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.58	2003				abandoned
– Oud Beijerland Zuid-RNUB	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>		2003		0.58		in production
P08-A	1981	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.18					development expected
P11-3	1996	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	4.13	0.47	2006			in production
P11-4	1997	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Zechstein	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			2006			in production
P12-03 Vlieland	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04					undeveloped
Papekop-RN										
	1986	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.94	1.12				development expected
Pernis-KNNSL	1989	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.28	2004		1.03		in production
Pernis-West-BS	1987	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	9.95	5.55	1995	1.52	3.02	in production
Pijnacker-SLD	1955	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.04	0.15	1955	1.04	0.15	abandoned
Q13B-KNNS	1986	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.22					undeveloped
Q13-FA	1985	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.73					development expected
Rijn	1982	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	4.13		1985	3.99		abandoned
Rotterdam										
– Rotterdam-KNNSL	1984	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	14.63	1.70	1984	10.30		in production
– Rotterdam-KNNSY	1984	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			1984			in production
Rijswijk										
– Rijswijk-KNNSL	1954	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.56	0.47	1954	0.56	2.01	abandoned
– Rijswijk-KNNSR	1954	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			1954			abandoned
Spijkenisse Oost										
– Spijkenisse Oost-RBBM	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	2.83	2006	0.02	0.27	in production
– Spijkenisse Oost-RNUB	1990	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			2006			in production
Spijkenisse West										
– Spijkenisse West-RBBM	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.03	0.42	2006	0.01	0.13	in production
– Spijkenisse West-RNUB	1992	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			2006			in production
Wassenaar Zee-KNNSR	1980	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08					undeveloped
Wassenaar										
– Wassenaar-KNNSR	1956	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	7.47		1956	7.47		abandoned
– Wassenaar-SLD	1956	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>			1956			abandoned
Werkendam Diep										
– Werkendam Diep-ATWDM	1958	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04		1958	0.04		abandoned
– Werkendam Diep-RNUB	1991	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Triassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
Woubrugge-SLD	1966	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>						undeveloped
Zoetermeer-KNNSR	1957	NL	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.71	0.12	1957	1.71	0.12	abandoned

Appendix 3.12 Petroleum province 12: Lower Saxony Basin and Dogger Troughs

Onshore	Offshore	Gas	Oil	Field example							
Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil (mln m³)	UR gas (bcm)	Production start year	CP oil (mln m³)	CP gas (bcm)	Development status		
Abbensen	1929	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1929	0.01		abandoned		
Adorf (Öl)	1948	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.38	1948	1.94		in production		
Ahrensheide	1964	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous and Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.68	1964	1.65		abandoned		
Aldorf	1952	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.94	1952	2.80		in production		
Aldorf-Südwest	1960	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	1960	0.08		abandoned		
Allermöhe	1979	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.10	1979	0.10		in production		
Annaveen	1963	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.08	1963	0.08		abandoned		
Barenburg (Jurassic)	1953	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	8.59	1953	7.76		in production		
Barsfleth	1963	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.02	1963	0.02		abandoned		
Barver	1963	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.07	1963	0.08		abandoned		
Berkhoepen	1927	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.17	1927	0.20		abandoned		
Blumenhagen	1957	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.28	1957			abandoned		
Bockstedt	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	4.05	1954	3.89		in production		
Bollermoor	1961	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04	1961	0.04		abandoned		
Boostedt/Ploen	1952	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	3.97	1952	3.84		abandoned		
Börger / Werlte	1977	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.14	1977	0.15		abandoned		
Bosse	1957	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>		1957	0.00		abandoned		
Bramberge	1958	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	30.40	1958	21.24		in production		
Bramstedt	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.95	1954	0.92		abandoned		
Broistedt	1937	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.21	1937	0.22		abandoned		
Calberlah	1945	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1945	0.01		abandoned		
Curslack	1957	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.00	1957			abandoned		
Dachtmissen	1959	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.32	1959	0.19		abandoned		
Dickel											
– Dickel (Wealden)	1953	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.05	1953	0.05		abandoned		
– Dickel (Jura)	1953	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.13	1953	1.09		abandoned		
Dickel-Kellenberg	1984	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.05	1984	0.05		abandoned		
Diepholz	1958	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous and Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.04	1958	0.05		abandoned		
Düste											
– Düste-Valendis	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.07	1954	1.97		in production		
– Düste (Jura)	1955	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.18	1955	0.17		abandoned		
Eddesse-Nord	1876	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> complex	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.03	1876	0.98		in production		
Eddesse-Ölheim	1879	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> complex	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.10	1879	0.09		abandoned		
Ehra	1939	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1939	0.01		abandoned		
Eicklingen-Sandlingen	1937	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous and Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.60	1937	0.59		abandoned		
Eilte	1947	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.15	1947	1.00		abandoned		
Eldingen	1949	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	3.97	1949	3.81		in production		
Elsfleth	1956	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.46	1956	0.47		abandoned		
Emlichheim (Öl)	1944	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	12.72	1944	9.97		in production		
Emlichheim-Süd	1959	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>		1959	0.01		abandoned		
Emlichheim-West	1957	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>		1957	0.05		abandoned		
Esperke	1960	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous and Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.00	1960			abandoned		
Etzel	1942	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.06	1942	0.06		abandoned		
Eystrup	1959	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.23	1959	0.23		abandoned		
Farwick	1958	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.01	1980	0.01		abandoned		
Fuhrberg/Hambühren	1939	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	1.21	1939	1.21		abandoned		
Garen	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.13	1954	0.01		abandoned		
Georgsdorf	1944	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	21.46	1944	20.18		in production		
Gifhorn	1935	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.07	1935	0.07		abandoned		
Groß Lessen	1969	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	3.97	1969	3.86		in production		
Hademsdorf	1941	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.18	1941	0.18		abandoned		
Hagen	1957	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	0.19	1957	0.16		in production		
Hänigsen	1927	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Cretaceous	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	2.76	1927	2.79		abandoned		
Hankensbüttel	1954	GE	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div> Jurassic	<div><div></div><div></div><div></div><div></div></div>	18.12	1954	14.63		in production		

Rühle									
– Rühlermoor (Valendis)	1949	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	42.93	1949	28.91	in production
– Rühlermoor (Malm)	1962	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1962	1.06	abandoned
– Rühlertwist (Valendis)	1949	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>		1949	5.92	in production
– Rühlertwist (Malm)	1962	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1962	0.03	abandoned
Rühme	1954	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	2.70	1954	2.35	in production
Scheerhorn	1949	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	10.33	1949	10.13	in production
Schledehausen	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.04	1957	0.04	abandoned
Schlesen	1981	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1981		abandoned
Schoonebeek-KNNSP	1943	NL	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	59.30	1944	40.24	ceased production (temporarily)
Schwedeneck	1956	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.87	1956	0.86	abandoned
Schwedeneck-See	1978	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	3.93	1984	3.91	abandoned
Siedenburg	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	1.27	1957	1.16	in production
Sinstorf (Hh-Anteil)	1960	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	3.97	1960	0.49	in production
Sinstorf (Ns-Anteil)	1960	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1960	2.88	in production
Sögel	1983	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.03	1983	0.03	in production
Sottorf	1937	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Chalk</div>	<div></div>	0.01	1937	0.01	abandoned
Steimbke-Alt	1936	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous and Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	1.59	1936	0.93	abandoned
Steimbke-Nord	1958	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.64	1958	0.35	abandoned
Steimbke-Ost	1943	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.32	1943	0.59	abandoned
Stemmerberg	1948	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1948		abandoned
Suderbruch	1949	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous and Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	3.93	1949	3.88	abandoned
Sulingen (Valendis)	1973	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	1.19	1973	1.11	in production
Thoeren	1941	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous and Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.40	1941		abandoned
Thönse									
– Thönse (Jura)	1951	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	5.66	1957	2.22	in production
– Thönse (Rhät)	1951	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Triassic</div>	<div></div>		1957	1.16	in production
Varel	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.95	1957	0.95	abandoned
Varloh	1984	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.12	1984	0.09	abandoned
Vechelde	1954	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Triassic</div>	<div></div>	0.00	1954		abandoned
Vestrup	1955	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.11	1955	0.10	abandoned
Voigtei	1953	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	5.10	1953	4.73	in production
Volkensen	1960	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.15	1960	0.14	abandoned
Vorhop	1952	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous and Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	3.99	1952	3.34	in production
Warnau	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.05	1957	0.05	abandoned
Wathlingen	1950	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	0.23	1950	0.23	abandoned
Wehrbleck/Wehrbleck-Ost	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	3.77	1957	3.03	in production
Welp	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	2.23	1957	2.22	in production
Wense	1957	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.28	1957		abandoned
Wesendorf/Wesendorf-Süd	1958	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	2.76	1958	2.35	abandoned
Wienhausen	1941	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	0.01	1941	0.01	abandoned
Wietingsmoor	1954	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Cretaceous</div>	<div></div>	2.54	1954	2.38	in production
Wietze (Bohrungen und Schacht)	1874	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>complex</div>	<div></div>	2.97	1874	2.97	abandoned
Wittingen-Süd	1963	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>		1963		abandoned
Wittingen-Südost	1970	GE	<div>Onshore</div>	<div>Jurassic</div>	<div></div>	0.10	1970	0.09	in production

Appendix 3.13 Petroleum province 13: Shallow gas

Accumulation name	Discovery year	Country	Reservoir age	UR oil		UR gas	Production start year	CP oil		CP gas	Development status
				(mln m³)	(bcm)			(mln m³)	(bcm)		
A12A-NU	1988	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			6.00					development expected
A15-A	1999	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			1.90					development expected
A18A-NU	1987	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			1.42					development expected
B10A-NU	1991	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			0.71					development expected
B13A-NU	1990	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			0.71					development expected
B16A-NU	1992	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			0.57					development expected
B17A-NU	1991	NL	<div>Offshore</div> Cenozoic			0.14					undeveloped

Appendix 4 Units of measurement

The table shows the units of measurement commonly used in the Atlas. Where appropriate, comments on their application are given. The SI system (Système Internationale) of units has been used in most cases and the prefixes used for decimal multiples of units are defined. However, note that many of the so-called ‘oil field units’ refer to the Imperial System of measurement. The table also explains units that relate to specific laboratory measurements (e.g. vitrinite reflectance) or the measuring equipment (e.g. the API unit). All gas and liquid volumes in the Atlas are given at normal conditions, i.e. a temperature of 0°C and pressure of 1 bar.

SI System	Prefix	Meaning	Prefix	Meaning
	n	nano (10 ⁻⁹)	k	kilo (10 ³)
	μ	micro (10 ⁻⁶)	M	mega (10 ⁶)
	m	milli (10 ⁻³)	G	giga (10 ⁹)
	c	centi (10 ⁻²)	T	tera (10 ¹²)
	d	deci (10 ⁻¹)		
Numeric definitions		Abbreviation		Definition
		B		billion (10 ⁹)
		T		trillion (10 ¹²)
Physical quantity	Unit	Name	Comment	
Length	m	metre		
Volume	m³	cubic metre	1 cubic metre is equivalent to 6.29 barrels of oil	
	l	litre		
	Nm³	normal cubic metre	volume at 1 bar and 0°C	
	mln m³	million cubic metres		
	bcm	billion cubic metres		
	bbl	barrel	1 barrel of oil is equivalent to 0.15898 cubic metres	
Mass	kg	kilogram		
	t (= 10³ kg)	tonne		
Density	kg/m³			
	g/cm³	gram per cubic cm		
Concentration	g/dm³	gram per cubic dm	dissolved solids	
	g/l	gram per litre	dissolved solids	
Mass ratio	mg/g	milligram per gram		
	g/kg	gram per kilogram		
	kg/t	kilogram per tonne	pyrolytic yield (S2)	
	kg HC/t	kilogram of hydrocarbon per tonne	source-rock	genetic potential
Time	s	second		
	min	minute		
	h	hour		
	d	day		
	yr or a	year	Ma: million year	
Velocity	m/s	metres per second		
Interval transit time	μs/ft	microsecond per foot	used in sonic logs (Dt)	
Production rate	Nm³/h	normal cubic metre per hour		
	bopd	barrels of oil per day		
	Mmcfd	million cubic feet per day		
Temperature	K	Kelvin	thermodynamic temperature	
	°C	degree Celsius		
Pressure	Pa (= kg/(m·s²))	Pascal		
	bar (= 10 ⁵ Pa)	bar		
Productivity	m³/(h·MPa)		e.g. geothermal wells	
Energy	J	Joule		
	Wh	Watt hour		
	T0E	tonne of oil equivalent	equals 41.87 GJ	
Power	W (= J/s)	Watt		
Energy flux	mW/m²	milliWatt per sq. metre	heat flow	
Magnetic flux density	T	Tesla	earth magnetic field (nT's)	
Acceleration	Gal (= 0.01 m/s²)	gal	acceleration due to earth's gravity = 976-983 gal; variations in the order of mGal's	
Permeability	D (= 9.869.10 ⁻¹³ m²)	Darcy	rock permeability	
Radioactivity	API°	degree API	used for gamma-ray logs (GR)	
Reflectance	% Ro		rock maturity	

Appendix 5 References

- Abramovitz, T., Berthelsen, F. & Thybo, H., 1997. Proterozoic sutures and terranes in the southeastern Baltic Shield interpreted from BABEL deep seismic data. *Tectonophysics* 270: 259-277.
- Abramovitz, T., Landes, M., Thybo, H., Jacob, A.W.B. & Prodehl, C., 1999. Crustal velocity structure across the the Tornquist and Iapetus Suture Zones - a comparison based on MONA LISA and VARNET data. *Tectonophysics* 314 (1-3): 69-82.
- Abramovitz, T. & Thybo, H., 1998. Seismic structure across the Caledonian deformation front along MONA LISA profile 1 in the southeastern North Sea. *Tectonophysics* 288: 153-176.
- Abramovitz, T. & Thybo, H., 1999. Pre-Zechstein structures around the MONA LISA deep seismic lines in the southern Horn Graben area. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark = Meddelelser fra Dansk Geologisk Forening* 44 (2): 99-116.
- Abramovitz, T. & Thybo, H., 2000. Seismic images of Caledonian, lithosphere-sale collisional structures 2 in the southeastern North Sea along MONA LISA Profile 2. *Tectonophysics* 317: 27-54.
- Abramovitz, T., Thybo, H. & MONA LISA WORKING Group, 1998. Seismic structure across the Caledonian Deformation Front along MONA LISA profile 1 in the southwestern North Sea. *Tectonophysics* 288: 153-176.
- Adcock, C.M., 1963. Natural gas in Britain. *Gas World*: 266-268.
- Adriasola-Muñoz, Y., Littke, R. & Brix, M.R., 2007. Fluid systems and basin evolution of the western Lower Saxony Basin, Germany. *Geofluids* 7: 335-355.
- Ahlbrandt, T.S., 1979. Textural parameters of eolian deposits. *In*: McKee, E.D. (Ed.): A study of global sand seas. U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 1052: 21-52.
- Ahlbrandt, T.S. & Fryberger, S., 1982. Aeolian Deposits. *In*: Scholle, P.A. and Spearing, D. (Eds): Sandstone Depositional Environments. American Association of Petroleum Geologists (Tulsa).
- Ahmadi, Z.M., Sawyer, M., Kenyon-Roberts, S., Stanworth, C.W., Kugler, K.A., Kristensen, J. & Fugelli, E.M.G., 2003. Paleocene. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 235-259.
- Ahrendt, H., Ribbert, K.-H., Vanguestaine, M. & Wemmer, K., 2001. K-Ar and acritarch dating of phyllite clasts from a resedimented Middle Devonian conglomerate in the northwestern part of the Rhenish Slate Mountains. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 152: 365- 377.
- Aichroth, B., Prodehl, C. & Thybo, H., 1992. Crustal structure along the Central Segment of the EGT from seismic refraction studies. *Tectonophysics* 207: 43-64.
- Aigner, T., 1985. Storm Depositional Systems. *Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences* 3: 1-174.
- Aigner, T. & Bachmann, G.H., 1992. Sequence-stratigraphic framework of the German Triassic. *Sedimentary Geology* 80: 115-135.
- Aigner, T. & Bachmann, G.H., 1993. Sequence Stratigraphy of the classic Germanic Triassic. *In*: Lucas, S.G. and Morales, M. (Eds): The non-marine Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin 3.
- Aigner, T., Hornung, J., Junghans, W.-D. & Pöppelreiter, M., 1999. Baselevel cycles in the Triassic of the South-German Basin: a short progress report. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) I: 537-544.
- Alberti, H. & Walliser, O.H., 1977. Überblick über die paläogeographische und tektonische Entwicklung des Westharzes. *Field-guide of the Geological Meeting Geotagung '77, Göttingen* 1: 172-178.
- Albrechtsen, T., Andersen, S.J., Dons, T., Engstrøm, F., Jørgensen, O. & Sørensen, F.W., 2001. Halfdan: Developing non-structurally trapped oil in North Sea Chalk. *SPE paper* 71322: 14 pp.
- Aldridge, R.J., 1986. Conodont palaeobiogeography and thermal maturation in the Caledonides. *Journal of the Geological Society* 143: 177-184.
- Ali, J.R. & Jolley, D.W., 1996. Chronostratigraphic framework for the Thanetian and lower Ypresian deposits of southern England. *In*: Corfield, R.M. and Dunay, R.E. (Eds): Correlation of the early Paleogene in northwest Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 101: 129-144.
- Ali, J.R., King, C. & Hailwood, E.A., 1993. Magnetostratigraphic calibration of early Eocene depositional sequences in the southern North Sea Basin. *In*: Hailwood, E.A. and Kidd, R.B. (Eds): High resolution stratigraphy. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 70: 99-125.
- Allan, J.R. & Wiggins, W.D., 1993. Dolomite reservoirs – geochemical techniques for evaluating origin and distribution. *SEPM Short Course Note Series* 36: 1-129.
- Allen, M.J., 1995. Exploration and exploitation of the East Pennine Coalfield. *In*: Whateley, M.K.G. and Spears, D.A. (Eds): European Coal Geology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 82: 207-214.
- Allen, P.A. & Allen, J.R., 2005. Basin Analysis: Principles and Applications. Blackwell (Oxford): 549 pp.
- Almon, W.R., 1981. Depositional environment and diagenesis of Permian Rotliegendes sandstones in the Dutch sector of the southern North Sea. *In*: Longstaffe, F.J. (Ed.): Clays and the resource geologist. Mineralogical Association of Canada: 119-147.
- Althen, G.W., Rusbült, J. & Seeger, J., 1980. Ergebnisse einer regionalen Neubearbeitung des Muschelkalks der DDR. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 8: 985-999.
- Ames, R. & Farfan, P.F., 1996. The environment of deposition of the Triassic Main Buntsandstein Formation in the P and Q quadrants, offshore the Netherlands. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 167-178.
- AMESCO, Croezen, H., Van Eijs, R., Vosbeek, M., Hagedoorn, S., Wildenborg, T., Goldsworthy, M. & Holleman, E.T., 2007. Generic Environmental Impact Study on CO₂ Storage. (Groningen): 208 pp.
- Amiri-Garroussi, K. & Taylor, J.C.M., 1992. Displaced carbonates in the Zechstein of the UK North Sea. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 9: 186-196.

- Amler, M.R.W. & Herbig, H.-G., 2006. Ostrand der Kohlenkalk-Plattform und Übergang in das Kulm-Becken im westlichsten Deutschland zwischen Aachen und Wuppertal. *In*: Amler, M.R.W. and Stoppel, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland VI – Unterkarbon (Mississippium). Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 41: 441-477.
- Amler, M.R.W. & Stoppel, D., 2006. Stratigraphie von Deutschland, VI – Unterkarbon (Mississippium). Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover): 590 pp.
- Andersen, P.R., 2003. A survey of CO₂ storage capacity of Danish oil and gas fields. A GESTCO contribution. Danmarks og Grønlands Geologiske Undersøgelse 2003/42 (Copenhagen): 20 pp.
- Anderson, J.K., 1999. The capabilities and challenges of the seismic method in chalk exploration. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 939-947.
- Andrews-Speed, C.P., Oxburgh, E.R. & Cooper, B.A., 1984. Temperatures and depth-dependent heat flow in western North Sea. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 68: 1764-1781.
- Anonymous, 1963. Rehden – größtes deutsches Erdgasfeld. *Erdöl Zeitschrift* 79: 112.
- Antonowicz, L., Iwanowska, E. & Rendak, A., 1994. Tensional tectonics in the Pomeranian section of the T-T Zone and the implications for hydrocarbon exploration. *Geological Quarterly* 38 (2): 289-306.
- Antonowicz, L. & Knieszner, L., 1984. Zechstein reefs of the Main Dolomite in Poland. *Acta Geologica Polonica* 34 (1/2): 81-94.
- Appel, J., 2007. Betrachtung oberflächennaher Gase in der deutschen Nordsee. Thesis. Leibniz Universität (Hannover): 85 pp.
- Arkell, W.J., 1956. Jurassic Geology of the World. Oliver and Boyd (Edinburgh): 806 pp.
- Artemieva, I.M., 2003. Lithospheric structure, composition, and thermal regime of the East European Craton: implications for the subsidence of the Russian platform. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters* 213 (3-4): 431-446.
- Artemieva, I.M., 2007. Dynamic topography of the East European Craton: shedding light upon lithospheric structure, composition and mantle dynamics. *Global and Planetary Change* 58: 411-434.
- Artemieva, I.M. & Thybo, H., 2008. Deep Norden: Highlights of the lithospheric structure of Northern Europe, Iceland, and Greenland. *Episodes* 31: 98-106.
- Artemieva, I.M., Thybo, H. & Kaban, M.K., 2006. Deep Europe today: Geophysical synthesis of the upper mantle structure and lithospheric processes over 3.5 Ga . *In*: Artemieva, I.M., Thybo, H. and Kaban, M.K. (Eds): European Lithosphere Dynamics. The Geological Society (London) 32: 11-41.
- Arthaud, F. & Matte, P., 1977. Late Paleozoic strike-slip faulting in southern Europe and northern Africa: Result of a right-lateral shear zone between the Appalachians and the Urals. *Geological Society of America Bulletin* 88: 1305-1320.
- Arthur, M.A., Jenkyns, H.C., Brumsack, H.J. & Schlanger, S.O., 1990. Stratigraphy, geochemistry and paleoceanography of organic carbon-rich Cretaceous sequences. *In*: Ginsburg, R.N. and Beaudoin, B. (Eds): Cretaceous resources, events and rhythms. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 75-119.
- Arthur, T.J., Pilling, D., Bush, D. & Maachi, L., 1986. The Leman Sandstone Formation in UK Block 49/28. Sedimentation, diagenesis and burial history. *In*: Brooks, J., Goff, J. and van Hoorn, B. (Eds): Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 251-266.
- Asch, K., 2005. The 1 : 5 Million International Geological Map of Europe and Adjacent Areas. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, Hannover.
- Asselberghs, E., 1921. Comment se pose la question des gisements de pétrole en Belgique. *Annales des Mines de Belgique* 22: 579-599.
- Assmann, P., 1937. Rehden – größtes deutsches Erdgasfeld. *Erdöl Zeitschrift* 79: 1-112.
- Assmann, P., 1944. Die Stratigraphie der oberschlesischen Trias. Teil 2: Der Muschelkalk. *Abhandlungen des Reichsamts für Bodenforschung* N.F 208: 1-50.
- Awdankiewicz, M., Breitreuz, C. & Ehling, B.-C., 2004. Emplacement textures in Late Palaeozoic andesite sills of the Flechtingen-Roßlau Block, north of Magdeburg (Germany). *In*: Breitreuz, C. and Petford, N. (Eds): Physical geology of high-level magmatic systems. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 234: 51-66.
- BABEL Working Group, 1993. Deep seismic reflection / refraction interpretation of crustal structure along BABEL profiles A and B in the southern Baltic Sea. *Geophysical Journal International* 112: 325-343.
- Bachleda-Curus, T., Burzewski, W., Halat, Z. & Semyrka, R., 1996. Hydrocarbon generation potential of sedimentary formations in the Western Pomerania. *Oil and Gas News* 6: 163-171.
- Bachmann, G.H., Geluk, M.C., Warrington, G., Becker-Roman, A., Beutler, G., Hagdorn, H., Hounslow, M.W., Nitsch, E., Röhling, H.-G., Simon, T. & Szulc, A., 2010. Triassic. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 149-173.
- Bachmann, G.H., Beutler, G., Hagdorn, H. & Hauschke, N., 1999. Stratigraphie der Germanischen Trias. *In*: Hauschke, N. and Wilde, V. (Eds): Trias – Eine ganz andere Welt. Pfeil (München): 83-106.
- Bachmann, G.H. & Grosse, S., 1989. Struktur und Entstehung der Norddeutschen Beckens – Geologische und geophysikalische Interpretation einer verbesserten Bouger-Schwerekarte. *Veröffentlichungen Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften* 2: 24-47.
- Bachmann, G.H. & Hoffmann, N., 1995. Bildung und Entwicklung des Norddeutschen Rotliegend-Beckens. *In*: Plein, E. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland I - Norddeutsches Rotliegend-becken. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 183: 156-169.
- Bachmann, G.H. & Hoffmann, N., 1997. Development of the Rotliegend Basin in Northern Germany. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* D (103): 9-31.
- Bachmann, G.H. & Kozur, H., 2003. First evidence of a microspherule interval around the continental Permian-Triassic boundary, Germany, and its correlation with the marine realm. *Acta Science. Natur. Musei Moraviae Occidentalis Trebic* 41: 143-146.
- Bachmann, G.H. & Kozur, H., 2004. The Germanic Triassic: correlations with the international chronostratigraphic scale, numerical ages and Milankovitch cyclicity. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften* B 26: 17-62.

- Bachmann, G.H., Szurlies, M. & Kozur, H., 2004. The continental Permian-Triassic boundary interval, Central Germany: Evidence for long-term cosmic influx? *Albertiana* 30: 4-5.
- Bachmann, H., Ehling, B.-C. & Schwab, M. (Eds), 2008a. Geologie von Sachsen-Anhalt. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 499 pp.
- Bachmann, G.H., Voigt, T., Bayer, U., Eynatten, H.V., Legler, B. & Littke, R., 2008b. Depositional history and sedimentary cycles in the Central European Basin System. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 157-172.
- Bachu, S., Bonijoly, D., Bradshaw, J., Burruss, R., Christensen, N.P., S. H. & Mathiassen, O.-M., 2007. CO₂-storage capacity estimation: methodology and gaps. *International Journal of Greenhouse Gas Control* 1: 430-443.
- Badley, M.E., Price, J.D. & Backshall, L.C., 1989. Inversion, reactivated faults and related structures: seismic examples from the southern North Sea. *In*: Cooper, M.A. and Williams, G.D. (Eds): Inversion Tectonics. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 44: 201-217.
- Badura, J. & Przybylski, B., 2004. Evolution of the Late Neogene and Eopleistocene fluvial system in the Foreland of Sudetes Mountains, SW Poland *Annales Societatis Geologorum Poloniae* 73: 43-61.
- Badura, J., Zuchiewicz, W. & Jarosiński, M., 2006. Neotectonics of Poland, Living morphotectonics of the European Lowland, Cedynia, pp. 23-28.
- Bailey, J.B., Arbin, P., Daffinoti, O., Gibson, P. & Ritchie, J.S., 1993. Permo-Carboniferous plays of the Silver Pit Basin. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London) 4: 707-715.
- Baily, H., Glover, B.W., Holloway, S. & Young, S.R., 1995. Controls on coalbed methane prospectivity in Great Britain. *In*: Whateley, M.K.G. and Spears, D.A. (Eds): European Coal Geology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 82: 251-265.
- Baird, A., 1993. An assessment of the reservoir potential of the Zechstein of the P and Q Quadrants and adjacent onshore areas, the Netherlands. Stratigraphic Services International Limited (Surrey).
- Balchin, D.A. & Ridd, M.F., 1970. Correlation of the younger Triassic rocks across eastern England. *Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society of London* 126 (1-2): 91-101.
- Baldschuhn, R. & Best, G., 1985. Geotektonischer Atlas von Nordwest-Deutschland 1 : 100 000, Blatt Hannover-Nord, C 3522 – BGR-Archiv-Nr. 97178, 76 S., 32 Anl. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, Hannover.
- Baldschuhn, R. & Best, G., 1998. Geotektonischer Atlas von Nordwest-Deutschland 1 : 100 000, Blatt Diepholz, C 3514 – BGR-Archiv-Nr. 104824, 141 S., 32 Anl. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, Hannover.
- Baldschuhn, R., Best, G. & Kockel, F., 1991. Inversion tectonics in the north-west German basin. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 1: 149-159.
- Baldschuhn, R., Binot, F., Fleig, S. & Kockel, F., 2001. Geotektonischer Atlas von Nordwestdeutschland und dem deutschen Nordsee-Sektor – Strukturen, Strukturentwicklung, Paläogeographie. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* A 153: 3-95.
- Baldschuhn, R., Frisch, U. & Kockel, F., 1985. Inversionsstrukturen in NW-Deutschland und ihre Genese. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 136: 129-139.
- Baldschuhn, R., Frisch, U. & Kockel, F. (Eds), 1996. Geotektonischer Atlas von NW-Deutschland – Tectonic Atlas of NW-Germany. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe (Hannover).
- Baldschuhn, R., Frisch, U. & Kockel, F., 1998. Die Entwicklung des Nordwestdeutschen Beckens seit der Trias in neun Zeitscheiben. *Terra Nostra* 98 (3): V11-V12.
- Baldschuhn, R. & Jaritz, W., 1977. Stratigraphie der Oberkreide in Nordwestdeutschland (Pompecksche Scholle), Teil 1: Korrelation der Bohrlochdiagramme und des Kernmaterials. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* A38: 7-9.
- Baldschuhn, R., Jaritz, W. & Koch, W., 1977. Stratigraphy of the Upper Cretaceous in northwest Germany (Pompeckj Block). *Geologisches Jahrbuch* A 38: 3-123.
- Baldschuhn, R. & Kockel, F., 1994. Geotektonischer Atlas von NW-Deutschland 1 : 300 000, 1. abgedeckte geologische Karte der Unterkreidebasis. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, Hannover.
- Baldschuhn, R. & Kockel, F., 1998. Der Untergrund von Hannover und seiner Umgebung. *Berichte der Naturhistorischen Gesellschaft* 140: 5-98.
- Balling, N., 1995. Heat flow and thermal structure of the lithosphere across the Baltic Shield and northern Tornquist Zone. *Tectonophysics* 244 (1-3): 13-50.
- Bandlowa, T., 1998. Erdgasführung im Karbon-Perm-Trias-Komplex der Mitteleuropäischen Senke. *Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A* 151: 3-65.
- Bandlowa, T., Bucharth, B., Everlien, G. & Gerling, P., 1995. Verbreitung und Kohlenwasserstoffpotential der Alaunschiefer-Formation und anderer kambro-ordovizischer Muttergesteine des Baltikums. *Nachrichten der deutschen geologischen Gesellschaft* 54: 47-48.
- Banerjee, A., Sinha, A.K., Jain, A.K., Thomas, N.J., Misra, K.N. & Chandra, K., 1998. A mathematical representation of Rock-Eval hydrogen index vs T_{max} profiles. *Organic Geochemistry* 28: 43-55.
- Banka, D., Pharaoh, T.C., Williamson, J.P. & Group, T.P.P.F.C., 2002. Potential field imaging of Palaeozoic orogenic structure in northern and central Europe. *Tectonophysics* 360: 23-45.
- Bankwitz, P., Bankwitz, E. & Kopp, J., 2001a. Südliche Phyllitzone (SPZ) im Abschnitt Bitterfeld-Döbern. *In*: Hoth, K. & Leonhardt, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland II – Ordovizium, Kambrium, Vendium, Riphäikum. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg 234: 197-204.
- Bankwitz, P., Kopp, J. & Ehling, B.C., 2001b. Mitteldeutsche Kristallizone (MKZ) im Abschnitt Halle-Guben. *In*: Hoth, K. & Leonhardt, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland II – Ordovizium, Kambrium, Vendium, Riphäikum. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg 234: 186-196.

Baranowski, Z., Haydukiewicz, A., Kryza, R., Lorenc, S., Muszynski, A., Solecki, A. & Urbanek, Z., 1990. Outline of the geology of the Gory Kaczawskie (Sudetes, Poland). Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 179: 223-257.

Barnasch, J., 2009. Der Keuper im Westteil des Zentraleuropäischen Beckens (Deutschland, Niederlande, England, Dänemark): diskontinuierliche Sedimentation, Litho-, Zyklus- und Sequenzstratigraphie. Thesis. University of Halle (Halle): 222 pp.

Barnasch, J., Bachmann, G.H. & Beutler, G., 2007. Lithostratigraphic correlation of the Late Triassic Keuper in the western part of the Central European Basin. Schriftenreihe der deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften.

Barnasch, J., Franz, M. & Beutler, G., 2005. Hochauflösende Gliederung des Keupers der Eichsfeld-Altmark-Schwelle zur Präzisierung der Diskordanzen. Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften, Beiheft B 19: 153-160.

Barr, D., 2007. Conductive faults and sealing fractures in the West Sole gas fields, southern North Sea. *In*: Jolley, S.J., Barr, D., Walsh, J.J. and Knipe, R.J. (Eds): Structurally complex reservoirs. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 292: 431-451.

Barrio-Alvers, L., Bayer, U., Götze, H.-J. & Scheck, M., 1998. Density structure of the Northeast German Basin: 3D modelling along the DEKORP line BASIN96. Annales Geophysicae 16: C23.

Barth, E., Bernecker, T., Berners, H.-P., Bock, H., Kowalewski, J. & Muller, A., 1984. Der Schilfsandstein Luxemburgs als tidal beeinflusste Rinnenfüllung. Aspekte zur Stratofazies und Sedimentologie des Profils Kinnert. Der Schilfsandstein Luxemburgs als tidal beeinflusste Rinnenfüllung. Aspekte zur Stratofazies und Sedimentologie des Profils Kinnert 12: 25-43.

Bartholomew, I.D., Peters, J.M. & Powell, C.M., 1993. Regional structural evolution of the North Sea: oblique slip and the reactivation of basement lineaments. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London) 4: 1109-1111.

Barton, P. & Wood, R., 1984. Tectonic evolution of the North Sea basin: crustal stretching and subsidence. Geophysical Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society 79: 987-1022.

Barton, P.J., 1986. The relationship between seismic velocity and density in the Continental crust; a useful constraint? Geophysical Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society 87: 195-208.

Barton, P.J., 1992. Lisp Revisited – A New Look Under The Caledonides Of Northern Britain. Geophysical Journal International 110 (2): 371-391.

Bates, R.L. & Jackson, J.A., 1987. Glossary of Geology [3rd ed.] American Geological Institute (Falls Church, Va.): 754 pp.

Baumann, A., Grauert, B., Mecklenburg, S. & Vinx, R., 1991. Isotopic age determinations of crystalline rocks of the Upper Harz Mountains, Germany. Geologische Rundschau 80: 669-690.

Baumann, A. & Vulpius, R., 1991. Die Lagerstätten fester mineralischer Rohstoffe in den neuen Bundesländern. Glückauf Forschungshfte 52 (2): 53-73.

Bayer, U., Grad, M., Pharaoh, T.C., Thybo, H., Guterch, A., Banka, D., Lamarche, J., Lassen, A., Lewerenz, B., Scheck, M. & Marotta, A.-M., 2002. The southern margin of the East European Craton: new results from seismic sounding and potential fields between the North Sea and Poland. Tectonophysics 360: 301-314.

Bayer, U., Scheck, M. & Koehler, M., 1997. Modelling of the 3D thermal field in the northeast German basin. Geologische Rundschau 86: 241-251.

Bayer, U., Scheck, M., Rabbel, W., Krawczyk, C.M., Götze, H.-J., Stiller, M., Beilecke, T., Marotta, A.-M., Barrio-Alvers, L. & Kuder, J., 1999. An integrated study of the NE German Basin. Tectonophysics 314 (1-3): 269-283.

Becker, A., 2005. Sequenzstratigraphie und Fazies des Unteren und Mittleren Buntsandsteins im östlichen Teil des Germanischen Beckens (Deutschland, Polen). Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften Beiheft B 21: 1-117.

Becker, F., 2002. Zechsteinkalk und Unterer Werra-Anhydrit (Zechstein 1) in Hessen: Fazies, Sequenzstratigraphie und Diagenese. Geologische Abhandlungen Hessen 109: 1-231.

Becker, F. & Bechstädt, T., 2006. Sequence stratigraphy of a carbonate-evaporite succession (Zechstein 1, Hessian Basin, Germany). Sedimentology 53: 1083-1120.

Bednarczyk, W., 1968. Ordovik rejonu Kętrzyna (NE Polska)/ The Ordovician in the region of Kętrzyn (NE Poland). Acta Geologica Polonica 18: 707-749.

Behla, S., Gieseemann, K., Karnin, W.D. & Ruprecht, E., 1998. Reflexionsseismische Untersuchungen, Strukturbild und Explorationsergebnisse im Thüringer Becken. Geologisches Jahrbuch A149: 115-128.

Beier, H., 2001. Die strukturelle Entwicklung der Rügen-Kaledoniden und ihres nördlichen Vorlandes (Nordost-Deutschland und südliche Ostsee). Thesis. Universität Greifswald (Greifswald): 114 pp.

Beier, H. & Katzung, G., 1999. Lithologie und Strukturgeologie des Altpaläozoikums in der Offshore-Bohrung G 14-1/86, südliche Ostsee. Greifswalder Geowissenschaftliche Beiträge 6: 327-345.

Beier, H. & Katzung, G., 2001. The deformation history of the Rügen Caledonides (NE Germany) – implications from the structural inventory of the Rügen 5 borehole. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 269-300.

Beier, H., Maletz, J. & Böhnke, A., 2000. Development of an Early Palaeozoic foreland basin at the SW margin of Baltica. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 218: 129-152.

Belka, Z., 2000. The Holy Cross Mountains, Excursion Guidebook. Joint meeting of Europrobe (TESZ) and PACE projects, Zakopane (Warszawa): 38 pp.

Belka, Z., Ahrendt, H., Franke, W. & Wemmer, K., 2000. The Baltica-Gondwana suture in central Europe: evidence from K-Ar ages of detrital muscovites. *In*: Franke, W., Altherr, R., Haak, V. and Oncken, O. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 87-102.

Belka, Z., Devleeschouwer, X., Narkiewicz, M., Piecha, M., Reijers, T.J.A., Ribbert, K.-H. & Smith, N.J.P., 2010. Devonian. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 71-79.

Belka, Z. & Narkiewicz, M., 2008. Devonian. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 383-410.

Belka, Z., Skompski, S. & Sobon Podgorska, J., 1996. Reconstruction of a lost carbonate platform on the shelf of Fennoscarmatia; evidence from Visean polymictic debrites, Holy Cross Mountains, Poland. *In*: Strogen, P., Somerville, I.D. and Jones, G.L. (Eds): Recent advances in Lower Carboniferous geology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 107: 315-329.

Belka, Z., Valverde-Vaquero, P., Dörr, W., Ahrendt, H., Wemmer, K., Franke, W. & Schäfer, J., 2002. Accretion of first Gondwana-derived terranes at the margin of Baltica. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 19-36.

Bénard, F. & Bouché, P., 1991. Aspects of the petroleum geology of the Variscan foreland of Western Europe. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 1: 119-137.

Bender, P., Eder, W., Engel, W., Franke, W., Langenstrassen, F., Walliser, O.H. & Witten, W., 1977. Paläogeographische Entwicklung des ostlichen Rheinischen Schiefergebirges, demonstriert an einem Querschnitt. Field-guide of the Geological Meeting Geotagung '77, Göttingen: 1-57.

Benek, R., Kramer, W., McCann, T., Scheck, M., Negendank, J., Korich, D., Huebscher, H.D. & Bayer, U., 1996. Permo-Carboniferous magmatism of the Northeast German Basin. Tectonophysics 266: 379-404.

Benek, R., Paech, H.J. & Schirmer, B., 1973. Zur Gliederung der permosilesischen Vulkanite der Flechtinger Scholle. Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften 1: 867-878.

Berckmans, A. & Vandenbergh, N., 1998. Use and potential of geothermal energy in Belgium. Geothermics 27: 235-242.

Berger, J.-P., Reichenbacher, B., Becker, D., Grimm, M., Grimm, K., Picot, L., Storni, A., Pirkenseer, C., Derer, C. & Schaefer, A., 2005. Paleogeography of the Upper Rhine Graben (URG) and the Swiss Molasse Basin (SMB) from Eocene to Pliocene. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 697-710.

Berggren, W.A. & Prothero, D.A., 1992. Eocene-Oligocene climatic and biotic evolution: an overview. *In*: Prothero, D.R. and Berggren, W.A. (Eds): Eocene-Oligocene climatic and biotic evolution. Princeton University Press: 1-28.

Bergström, J., Bless, M.J.M. & Paproth, E., 1985. The marine Knabberud limestone in the Oslo Graben: possible implications for the model of Silesian palaeogeography. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 136: 181-194.

Bergström, J., Holland, B., Larsson, K., Norling, E. & Sivhed, U., 1982. Guide to excursions in Scania. Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning, Avhandlingar och Uppsatser: 54 pp.

Bergström, J., Kumpas, M.G., Pegrum, R.M. & Vejlbæk, O.V., 1990. Evolution of the northwestern part of the Tornquist Zone, part 2. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 36: 107-114.

Bergström, S.M., 1980. Conodonts as paleotemperature tools in Ordovician rocks of the Caledonides and adjacent areas in Scandinavia and the British Isles. Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar 102: 377-392.

Berkowski, B., 2002. Famennian Rugosa and Heterocoralia from southern Poland. Palaeontologia Polonica 61: 1-87.

Bertelsen, F., 1972. A Lower Carboniferous microflora from the Ørsløv No. 1 borehole, island of Falster, Denmark. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse (II): 78 pp.

Bertelsen, F., 1980. Lithostratigraphy and depositional history of the Danish Triassic. Geological Survey of Denmark: 59 pp.

Berthelsen, A., 1992a. From Precambrian to Variscan Europe. *In*: Blundell, D., Freeman, R. and Mueller, S. (Eds): A continent revealed. The European geotraverse. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 153-164.

Berthelsen, A., 1992b. Mobile Europe. *In*: Blundell, D., Freemann, R. and Mueller, S. (Eds): A continent revealed. The European geotraverse. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 11-32.

Berthelsen, A., 1998. The Tornquist Zone northwest of the Carpathians: an intraplate pseudosuture. Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar 120: 223-230.

Besly, B.M., 1988. Palaeogeographic implications of Late Westphalian to Early Permian red-beds, central England. *In*: Besly, B.M. and Kelling, G. (Eds): Sedimentation in a Synorogenic Basin Complex; the Upper Carboniferous of Northwest Europe. Blackie (Glasgow): 200-221.

Besly, B.M., 1998. Carboniferous. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of the North Sea – Basic concepts and recent advances. Blackwell (Oxford): 104-136.

Besly, B.M., 2005. Late Carboniferous redbeds of the UK southern North Sea, viewed in a regional context. *In*: Collinson, J.D., Evans, D.J., Holliday, D.W. and Jones, N.S. (Eds): Carboniferous hydrocarbon geology – The southern North Sea and surrounding onshore areas. Yorkshire Geological Society Occasional Publication 7: 225-226.

Best, G., 1989. Die Grenze Zechstein/Buntsandstein in Nordwest Deutschland nach Bohrlochmessungen. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 140: 73-85.

Best, G., 1996. Floßtektonik in Norddeutschland: Erste Ergebnisse reflexionsseismischer Messungen an der Salzstruktur 'Oberes Allertal'. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 147: 455-464.

Best, G., Kockel, F. & Schöneich, H., 1983. Geological history of the Southern Horn Graben. Geologie en Mijnbouw 62: 25-33.

Betz, D. & Fahrion, H., 1991. Geowissenschaftliche Untersuchungen des Gasfeldes Thönse – Bedeutung für Theorie und Praxis. Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften Veröffentlichungen 6: 137-139.

Betz, D., Fuhrer, F., Greiner, G. & Plein, E., 1987. Evolution of the Lower Saxony Basin. Tectonophysics 137: 127-170.

Beutler, G., 1979. Verbreitung der altkimmerischen Bewegungen im Norden der DDR und ihre regionale Bedeutung (Fortschrittbericht). Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften 7: 903-912.

Beutler, G., 1980. Beitrag zur Stratigraphie des Unteren und Mittleren Keupers. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 8: 1001-1018.

Beutler, G., 1993. Der Muschelkalk zwischen Rügen und Grabfeld. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds): Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991. Sonderbände der Gesellschaft für Naturkunde in Württemberg pp. 47-56.

Beutler, G., 1995. Stratigraphie des Keupers. Quantifizierung der altkimmerischen Bewegungen in Nordwestdeutschland, Teil I. Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe (Hannover): 147 pp.

Beutler, G., 1998. Keuper. *In*: Bachmann, G.H., Beutler, G. and Lerche, I. (Eds): Excursions of the International Symposium on the Epicontinental Triassic. Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften (Halle) B 6: 23-26.

Beutler, G. & Häusser, I., 1982. Über den Schilfsandstein der DDR. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 10: 511-525.

Beutler, G. & Schubert, J., 1987. Fazielle Entwicklung des Mittleren Lettenkeupers im Thüringer Becken. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 15: 475-484.

Beutler, G. & Schüler, F., 1978. Über altkimmerische Bewegungen im Norden der DDR und ihre regionale Bedeutung (Fortschrittsbericht). Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 6: 403-420.

Beutler, G. & Schüler, F., 1987. Probleme und Ergebnisse der lithostratigraphischen Korrelation der Trias am Nordrand der Mitteleuropäischen Senke. Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften 15: 421-436.

Beutler, G. & Szulc, J., 1999. Die paläogeographische Entwicklung des Germanischen Beckens in der Trias und die Verbindung zur Tethys. *In*: Hauschke, N. and Wilde, V. (Eds): Trias – Eine ganz andere Welt. Pfeil (München): 71-80.

Beyer, C., Heilmann-Clausen, C. & Abrahamsen, N., 2001. Magnetostratigraphy of the Upper Paleocene - Lower Eocene deposits in Denmark. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 38: 201-219.

BGR, 2007. Rohstoffwirtschaftliche Länderstudien XXXVI: Bundesrepublik Deutschland – Rohstoffsituation 2006. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Hannover): 224 pp.

Bifani, R., 1975. A Zechstein depositional model for the Argyll Field. *In*: Taylor, J.C.M. (Ed.): JAPEX course notes no. 39.

Bifani, R., 1986. Esmond Gas Complex. *In*: Brooks, J., Goff, J.C. and van Hoorn, B. (Eds): Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 209-221.

Bijlsma, S., 1981. Fluvial sedimentation from the Fennoscandian area into the Northwest European Basin during the Late Cenozoic. Geologie en Mijnbouw 8: 337-345.

Bilgili, F., Götze, H.-J., Pašteka, R., Schmidt, S. & Hackney, R., 2007. Intrusion versus inversion – a 3D density model of the southern rim of the Northwest German Basin. International Journal of Earth Sciences 98 (3): 10.1007/s00531-007-0267-y.

Bindig, M., 1992. Räumliche und zeitliche Entwicklung der fluviatilen Environments der Solling-Formation (Buntsandstein, Germanische Trias). Thesis. Technische Hochschule (Darmstadt): 217 pp.

Binot, F., Gerling, P., Hiltmann, W., Kockel, F. & Wehner, H., 1993. The Petroleum System in the Lower Saxony Basin. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 3: 121-139.

Binzer, K. & Stockmarr, J., 1994. Geological map of Denmark 1 : 500 000, Pre-Quaternary surface topography of Denmark. Geological Survey of Denmark Map Series No. 44: 1-10.

Birkenmajer, K., 1986. Stages of structural evolution of the Pieniny Klippen Belt, Carpathians. Studia Geologica Polonica 88: 7-32.

Bitzer, F., 1996. Quantitative Methoden zur stratigraphischen Gliederung und Subsidenzanalyse im Oberrotliegend des Norddeutschen Beckens. Thesis. Johannes Gutenberg-Universität (Mainz): 149 pp.

Bleibinhaus, F., Beilecke, T., Bram, K. & Gebrande, H., 1999. A seismic velocity model for the SW Baltic Sea derived from BASIN'96 refraction seismic data. Tectonophysics 314: 269-284.

Bleschert, K.H., Piske, J. & Schretzenmayr, S., 2000. Die Erdöl-Erdgas-Lagerstätten in Nordostdeutschland – Ergebnisse der Exploration. *In*: Vulpius, R. (Ed.): Ehrenkolloquium zum Gedenken an Prof. Dr. rer. Nat. habil. Rudolf Meinhold (2.4.1911-18.1.1999) – Beiträge zur Erdölgeologie. Institut für Geologie (Freiberg) 15: 106.

Bless, M.J.M., Boonen, P., Bouckaert, J., Brauckmann, C., Conil, R., Dusaar, M., Felder, P.J., Felder, W.M., Goekdag, H., Kockel, F., Laloux, M., Langguth, H.R., Van Der Meer Mohr, J.P.M., Meesen, T., Op Het Veld, F., Paproth, E., Pietzner, H., Plum, J., Poty, E., Scherp, A., Schulz, R., Stree, M., Thorez, J., Van Rooijen, P., Vanguestaine, M., Vieslet, J.L., Wiersma, D.J., Winkler-prins, C.F. & Wolf, M., 1981. Preliminary report on Lower Tertiary-Upper Cretaceous and Dinantian-Famennian rocks in the boreholes Heugem-1/1a and Kastanjelaan-2 (Maastricht, the Netherlands). Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst 35: 333-415.

Bless, M.J.M., Bouckaert, J., Bouzet, P., Conil, R., Cornet, P., Fairon-Demaret, M., Groessens, E., Longestaey, P.J., Meessen, J.P.M.T., Paproth, E., Pirlot, H., Stree, M., Amerom, H.W.J.V. & Wolf, M., 1976. Dinantian rocks in the subsurface North of the Brabant and Ardenno-Rhenish massifs in Belgium, the Netherlands and the Federal Republic of Germany. Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst 27: 81-195.

Bless, M.J.M., Dusaar, M., Felder, P.J. & Swennen, R., 1993. Lithology and biostratigraphy of the Upper Cretaceous - Paleocene carbonates in the Molenbeersel borehole (NE Belgium). Geologie en Mijnbouw 71: 239-257.

Blumenstengel, H. & Krutzsch, W., 2008. Tertiär. *In*: Bachmann, G.H., Ehling, B.-C., Eichner, R. and Schwab, M. (Eds): Geologie von Sachsen-Anhalt. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 267-292.

Blundell, D., Freeman, R. & Mueller, S., 1992. A Continent Revealed: The European Geotraverse. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 292 pp.

Blundell, D., Hobbs, R., Klemperer, S., Scott-Robinson, R., Long, R., West, T. & Duin, E., 1991. Crustal structure of the central and southern North Sea from BIRPS deep seismic reflection profiling. Journal of the Geological Society 148: 445-458.

Bodenhausen, J.W.A. & Ott, W.F., 1981. Habitat of the Rijswijk oil province, onshore The Netherlands. *In*: Illing, L.V. and Hobson, G.D. (Eds): Petroleum geology of the continental shelf of North-West Europe. Institute of Petroleum (London): 301-309.

Bodzioch, A., 1994. Paleoeecology of heractinellid sponges from the epicontinental Triassic of Poland. *In*: Van Soest, R.W.M., Van Kempen, T.M.G. and Braekman, J.C. (Eds): Sponges inTime and Space. Biology, Chemistry, Paleontology. Proceedings of the 4th International Porifera Congress Amsterdam, The Netherlands (Rotterdam): 35-44.

Böhnke, A. & Katzung, G., 2001. The Middle Silurian from Bornholm (Denmark) – sedimentology, petrology and age. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 161-191.

Boigk, H., 1968. Gedanken zur Entwicklung des niedersaechsischen Tektogens. Geologisches Jahrbuch 85: 861-900.

Boigk, H., 1998. Erdöl und Erdölgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland – Erdölprovinzen, Felder, Förderung, Vorräte, Lagerstättentechnik. Enke (Stuttgart): 313 pp.

Boigk, H., Hagemann, H.W., Stahl, W. & Wollanke, G., 1976. Isotopenphysikalische Untersuchungen – zur Herkunft und Migration des Stickstoffs nordwestdeutscher Erdgase aus Oberkarbon und Rotliegend. Erdöl und Kohle, Erdgas und Petrochemie 29: 103-112.

Boigk, H. & Schöneich, H., 1974. Perm und Trias und älterer Jura im Bereich des südlichen Mittelmeer-Miösen-Zone und des Rheingrabens. *In*: Illies, J.H. and Fuchs, K. (Eds): Approaches to Taphrogenesis. Inter-Union Commission on Geodynamics, Scientific Report No. 8. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 60-71.

Bojkowski, K. & Dembowski, Z., 1988. Paleogeografia karbonu Lubelskiego Zagłębia Węglowego na tle paleogeografii karbonu Polski. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 122: 18-26.

Boose, J., Schmidt-Mumm, A. & Giese, U., 2001. Petrographic, cathodoluminescence and fluid inclusion studies as provenance indicators of Early Palaeozoic sediments of Rügen, Germany. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 193-214.

Borkhataria, R., 2004. Integrated exploration and production-scale reservoir prediction in 'grainy' and 'muddy' epeiric carbonate ramp deposits: the Muschelkalk (Triassic), The Netherlands. Thesis. University Tübingen (Tübingen): 163 pp.

Borkhataria, R., Aigner, T. & Pipping, J.C.P., 2006. An unusual, muddy, epeiric carbonate reservoir: The Lower Muschelkalk (Middle Triassic) of the Netherlands. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 90 (1): 61-89.

Borkhataria, R., Aigner, T., Pöppelreiter, M.C. & Pipping, J.C.P., 2005. Characterisation of epeiric 'layer-cake' carbonate reservoirs, Upper Muschelkalk (Middle Triassic), The Netherlands. Journal of Petroleum Geology 28: 119-146.

Börmann, C., Gast, R. & Görisch, F., 2006. Structural and sedimentological analysis of an early Late Rotliegendes graben based on 3D seismic and well log data, German North Sea, Germany. Petroleum Geoscience 12: 1-10.

Bornemann, O., Schramm, M., Tomassi-Morawiec, H., Czapowski, G., Misiek, G., Kolonko, P., Janiow, S. & Tadych, J., 2008. Wzorcowe profile bromowe cechsztyrskich soli kamiennych w Polsce i w Niemczech na przykładzie kopalni soli w Kłodawie i w Görleben. Geologos 14: 73-90.

Bosch, J.H.A., Bakker, M.A.J., Gunnink, J.L. & Paap, B.F., 2009. Airborne electromagnetic measurements as basis for a 3D geological model of an Elsterian incision. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 160: 249-258.

Botor, D. & Kosakowski, P., 2000. Application of numerical maturity modelling to reconstruction of paleotemperature and petroleum generation. Przegląd Geologiczny 48: 154-161.

Botor, D., Kotarba, M. & Kosakowski, P., 2002. Petroleum generation in the Carboniferous strata of the Lublin Trough (Poland): an integrated geochemical and numerical modelling approach. Organic Geochemistry 33 (4): 461-476.

Botz, R., Hiltmann, W., Schoell, M., Teschner, M. & Wehner, H., 1981. Kriterien und Bewertung des Zechstein-Stinkschiefers im Hinblick auf sein Erdöl- und Erdgaspotential. Geologisches Jahrbuch D47: 113-132.

Bouckaert, J., 1967. Namurian transgression in Belgium. Annales de la Société Géologique de Pologne 37 (1): 145-150.

Bouckaert, J., 1985. Deep drilling programs in Belgium. *In*: Raleigh, C.B. (Ed.): Observation of the continental crust through drilling. Springer (Berlin, Heidelberg): 28-38.

Boulvain, F., Bultynck, P., Coen, M., Coen-Aubert, M., Lacroix, D., Laloux, M., Casier, J.-G., Dejonghe, L., Demoulin, V., Ghysel, P., Godefroid, J., Helsen, S., Mouravieff, N.A., Sartenaer, P., Tourneur, F. & Vanguestaine, M., 1999. Les Formations du Frasnien de la Belgique. Memoirs of the Geological Survey of Belgium 44: 1-126.

Bowen, J.M., 1991. 25 years of UK North Sea exploration. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 1-7.

Braathen, A., Osmunden, P.T., Nordgulen, Ø., Roberts, D. & Meyer, G.B., 2002. Orogen-parallel extension of the Caledonides in northern Central Norway: an overview. Norwegian Journal of Geology 82: 225-241.

Brack, P., Rieber, H. & Ulrichs, M., 1999. Pelagic successions in the Southern Alps and their correlation with the Germanic Middle Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie 1: 853-876.

Brand, E. & Hoffmann, N., 1963. Stratigraphie und Fazies des nordwestdeutschen Jura und Bildungsbedingungen seiner Erdöllagerstätten. Erdöl und Kohle, Erdgas und Petrochemie 16: 437-450.

Brangulis, A.P., Kanev, S.V., Margulis, L.S. & Haselton, T.M., 1992. Hydrocarbon geology of the Baltic Republics and the Adjacent Baltic Sea. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 2: 111-115.

Brangulis, A.P. & Seredenko, R., 1998. Latvijas geologiska karte: geological map of Latvia, pirmskvartara nogulumu: pre-quaternary deposits. 1 : 2 million scale. Valsts Geologijas dienests,

Brařka, S., Charysz, W., Garlicki, A., Werner, Z. & Ziabka, Z., 1978. Podziemne magazynowanie węglowodorów oraz innych substancji w złożach soli w Polsce jako nowy kierunek ich wykorzystania dla gospodarki narodowej. Przegląd Geologiczny 26: 90-96.

Brasher, J.E. & Vagle, K.R., 1996. Influence of lithofacies and diagenesis on Norwegian North Sea reservoirs. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 80: 746-769.

Brauch, W., 1923. Verbreitung und Bau der deutschen Zechsteinriffbildungen. Geologisches Archiv 2: 100-187.

Brauns, C.M., Pätzold, T. & Haack, U., 2003. A Re-Os study bearing on the age of the Kupferschiefer at Sangerhausen (Germany), International Congress on Carboniferous and Permian Stratigraphy, Utrecht.

Bray, R.J., Duddy, I.R. & Green, P.F., 1998. Multiple heating episodes in the Wessex Basin: implications for geological evolution and hydrocarbon generation. *In*: Underhill, J.R. (Ed.): Development and evolution of the Wessex Basin. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 133: 199-213.

Brehm, U., Gąsiewicz, A., Gerdes, G. & Krumbein, W.E., 2002. Biolaminoid facies in a peritidal sabkha: Permian Platy Dolomite of northern Poland. International Journal of Earth Sciences 91: 246-259.

Breitkreuz, C., Geißler, M., Schneider, J. & Kiernowski, H., 2008. Basin initiation: Volcanism and sedimentation. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. & Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 173-180.

Breitkreuz, C. & Kennedy, A., 1999. Magmatic flare-up at the Carboniferous/Permian boundary in the NE German Basin revealed by SHRIMP zircon ages. Tectonophysics 303: 307-326.

Breitkreuz, C., Kennedy, A., Geißler, M., Ehling, B.-C., Kopp, J., Muszynski, A., Protas, A. & Stouge, S., 2007. Far Eastern Avalonia: its chronostratigraphic structure revealed by SHRIMP zircon ages from Upper Carboniferous to Lower Permian volcanic rocks (drill cores from Germany, Poland and Denmark). Geological Society of America Special Paper 423: 173-190.

Brekke, H., 2000. The tectonic evolution of the Norwegian Sea Continental Margin with emphasis on the Voring and More Basins. *In*: Nottvedt, A. (Ed.): Dynamics of the Norwegian margin. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 167: 327-378.

Brenchley, P.J. & Rawson, P.F. (Eds), 2006. The Geology of England and Wales. The Geological Society (London): 256 pp.

Brennard, T.P. & Van Veen, F.R., 1975. The Auk oilfield. *In*: Woodland, A.W. (Ed.): Petroleum and the Continental Shelf of North-West Europe. Applied Science Publishers Ltd (London): 275-283.

Breunese, J.N., Andersen, J.H., Brinkman, S., Jagosiak, P., Karnin, W-D., Karnkowski, P.H., Kombrink, H., Messner, J., Mijnlieff, H., Olsen, S.B., Peryt, T.M., Piske, J., Poprawa, P., Roelofsen, J.W., Stoker, S.J., Smith, N.J.P., Swann, G., Waksmundzka, M.I. & Veldkamp, J.G., 2010. Reserves and production history. *In*: Doornbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 271-281.

Breunese, J.N., Mijnlieff, H. & Lutgert, J., 2005. The life cycle of the Netherlands' natural gas exploration: 40 years after Groningen, where are we now. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 69-75.

Breunese, J.N. & Rispens, F.B., 1996. Natural gas in the Netherlands: exploration and development in historic and future perspective. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 19-30.

Brice, D. (Ed.), 1988. Le Dévonien de Ferques. Bas-Boulonnais (N. France). Biostratigraphie du Paléozoïque 7: 520 pp.

Bridge, D.M., Carney, J.N., Lawley, R.S. & Rushton, A.W.A., 1998. Geology of the country around Coventry and Nuneaton. British Geological Survey: 185 pp.

Brinkhuis, H. & Smit, J., 1996. The Gaulthemmerberg Cretaceous/Tertiary boundary section (Maastrichtian type area, SE Netherlands); an introduction. Geologie en Mijnbouw 75: 101-106.

Britze, P., Japsen, P. & Andersen, C., 1995. The Danish Central Graben: Top Chalk and the Post Chalk Group. Two-way travel time and depth and interval velocity, 1 : 200 000. Geological Survey of Denmark Map Series 47, 5 pp. + 3 maps.

Brongersma-Sanders, M., 1971. Origin of major cyclicity of evaporates and bituminous rocks: an actualistic model. Marine Geology 11: 123-144.

Brook, M.S., Shaw, K.L., Vincent, C.J. & Holloway, S., 2002. The Potential for Storing Carbon Dioxide in the Rocks Beneath the UK Southern North Sea. *In*: Williams, D.J., Durie, R.A., McMullan, P., Paulson, C.A.J. and Smith, A.Y. (Eds): Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies. Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies, CSIRO (Collingwood): 333-338.

Brotzen, F., 1948. The Swedish Paleocene and its foraminiferal fauna. Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning Series C 493: 140 pp.

Brouwer, G.C.C., M.J., 1968. Nederland is Aardgasland. Roelofs van Goor (Amersfoort): 301 pp.

Bruce, D. & Stemmerik, L., 2003. Carboniferous. *In*: Evans, D., Colin, G., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 83-89.

Brückmann, F.E., 1721. Specimen physicum exhibens historiam naturalem, oolithi seu ovariorum piscium & concharum in Saxa – Mutatorium, Helmeštadii, Salomoni & Schnorrii. Thesis.: 21 pp.

Brückner-Röhling, S., 1999. Chemocyclicity in the Middle Muschelkalk of the Northern Germany. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) 7-8: 941-951.

Brückner-Röhling, S., Forsbach, H. & Kockel, F., 2005. The structural development of the German North Sea sector during the Tertiary and the Quaternary. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 156: 341-355.

Bruijn, A.N., 1996. De Wijk gas field (Netherlands): reservoir mapping with amplitude anomalies. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 243-254.

Brun, J.-P. & Nalpas, T., 1996. Graben inversion in nature and experiments. Tectonics 15: 677-687.

Brüning, U., 1986. Stratigraphie und Lithofazies des Unteren Buntsandsteins in Südniedersachsen und Nordhessen. Geologisches Jahrbuch A90: 3-125.

Brunstör̄m, R.G.W., 1966. Indigenous petroleum and natural gas in Britain. Institute of Petroleum: 5-27.

Brunström, R.G.W. & Kent, P.E., 1967. Origin of the Keuper Salt in Britain. Nature 215: 1474.

Brzozowska, J.M., 2003. Chapter 19 – Licensing, Regulation and Exploration. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 331-343.

Buchanan, P.G., Bishop, D. & Hood, N., 1996. Development of salt related structures in the Central North Sea: results from section balancing. *In*: Alsop, G.I., Blundell, D. and Davison, I. (Eds): Salt Tectonics. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 100: 111-128.

Buchardt, B., 1999. Gas potential of the Cambro-Ordovician Alum Shale in southern Scandinavia and the Baltic region. Geologisches Jahrbuch D107: 9-24.

Buchardt, B. & Lewan, M.D., 1990. Reflectance of vitrinite-like macerals as a thermal maturity index for Cambrian-Ordovician Alum Shale, southern Scandinavia. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 74: 394-406.

Buchardt, B., Nielsen, A.T. & Schovsbo, N.H., 1997. Alunskiferen i Skandinavien. Dansk Geol. Tidsskr 3: 1-30.

Buchholz, P., Obert, C., Trapp, E., Wachendorf, H. & Zellmer, H., 2006. Westharz. *In*: Amler, M.R.W. and Stoppel, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland VI – Unterkarbon (Mississippi). Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 41: 387-413.

Buggisch, W., 1972. Zur Geologie und Geochemie der Kellwasserkalke und ihren begleitenden Sedimente (Unteres Oberdevon). Abhandlungen des Hessischen Landesamts für Bodenforschung 62: 1-68.

Buggisch, W., 1991. The global Frasnian-Famennian 'Kellwasser-Event'. Geologische Rundschau 80: 49-72.

Bujak, J.P. & Mudge, D.C., 1994. A high-resolution North Sea Eocene dinocyst zonation. Journal of the Geological Society 151: 449-462.

Bujakowski, W., Czerwiński, T., Garlicki, A., Jarzyna, J., Mularz, S. & Tarkowski, R., 2003. Thermal characteristics of rock massif in a region of salt domes. PAS MEERI Publishers (Kraków): 166 pp.

Buła, Z., Jawor, E. & Baran, U., 2004. Pozycja geotektoniczna utworów karbonu w południowej części bloku górnośląskiego i małopolskiego. *In*: Kotarba, M. (Ed.): Możliwości generowania węglowodorów w skałach karbonu w południowej części bloku górnośląskiego i małopolskiego. Wyd. Nauk. Akapit (Kraków): 9-14.

Bulat, J. & Stoker, S.J., 1987. Uplift determination from interval velocity studies, UK southern North Sea. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 293-305.

Bullard, E.C. & Niblett, E.R., 1951. Terrestrial heat flow in England. Monthly Notes Astronomical Society, Geophysical Supplements 6: 222-238.

Bultynck, P., Coen-Aubert, M. & Godefroid, J., 2000. Summary of the state of correlation in the Devonian of the Ardennes (Belgium - NE France) resulting from the decisions of the SDS. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg 225: 91-114.

Bultynck, P. & Dejonghe, L., 2001a. Devonian lithostratigraphic units (Belgium). *In*: Bultynck, P. and Dejonghe, L. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic scale of Belgium. Geologica Belgica (Brussels) 4: 39-69.

Bultynck, P. & Dejonghe, L. (Eds), 2001b. Guide to a revised lithostratigraphic scale of Belgium. Geologica Belgica 4: 168 pp.

Buniak, A., 2008. Map of the Rotliegend and Zechstein Limestone gas fields on the background of paleogeography and sedimentary environments of the Uppermost Rotliegend. POGC, Warszawa.

Buniak, A., Kiernowski, H. & Kuberska, M., 2008a. Perspektywy poszukiwań złóż gazu ziemnego w piaszkowcach czerwonego spagowca o słabych właściwościach zbiornikowych w strefie Poznań – Konin – Kalisz. Krajowy Zjazd Branży Górnictwa Naftowego. Łągów Lubuski IV 125-138.

Buniak, A., Kwolek, K., Kiernowski, H. & Kuberska, M., 2008b. Perspektywy odkrycia złóż gazu ziemnego (typu tight gas) w piaszkowcach eolicznych w basenie górnego czerwonego spagowca, Międzynarodowa Konferencja Naukowo-Techniczna Geopetrol 2008. Prace Instytutu Nafty i Gazu, Kraków, pp. 61-66.

Buntebarth, G. & Teichmüller, R., 1979. Zur Ermittlung der Paläotemperaturen im Dach des Bramscher Intrusives aufgrund von Inkohlungsdaten. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen 27: 171-182.

Burchette, T.P., 1981. European Devonian reefs: a review of current concepts and models. *In*: Toomey, D.F. (Ed.): European fossil reef models. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 30: 85-142.

Burgess, P.M. & Gayer, R.A., 2000. Late Carboniferous tectonic subsidence in South Wales; implications for Variscan basin evolution and tectonic history in SW Britain. Journal of the Geological Society 157 (Part 1): 93-104.

Burley, S.D., 1986. The development and destruction of porosity within Upper Jurassic reservoir sandstones of the Piper and Tartan Fields, Outer Moray Firth, North Sea. Clay Minerals 21: 649-694.

Burne, R. & Paul, J., 2008. Hamelin Pool, Western Australia – A modern analogue for Kalkowsky's 'oolith and stromatolith' association. *In*: Reitner, J., Queric, V. and Reich, M. (Eds): Geobiology of stromatolites. Universitätsdrucke Göttingen (Göttingen): 56-58.

Burne, R.V. & Moore, L.S., 1987. Microbialites: organosedimentary deposits of benthic microbial communities. Palaios 2: 241-254.

Butler, D.E., 1981. Marine faunas from concealed Devonian rocks of southern England and their refelction of the Frasnian transgression. Geological Magazine 118: 679-697.

Butler, J.B., 1975. The West Sole Gas-Field. *In*: Woodland, A.W. (Ed.): Petroleum and the Continental Shelf of North-West Europe. Applied Science Publishers Ltd: 213-219.

Butler, M. & Pullen, C.P., 1990. Tertiary structures and hydrocarbon entrapment in the Weald Basin of southern England. *In*: Hardman, R.F.P. and Brooks, J. (Eds): Tectonic Events Responsible for Britain's Oil and Gas Reserves 55: 371-391.

Callomon, J.H., 2003. The Middle Jurassic of western and northern Europe: its subdivisions, geochronology and correlations. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 61-73.

Camelbeeck, T., Vanneste, K., Alexandre, P., Verbeeck, K., Petermans, T., Rosset, P., Everaerts, M., Warnant, R. & Van Camp, M., 2007. Relevance of active faulting and seismicity studies to assessments of long-term earthquake activity and maximum magnitude in intraplate northwest Europe, between the Lower Rhine Embayment and the North Sea. Geological Society of America Special Paper 425: 193-224.

Cameron, N. & Ziegler, T., 1997. Probing the lower limits of a fairway: further pre-Permian potential in the southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 123-141.

Cameron, T.D.J., 1993. Carboniferous and Devonian of the Southern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham) 5: 1-93.

Cameron, T.D.J., Bulat, J. & Mesdag, C.S., 1993. High resolution seismic profile through a Late Cenozoic delta complex in the southern North Sea. Marine and Petroleum Geology 10: 591-599.

Cameron, T.D.J., Crosby, A., Balson, P.S., Jefferey, D.H., Lott, G.K., Bulat, J. & Harrison, D.J., 1992. The geology of the southern North Sea. UK offshore regional report (Keyworth, Nottingham): 152 pp.

Cameron, T.D.J., Stoker, M.S. & Long, D., 1987. The history of Quaternary sedimentation in the UK sector of the North Sea Basin. Journal of the Geological Society 44: 43-58.

Carney, J.M., 1999. Revisiting the Charnian Supergroup: new advances in understanding old rocks. Geology Today: 221-229.

Carney, J.N., Alexandre, P., Pringle, M.S., Pharoah, T.C., Merriman, R.J. & Kemp, S., 2008. 40Ar-39Ar isotope constraints on the age of deformation in Charnwood Forest, UK. Geological Magazine 145 (5): 702-713.

Carney, J.N., Ambrose, K., Brandon, A., Lewis, M.A., Royles, C.P. & Sheppard, T.H., 2004. Geology of the country around Melton Mowbray. Sheet Description of the British Geological Survey, 1 : 50 000 Series Sheet 142 Melton Mowbray (England and Wales),

Cartwright, J.A., 1993. The kinematics of inversion in the Danish Central Graben. *In*: Williams, G.D. (Ed.): Inversion Tectonics. The Geological Society (Brassmill) 150: 153-175.

Cebulak, S., 1988. Zarys geologii podłoża karbonu. *In*: Dembowski, Z. and Porzycki, J. (Eds): Karbon Lubelskiego Zagłębia Węglowego. Prace Instytutu Geologicznego 122: 31-34.

Cermak, V. & Bodri, L., 1995. Three-dimensional deep temperature modelling along the European geotraverse. *Tectonophysics* 244 (1-3): 1-11.

Cernak, V., Bodri, L., Schulz, R. & Tanner, B., 1991. Crustal Temperatures Along The Central Segment Of The European Geotraverse. *Tectonophysics* 195 (2-4): 241-251.

Chacksfield, B., De Vos, W., D'Hooze, L., Duser, M., Lee, M., Poitevin, C., Royles, C. & Verniers, J., 1993. A new look at Belgian aeromagnetic and gravity data through image-based display and integrated modelling techniques. *Geological Magazine* 130: 583-591.

Chadwick, R.A., 1993. Aspects of basin inversion in southern England. *Journal of the Geological Society* 150: 311-322.

Chadwick, R.A. & Evans, D.J., 1995. The timing and direction of Permo-Triassic extension in southern Britain. *In: Boldy, S.A.R.* (Ed.): *Permian and Triassic Rifting in Northwest Europe*. The Geological Society (London) 91: 161-192.

Chadwick, R.A. & Evans, D.J., 2005. A seismic atlas of southern Britain – images of subsurface structure. *British Geological Survey Occasional Publication* (Keyworth, Nottingham): 193 pp.

Chadwick, R.A. & Holliday, D.W., 1991. Deep crustal structure and Carboniferous basin development within the Iapetus convergence zone, northern England. *Journal of the Geological Society* 148: 41-53.

Chadwick, R.A. & Pharaoh, T.C., 1998. The seismic reflection Moho beneath the United Kingdom and adjacent areas. *Tectonophysics* 299: 255-279.

Chlupáč, I., 1993. Stratigraphic evaluation of some metamorphic units in the N part of the Bohemian Massif. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Monatshefte* 188: 363-388.

Chlupáč, I., Galle, A., Hladil, J. & Kalvoda, J., 2000. Series and stage boundaries in the Devonian of the Czech Republic. *Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg* 225: 159-172.

Chrintz, T. & Clemmensen, L.B., 1993. Draa reconstruction, the Permian Yellow Sands, northeast England. *In: Pye, K. and Lancaster, N.* (Eds): *Aeolian sediments, ancient and modern*. International Association of Sedimentologists Special Publication (Oxford) 16: 151-161.

Christensen, N.P. & Holloway, S., 2003. Geological storage of CO₂ from combustion of fossil fuel. *European Union Fifth Framework Programme for Research and Development. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland (Copenhagen)*: 34 pp.

Christensen, O.B., 1971. Øvre Silur i dybdeboringen Nøvling nr. 1 i Midtjylland. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse (Copenhagen)*: 24 pp.

Ciuk, E. & Piwocki, M., 1990. Map of brown coal deposits and prospect areas in Poland. Scale 1 : 500 000. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

Clark, D.N., 1980a. The sedimentology of the Zechstein 2 Carbonate Formation of Eastern Drenthe, The Netherlands. *In: Füchtbauer, H. and Peryt, T.M.* (Eds): *The Zechstein Basin with Emphasis on Carbonate Sequences*. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart) 9: 131-165.

Clark, D.N., 1980b. The diagenesis of Zechstein carbonate sediments. *In: Füchtbauer, H. and Peryt, T.M.* (Eds): *The Zechstein Basin with Emphasis on Carbonate Sequences*. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart) 9: 167-203.

Clark, D.N., 1986. The distribution of porosity in Zechstein carbonates. *In: Brooks, J., Goff, J.C. and Van Hoorn, B.* (Eds): *Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 167-203.

Clark, D.N. & Tallbacka, L., 1980. The Zechstein deposits of southern Denmark. *In: Füchtbauer, H. and Peryt, T.M.* (Eds): *Contributions to Sedimentology E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart)* 9: 205-231.

Clausen, O.R., Gregersen, U., Michelsen, O. & Sørensen, J.C., 1999. Factors controlling the Cenozoic sequence development in the eastern parts of the North Sea. *Journal of the Geological Society* 156: 809-816.

Clausen, O.R. & Huuse, M., 2002. Mid-Paleocene palaeogeography of the Danish area. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 49: 171-186.

Clausen, O.R. & Korstgard, J.A., 1996. Planar detaching faults in the southern Horn Graben, Danish North Sea. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 13 (5): 537-548.

Clausen, O.R. & Pedersen, P.K., 1999. Late Triassic structural evolution of the southern margin of the Ringkoebing-Fyn High, Denmark. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 16: 653-665.

Clayton, G., Colthurst, J.R.J., Higgs, K., Jones, G.L.L. & Keegan, J.B., 1977. Tournaisian miospores and conodonts from County Kilkenny. *Bulletin Geological Survey of Ireland* 2: 99-106.

Clemmensen, A. & Thomsen, E., 2005. Palaeoenvironmental changes across the Danian-Selandian boundary in the North Sea Basin. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 219: 351-394.

Clemmensen, L.B. & Dam, G., 1993. Aeolian sand-sheet deposits in the Lower Cambrian Nexø Sandstone Formation, Bornholm, Denmark. *Sedimentary Geology* 83: 71-85.

Clemmensen, L.B., Oxnevad, I.E.I. & De Boer, P.L., 1994. Climatic controls on ancient desert sedimentation: some Late Paleozoic and Mesozoic examples from NW Europe and the western interior of the USA. *In: De Boer, P.L. and Smith, D.G.* (Eds): *Orbital forcing and cyclic sequences*. International Association of Sedimentologists Special Publication (Oxford) 19: 99-116.

Cleve-Euler, A., 1941. Altteriäre Diatomeen und Silicoflagellaten in immeren Schwedens. *Palaeontographica* 92a: 165-208.

Cloetingh, S., 1986. Intraplate stresses; a new tectonic mechanism for relative sea-level fluctuations. *Geology* 14: 617-620.

Cloetingh, S., Bada, G., Majenco, L., Lankreijer, A., Horvath, F. & Dinu, C., 2006a. Neotectonics of the Pannonian-Carpathian system: Inferences from thermomechanical modeling. *In: Gee, D. and Stephenson, R.* (Eds): *European Lithosphere Dynamics*. The Geological Society (London) 32: 207-221.

Cloetingh, S., Beekman, F., Ziegler, P.A., Van Wees, J.D. & Sokoutis, D., 2008. Post-rift compressional reactivation potential of passive margins and extensional basins. *In: Doré, A.G., Gatliff, R., Johnson, A. and Ritchie, D.* (Eds): *Compressional Deformation of Passive Margins: Nature, Causes and Effects*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 306: 27-70.

Cloetingh, S., Burov, E. & Poliakov, A., 1999. Lithospheric folding: Primary response to compression? *Tectonics* 18: 1064-1083.

Cloetingh, S. & Kooi, H., 1992. Tectonic subsidence and global change – inferences from late Cenozoic subsidence and uplift patterns in the Atlantic/Mediterranean region. *Terra Nova* 4: 340-350.

Cloetingh, S. & Van Wees, J.D., 2005. Strength reversal in Europe's intraplate lithosphere: Transition from basin inversion to lithospheric folding. *Geology* 33 (4): 285-288.

Cloetingh, S., Ziegler, P.A., Beekman, F., Andriessen, P.A.M., Hardebol, N., Van Wijk, J. & Dezes, P., 2006b. Thermo-mechanical controls on Alpine deformation of NW Europe. *In: Gee, D.G. and Stephenson, R.A.* (Eds): *European Lithosphere Dynamics*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 32: 113-128.

Cocks, L.R.M., 2000. The Early Palaeozoic geography of Europe. *Journal of the Geological Society* 157: 1-10.

Cocks, L.R.M., 2002. Key Lower Palaeozoic faunas from near the Trans-European Suture Zone. *In: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J.* (Eds): *Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 37-46.

Cocks, L.R.M. & Fortey, R.A., 1982. Faunal evidence for oceanic separations in the Palaeozoic of Britain. *Journal of the Geological Society* 139: 465-478.

Cocks, L.R.M. & Fortey, R.A., 1990. Biogeography of Ordovician and Silurian faunas. *In: McKerrow, W. and Scotese, C.* (Eds): *Palaeozoic paleogeography and biogeography*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 12: 97-104.

Cocks, L.R.M., McKerrow, W.S. & Van Staal, C., 1997. The margins of Avalonia. *Geological Magazine* 134: 627-636.

Cocks, L.R.M. & Torsvik, T.H., 2005. Baltica from the late Precambrian to mid-Palaeozoic times: The gain and loss of a terrane's identity. *Earth Science Reviews* 72: 39-66.

Cocks, L.R.M. & Torsvik, T.H., 2006. European geography in a global context from the Vendian to the end of the Palaeozoic. *In: Gee, D. and Stephenson, R.* (Eds): *European Lithosphere Dynamics*. The Geological Society (London) 32: 83-95.

Coelwijn, P.A.J., Haug, G.M.W. & van Kuyk, H., 1978. Magnesium-salt exploration in the north-eastern Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 57: 487-502.

Coenen, B., Debackere, T., Van Noten, K. & Verniers, J., 2007. Lateral variations of deformation style in virtually coaxially deformed sequences: the example of the Upper Silurian of the inclined shiplit at Ronquières, southern Brabant Massif (Belgium). Abstracts, *Geologica Belgica meeting 2006*, 2nd Belgian Geological Congress, Liège, 7-8 September 2006. *Geologica Belgica* 10: 88-189.

Collective of Authors, 1999. *Chronik, Erdöl- und Ergasgewinnung von der Ostsee bis zum Thüringer Becken in den Jahren 1945 bis 1990*. Traditionsvereins 'Erdöl-Erdgas' e.V. in Salzwedel (Leipzig): 125 pp.

Collective of Authors, 2007. *Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 2006*. Landesamt für Bergbau, Energie und Geologie (LBEG) (Hannover).

Collective of Authors, 2008. *Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 2007*. Landesamt für Bergbau, Energie und Geologie (LBEG) (Hannover).

Collinson, J.D., 2005. Dinantian and Namurian depositional systems in the southern North Sea. *In: Collinson, J.D., Evans, D., Holliday, D. and Jones, N.* (Eds): *Carboniferous hydrocarbon geology – The southern North Sea and surrounding onshore areas*. Yorkshire Geological Society Occasional Publication 7: 35-56.

Combe, J., Corlay, P., Valentin, E., Champlon, D., Bosio, J., de Haan, H.J., Hawes, R.I., Pusch, G., Sclocchi, G. & Stockenhuber, F., 1990. EOR in Western Europe: status and outlook. *Revue de l'Institut Français du Pétrole* 45: 5-37.

Conrad, W., 1996. Die Schwerekarte der Länder Brandenburg, Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, Sachsen, Sachsen-Anhalt und Thüringen. *Bemerkungen zur Bearbeitung und Interpretation*. Geopofil 6: 1-56.

Conway, A.M., 1986. Geology and petrophysics of the Victor field. *In: Brooks, J., Goff, J. and Van Hoorn, B.* (Eds): *Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 85-100.

Conway, A.M. & Valvatne, C., 2003a. The Boulton Field, Block 44-21a, UK North Sea. *In: Gluyas, J. and Hichens, H.M.* (Eds): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 671-680.

Conway, A.M. & Valvatne, C., 2003b. The Murdoch Gas Field, Block 44/22a, UK Southern North Sea. *In: Gluyas, J.G. and Hitchens, H.M.* (Eds): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 789-798.

Cooke-Yarborough, P., 1991. The Hewett Field, Blocks 48/28-30, 52/4a-5a, UK North Sea. *In: Abbotts, I.L.* (Ed.): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 433-442.

Cooke-Yarborough, P. & Smith, E., 2003. The Hewett fields: blocks 48/28a, 48/29, 48/30. 52/4a, 52/5a. UK North Sea: Hewett, Deborough, Big dotted, Little Dotted, Della, Dawn and Delilah fields. *In: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M.* (Eds): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 731-739.

Cope, J.C.W., 2006. Jurassic: the returning seas. *In: Brenchley, P.J. and Rawson, P.F.* (Eds): *The Geology of England and Wales*. The Geological Society (London): 325-363.

Cope, J.C.W., Duff, K.L., Parsons, C.F., Torrens, H.S., Wimbledon, W.A. & Wright, J.K., 1980. A correlation of Jurassic rocks in the British Isles. 2. Middle and Upper Jurassic. *Geological Society Special Report* (London): 109 pp.

Cope, J.C.W., Ingham, J.K. & Rawson, P.F. (Eds), 1992. *Atlas of Palaeogeography and Lithofacies*. The Geological Society (London): 153 pp.

Corfield, S.M., Gawthorpe, R.L., Gage, M., Fraser, A.J. & Besly, B.M., 1996. Inversion tectonics of the Variscan foreland of the British Isles. *Journal of the Geological Society* 153: 17-32.

Cornford, C., 1990. Source rocks and hydrocarbons of the North Sea. *In: Glennie, K.W.* (Ed.): *Introduction to the Petroleum Geology of the North Sea*. Blackwell (London): 294-361.

Cornford, C., 1998. Source rocks and hydrocarbons of the North Sea. *In: Glennie, K.W.* (Ed.): *Petroleum Geology of the North Sea – Basic concepts and recent advances*. Blackwell Scientific Publications (London): 376-462.

Cornford, C., Gardner, P. & Burgess, C., 1998. Geochemical truths in large data sets I: Geochemical screening data. *In: Horsfield, B., Radke, M., Schaefer, R.G. and Wilkes, H.* (Eds): *Advances in Organic Geochemistry*. Proceedings of the 18th International Meeting, Maastricht, The Netherlands: 519-530.

Coward, M.P., 1993. The effect of late Caledonian and Variscan continental escape tectonics on basement structure, Paleozoic basin kinematics and subsequent Mesozoic basin development in NW Europe. *In: Parker, J.R.* (Ed.): *Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference*. The Geological Society (London): 1095-1108.

Coward, M.P., Dewey, J., Hempton, M. & Holroyd, J., 2003. Tectonic evolution. *In: Evans, D.J., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P.* (Eds): *The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea*. The Geological Society (London): 17-33.

Cox, B.M. & Gallois, R.W., 1981. The stratigraphy of the Kimmeridge Clay of the Dorset type area and its correlation with some other Kimmeridgian sequences. *Institute of Geological Sciences* 45 pp.

Cox, B.M., Lott, G.K., Thomas, J.E. & Wilkinson, I.P., 1987. Upper Jurassic stratigraphy of four shallow cored boreholes in the UK sector of the Southern North Sea Basin. *Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society* 46: 99-104.

Creedy, D.P., 1991. An introduction to geological aspects of methane occurrence and control in British deep coal mines. *Quarterly Journal of Engineering Geology* 24: 209-220.

Crepieux, N., Sacleux, M. & Mathis, B., 1998. Influence of the pressure on the petroleum system. Example from the Triassic in the Netherlands Central Graben. *In: Mitchell, A. and Grauls, D.* (Eds): *Overpressures in Petroleum Exploration*. Elf EP-Editions Memoir 22: 123-132.

Czapowski, G., 1987. Sedimentary facies in the Oldest Rock Salt (Na1) of the Łeba elevation (northern Poland). *Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences* 10: 207-224.

Czapowski, G., 1990. Kontynentalne osady chlorkowe w górnym cechsztynie Polski. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 38: 370-374.

Czapowski, G., 1993. Facies characteristics and distribution of the Zechstein (Upper Permian) salt deposits of PZ3 (Leine) cycle in Poland. *Bulletin of the Polish Academy of Earth Sciences* 41: 229-237.

Czapowski, G., 1998. Geneza najstarszej soli kamiennej cechsztynu w rejonie Zatoki Puckiej (Studium sedymentologiczne). Thesis. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 114 pp.

Czapowski, G., 2006a. Możliwości bezpiecznego podziemnego magazynowania węglowodorów (paliw) w strukturach geologicznych na obszarze Polski. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 54: 658-659.

Czapowski, G., 2006b. Geologia permskich struktur i złóż solnych w Polsce – aktualny stan wiedzy i perspektywy zagospodarowania. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 54: 301-302.

Czapowski, G., Antonowicz, L. & Peryt, T.M., 1990. Facies and palaeogeography of the Zechstein (Upper Permian) Older Halite (Na2) in Poland. *Bulletin of the Polish Academy of Earth Sciences* 39: 45-55.

Czapowski, G., Burliga, S., Kasiński, J.R., Krzywiec, P., Polechońska, O., H, T.-M., Wilkosz, P. & Wróbel, G., 2006. Geologia niezagospodarowanych permskich wydawowych struktur solnych na obszarze Niżu Polskiego – aktualny stan wiedzy. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 54: 302-303.

Czapowski, G., Gąsiewicz, A. & Peryt, T.M., 1991. The commencement of the PZ3 deposition in the Puck Bay region, northern Poland. *Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie* 1: 873-882.

Czerminski, J. & Pajchłowa, M., 1975. Atlas litologiczno-paleogeograficzny obsarow platformowych Polski 1 : 2 000 000. Czese II: Mezozoik (Bez Kredy Górnej). Wydawnicwa Geologiczne (Warszawa).

Czuba, W., Grad, M., Luosto, U., Motuza, G., Nasedkin, V. & Group, P.P.W., 2001. Crustal Structure of the East European Craton along POLONAISE'97 P5 profile. *Acta Geophysica Polonica* 49: 145-168.

Da Silva, A.-C. & Boulvain, F., 2002. Sedimentology, magnetic susceptibility and isotopes of a middle Frasnian carbonate platform: Tailfer section, Belgium. *Facies* 46: 89-102.

Dadlez, J. & Dadlez, R., 1986. Late Devonian transgression in the Unisław sequence, central Poland. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 30: 445-472.

Dadlez, R., 1976. Perm I Mezozoik niecki Pomorskiej (Permian and Mesozoic of the Pomerania Trough). *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego*: 175 pp.

Dadlez, R., 1978. Sub-Permian rock complexes in the Koszalin-Chojnice zone. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 22: 270-301.

Dadlez, R., 1980a. Mapa tektoniczna cechsztyński-mezozoicznego kompleksu strukturalnego na Niżu Polskim 1 : 500 000. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

Dadlez, R., 1980b. Tectonics of the Pomeranian Swell, NW Poland. *Geological Quarterly* 24: 741-767.

Dadlez, R., 1997a. Epicontinental basins in Poland: Devonian to Cretaceous – relationships between the crystalline basement and sedimentary infill. *Geological Quarterly* 41: 419-432.

Dadlez, R., 1997b. Tektonika kompleksu permsko-mezozoicznego. *In: Marek, S. and Pajchłowa, M.* (Eds): *Epicontinental Permian and Mesozoic in Poland*. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 153: 410-415.

Dadlez, R., 1998a. Explanatory note *In: Dadlez, R., Marek, S. and Pokorski, J.* (Eds): *Palaeogeographical atlas of the epikontinental permian and mesozoic in Poland 1 : 2 500 000* (Warszawa): 3-6.

Dadlez, R., 1998b. Epikontynentalne baseny sedymentacyjne w Polsce, od dewonu po kredę – zależności rozwoju od budowy skorupy krystalicznej. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 165: 17-30.

Dadlez, R., 1998c. Mapa tektoniczna kompleksu cechsztyński-mezozoicznego na Niżu Polskim 1 : 500 000. Wydawnictwa Kartograficzne Polskiej Agencji Ekologicznej S.A., Warszawa.

Dadlez, R., 2000. Pomeranian Caledonides (NW Poland), fifty years of controversies: a review and a concept. *Geological Quarterly* 44: 221-236.

Dadlez, R., 2001. Holy Cross Mountains area – crustal structure, geophysical data and general geology. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 45: 99-106.

Dadlez, R., 2003. Mesozoic thickness pattern in the Mid-Polish Trough. *Geological Quarterly* 47: 223-240.

Dadlez, R., 2006. The Polish Basin – relationship between the crystalline, consolidated and sedimentary crust. *Geological Quarterly* 50: 43-58.

Dadlez, R., Grad, M. & Guterch, A., 2005. Crustal structure below the Polish Basin: is it composed of proximal terranes derived from Baltica? *Tectonophysics* 411: 111-128.

Dadlez, R., Kowalczewski, Z. & Znosko, J., 1994. Some key problems of the pre-Permian tectonics of Poland. *Geological Quarterly* 38: 169-189.

Dadlez, R. & Marek, S., 1974. General Outline of the Tectonics of the Zechstein – Mesozoic Complex in Central and Northwestern Poland. *Biuletyn Instytutu Geologicznego* 274: 11-140.

Dadlez, R., Marek, S. & Pokorski, J., 1998. Atlas paleogeograficzny epikontynentalnego permu i mezozoiku w Polsce, 1 : 2 500 000. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 7 pp.

Dadlez, R., Narkiewicz, M., Stephenson, R.A., Visser, M.T.M. & Van Wees, J.D., 1995. Tectonic evolution of the Mid-Polish Trough: modelling implications and significance for central European geology. *Tectonophysics* 252: 179-195.

Dahlgren, S. & Corfu, F., 2001. Northward sediment transport from the Late Carboniferous Variscan mountains; zircon evidence from the Oslo Rift, Norway. *Journal of the Geological Society* 158: 29-36.

Daley, B. & Balson, P., 1999. British Tertiary stratigraphy. Joint Nature Conservation Committee. Geological Conservation Review Series xviii: 388 pp.

Dallmeyer, R.D., Giese, U., Glasmacher, U. & Pickel, W., 1999. First ⁴⁰Ar-³⁹Ar age constraints for the Caledonian evolution of the Trans-European Suture Zone in NE Germany. *Journal of the Geological Society* 156: 279-290.

Dalziel, I.W.D., 1991. Pacific margins of Laurentia and East Antarctica-Australia as a conjugate rift pair: Evidence and implications for an Eocambrian supercontinent. *Geology* 19: 598-601.

Dalziel, I.W.D., 1997. Neoproterozoic-Paleozoic geography and tectonics: Review, hypothesis, environmental speculation. *Geological Society of America Bulletin* 109: 16-42.

Damtoft, K., Nielsen, L.H., Johannessen, P.N., Thomsen, E. & Andersen, P.R., 1992. Hydrocarbon plays of the Danish Central Trough. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 2: 35-58.

Danielsen, M., Michelsen, O. & Clausen, O.R., 1997. Oligocene sequence stratigraphy and basin development in the Danish North Sea sector based on log interpretations. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 14: 931-950.

Danish Energy Authority (DEA), 2008. Oil and gas production in Denmark, 2007. Danish Energy Agency (Copenhagen): 152 pp.

Davies, S., Hampson, G., Flint, S.S. & Elliott, T., 1999. Continental-scale sequence stratigraphy of the Namurian, Upper Carboniferous and its applications to reservoir prediction. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): *Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference*. The Geological Society (London): 757-770.

Dawson, C., 1898. On the discovery of natural gas in East Sussex. *Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society* LIV: 564-572.

Dayczak-Calikowska, K., 1977. The Upper Bathonian and Callovian in northwest Poland. *Prace Instytutu Geologicznego*.

Dayczak-Calikowska, K. & Moryc, W., 1988. Evolution of sedimentary basin and paleotectonics of the Middle Jurassic in Poland. *Geological Quarterly* 31 (1): 117-136.

De Batist, M. & Henriët, J.-P., 1995. Seismic sequence stratigraphy of the Palaeogene offshore Belgium, southern North Sea. *Journal of the Geological Society* 152: 27-40.

De Jager, J., 2003. Inverted basins in the Netherlands, similarities and differences. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 82: 355-366.

De Jager, J., 2007. Geological development. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): *Geology of the Netherlands*. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 5-26.

De Jager, J., Doyle, M.A., Grantham, P.J. & Mabilard, J.E., 1996. Hydrocarbon habitat of the West Netherlands Basin. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): *Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands*. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 191-210.

De Jager, J. & Geluk, M.C., 2007. Petroleum geology. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): *Geology of the Netherlands*. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 241-264.

De Jong, M.G.G. & Laker, N., 1992. Reservoir modelling of the Vlieland Sandstone of the Koter Field (Block K18b), offshore the Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 71: 173-188.

De Lugt, I.R., 2007. Stratigraphical and structural setting of the Palaeogene siliciclastic sediments in the Dutch part of the North Sea Basin. Thesis. Utrecht University (Utrecht): 112 pp.

De Lugt, I.R., van Wees, J.D. & Wong, T.E., 2003. The tectonic evolution of the southern Dutch North Sea during the Palaeogene; basin inversion in distinct pulses. *Tectonophysics* 373: 141-159.

De Man, E., 2006. Benthic foraminifera biofacies analysis and stable isotopes of the Middle Eocene to Oligocene successions of the southern North Sea Basin: Tools for stratigraphy and for reconstruction of extreme climate changes. Thesis. K.U. Leuven (Leuven): 376 pp.

De Man, E., Ivany, L. & Vandenberghé, N., 2004. Stable oxygen isotope record of the Eocene-Oligocene in the southern North Sea Basin: positioning the Oi-1 event. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 83: 193-197.

De Roos, M.B. & Smits, B.J., 1983. Rotliegend and Main Buntsandstein gas fields in block K/13 – a case history. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 62: 83-92.

De Vos, W., 1997. Influence of the granitic batholith of Flanders on Acadian and later deformation. *Belgian symposium on structural geology and tectonics. Aardkundige Mededelingen* 8: 49-52.

De Vos, W., Feldrappe, H., Pharaoh, T.C., Smith, N.J.P., Vejbaek, O.V., Verniers, J., Nawrocki, J., Poprawa, P. & Belka, Z., 2010. Pre-Devonian. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): *Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area*. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 59-69.

De Vos, W., Verniers, J., Herbosch, A. & Vanguetstaine, M., 1993. A new geological map of the Brabant Massif, Belgium. *Geological Magazine* 130 (5): 605-611.

Debacker, T., Dewaele, S., Sintubin, M., Verniers, J., Muchez, P. & Boven, A., 2005. Timing and duration of the progressive deformation of the Brabant Massif, Belgium. *Geologica Belgica* 8: 20-34.

Debacker, T., Herbosch, A., J., V. & Sintubin, M., 2004a. Faults in the Asquempont area, southern Brabant Massif, Belgium. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 83: 49-65.

Debacker, T., Herbosch, A., Sintubin, M. & Verniers, J., 2003. Palaeozoic deformation history of the Asquempont-Virginal area (Brabant Massif, Belgium). *Memoirs of the Geological Survey of Belgium* 49: 1-30.

Debacker, T., Sintubin, M. & Verniers, J., 2001. Large-scale slumping deduced from structural and sedimentary features in the Lower Palaeozoic Anglo-Brabant fold belt, Belgium. *Journal of the Geological Society* 158: 341-352.

Debacker, T., Sintubin, M. & Verniers, J., 2004b. Transitional geometries between gently plunging and steeply plunging folds: an example from the Lower Palaeozoic Brabant Massif, Anglo-Brabant deformation belt, Belgium. *Journal of the Geological Society* 161: 641-652.

DEBRIV (Deutscher Braunkohlen-Industrie-Verein e.V.), 2000. Braunkohle – Ein Industriezweig stellt sich vor. (Köln): 56 pp.

DEBRIV (Deutscher Braunkohlen-Industrie-Verein e.V.), 2007a. Braunkohle in Deutschland 2007 – Profil eines Industriezweiges. (Köln): 72 pp.

DEBRIV (Deutscher Braunkohlen-Industrie-Verein e.V.), 2007b. Zahlen zur Kohlenwirtschaft. CW Haarfeld GmbH (Essen und Köln): 71 pp.

DECC, 2003. The hydrocarbon prospectivity of Britain's onshore basins. Department of Energy and Climate Change.

Deczkowski, Z. & Franczyk, M., 1988. Palaeothickness, lithofacies and palaeotectonics of epicontinental Lower Jurassic in Poland. *Geological Quarterly* 32 (1): 105-115.

Deegan, C.E. & Scull, B.J., 1977. A Standard Lithostratigraphic Nomenclature for the central and northern North Sea. Institute of Geological Sciences: 36 pp.

Dehmer, J., 2004. A short report of the investigations made on the facies of German coal deposits. *International Journal of Coal Geology* 58: 41-51.

DEKORP-BASIN Research Group, 1999. Deep crustal structure of the Northeast German basin: New DEKORP-BASIN'96 deep profiling results. *Geology* 27: 55-58.

DEKORP-BASIN Research Group & Krawczyk, C.M., 1998. Survey provides seismic insights Into an old Suture Zone. *Eos, Transactions of the American Geophysical Union* 79: 151-159.

DEKORP-BASIN Research Group & Krawczyk, C.M., 1999. Deep crustal structure of the Northeast German basin: New DEKORP-BASIN'96 deep profiling results. *Geology* 27: 55-58.

Delmer, A., 1997. Structure tectonique du bassin houiller du Hainaut. *Annales de la Société Géologique du Nord* 2e série 5: 7-15.

Delmer, A., 2004. Tectonique du front varisque en Hainaut et dans le Namurois. *Memoirs of the Geological Survey of Belgium* 50: 1-62.

Delmer, A., Duser, M. & Delcambre, B., 2001. Upper carboniferous lithostratigraphic units (Belgium). *Geologica Belgica* 41: 95-103.

Delmer, A., Graulich, J.M. & Legrand, R., 1978. La recherche d'hydrocarbures en Belgique. Situation 1977. *Annales des Mines de Belgique* 1978: 493-501.

Demaïson, G.J. & Huizinga, B.J., 1994. Genetic classification of petroleum systems using three factors: Charge, migration, and entrapment. *In*: Magoon, L.B. and Dow, W.G. (Eds): *The Petroleum System – From Source to Trap*. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir (Tulsa) 60: 73-89.

Dembowska, J., 1979. Systematization of lithostratigraphy of the Upper Jurassic in northern and central Poland. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 23 (3): 617-630.

DeMollin-Schneiders, E., 2007. Heerlen Minewaterproject, European Geothermal Congress EGC 2007. International Geothermal Association, Unterhaching.

Den Hartog Jager, D.G., 1996. Fluvio-marine sequences in the Lower Cretaceous of the West Netherlands Basin: correlation and seismic expression. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): *Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands*. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 229-242.

Denison, R.E. & Peryt, T.M., 2009. Strontium isotopes in the Zechstein anhydrites of Poland: evidence of varied meteoric contributions to marine brines. *Geological Quarterly* 53: 159-166.

Dennis, H., Bergmo, P. & Holt, T., 2005. Tilted oil-water contacts: modelling effects of aquifer heterogeneity. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): *Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference*. The Geological Society (London): 145-158.

Depowski, S., 1978. Lithofacies-palaeogeographical Atlas of the Permian of the platform area of Poland. Wydawnictwa Geologiczne (Warszawa).

Depowski, S. (Ed.), 1981. Proceedings of the International Symposium on the Permian of Central Europe. Wydawnictwa Geologiczne (Warszawa): 656 pp.

Depowski, S., Krolicka, J., Sieciarz, E. & Sieciarz, K., 1993. Evaluation of utilization of the Polish Gas reserves. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa).

Depowski, S., Peryt, T., Piątkowski, S. & Wagner, R., 1978. Sedymetacja i paleogeografia cechsztyńskiego dolomitu głównego a jego ropo- i gazonośność. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 26: 141-146.

Depowski, S. & Peryt, T.M., 1985. Carbonate petroleum reservoirs in the Permian dolomites of the Zechstein, Fore-Sudetic area, western Poland. *In*: Roehl, P.O. and Chocquette, P.W. (Eds): *Carbonate Petroleum Reservoirs*. Springer (New York): 251-264.

Dercourt, J., Gaetani, M., Vrielynck, B., Barrier, E., Biju-Duval, Brunet, M.-F., Cadet, J.P., Crasquin, S. & Sandulescu, M., 2000. Atlas Peri-Tethys, paleogeographical maps. Commission for the Geological Map of the World (Paris): 269 pp.

Deutrich, T., 1993. Tonmineral-Diagenese in Rotliegend Sandsteinen des Norddeutschen Beckens. Thesis. University of Mainz (Mainz): 179 pp.

DeVault, B. & Jeremiah, J., 2002. Tectonostratigraphy of The Nieuwerkerk Formation (Delfland Subgroup), West Netherlands Basin. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin* 86: 1679-1707.

Dewey, J., Helman, M.L., Turco, E., Hutton, D.H.W. & Knott, S.D., 1989. Kinematics of the western Mediterranean. *In*: Coward, M.P., Dietrich, D. and Park, R.G. (Eds): *Alpine Tectonics*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 45: 265-283.

Dewey, J.F. & Windley, B.F., 1988. Palaeocene-Oligocene tectonics of NW Europe. *In*: Morton, A.C. and Parsons, L.M. (Eds): *Early Tertiary volcanism and the opening of the NE Atlantic*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 39: 25-31.

Dézes, P., Schmid, S.M. & Ziegler, P.A., 2004. Evolution of the Cenozoic Rift System: interaction of the Alpine and Pyrenean orogens with their foreland lithosphere. *Tectonophysics* 389: 1-33.

Diedrich, C., 2001. Vertebrate track-bed stratigraphy of the Rot and basal Lower Muschelkalk (Anisian) of Winterswijk (east Netherlands). *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 80: 31-40.

Diedrich, C., 2008a. Palaeogeographic evolution of the marine Middle Triassic marine Germanic Basin changes – with emphasis on the carbonate tidal flat and shallow marine habitats of reptiles in Central Pangaea. *Global and Planetary Change* 65: 27-55.

Diedrich, C., 2008b. Millions of reptile tracks – Early to Middle Triassic carbonate tidal flat migration bridges of Central Europe. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 259: 410-423.

Dienst, R.G., 1987. De resultaten van de verkenningss boring naar thermisch mineraal water voor het recreatieoord Klein Vink te Arcen. Geological Survey of The Netherlands (Heerlen): 8 pp.

Dietzel, H.J. & Koeler, M., 1998. Stimulation of a Low Permeability Natural Fractured Reservoir in the North-West German Carboniferous. *SPE Paper* 39913: 83-95.

Dill, H.G., Sachsenhofer, R.F., Grecula, P., Sasvári, T., Palinkaš, L.A., Borojević-Šoštarić, S., Strmić-Palinkaš, S., Proshaska, W., Garuti, G., Zaccarini, F., Arbouille, D. & Schulz, H.-M., 2008. Fossil fuels, ore and industry minerals. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): *The Geology of Central Europe*. The Geological Society (London): 1341-1449.

Dittrich, D., 2005. Zechstein: Geologie von Rheinland-Pfalz. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 124-137.

Dockter, J., Puff, P., Seidel, G. & Kozur, H., 1980. Zur Triasgliederung und Symbolgebung in der DDR. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 8: 951-963.

Dohr, G., Dürschner, H. & Edelmann, H.A.K., 1989. Exploration geophysics in Germany. *First Break* 7: 153-172.

Domžalski, J., Górecki, W., Mazurek, A., Mysko, A., Strzetelski, W. & Szamalek, K., 2004. The prospects of petroleum exploration in the eastern sector of South Baltic as revealed by sea bottom geochemical survey correlated with seismic data. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 52: 792-799.

Donato, J., Martindale, W. & Tully, M.C., 1983. Buried granites within the Mid North Sea High. *Journal of the Geological Society* 140: 825-837.

Donato, J.A. & Megson, J., 1990. A buried granite batholith beneath the East Midlands Shelf of the Southern North Sea Basin. *Journal of the Geological Society* 147: 133-140.

Donders, T.H., Kloosterboer - van Hoeve, M.L., Westerhoff, W., Verreussel, R.M.C.H. & Lotter, A.F., 2007. Late Neogene continental stages in NW Europe revisited. *Earth-Science Reviews* 85: 161-186.

Doornenbal, J.C., Abbink, O.A., Duin, E.J.T., Duser, M., Hoth, P., Jasionowski, M., Lott, G.K., Mathiesen, A., Papiernik, B., Peryt, T.M., Veldkamp, J.G. & Wirth, H., 2010. Introduction, stratigraphic framework and mapping. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): *Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area*. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 1-9.

Dopieralska, J., Belka, Z. & Haack, U., 2006. Geochemical decoupling of water masses in the Variscan oceanic system during Late Devonian times. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 240: 108-119.

Dost, B. & Haak, H., 2007. Natural and induced seismicity. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): *Geology of the Netherlands*. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 223-239.

Downing, R.A. & Gray, D.A., 1986. Geothermal Energy – the potential in the United Kingdom. HMSO (London): 187 pp.

Downing, R.A. & Howitt, F., 1969. Saline groundwaters in the Carboniferous rocks of the East Midlands. *Quarterly Journal of Engineering Geology* 1: 241-269.

Dreesen, R., Bouckaert, J., Duser, M., Soille, P. & Vandenberghé, N., 1987. Subsurface structural analysis of the late-Dinantian carbonate shelf at the northern flank of the Brabant Massif (Campine Basin, N-Belgium). *Mémoires Explicatives des Cartes Géologiques et Minières de la Belgique* 21: 1-37.

Dreesen, R., Paproth, E. & Thorez, J., 1988. Events documented in Famennian sediments (Ardenne-Rhenish Massif, Late Devonian, NW Europe). *In*: McMillan, N.J., Embry, A.F. and Glass, D.J. (Eds): *Devonian of the World*. Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 14: 295-308.

Drong, 1979. Diagenetische Veränderungen in den Rotliegend Sandsteinen im NW-Deutschen Becken. *Geologische Rundschau* 68: 1172-1183.

Drong, H.-J., Plein, E., Sannemann, D., Schuepbach, M.A. & Zimdars, J., 1982. Der Schneeverdingen-Sandstein des Rotliegenden – eine äolische Sedimentfüllung alter Grabenstrukturen. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 133: 699-725.

Dronkers, A.J. & Mrozek, F.J., 1991. Inverted basins of The Netherlands. *First Break* 9: 409-418.

Drozdowski, G., 1992. Zur Faziesentwicklung im Oberkarbon des Ruhrbeckens, abgeleitet aus Mächtigkeitskarten und lithostratigraphischen Gesamtprofilen. *Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie* 38: 41-48.

Drozdowski, G., 1993. Geologie der Steinkohlevorkommen in Deutschland-Tektonische Situation, Voraussetzung für die Rohstoffgewinnung, Vorräte. *In*: Wiggering, H. (Ed.): *Steinkohlenbergbau – Steinkohle als Grundstoff, Energieträger und Umweltfaktor*. Ernst & Sohn Verlag (Berlin): 43-53.

Drozdowski, G., 2005. Zur sedimentären Entwicklung des Subvariscikums im Namurium und Westfalium Nordwestdeutschlands. *In*: Wrede, V. (Ed.): *Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanien) in Deutschland*. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 151-203.

Drozdowski, G., Henscheid, S., Hoth, P., Juch, D., Littke, R., Vieth, A. & Wrede, V., 2009. The Pre-Permian of NW-Germany – Structure and coalification map. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 160: 159-172.

Drozdowski, G. & Wrede, V., 1994. Faltung und Bruchtektonik – Analyse der Tektonik im Subvariscikum. *Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen* 38: 7-187.

DSK (Deutsche Stratigraphische Kommission, editor), 2005. Stratigraphie von Deutschland IV – Keuper. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg: 253-296.

DTI & BGS, 2007. The Hydrocarbon Prospectivity of Britain's Onshore Basins. DTI and BGS.

Duchrow, H., 1984. Der Keuper im Osnabrücker Bergland. *In*: Klassen, H. (Ed.): *Geologie des Osnabrücker Berglandes*. Naturwissenschaftliches Museum (Münster): 221-334.

Duchrow, H. & Groetzner, J.-P., 1984. Oberer Muschelkalk. *In*: Klassen, H. (Ed.): *Geologie des Osnabrücker Berglandes*. Naturwissenschaftliches Museum (Osnabrück): 169-218.

Dudek, A., 1995. Moravo-Silesian Zone – metamorphic evolution. *In*: Dallmeyer, R., Franke, W. and Weber, K. (Eds): Pre-Permian Geology of Central and Western Europe. Springer-Verlag (Berlin, Heidelberg): 508-511.

Dugué, O., 2003. The Pliocene to Early Pleistocene marine to fluvialite succession of the Seuil du Cotentin basins (Armorican massif, Normandy, France). *Journal of Quaternary Science* 18: 215-226.

Duin, E.J.T., Doornenbal, J.C., Rijkers, R.H.B., Verbeek, J.W. & Wong, T.E., 2006. Subsurface structure of the Netherlands; results of recent onshore and offshore mapping. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 85 (4): 245-276.

Dumont, A.H., 1849. Rapport sur la carte géologique du Royaume. Bulletin de l'Académie royale des Sciences, des Lettres et des Beaux-Arts de Belgique 16: 351-373.

Düppenbecker, S.J., 1991. Genese und Expulsion von Kohlenwasserstoffen in zwei Regionen des Niedersächsischen Beckens unter besonderer Berücksichtigung der Aufheizraten. *Berichte des Forschungszentrum (Jülich)*: 304 pp.

Dusar, M., 2006. Namurian. *Geologica Belgica* 9: 163-175.

Dusar, M. & Lagrou, D., 2007. Cretaceous flooding of the Brabant massif and the lithostratigraphic characteristics of its chalk cover in northern Belgium. *Geologica Belgica* 10: 27-38.

Dusar, M., Langenaker, V. & Wouters, L., 2002. Permian - Triassic - Jurassic lithostratigraphic units in the Campine Basin and the Roer Valley Graben (NE Belgium). *Geologica Belgica* 4: 107-112.

Dusar, M. & Plein, E., 1994. Belgien. *In*: Kulke, H. (Ed.): Regionale Erdöl- und Erdgasgeologie der Erde. Gebrüder Bornträger (Berlin): 207-211.

Dusar, M. & Verkaeren, P., 1992. Methane desorption in closed collieries: examples from Belgium. UNECE Workshop on the Recovery and end-use of coal-bed methane. Central Mining Institute (Katowice): 11 pp.

Dybckjær, K., 2004. Dinocyst stratigraphy and palynofacies studies used for refining a sequence stratigraphic model – uppermost Oligocene to Lower Miocene Jylland. *Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology* 131: 201-249.

Duval, B.C., Cramez, C. & Vail, P.R., 1998. Stratigraphic cycles and major marine source rocks. *In*: De Graciansky, P.C., Hardenbol, J., Jacquin, T. and Vail, P.R. (Eds): Mesozoic and Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy of European basins. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 60: 43-51.

Dybckjær, K. & Rasmussen, E.S., 2007. Dinocyst stratigraphy in an expanded Oligocene-Miocene boundary section in the eastern North Sea Basin (the Frida-1 well, Denmark) and correlation from basinal to marginal areas. *Journal of Micropalaeontology* 26: 1-17.

Dyjaczynski, K., 2000. Wapień cechstyński (Ca1) i dolomit główny (Ca2) w rejonie Kościana oraz ich gazonośność: Geologia i ochrona środowiska Wielkopolski. Przewodnik LXXI Jjazdu Polskiego Towarzystwa Geologicznego. Bogucki Wydawnictwo Naukowe S.C. (Poznań): 215-223.

Dyjaczynski, K., Gorski, M., Mamczur, S. & Peryt, T.M., 2001. Reefs in the basinal facies of the Zechstein Limestone (Upper Permian) of Western Poland. *Journal of Petroleum Geology* 24: 265-285.

Dyjaczynski, K., Mamczur, S. & Radecki, S., 1997. Nowe perspektywy poszukiwań złóż gazu ziemnego w utworach wapienia cechstyńskiego na monoklinie przedsudeckiej. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 45: 1248-1256.

Dyjur, S., 1970. The Poznań series in West Poland. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 14: 819-835.

Dyjur, S., 1986. Evolution of sedimentation and palaeogeography of near-frontier areas of the Silesian part of the Parathetys and the Tertiary Polish-German Basin. *Zeszyty Naukowe Akademii Górniczo-Hutniczej, Geologia* 12: 7-23.

Eaton, D.W., Darbyshire, F., Evans, R., Grütter, H., Jones, A.G. & Yuan, X., 2009. The elusive lithosphere-asthenosphere boundary (LAB) beneath cratons. *Lithos* 109 (1-2): 1-22.

Ebukanson, E.J. & Kinghorn, R.R.F., 1985. Kerogen facies in the major Jurassic mudrock formations of southern England and the implication of the depositional environments of their precursors. *Journal of Petroleum Geology* 8: 435-462.

Ebukanson, E.J. & Kinghorn, R.R.F., 1986a. Maturity of organic matter in the Jurassic of southern England and its relation to the burial history of the sediments. *Journal of Petroleum Geology* 9: 259-280.

Ebukanson, E.J. & Kinghorn, R.R.F., 1986b. Oil and gas accumulations and their possible source rocks in southern England. *Journal of Petroleum Geology* 9: 413-428.

Ecke, H.-H., 1986. Palynologie des Zechsteins und unteren Buntsandsteins im Germanischen Becken. Thesis. Universität Göttingen (Göttingen): 117 pp.

Economic Activity Law, 1999. Official Journal No. 101, item 1178 with amendments. (Warszawa).

Eder, W. & Franke, W., 1982. Death of Devonian reefs. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 163: 241-243.

Edwards, D., 2006. Danziella artesianana, a new name for Zosterophyllum artesianum from the Lower Devonian of Artois, northern France. *Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology* 142: 93-101.

Egenhoff, S.O. & Breitzkreuz, C., 2001. Fazielle Entwicklung und stratigraphische Revision oberkarbonischer Sedimente im Flechtinger Höhenzug (nördlich Magdeburg). *Schriftenreihe der deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften* 13: 1-33.

Eißmann, L., 1970. Geologie des Bezirkes Leipzig – Eine Übersicht. *Natura regionis Lipsiensis*: 174 pp.

Eißmann, L., 1994. Leitfaden der Geologie des Präquartärs im Saale-Elbe-Gebiet. *In*: Eißmann, L. and Litt, T. (Eds): Das Quartär Mitteledeutschlands. Ein Leitfaden und Exkursionsführer. Mit einer Übersicht über das Präquartär des Saale-Elbe-Gebietes. Altenburger Naturwissenschaftliche Forschungen 7: 1-53.

Eißmann, L. & Litt, T., 1994. Das Quartär Mitteledeutschlands. Ein Leitfaden und Exkursionsführer. Mit einer Übersicht über das Präquartär des Saale-Elbe-Gebietes. Altenburger Naturwissenschaftliche Forschungen 458 pp.

Ellenberg, J., Falk, F., Grumbt, E., Lützner, H. & Ludwig, A.O., 1976. Sedimentation des höheren Unterperms der Flechtinger Scholle. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 5: 705-737.

Elliott, R.E., 1961. The stratigraphy of the Keuper Series in south Nottinghamshire. *Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society* 33 (2): 197-234.

Ellis, D., 1993. The Rough Gas Field: distribution of Permian aeolian and non-aeolian reservoir facies and their impact on field development. *In*: North, C.P. and Prosser, D.J. (Eds): Characterization of Fluvial and Aeolian Reservoirs. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 73: 265-277.

Ellison, R.A., Ali, J.R., Hine, N.M. & Jolley, D.W., 1996. Recognition of Chron 25n in the upper Paleocene Unpor Formation in the London Basin, UK. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B., Corfield, R.M. and Dunay, R.E. (Eds): Correlation of the early Paleogene in northwest Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 101: 185-193.

Ellison, R.A., Knox, R.W.O.B., Jolley, D.W. & King, C., 1994. A revision of the lithostratigraphical classification of the early Palaeogene strata of the London Basin and East Anglia. *Proceedings of the Geologists' Association* 105: 187-197.

Engel, W., W., F. & Langenstrassen, F., 1983. Palaeozoic sedimentation in the northern branch of the Mid-European Variscides – Essay of an interpretation. *In*: Martin, H. and Eder, F.W. (Eds): Intracontinental fold belts. Springer-Verlag (Berlin): 9-41.

Engelen, F.H.G., 1987. Resources at the surface. *In*: Visser, W.A., Zonneveld, J.I.S. and Van Loon, A.J. (Eds): Seventy-five years of geology and mining in the Netherlands. Royal Geological and Mining Society of the Netherlands (The Hague): 125-136.

Engelen, F.H.G., 1989a. De Exploitatie van Bruinkool. Grondboor en Hamer 43: 343-344.

Engelen, F.H.G., 1989b. De Exploitatie van Steenkool. Grondboor en Hamer 43: 349-352.

Engström, F., 1995. A new method to normalize capillary pressure curves, International Symposium of the Society of Core Analysts, San Francisco, 12 pp.

Environmental Protection Law, 2001. Official Journal No. 62, item 627 with amendments. (Warszawa).

Erlström, M., 1990. Petrology and deposition of the Lund Sandstone, Upper Cretaceous, southwestern Scania. *Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning, Series Ca* 74: 1-91.

Erlström, M., 1994. Evolution of Cretaceous sedimentation in Scania. *Lund Publications in Geology* 122: 1-36.

Erlström, M. & Gabrielson, J., 1992. Petrology, fossil composition and depositional history of the Ignaberga limestone, Kristianstad Basin, Scania. *Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning, Series Ca* 80: 1-30.

Erlström, M. & Guy-Ohlson, D., 1994. Campanian depositional settings in the Vomb Trough, Scania, Sweden. *Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar* 116: 193-202.

Erlström, M., Thomas, S.A., Deeks, N. & Sivhed, U., 1997. Structure and tectonic evolution of the Tornquist Zone and adjacent sedimentary basins in Scania and the southern Baltic Sea area. *Tectonophysics* 271: 191-215.

Ernst, A., 2001. Bryozoa of the Upper Permian Zechstein Formation of Germany. *Senckenbergiana lethaea* 81: 135-181.

Esmerode, E.V., Surlyk, F. & Lykke-Andersen, H., 2007. Ridge and valley systems in the Upper Cretaceous chalk of the Danish Basin: contourites in an epeiric sea. *In*: Rebesco, M. and Viana, A.R. (Eds): Economic and Palaeoceanographic Importance of Contourites. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 276: 265-282.

Espitalié, J., Deroo, G. & Marquis, F., 1985. La pyrolyse Rock-Eval et ses applications. *Revue de l'Institut Français du Pétrole* 40-41: 563-581; 755-784; 73-89.

Espitalié, J., Laporte, J.L., Marquis, F., Leplat, P., Paulet, J. & Boutefeu, A., 1977. Méthode rapide de caractérisation des roches mères, de leur potentiel pétrolier et de leur degré d'évolution. *Revue de l'Institut Français du Pétrole* 32: 23-42.

Espitalié, J., Marquis, F. & Barsony, L., 1984. Geochemical Logging. *In*: Voorhees, K.J. (Ed.): Analytical Pyrolysis – Techniques and Applications. Butterworth (Boston): 276-304.

EUGENO-S Working Group, 1988. Crustal structure and tectonic evolution of the transition between the Baltic Shield and the North German Caledonides (the EUGENO-S Project). *Tectonophysics* 150: 253-348.

Evans, C.J. & Allsop, J.M., 1987. Some geophysical aspects of the deep geology of eastern England. *Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society* 46: 321-333.

Evans, D.J., Graham, C., Armour, A. & Bathurst, P., 2003. The Millennium Atlas: Petroleum geology of the central and northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 390 pp.

Evans, W.E., 1990. Development of the petroleum exploration scene in the UK onshore area; a struggle over the last 75 years. *In*: Ala, M., Hataman, H., Hobson, G.D., King, M.S. and Williamson, I. (Eds): Seventy-five years of progress in oil field science and technology. A.A. Balkema (Rotterdam): 49-54.

Everaerts, M., Poitevin, C., De Vos, W. & Sterpin, M., 1996. Integrated geophysical/geological modelling of the western Brabant Massif and structural implications. *Bulletin de la Société belge de Géologie* 105: 41-59.

Faber, E., Berner, U., Hollerbach, A. & Gerling, P., 1997. Isotope geochemistry in surface exploration for hydrocarbons. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* D103: 103-127.

Faber, E., Schmitt, M. & Stahl, W.J., 1979. Geochemisch Daten nordwestdeutscher Oberkarbon-, Zechstein- und Buntsandsteingase. *Erdöl und Kohle, Erdgas und Petrochemie* 32 (2): 65-70.

Faber, P., 1980. Fazies-Gliederung und -Entwicklung im Mittel-Devon der Eifel (Rheinisches Schiefergebirge). *Mainzer Geowissenschaftliche Mitteilungen* 8: 83-149.

Fabricsius, I.L., 2003. How burial diagenesis of chalk sediments controls sonic velocity and porosity. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin* 87: 1755-1778.

Fabricsius, I.L. & Borre, M.K., 2007. Stylolites, porosity, depositional texture, and silicates in chalk facies sediments. *Ontong Java Plateau – Gorm and Tyra fields, North Sea. Sedimentology* 54: 183-205.

Fabricsius, J., 1984. Zechstein Salt Denmark. Salt Research Project EFP-81 DGU. Geological Survey of Denmark, Series C Copenhagen: 1-4.

Farmer, C.L. & Barkved, O.I., 1999. Influence of syn-depositional faulting on thickness variations in chalk reservoirs – Valhall and Hod fields. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 949-957.

Feist-Burkhardt, S., Götz, A.E., Szulc, J., Borkhataria, R., Geluk, M., Haas, J., Hornung, J., Jordan, P., Kempf, O., Michalik, J., Nawrocki, J., Reinhardt, L., Ricken, W., Röhlmg, H.-G., Rüffer, T., Török, A. & Zühlke, R., 2008. Triassic. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 749-821.

Felder, P.J., Bless, M.J.M., Demyttenaere, R., Dusar, M., Meessen, J.P.M.T. & Robaszynski, F., 1985. Upper Cretaceous to Early Tertiary deposits (Santonian-Paleocene) in northwestern Belgium and South Limburg (the Netherlands) with reference to the Campanian-Maastrichtian. *Belgische Geologische Dienst*: 151 pp.

Felder, W.M., 1975. Lithostratigraphie van het Boven-Krijt en het Dano Montien in Zuid Limburg en het aangrenzende gebied. *In*: Zagwijn, W.H. and Van Staalduinen, C.J. (Eds): Toelichting bij geologische overzichtskaarten. Rijks Geologische Dienst (Haarlem): 63-72.

Felder, W.M. & Bosch, P.W., 2000. Krijt van Zuid-Limburg. Nederlands Instituut voor Toegepaste Geowetenschappen: 192 pp.

Feldman-Olszewska, A., 1997. Depositional architecture of the Polish epicontinental Middle Jurassic basin. *Geological Quarterly* 41 (4): 491-508.

Feldman-Olszewska, A., 1998a. Early Aalenian – Callovian Palaeogeography. *In*: Dadlez, R., Marek, S. and Pokorski, J. (Eds): Palaeogeographical atlas of the epikontinental permian and mesozoic in Poland 1 : 2 500 000. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): Plates 37-48.

Feldman-Olszewska, A., 1998b. Middle Jurassic thickness. *In*: Dadlez, R., Marek, S. and Pokorski, J. (Eds): Palaeogeographical atlas of the epikontinental permian and mesozoic in Poland 1 : 2 500 000. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): Plates 49.

Feldman-Olszewska, A., 2006a. Sedimentary environment of the Middle Jurassic black shales from the central part of Polish Basin, 21st Meeting of Sedimentologists, Göttingen: 1-67.

Feldman-Olszewska, A., 2006b. Sedimentary environments of the Middle Jurassic epicontinental deposits from the central part of the Polish Basin (Kuiavian Region). *Volumina Jurassica* IV: 1-86.

Feldrappe, H., Hahne, K. & Rhede, D., 2005. Regionale Stellung und Alter der präpermischen 'Bunten Serien' in Vorpommern, NE-Deutschland. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften* 156: 299-321.

Feldrappe, H., Obst, K. & Wolfgramm, M., 2007. Evaluation of sandstone aquifers of the North German Basin: a contribution to the 'Geothermal Information System of Germany': 1-8.

Fels, A., Brunner, H., Engesser, W. & Simon, T., 2003. Steinsalz im Oberen Rötton des Baulands. *Jahreshefte Landesamt für Geologie, Rohstoffe und Bergbau Baden-Württemberg* 39: 7-23.

Fenner, J., 1998. Occurrences of pre-Quaternary diatoms in Scandinavia reconsidered. *Meyniana* 40: 133-141.

Fischer, A.G., 1984. The two Phanerozoic supercycles. *In*: Berggren, W.A. and Van Couvering, J.A. (Eds): Catastrophism and earth history, The new uniformitarianism. University Press (Oxford): 128-150.

Fisher, M.J. & Mudge, D.C., 1998. Triassic. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Introduction to the Petroleum Geology of the North Sea. Blackwell Scientific Publications (Oxford): 212-244.

Fleet, A.J. & Brooks, J. (Eds), 1987. The role of hydrocarbon source rocks in petroleum exploration. *Marine Petroleum Source Rocks. The Geological Society (London)* 26: 444 pp.

Floden, T., 1980. Seismic stratigraphy and bedrock geology of the central Baltic. *Stockholm Contributions in Geology* 35: 1-240.

Fontaine, J.M., Guastella, G., Jouault, P. & De la Vega, P., 1993. F15-A: a Triassic gas field on the eastern limit of the Dutch Central Graben. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 583-593.

Fortems, G., 1987. Contribution de la Belgique à la recherche pétrolière. *Bulletin de la Société belge de Géologie, Centenary Volume*: 73-74.

Fowler, A., 1926. Geology of Berwick-on-Tweed, Norham and Scremerston. *Memoirs of the Geological Survey England. HMSO (London)*: 58 pp.

Frank, F., Zinkernagel, U. & Füchtbauer, H., 1992. Zur Liefergebietsfrage der Sandsteine des Nordwestdeutschen Oberkarbons. *DGMK (Hamburg)*: 167 pp.

Franke, D., 1990. Der präpermische Untergrund der Mitteleuropäischen Senke – Fakten und Hypothesen. *Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften Veröffentlichungen* 4: 19-57.

Franke, D., 2008. Geologie von Ostdeutschland – Ein Wörterbuch.

Franke, D., Gründel, J., Lindert, W., Meissner, B., Schulz, E., Zagora, I. & Zagora, K., 1994. Die Ostseebohrung G14 – eine Profilübersicht. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 22: 235-240.

Franke, D. & Hoffmann, N., 1997. Die regionale Stellung der externen variszischen Zone Nordostdeutschlands im Gesamtrahmen Mittel- und Westeuropas. *Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften* 27: 375-412.

Franke, D., Hoffmann, N. & Lindert, W., 1995. The Variscan deformation front in East Germany, Part I: Geological and geophysical constraints. *Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie* 41: 89-91.

Franke, D., Hoffmann, N. & Lindert, W., 1996. The Variscan deformation front in East Germany, Part II: Tectonic interpretation. *Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie* 42: 44-56.

Franke, D. & Neumann, E., 1999. Geology and hydrocarbon of the pre-Westphalian in the deep underground of the NE German basin. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* D107: 43-54.

Franke, W., 1973. Bau und Entwicklungsgeschichte des Iberger Riffes (Mitteldevon bis Unterkarbon III, NW-Harz, W-Deutschland). *Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A* 11: 3-127.

Franke, W., 1989. Tectonostratigraphic units in the Variscan Belt of Central Europe. *In*: Dallmeyer, R.D. (Ed.): Terranes in the Circum-Atlantic Paleozoic orogens. Geological Society of America Special Paper (Boulder) 230: 67-90.

Franke, W., 1993. The Saxonian Granulites – a metamorphic core complex? *Geologische Rundschau* 82: 505-515.

Franke, W., 2000. The mid-European segment of the Variscides: tectonostratigraphic units, terrane boundaries and plate tectonic evolution. *In*: Franke, W., Altherr, R., Haak, V. and Oncken, O. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 35-61.

Franke, W., 2006. The Variscan orogen of Central Europe; construction and collapse. *In*: Gee, D.G. and Stephenson, R.A. (Eds): European Lithosphere Dynamics. The Geological Society (London) 32: 333-343.

Franke, W., Hoffmann, N. & Kamps, J., 1989. Alter und struktureller Bau des Grundgebirges im Nordteil der DDR. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 35: 289-296.

Franke, W. & Zelazniewicz, A., 2000. The eastern termination of the Variscides: terrane correlation and kinematic evolution. *In*: Franke, W., Altherr, R., Haak, V. and Oncken, O. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 87-102.

Franz, M., 2008. Litho- und Leitflächenstratigraphie, Chronostratigraphie, Zykl- und Sequenzstratigraphie des Keupers im östlichen Zentraleuropäischen Becken (Deutschland, Polen) und Dänischen Becken (Dänemark, Schweden). Thesis. University of Halle (Halle): 198 pp.

Franz, M., Bachmann, G.H. & Beutler, G., 2007a. Retyk sensu polonico versus Rhaet sensu germanico – new results. Schriftenreihe der deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 53: 99-100.

Franz, M., Bachmann, G.H. & Beutler, G., 2007b. Sedimentology and facies of the Polish Retyk and the German Arnstadt and Exter Formations (Norian, Rhaetian) in the eastern Central European Basin (CEB). Schriftenreihe der deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 53: 101.

Franzen, J.L., Gingerich, P.D., Habersetzer, J., Hurum, J.H., von Koenigswald, W. & Smith, B.H., 2009. Complete Primate Skeleton from the Middle Eocene of Messel in Germany: Morphology and Paleobiology. PLoS ONE 4 (5): e5723.

Franzke, J., Voigt, T., Eynatten, H., Brix, M.R. & Burmeister, G., 2004. Geometrie und Kinematik der Harznordrandstörung, erläutert an Profilen aus dem Gebiet von Blankenburg. Mitteilungen Thüringen 11: 39-62.

Fraser, A.J. & Gawthorpe, R.L., 1990. Tectono-stratigraphic development and hydrocarbon habitat of the Carboniferous in northern England. *In*: Hardman, R.F.P. and Brooks, J. (Eds): Tectonic Events Responsible for Britain's Oil and Gas Reserves. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 55: 49-86.

Fraser, A.J., Nash, D.F., Steele, R.P. & Ebdon, C.C., 1990. A regional assessment of the intra-Carboniferous play of northern England. *In*: Brooks, J. (Ed.): Classic Petroleum Provinces. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 50: 417-440.

Freudenberger, W., 1996a. Gesteinsabfolge des Deckgebirges nördlich der Donau und im Molasseuntergrund: Perm. *In*: Freudenberger, W. and Schwerd, K. (Eds): Erläuterungen zur Geologischen Karte von Bayern 1 : 500 000 Bayrisches Geologisches Landesamt (München): 55-64.

Freudenberger, W., 1996b. Gesteinsabfolge des Deckgebirges nördlich der Donau und im Molasseuntergrund: Trias. *In*: Freudenberger, W. and Schwerd, K. (Eds): Erläuterungen zur Geologischen Karte von Bayern 1 : 500 000 Bayrisches Geologisches Landesamt (München): 65-90.

Frikken, H.W., 1999. Reservoir-geological aspects of productivity and connectivity of gas fields in the Netherlands. Thesis. Technical University (Delft): 92 pp.

Frisch, U. & Kockel, F., 1997. Altkimmerische Bewegungen in Nordwestdeutschland. Brandenburgische Geowissenschaftliche Beiträge 4: 19-29.

Frisch, U. & Kockel, F., 1999. Quantification of Early Cimmerian movements in NW Germany. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) I: 571-600.

Frisch, U. & Kockel, F., 2003. Der Bremen-Knoten im Strukturnetz Nordwestdeutschlands. Berichte aus dem Fachbereich der Geowissenschaften der Universität Bremen: 379 pp.

Frost, R.T.C., Fitch, F.J. & Miller, J.A., 1981. The age and nature of the crystalline basement of the North Sea basin. *In*: Illing, L.V. and Hobson, G.V. (Eds): Petroleum geology of the continental shelf of North-West Europe. Institute of Petroleum (London): 43-57.

Fryberger, F.G., 1993. A review of aeolian bounding surfaces, with examples from the Permian Minnelusa Formation. *In*: North, C.P. and Prosser, D.J. (Eds): Characterization of Fluvial and Aeolian Reservoirs. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 73: 167-197.

Füchsel, G.C., 1761. Historia terrae et maris ex historiae Thüringiae per montium descriptionem eruta. Acta Academiae Electoralis Moguntinae Erfordensis II: 44-254.

Füchtbauer, H., 1980. Composition and diagenesis of a stromatolitic bryozoan bioherm in the Zechstein 1 (northwestern Germany). Contributions to Sedimentology 9: 233-251.

Füchtbauer, H., 1993. Geologie der Steinkohlevorkommen in Deutschland – Aufbau und Entstehung des kohleführenden Oberkarbons. *In*: Wiggering, H. (Ed.): Steinkohlenbergbau – Steinkohle als Grundstoff, Energieträger und Umweltfaktor. Ernst & Sohn Verlag (Berlin): 35-43.

Füchtbauer, H. & Müller, G., 1977. Sedimente und Sedimentgesteine. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 1141 pp.

Füchtbauer, H. & Peryt, T.M. (Eds), 1980. Zechstein Basin with emphasis on carbonate sequences. Contributions to Sedimentology. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart) 9: 328 pp.

Führer, F.A., 1988. Geological results of recent geophysical investigations in the Harz Mountains (Germany). Geologische Rundschau 77: 79-99.

Fulda, E., 1929. Über Anhydrit-Klippen. Kali 23: 129-133.

Fyfe, J.A., Gregersen, U., Jordt, H., Rundberg, Y., Evans, D., Stewart, D., Hovland, M. & Andresen, P., 2003. Oligocene to Holocene. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 279-287.

Gabriel, G., Vogel, D. & Krawczyk, C.M., 2008. Map of magnetic total field anomalies in Germany. ATS at GGA-Institute, Hannover.

Gaertner, H., 1993. Zur Gliederung des Muschelkalks in Nordwestdeutschland in Tiefbohrungen anhand von Bohrlochmessungen. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds): Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991. Goldschneck: 57-64.

Gaertner, H. & Röhling, H.-G., 1993. Zur lithostratigraphischen Gliederung und Paläogeographie des Mittleren Muschelkalks im Nordwestdeutschen Becken. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds): Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991. Goldschneck: 85-103.

Gaetani, M., 2000. Early Ladinian (238-235 Ma). *In*: Commission de la Carte Géologique du Monde (CCGM, Ed.): Atlas Peri-Tethys, Palaeogeographical maps. Gauthier-Villars (Paris): 33-40.

Gaier, C., 1988. Huit siècles de houillerie liégeoise, histoire des hommes et du charbon à Liège. Edition du Perron (Liège): 261 pp.

Gale, D.J., Holliday, D.W., Kirby, G.A. & Arthur, M., 1984. The Carboniferous rocks of Lincolnshire, Nottinghamshire and southern Humberside. Investigation of the Geothermal Potential of the United Kingdom. British Geological Survey (unpublished).

Gale, I.N. & Holliday, D.W., 1985. The geothermal resources of eastern England. *In*: Strub, A.S. and Ungemach, P. (Eds): European Geothermal Update. Proceedings of the 3rd EC Seminar on Geothermal Energy (Dordrecht): 22-31.

Gall, J.C., 1971. Faunes et paysages du Grès à Voltzia du Nord des Vosges. Essai paéocécologique sur le Buntsandstein supérieur. Mém. Serv. Carte géol. Als. Lorr. 34: 1-318.

Gallet, Y., Krystyn, L., Marcoux, J. & Besse, J., 2007. New constraints on the End-Triassic (Upper Norian-Rhaetian) magnetostratigraphy. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 255: 458-470.

Gallois, R.W., 1979. Oil shale resources in Great Britain. Institute of Geological Sciences, Southern England and South Wales Land Survey Division: 158 pp.

Garetsky, R.G., Ludwig, A.O., Schwab, G. & Stackebrandt, W., 2001. Neogeodynamics of the Baltic Sea Depression and adjacent areas. Results of IGCP project 346. Brandenburgische Geowissenschaftliche Beiträge 1: 1-48.

Gąsiewicz, A., 1985. Krawędź platformy węglanowej dolomitu płytowego na wyniesieniu Łęby. Przegląd Geologiczny 33: 211-216.

Gąsiewicz, A., 1986. Dedolomityzacja utworów dolomitu płytowego na wyniesieniu Łęby. Przegląd Geologiczny 34: 257-260.

Gąsiewicz, A., 1990. Rozwój sedymentacji cechsztyńskiego dolomitu płytowego (Ca3) w rejonie Zatoki Puckiej. Przegląd Geologiczny 38: 187-195.

Gąsiewicz, A., Bos, C., Czapowski, G., Evans, D., Górecki, W., Hajto, M., Holliday, D.W., Holloway, S., Jones, N.S., Kasiński, J.R., Kępińska, B., Kramers, L., Laenen, B., Lott, G.K., Lokhorst, A., Mathiesen, A., May, F., Rowley, W.J., Schmidt, S., Sedlacek, R., Seibt, P., Simmelink, E., Tarkowski, R., Uliasz-Misiak, B., Van Wees, J.D., Wildenborg, A., Wolgramm, M. & Wong, T.E., 2010. Applied geology. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 283-299.

Gąsiewicz, A., Gerdes, G. & Krumbein, W.E., 1987. The peritidal sabkha type stromatolites of the Platy Dolomite (Ca3) of the Leba Elevation (North Poland). Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences 10: 253-272.

Gąsiewicz, A. & Peryt, T.M., 1989a. O sedymentacji cechsztyńskiego dolomitu płytowego w brzeżnej, południowej części syneklizy perybałtyckiej. Przegląd Geologiczny 37: 193-199.

Gąsiewicz, A. & Peryt, T.M., 1989b. Dolomit płytowy w rejonie Zatoki Puckiej: litologia i paleogeografia. Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 363: 41-68.

Gąsiewicz, A. & Peryt, T.M., 1994. Biolaminites at the Zechstein (Upper Permian) Platy Dolomite (Ca3)-Main Anhydrite (A3) boundary: implications for evolution of an evaporite basin. Beiträge zur Paläontologie 19: 91-101.

Gast, R.E., Dusar, M., Breitkreuz, C., Gaupp, R., Schneider, J.W., Stemmerik, L., Geluk, M.C., Geißler, M., Kiersnowski, H., Glennie, K.W., Kabel, S. & Jones, N.S., 2010. Rotliegend. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 101-121.

Gast, R., Gesner, E. & Gundlach, T., 1999. Optimisation of Facies Prediction based on Grainsize Analysis with High Resolution Scanner (Rotliegend, NW-Germany). *In*: Lippard, S.J., Naess, A. and Sinding-Larsen, R. (Eds): IAMG 1999, Trondheim: 343-348.

Gast, R.E., 1988. Rifting im Rotliegenden Niedersachsens. Die Geowissenschaften 4: 115-122.

Gast, R.E., 1991. The Perennial Rotliegend Saline Lake in NW Germany. Geologisches Jahrbuch Hannover A119: 25-59.

Gast, R.E., 1993. Sequenzanalyse von äolischen Abfolgen im Rotliegenden und deren Verzahnung mit Küstensedimenten. Geologisches Jahrbuch A 131: 117-139.

Gast, R.E., 1994. Cornberg outcrops revisited (Hessen, Germany): The depositional environment of its saurian tracks and Weisslied Sandstones. Meyniana 46: 59-75.

Gast, R.E. & Gundlach, T., 2006. Permian strike slip and extensional tectonics in Lower Saxony, Germany. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 157: 41-56.

Gast, R.E., Pasternak, M., Piske, J. & Rasch, H.-J., 1998. Das Rotliegend im nordostdeutschen Raum: Regionale Übersicht, Stratigraphie, Fazies und Diagenese. Geologisches Jahrbuch A149: 59-79.

Gatliff, R.W., Richards, P.C., Smith, K., Graham, C.C., McCormac, M., Smith, N.J.P., Long, D., Cameron, T.D.J., Evans, D., Stevenson, A.G., Bulat, J. & Ritchie, J.D., 1994. The geology of the central North Sea. British Geological Survey United Kingdom Offshore Regional Report.

Gaupp, R., 1991. Zur Fazies und Diagenese des Mittelrät-Hauptsandsteins im Gasfeld Thönse. Das Gasfeld Thönse in Niedersachsen – ein Unikat, Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften Veröffentlichungen 6: 34-55.

Gaupp, R., Baunack, C., Pudlo, D., Solms, M., Trappe, H., Schubarth, J., Samiee, R., Littke, R., Schwarzer, D. & Oncken, O. (Eds), 2005. Paleo oil- and gasfields in the Rotliegend of the North German Basin: effects upon the hydrocarbon reservoir quality: 242 pp.

Gaupp, R., Matter, A., Platt, J., Ramseier, K. & Walzebuck, J.P., 1993. Diagenesis and fluid evolution of deeply buried Permian (Rotliegend) gas reservoirs. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 77 (7): 1111-1128.

Gayer, R.A., Cole, J.E., Greiling, R.O., Hecht, C. & Jones, J.A., 1993. Comparative evolution of coal bearing foreland basins along the Variscan Northern margin in Europe. *In*: Gayer, R.A., Greiling, R.O. and Vogel, A.K. (Eds): Rhenohercynian and subvariscan foldbelts. International Monograph series (Wiesbaden): 47-82.

Gazdzicka, E., 1998. Middle Oxfordian - Late Volgian Palaeogeography. *In*: Dadlez, R., Marek, S. and Pokorski, J. (Eds): Palaeogeographical atlas of the epikontinental permian and mesozoic in Poland 1 : 2 500 000. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): Plates 51-55.

Gdula, J.E., 1983. Reservoir geology, structural framework and petrophysical aspects of the De Wijk gas field. Geologie en Mijnbouw 62: 191-202.

Gebhardt, U., 1994. Zur Genese der Rotliegend-Salinare in der Norddeutschen Senke (Oberrotliegend II, Perm). Freiburger Forschungshefte C452: 3-22.

Gedl, P. & Worobiec, E., 2005. Organic-walled dinoflagellate cysts from Miocene deposits of the Legnica-33/56 borehole (Fore-Sudetic Monocline) as indicators of marine ingression in south-western Poland. Studia Geologica Polonica 124: 395-410.

Gee, D. & Beckholmen, M. (Eds), 1995. Europrobe and the Trans-European Suture Zone. Studia Geophysica & Geodaetica (Prague) 39: 217-363.

Gee, D. & Stephenson, R. (Eds), 2006. European Lithosphere Dynamics. Geological Society Memoir (London) 32: 662 pp.

Gee, D. & Zeyen, H. (Eds), 1996. EUROPROBE 1996. Lithosphere Dynamics: Origin and Evolution of Continents. EUROPROBE secretariat (Uppsala): 138 pp.

Gee, D.G., 2005. Europe: Scandinavian Caledonides (with Greenland). *In*: Selley, R., Cocks, L.R.M. and Plimer, J.R. (Eds): Encyclopedia of Geology. Elsevier: 64-74.

Gehrmann, O. & Aigner, T., 2002. Der Schilfsandstein (Obere Trias) bei Heilbronn (SW Deutschland). Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 223: 377-403.

Geiger, M.E. & Hopping, C.A., 1968. Triassic stratigraphy of the southern North Sea Basin. Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London 254: 1-36.

Geinitz, H.B., 1861. Dyas oder die Zechsteinformation und das Rothliegende, Volume II: Die Pflanzen der Dyas und Geologisches. Verlag von Wilhelm Engelmann (Leipzig).

Geißler, E., Alexowsky, W., Suhr, P., Wolf, L., Rascher, J., Standke, G. & Heinrich, R., 1988. Lagerstättengeologische Forschung Braunkohle: Geologisches Modell Doberlug-Herzberg-Torgau. VEB Geologische Forschung und Erkundung (Freiberg): 129 pp.

Geißler, E., Breitkreutz, C. & Kiersnowski, H., 2008. Late Paleozoic volcanism in the central part of the Southern Permian Basin (NE Germany, W Poland): Facies distribution and volcano-topographic hiati. International Journal of Earth Sciences: 973-989.

Geißler, E., Suhr, P., Standke, G., Alexowsky, W., Schubert, G., Wolf, L., Kupetz, M., Rascher, J., Rudolph, G. & Reinhardt, P., 1987. Lagerstättengeologische Forschung Braunkohle: Geologisches Modell der Lausitz. VEB Geologische Forschung und Erkundung (Freiberg): 256 pp.

Geißler, M., Obst, K. & Breitkreuz, C., 2006a. Late Paleozoic volcanism in the central part of the Southern Permian Basin (NE Germany, W Poland): facies distribution and volcano-topographic hiati. International Journal of Earth Sciences 97 (5): 973-989.

Geißler, M., Obst, K. & Breitkreuz, C., 2006b. Magmatic textures and contacts of Permo-Carboniferous volcanic and subvolcanic rocks from the deep wells Mirow 1/74 and Parchim 1/68 and its implications on the initial evolution of the North German Basin. Visual Geosciences 11: 81-82.

Geißler, T., Vinx, R., Martin-Gombojav, N. & Pidgeon, R.T., 2005. Ion microprobe (SHRIMP) dating of detrital zircon grains from quartzites of the Eckergneiss Complex, Harz Mountains (Germany): implications for the provenance and the geological history. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 369-384.

Geluk, M., de Haan, H., Schroot, B., Wolters, B. & Nio, S.D., 2002. The Permo-Carboniferous gas play, Cleaver Bank high area, southern North Sea, the Netherlands. *In*: Hills, L.V., Henderson, C.M. and Bamber, E.W. (Eds): Carboniferous and Permian of the World. Memoir Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists 19: 877-894.

Geluk, M.C., 1995. Stratigraphische Gliederung der Z2-(Staßfurt-) Salzfolge in den Niederlanden: Beschreibung und Anwendung bei der Interpretation von halokinetisch gestörten Sequenzen. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 146: 458-465.

Geluk, M.C., 1999a. Late Permian (Zechstein) rifting in the Netherlands: models and implications for petroleum geology. Petroleum Geoscience 5: 189-199.

Geluk, M.C., 1999b. Palaeogeographic and structural development of the Triassic in the Netherlands – new insights. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) 7-8: 727-745.

Geluk, M.C., 2005. Stratigraphy and tectonics of Permo-Triassic basins in the Netherland and surrounding areas. Thesis. Utrecht University (Utrecht): 171 pp.

Geluk, M.C., 2007a. Permian. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and de Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 63-84.

Geluk, M.C., 2007b. Triassic. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and de Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 85-106.

Geluk, M.C., Brückner-Röhling, S. & Röhling, H.-G., 2000. Salt occurrences in the Netherlands and Germany: new insights in the formation of salt basins. *In*: Geertman, R.M. (Ed.): Proceedings of the 8th World Salt Symposium. Elsevier (Amsterdam): 131-136.

Geluk, M.C., Duin, E.J.T., Dusaar, M., Rijkers, R.H.B., van den Berg, M.W. & van Rooijen, P., 1994. Stratigraphy and tectonics of the Roer Valley Graben. Geologie en Mijnbouw 73: 129-141.

Geluk, M.C., Dusaar, M. & de Vos, W., 2007a. Pre-Silesian. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 27-42.

Geluk, M.C., Paar, W. & Fokker, P., 2007b. Salt. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 283-294.

Geluk, M.C., Plomp, A. & Van Doorn, T.H.M., 1996. Development of the Permo-Triassic succession in the basin fringe area, southern Netherlands. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 57-79.

Geluk, M.C. & Röhling, H.G., 1997. High-resolution sequence stratigraphy of the Lower Triassic Buntsandstein in the Netherlands and northwestern Germany. Geologie en Mijnbouw 76: 227-246.

Geluk, M.C. & Röhring, H.G., 1999. High-resolution sequence stratigraphy of the Lower Triassic 'Buntsandstein': a new tool for basin analysis. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontology (Halle) 7-8: 545-570.

Geluk, M.C., Van Wees, J.D., Gronloh, H. & Van Adrichem Boogaert, H.A., 1997. Palaeogeography and palaeotectonics of the Zechstein (Upper Permian) in the Netherlands. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 157 (2): 63-75.

Geological Society, 1985. Liquefied petroleum gas caverns at South Killingholme. *Quarterly Journal of Engineering Geology & Hydrogeology* 18: 2-4.

George, G.T. & Berry, J., 1993. A new lithostratigraphy and depositional model for the Upper Rotliegend of the UK sector of the southern North Sea. *In*: North, C.P. and Prosser, D.J. (Eds): Characterization of Fluvial and Aeolian Reservoirs. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 73: 291-319.

George, G.T. & Berry, J.K., 1997. Permian (Upper Rotliegend) synsedimentary tectonics, basin development and palaeogeography of the southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 31-61.

George, T.N., Johnson, G.A.L., Mitchell, M., Prentice, J.E., Ramsbottom, W.H.C., Sevastopulo, G.D. & Wilson, R.B., 1976. A correlation of Dinanintan rocks in the British Isles. Geological Society Special Publication (London): 87 pp.

Gérard, J., Wheatley, T.J., Ritchie, J.S., Sullivan, M. & Basset, M.G., 1993. Permo-Carboniferous and older plays, their historical development and future potential. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 641-650.

Gerdes, G. & Krumbein, W.E., 1987. Biolaminated deposits. *Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences* 9: 1-183.

Gerling, P., Geluk, M.C., Kockel, F., Lokhorst, A., Lott, G.K. & Nicholson, R.A., 1999c. NW European Gas Atlas – new implications for the Carboniferous gas plays in the western part of the Southern Permian Basin. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 799-808.

Gerling, P., Idiz, E., Everlien, G. & Sohns, E., 1997. New aspects on the origin of nitrogen in natural gas in northern Germany. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* D103: 65-84.

Gerling, P., Kockel, F. & Krull, P., 1999a. Das Kohlenwasserstoffpotential des Präwestfals im Norddeutschen Becken. *DGMK* (Hamburg): 107 pp.

Gerling, P., Kockel, F., Krull, P. & Stahl, W., 1999b. Deep gas – the chances for a pre-Westphalian play in northern Germany. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* D107: 201-215.

Gerling, P., Kockel, F., Lokhorst, A., Geluk, M.C., Nicholson, R.A., Laier, T. & Pokorski, J., 1998a. Die Erdgasqualitäten im südlichen Permbecken. *DGMK* (Hamburg): 183-192 pp.

Gerling, P., Lokhorst, A., Nicholson, R.A. & Kotarba, M., 1998b. Natural gas from pre-Westphalian sources in northwest Europe – a new exploration target, International Gas Research Conference: 219-229.

Gerling, P., Piske, J., Rasch, H.J. & Wehner, H., 1996a. Paläogeographie, Organofazies und Genese von Kohlenwasserstoffen im Staßfurt-Karbonat Ostdeutschlands (2): Genese von Erdölen und Erdölbegleitgasen. *Erdöl Erdgas Kohle* 112: 152-156.

Gerling, P., Piske, J., Rasch, H.J. & Wehner, H., 1996b. Paläogeographie, Organofazies und Genese von Kohlenwasserstoffen im Staßfurt-Karbonat Ostdeutschlands (1) Sedimentationsverlauf und Muttergesteinsausbildung. *Erdöl Erdgas Kohle* 112: 13-18.

Geukens, F., 1999. Notes accompagnant une révision de la carte structurale du Massif de Stavelot. *Aardkundige Mededelingen* 9: 183-190.

Gibbard, P.L., 1988. The history of the great north-west European rivers during the past three million years. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London* B318: 559-602.

Gibbard, P.L., 1995. The formation of the Strait of Dover. *In*: Preece, R.C. (Ed.): Island Britain: a Quaternary Perspective. Geological Society Publication (London) 96: 15-26.

Gibbard, P.L., Head, M.J., Walker, M.J.C. & Stratigraphy, S.o.Q., 2009. Formal ratification of the Quaternary System/Period and the Pleistocene Series/Epoch with a base at 2.58 Ma. *Journal of Quaternary Science*: 10.1002/jqs.1338

Gibbard, P.L. & Lewin, J., 2003. The history of major rivers of southern Britain during the Tertiary. *Journal of the Geological Society* 160: 829-845.

Gibbs, A.D., 1986. Strike-slip basin and inversion; a possible model for the southern North Sea gas area. *In*: Brooks, J., Goff, J.C. and Van Hoorn, B. (Eds): Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 23-35.

Gientka, M., Malon, A. & Tyminski, M., 2007. Bilans zasobow kopalin i wod podziemnych w Polsce. (Warszawa).

Giese, U., Handler, R., Neubauer, F. & Weber, J., 2001a. ⁴⁰Ar-³⁹Ar Laser-analyses of detrital white mica from the pre-Carboniferous of the Loissin 1 borehole – implications for the deeper subsurface of NE-Germany. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 222: 253-268.

Giese, U., Katzung, G. & Miller, H., 2001b. The Rügen Caledonides - southern Baltic Sea. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 222: 1-328.

Giese, U., Katzung, G. & Walter, R., 1994. Detrital composition of Ordovician sandstones from the Rügen boreholes: implications for the evolution of the Tornquist Ocean. *Geologische Rundschau* 83: 293-308.

Giese, U. & Koeppen, S., 2001. Detrital record of Early Palaeozoic and Devonian clastic sediments at the southwestern border of the Fennoscandian Shield – provenance signals for a Caledonian geodynamic evolution. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 222: 215-251.

Gisler, C., Hochuli, P.A., Ramseyer, K., Blasi, H. & Schlunegger, F., 2007. Sedimentological, palynological and stable isotopic constraints on the basal Triassic sequence in Central Switzerland. *Swiss Journal of Geosciences* 100 (2): 263-272.

Glennie, K.W., 1970. Desert Sedimentary Environments. *Developments in Sedimentology* 14. Elsevier (Amsterdam): 222 pp.

Glennie, K.W., 1972. Permian Rotliegendes of Northwest Europe interpreted in light of modern desert sedimentation studies. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin* 56: 1048-1071.

Glennie, K.W., 1983. Lower Permian - Rotliegend desert sedimentation in the North Sea area. *In*: Brookfield, M.E. and Ahlbrandt, T.S. (Eds): Developments in Sedimentology – Eolian sediments and processes, Elsevier (Amsterdam): 521-541.

Glennie, K.W., 1986. The structural framework and the pre-Permian history of the North Sea area. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Introduction to the Petroleum Geology of the North Sea. Blackwell Scientific Publications (Oxford): 25-62.

Glennie, K.W., 1990a. Outline of North Sea History & Structural Framework. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Introduction to the Petroleum Geology of the North Sea. Blackwell Scientific Publications (Oxford): 34-77.

Glennie, K.W., 1990b. Rotliegend sediment distribution a result of Late Carboniferous movements. *In*: Hardman, R.F.P. (Ed.): Tectonic Events Responsible for Britain's Oil and Gas Reserves Geological Society Special Publication (London) 55: 127-138.

Glennie, K.W., 1997a. History of exploration in the southern North Sea. Geological Society Special Publication (London): 123 pp.

Glennie, K.W., 1997b. Recent advances in understanding the southern North Sea Basin: a summary. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 17-29.

Glennie, K.W., 1998a. Lower Permian - Rotliegend. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Introduction to the Petroleum Geology of the North Sea. Blackwell Scientific Publications (Oxford): 137-173.

Glennie, K.W. (Ed.), 1998b. Petroleum Geology of the North Sea, Basic concepts and recent advances. Blackwell (Oxford): 636 pp.

Glennie, K.W., 2001. Exploration activities in the Netherlands and North-West Europe since Groningen. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 80: 33-53.

Glennie, K.W., 2007. The Permo-Carboniferous Rotliegend of NW Europe. *In*: Wong, T.E. (Ed.): Proceedings of the XVth International Congress on Carboniferous and Permian Stratigraphy. Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences: 10-16.

Glennie, K.W. & Boegner, P.L.E., 1981. Sole Pit Inversion tectonics. *In*: Illing, L.V. and Hobson, G.D. (Eds): Petroleum geology of the continental shelf of North-West Europe. Heyden and Sons (London): 110-120.

Glennie, K.W. & Buller, A.T., 1983. The Permian Weissliegend of NW Europe: the partial deformation of aeolian dune sands caused by the Zechstein transgression. *Sedimentary Geology* 35: 43-81.

Glennie, K.W., Higham, J. & Stemmerik, L., 2003. Permian. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 91-103.

Glennie, K.W., Mudd, G.C. & Nagtegaal, P.J.C., 1978. Depositional environment and diagenesis of Permian Rotliegendes sandstones in Leman Bank and Sole Pit areas of the UK southern North Sea. *Journal of the Geological Society* 135: 25-34.

Glennie, K.W. & Provan, D.M.J., 1990. Lower Permian Rotliegend reservoirs of the Southern North Sea Gas Province. *In*: Brooks, J. (Ed.): Classic Petroleum Provinces. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 50: 399-416.

Glogoczowski, J.J. & Jędrychowska, M., 1974. Genetic correlation between Permian oils and dispersed bitumens in main Dolomite: Geochemical analysis of bitumens. *Wydawnictwa Geologiczne* (Warszawa): 96-104

Glogoczowski, J.J., Karpiński, T., Strzetelski, J. & Żuk, W., 1977. Genetic correlation between Permian oils, gases and dispersed organic matter in Fore-Sudetic Monocline Nafta 33: 37-42.

Głowacki, E., 1986. Some remarks on the Main Dolomite development and its importance for exploration in the Poznań area. *Nafta* 42: 304-309.

Głowacki, E., 1993. Wykształcenie i gazonośność wapienia cechsztyńskiego (Ca1) na wale wolsztyńskim (monoklina przedsudecka). *Nafta – Gaz* 49: 447-458.

Gluyas, J. & Swarbrick, R., 2003. Petroleum Geoscience. Blackwell (Oxford): 376 pp.

Goddeeris, G., 1982. Steenkool- en petroleumboringen in Limburg en de Antwerpse Kempen 1898-1940. *Rotary Beringen* (Beringen): 381 pp.

Goes, S., Govers, R. & Vacher, P., 2000. Shallow mantle temperatures under Europe from P and S wave tomography. *Journal of Geophysical Research* 105 B5: 11153-11169.

Goh, L.S., 1994. The Logger Field: Geology and Reservoir characterization. *In*: Aasen, J.O., Buller, A.T., Hjelmeland, O., Holt, R.M., J., K. and Torsæter, O. (Eds): North Sea oil and gas reservoirs III. Proceedings of the 3rd North Sea Oil and Gas Reservoirs Conference. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 75-93.

Goldring, R. & Langenstrassen, F., 1979. Open shelf and near-shore clastic facies in the Devonian. *In*: House, M.R., Scrutton, C.T. and Bassett, M.G. (Eds): The Devonian System. Special Papers in Palaeontology 23: 81-97.

Goldsmith, P.J., Hudson, G. & Van Veen, P., 2003. Triassic. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 105-127.

Gölke, M., Cloetingh, S. & Coblenz, D., 1996. Finite-element modelling of stress patterns along the Mid-Norwegian continental margin, 62° to 68° N. *Tectonophysics* 266: 33-53.

Gölke, M. & Coblenz, D., 1996. Origins of the European regional stress field. *Tectonophysics* 266: 11-24.

Golonka, J., Oszczytko, N. & Ślaczka, A., 2000. Geodynamic evolution and paleogeography of the Carpathian-Pannonian region – a global perspective. *Slovak Geological Magazine* 6: 139-142.

Golonka, J., Ross, M.I. & Scotese, C.R., 1994. Phanerozoic paleogeographic and paleoclimatic modeling maps. *Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists Memoir* 17: 1-47.

Goodall, I.G., Harwood, G.M., Kendall, A.C. & McKie, T., 1992. Discussion on sequence stratigraphy of carbonate evaporite basins: models and application to the Upper Permian (Zechstein) of northeast England and adjoining North Sea. *Journal of the Geological Society* 149: 1050-1054.

Goodchild, M.W. & Bryant, P., 1986. The Geology of the Rough Gas Field. *In*: Brooks, J., Goff, J. and Van Hoorn, B. (Eds): Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 223-235.

Górecki, W., 1995. Atlas zasobów energii geotermalnej na Niżu Polskim. Wydawnictwo Geosnoptyków 'Geos' AGH (Kraków): 37 pp.

Górecki, W., 2006. Atlas Zasobów Geotermalnych Formacji Mezozoicznej na Niżu Polskim. Atlas of Geothermal Resources of Mesozoic Formations in the Polish Lowlands. Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza (Kraków): 484 pp.

Górecki, W., 2006a. Atlas of geothermal resources in the Polish Lowlands. I Mesozoic Formations. University of Science and Technology (Kraków): 484 pp.

Górecki, W., 2006b. Atlas of geothermal resources in the Polish Lowlands. II. Paleozoic Formations. University of Science and Technology (Kraków): 240 pp.

Górecki, W., Weil, W. & Wolnowskit, T., 1995. Oil and gas accumulation potential of the Western Pomerania (North-Western Poland), Conference on Modern Exploration and Improved Oil and Gas Recovery Methods, Kraków.

Gorka, A., Gliniak, P., Madej, K. & Maksym, A., 2007. Oil and gas fields in the Carpathians and Carpathians Fordeep. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 12: 993-998.

Gorski, M., Gierszewska, D., Krol, E., Urbanska, H. & Wilk, W., 2000. Interpretacja litofacjalna danych sejsmiki 3D kluczem do sukcesu w detekcji ciał rafowych w poziomie wapienia cechsztyńskiego w basenie permskim (na przykładzie rafy Kościan). *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 137-150.

Górski, M. & Trela, M., 1997. Geometry and properties of the reservoir series in the largest oil deposit in Poland: Barnówko-Mostno-Buszewo (B-M-B) based upon the 3-D seismic. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 45: 685-692.

Gorski, M., Wojtkowiak, Z. & Radecki, S., 1999. Barnówko-Mostno-Buszewo (BMB): the largest crude oil deposit in Poland. *Petroleum Geoscience* 5: 5-15.

Gossler, J., Kind, R., Sobolev, S.V., Kämpf, H., Wylegalla, K. & Stiller, M., 1999. Major crustal features between the Harz Mountains and the Baltic Shield derived from receiver functions. *Tectonophysics* 314 (1-3): 321-334.

Götz, A.E., 2004. Zyklen und Sequenzen im Unteren Muschelkalk des germanischen Beckens. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften Beiheft* B18: 91-98.

Götz, A.E. & Gast, S., 2007a. The Anisian conodont fauna of northern Switzerland: Evidence of a western Peri-Tethyal migration. *SwissSed07*.

Götz, A.E. & Gast, S., 2007b. The Anisian conodont fauna of Northern Switzerland: Evidence of a western Peri-Tethyal migration, 15th SwissSed Meeting of Sedimentology, Fribourg.

Gouwy, S. & Bultynck, P., 2000. Graphic correlation of Frasnian sections (Upper Devonian) in the Ardennes, Belgium. *Bulletin de l'Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique, Sciences de la Terre* 70: 25-52.

Grabowska, I., 1998. The Neogene palynostratigraphy in the Polish Lowlands. *In*: Wążyńska, H. (Ed.): Palynology and palaeogeography of the Neogene in the Polish Lowlands. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 160: 16-18.

Grabowska, T. & Bojdys, G., 2001. The border of the East-European Craton in south-eastern Poland based on gravity and magnetic data. *Terra Nova* 13 (2): 92-98.

Grabowska, T., Bojdys, G. & Dolnicki, J., 1998. Three-dimensional density model of the Earth's crust and the upper mantle for the area of Poland. *Journal of Geodynamics* 25 (1): 5-24.

Grad, M. & Guterch, A., 2006a. Seismic models of the crustal structure of the Trans-European Suture Zone (TESZ) in NW and central Poland. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 188: 41-52.

Grad, M. & Guterch, A., 2006b. Lithospheric structure of the TESZ in Poland based on modern seismic experiments. *Geological Quarterly* 50 (1): 23-32.

Grad, M., Guterch, A., Keller, G.R., POLONAISE 97 & CELEBRATION 2000, 2007. Variations in lithospheric structure across the margin of Baltica in Central Europe and the role of the Variscan and Carpathian orogenies. *In*: Hatcher, R.D., Carlson, M.P., McBride, J.H. and Martinez-Catalan, J.R. (Eds): 4-D Framework of Continental Crust. Geological Society of America Memoir 200: 341-356.

Grad, M., Guterch, A. & Mazur, S., 2002b. Seismic refraction evidence for continental structure in the central part of Trans-European Suture Zone in Poland. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 295-309.

Grad, M., Janik, T., Yliniemi, J., Guterch, A., Luosto, U., Tiira, T., Komminaho, K., Sroda, P., Höing, K., Makris, J. & Lund, C.-E., 1999. Crustal structure of the Mid-Polish Through beneath the Teisseyre-Tornquist Zone seismic profile. *Tectonophysics* 314: 145-160.

Grad, M., Jensen, S.L., Keller, G.R., Guterch, A., Thybo, H., Janik, T., Tiira, T., Yliniemi, J., Luosto, U., Motuza, G., Nasedkin, V., Czuba, W., Gaczynski, E., Sroda, P., Miller, K.C., Wilde-Piorko, M., Komminaho, K., Jacyna, J. & Korabliova, L., 2003. Crustal structure of the Trans-European Suture Zone region along POLONAISE'97 Seismic profile P4. *Journal of Geophysical Research* 108 (B11): doi: 10.1029/2003Jb002426.

Grad, M., Keller, G.R., Thybo, H., Guterch, A. & POLONAISE WORKING GROUP, 2002a. Lower lithospheric structure beneath the Trans-European Suture Zone from POLONAISE'97 seismic profiles. *Tectonophysics* 360: 153-168.

Gradstein, F.M., Kaminski, M.A., Berggren, W.A., Kristiansen, I.L. & D'Iorio, M.A., 1992. Cenozoic foraminifera and dinoflagellate biostratigraphy of the central North Sea. *Micropaleontology* 38: 101-137.

Gradstein, F.M., Ogg, J.G. & Smith, A.G., 2004. A Geologic Time Scale 2004. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 589 pp.

Gradziński, R., Gagol, J. & Ślaczka, A., 1979. The tumlin Sandstone (Holy Cross Mts, Central Poland): Lower Triassic deposits of Aeolian dunes and interdune areas. *Acta Geologica Polonica* 29: 151-175.

Graham, C.C. & Straw, A., 1992. Quaternary. *In*: Cope, J.C.W., Ingham, J.K. and Rawson, P.F. (Eds): Atlas of palaeogeography and lithofacies. Geological Society Memoir (London) 13: 149-153.

Gralla, P., 1988. Das Oberrotliegende in NW-Deutschland – Lithostratigraphie und Faziesanalyse. *Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A* 106: 1-59.

Gramann, F., 1988. Major palaeonotological events and biostratigraphical correlations. *In*: Vinken, R. (Ed.): The Northwest European Tertiary Basin. Results of the IGCP Project 124. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* 100: 410-427.

Gramann, F. & Kockel, F., 1988. Palaeogeographical, lithological, palaeoecological and palaeoclimatic development of the Northwest European Tertiary Basin. *In*: Vinken, R. (Ed.): The Northwest European Tertiary Basin. Results of the IGCP Project 124. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* 1000: 428-441.

Gras, R. & Clayton, C.J., 1998. Non-hydrocarbon components of Carboniferous-sourced gas in the Southern Permian Basin, northwest Europe. *Petroleum Geoscience* 4: 147-156.

Gras, R. & Geluk, M., 1999. Late Cretaceous-Early Tertiary sedimentation and tectonic inversion in the southern Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 78: 1-19.

- Grassmann, S., Cramer, B., Delisle, G., Hantschel, T., Messner, J. & Winsemann, J., 2009. PT-effects of Pleistocene glacial periods on permafrost, gas hydrate stability zones and reservoir of the Mittelplate oil field, northern Germany. *Marine and Petroleum Geology*: in press.
- Grassmann, S., Cramer, B., Delisle, G., Messner, J. & Winsemann, J., 2005. Geological history and petroleum system of the Mittelplate oil field, Northern Germany *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 94: 979-989.
- Grauvogel-Stamm, I., 1978. La flore du Grès à Voltzia (Buntsandstein supérieur) des Vosges du Nord France). *Morphologie, anatomie, interprétations phylogénique et paléogéographique*. Sci. Géol. M'm. 50: 1-225.
- Gravesen, P. & Bjerreskov, M., 1984. Guide to excursion in Bornholm. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse, Serie C (Copenhagen): 72 pp.
- Gravesen, P., Rolle, F. & Surlyk, F., 1982. Lithostratigraphy and sedimentary evolution of the Triassic, Jurassic and the Lower Cretaceous of Bornholm, Denmark. *Geological Survey of Denmark, Series B*: 51 pp.
- Gregersen, O., Sørensen, J.C. & Michelsen, O., 1998. Details of Pliocene sequences resolved on a 3-D data set, central North Sea. *In*: Gradstein, F.M., Sandvik, K.O. and Milton, N.J. (Eds): *Sequence stratigraphy: concepts and applications*. Norwegian Petroleum Society Special Publication 8: 403-412.
- Griffin, W.L. & O'Reilly, S.Y., 1987. The composition of the lower crust and the nature of the continental Moho-xenolith evidence. *In*: Nixon, P. (Ed.): *Mantle xenoliths*. John Wiley & Sons (Chichester): 413-432.
- Griffiths, P.A., Allen, M.R., Craig, J., Fitches, W.R. & Whittington, R.J., 1995. Distinction between fault and salt control of Mesozoic sedimentation on the southern margin of the Mid-North Sea High. *In*: Boldy, S.A.R. (Ed.): *Permian and Triassic rifting in Northwest Europe*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 91: 145-159.
- Grigelis, A.A. (Ed.), 1991. *Geology and Geomorphology of the Baltic Sea (in Russian)*. Nedra (Leningrad): 419 pp.
- Grimm, K.I., 2006. Meeresverbindungen im Rupelium Mitteleuropas – paläobiogeographische Untersuchungen anhand von Foraminiferen. *Geologisches Jahrbuch Hessen* 133: 19-27.
- Grodzicka-Szymanko, W., 1976. Die Stratigraphie des Rät und seine Korrelation im Polnischen Flachland. *Jahrbuch für Geologie* 7/8 (für 1971/72): 149-155.
- Grotek, I., 2004. Zmienność uwęglenia w utworach karbonu wzdłuż brzegu platformy wschodnioeuropejskiej. *Biuletyn PIG* 413: 5-80.
- Grotek, I., 2005. Alteration of the coalification degree of the organic matter dispersed in the Carboniferous sediments along the border of the East-European Craton in Poland. *Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 413: 5-80.
- Grotek, I., 2006. Phanerozoic thermal history of the Pomeranian sector of TESZ, Baltic Basin and adjacent areas. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 186: 253-270.
- Guion, P.D. & Fielding, C.R., 1988. Westphalian A and B sedimentation in the Pennine Basin, UK. *In*: Besly, B.M. and Kelling, G. (Eds): *Sedimentation in a Synorogenic Basin Complex; the Upper Carboniferous of Northwest Europe*. Blackie (Glasgow): 153-177.
- Gupta, S., Collier, J.S., Palmer-Felgate, A. & Potter, G., 2007. Catastrophic flooding origin of shelf valley systems in the English Channel. *Nature* 448: 342-346.
- Gürs, K., 2005. Das Tertiär Nordwestdeutschlands in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002. *Newsletters on Stratigraphy* 41: 313-322.
- Gürs, K. & Janssen, A.W., 2002. Revised pteropod biostratigraphy for the Miocene of the North Sea Basin. *In*: Gürs, K. (Ed.): *European Cenozoic Stratigraphy. Proceedings of the 8th Biannual Meeting of the RCNNS/RCNPS*: 117-131.
- Gürs, K., Wesselingh, F. & Standke, G., 2008. North Sea Basin: Paleogen, North Sea Basin: Neogen. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): *The Geology of Central Europe*. The Geological Society (London): 1037-1042.
- Gursky, H., 2006. Paläogeographie, Paloozeanographie und Fazies. *In*: Amler, M.R.W. and Stoppel, D. (Eds): *Stratigraphie von Deutschland VI – Unterkarbon (Mississippium)*. Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 41: 51-68.
- Gustaffson, O. & Norling, E., 1973. New finds of Middle Paleocene (Selandian) strata in Skåne, southern Sweden. *Geologiska Foreningens I Stockholm Forhandlingar* 95: 253-260.
- Guterch, A. & Grad, M., 1996. Seismic structure of the Earth's crust between Precambrian and Variscan Europe. *Publications of the Institute of Geophysics Polish Academy of Science M-18 (273)*: 67-73.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M., Janik, T., Materzok, R., Luosto, U., Yliniemi, J., Lück, E., Schulze, A. & Förste, K., 1994. Crustal structure of the transitional zone between Precambrian and Variscan Europe from new seismic data along LT-7 profile (NW Poland and eastern Germany). *Comptes Rendus Academie des Sciences, Paris* 319 (II): 1489-1496.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M. & Keller, G.R., 2007. Crust and lithospheric structure- Long range controlled source seismic experiments in Europe. *In*: Schubert, G. (Ed.): *Treatise on Geophysics*. Elsevier: 533-558.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M., Materzok, R., Pajchel, J., Perchuc, E. & Toporkiewicz, S., 1984. Deep structure of the Earth's crust in the contact zone of the Palaeozoic and Precambrian Platform and Carpathian Mts in Poland. *Acta Geophysica Polonica* 32: 25-41.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M., Materzok, R. & Perchuc, E., 1986. Deep structure of the Earth's crust in the contact zone of the Palaeozoic and Precambrian Platforms in Poland (Torquist-Teisseyre Zone). *Tectonophysics* 128: 251-279.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M., Materzok, R., Perchuc, E., Janik, T., Gaczynski, E., Doan, T.T., Bialek, T., Gadowski, D., Mlynarski, S. & Toporkiewicz, S., 1992. Laminated structure of the lower crust in the Fore-Sudetic region in Poland, derived from seismic data. *Physics of Earth and Planets International* 69: 217-223.
- Guterch, A., Grad, M., Thybo, H., Keller, G.R. & POLONAISE WORKING Group, 1999. POLONAISE'97 – an international seismic experiment between Precambrian and Variscan Europe in Poland. *Tectonophysics* 314: 101-121.
- Guterch, A., Wybraniec, S., Grad, M., Chadwick, R.A., Krawczyk, C.M., Ziegler, P.A., Thybo, H. & De Vos, W., 2010. Crustal structure and structural framework. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): *Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area*. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 11-23.
- Gutowski, J. & Koyi, H., 2007. Influence of oblique basement strike-slip faults on the Mesozoic evolution of vthe south-eastern segment of the Mid-Polish Trough. *Basin Research* 19: 67-86.

- Gutowski, J., Krzywiec, P., Walaszczyk, I. & Pozaryski, W., 2003. Od ekstensji do inwersji-zapis aktywnosci północno-wschodniej brzeżnej strefy uskokuwej światokrzyskiego segmentu bruzdy dunsko-polskiej w osadach jury górnej i kredy na podstawie interpretacji danych sejsmiki refleksyjnej. *Tomy Jurajskie* 1: 124-125.
- Gutowski, J., Popadyuk, I. & Olszewska, B., 2005. Late Jurassic - Earliest Cretaceous evolution of the epicontinental sedimentary basin of south-eastern Poland and Western Ukraine. *Geological Quarterly* 49: 31-44.
- Gutowski, J., Złonkiewicz, Z., Matyja, B.A., Pienkowski, G., Radwańska, U., Radwański, A. & Wierzbowski, A., 2006. Field trip B2 – Upper Jurassic shallow-water carbonate platform and open shelf facies. Shallow water carbonates of the Holy Cross Mountains, 7th International Congress on the Jurassic System, Kraków: 169-198.
- Haenel, R. & Staroste, E., 1988. Atlas of geothermal resources in the European Community, Austria and Switzerland. Commission of the European Communities (Hannover): 74 pp.
- Hagdorn, H. & Gluchowski, E., 1993. Paleobiogeography and stratigraphy of Muschelkalk echinoderms (Crinoidea, Echinoidea) in Upper Silesia. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds), *Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991*. Goldschneck, Korb: 165-176.
- Hagdorn, H. & Nitsch, E., 1999. Zum Begriff 'Trias' – Ein geschichtlicher Abriss. *In*: Hauschke, N. and Wilde, V. (Eds): *Trias – Eine ganz andere Welt*. Pfeil (München): 13-21.
- Hagdorn, H. & Simon, T., 1993. Ökostratigraphische Leitbänke im Oberen Muschelkalk. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds): *Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991 Goldschneck*: 193-208.
- Hagdorn, H. & Simon, T., 2005. Der Muschelkalk in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002. *Newsletters on Stratigraphy* 41: 143-158.
- Hager, H., 1993. The origin of the Tertiary lignite deposits in the Lower Rhine region, Germany. *International Journal of Coal Geology* 23: 251-262.
- Hajto, M. & Górecki, W., 2005. Geological analysis and assessment of geothermal energy resources in selected Devonian, Carboniferous and Permian reservoirs in the Polish Lowlands, *World Geothermal Congress Antalya*.
- Hakenberg, M. & Swidrowska, J., 1997. Propagation of the south-eastern segment of the Polish Trough connected with bounding fault zones (from the Permian to the Late Jurassic). *Comptes Rendus Academie des Sciences, Paris* 324: 793-803.
- Hallam, A., 1960. A sedimentary and faunal study of the Blue Lias of Dorset and Glamorgan. *Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society of London* 243: 1-44.
- Hámor, G., 1988. Neogene palaeogeographic atlas of central and eastern Europe. Hungarian Geological Institute (Budapest).
- Hance, L., Poty, E. & Devuyt, F.X., 2001. Stratigraphie sequentielle du Dinantien type (Belgique) et correlation avec le Nord de la France (Boulonnais, Avesnois). *Bulletin de la Société Géologique de France* 172 (4): 411-426.
- Hancock, J.M. & Kauffmann, E., 1979. The great transgressions of the Late Cretaceous. *Journal of the Geological Society* 136: 175-186.
- Hancock, F.R.P. & Mithern, D.P., 1987. The geology of the Humbly Grove Oilfield, Hampshire, UK. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): *Petroleum Geology of North West Europe*. Graham and Trotman (London): 161-170.
- Hansen, D.L., Blundell, D.J. & Bielsen, S.B., 2002. A Model for the evolution of the Weald Basin. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 49: 109-118.
- Hag, B.U., Hardenbol, J. & Vail, P.R., 1988. Mesozoic and Cenozoic chronostratigraphy and eustatic cycles. *In*: Wilgus, C.K., Posamentier, H., Ross, C.K. and Kendall, C.G. (Eds): *Sea-level changes - An integrated approach*. Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Special Publication 42: 71-108.
- Harland, W.B., Armstrong, R.L., Cox, A.V., Craig, L.E., Smith, A.G. & Smith, D.E., 1990. *A geological timescale 1989*. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 263 pp.
- Hartley, A.J. & Otava, J., 2001. Sediment provenance and dispersal in a deep marine foreland basin; the Lower Carboniferous Culm Basin, Czech Republic. *Journal of the Geological Society* 158 (Part 1): 137-150.
- Harvey, A., Brauner, H-J., Breunese, J.N., Hoffmann, M., Jagosiak, P., Olsen, S.B., Stoker, S.J., Van Orsmael, J., Pasternak, M., Conrad, N. & Andersen, J.H., 2010. Licensing and exploration history. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): *Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area*. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 255-269.
- Harwood, G.M. & Smith, D.B. (Eds), 1986. *The English Zechstein and related topics* Geological Society Special Publication (London) 22: 244 pp.
- Hatcher, R.D., 1989. Tectonic synthesis of the U.S. Appalachians. *In*: Hatcher, R.D., Thomas, W.D. and Viele, G.W. (Eds): *The Appalachian-Quachita orogen in the United States – The Geology of North America*. Geological Society of America (Boulder): 511-535.
- Hauschke, N. & Wilde, V., 1991. Zur Verbreitung und Ökologie mesozoischer Limuliden. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 183: 391-411.
- Hawkins, P.J., 1978. Relationship between diagenesis, porosity reduction, and oil emplacement in late Carboniferous sandstone reservoirs, Bothamsall Oilfield, E. Midlands. *Journal of the Geological Society* 135: 7-24.
- Head, M.J., Gibbard, P. & Salvador, A., 2008. The Tertiary: a proposal for its formal definition. *Episodes* 31: 248-251.
- Hedemann, H.-A., Schuster, A., Stancu-Kristoff, G. & Lösch, J., 1984. Die Verbreitung der Kohlenflöze des Oberkarbons in Nordwest-deutschland und ihre stratigraphische Einstufung. *Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen* 32: 39-88.
- Heeremans, M., Timmerman, M.J., Kierstein, L.A. & Faleide, J.I., 2004. New constraints on the timing of the late Carboniferous - early Permian volcanism in the central North Sea. *In*: Wilson, M., Neumann, E.-R., Davies, G.R., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. and Larsen, B.T. (Eds): *Permo-Carboniferous magmatism and Rifting in Europe*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 223: 117-194.
- Heilmann-Clausen, C., 1995. Paläogene aflejringer over Danskekalken. *In*: Nielsen, O.B. (Ed.): *Aarhus Geokompendier No. 1*. Danmarks geologi fra Tridit til i dag. Department of Earth Sciences, Aarhus University (Aarhus): 69-114.

- Heilmann-Clausen, C., 2006. Koralrev og Lerhav (excl. Danian). *In*: Larsen, G. (Ed.): *Naturen i Danmark*. Gyldendal (Copenhagen): 181-186 & 191-226.
- Heilmann-Clausen, C. & Costa, L.I., 1989. Dinoflagellate zonation of the uppermost Palaeocene to Lower Miocene in the Wursterheide research well, NW Germany. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A11*: 431-521.
- Heilmann-Clausen, C., Nielsen, O.B. & Gersner, F., 1985. Lithostratigraphy and depositional environments in the Upper Paleocene and Eocene of Denmark. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 33: 287-323.
- Helcel-Weil, M. & Dziegielowski, J., 2003. Basen lubelski - wyniki złożowe dotychczasowych prac i ich znaczenie dla dalszych poszukiwań. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 51 (9): 764-770.
- Hemmann, M., 1972. Ausbildung und Genese des Leinsteinsalzes und des Hauptanhydrits (Zechstein 3) im Ostteil des Subherzynen Beckens. *Berichte der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geologische Wissenschaften B16*: 307-411.
- Hemmet, M., 2005. The hydrocarbon potential of the Danish Continental Shelf. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): *Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference*. The Geological Society (London): 85-97.
- Hengesbach, L., 2006. Magnetotellurische Studien im Nordwestdeutschen Becken: ein Beitrag zur paläogeographischen Entwicklung des Unterkarbons. Thesis. Universität Münster (Münster): 132 pp.
- Henk, A., 1997. Gravitational orogenic collapse vs plate-boundary stresses: a numerical modelling approach to the Permo-Carboniferous evolution of Central Europe *Geologische Rundschau* 86 (1): 39-55.
- Herbig, H.-G., 2005. Die internationale Mississippium-Pennsylvanium-Grenze – Entwicklung des Konzeptes, Definition und Anwendung in Deutschland. *In*: Wrede, V. (Ed.): *Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanium) in Deutschland*. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 3-12.
- Herbosch, A., Debacker, T.N. & Piessens, K., 2008. The stratigraphic position of the Cambrian Jodoigne Formation redefined (Brabant Massif, Belgium). *Geologica Belgica* 11: 133-150.
- Herngreen, G.F.W., Brinkhuis, H., Burnett, J.A., Felder, W.M., Kedves, M., Schuurman, H.A.H.M. & Verbeek, J.W., 1998. Biostratigraphy of Cretaceous/Tertiary boundary strata in the Curfs quarry, the Netherlands. *Mededelingen NITG* 61: 1-57.
- Herngreen, G.F.W., Eillebrecht, A.J., Gortemaker, R.E., Remmelts, G., Schuurman, H.A.H.M. & Verbeek, J.W., 1996. Upper Cretaceous Chalk Group stratigraphy near the isle of Texel, the Netherlands (a multidisciplinary approach). *Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst* 56: 1-63.
- Herngreen, G.F.W., Smit, R. & Wong, T.E., 1991. Stratigraphy and tectonics of the Vlieland basin, The Netherlands. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): *Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons*. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 1: 175-192.
- Herngreen, G.F.W., Van den Bosch, M. & Lissenberg, T., 2000. Nieuwe inzichten in de stratigrafische ontwikkeling van Jura, Krijt en Onder-Tertiair in de Achterhoek. *Grondboor en Hamer* 54: 70-92.
- Herngreen, G.F.W. & Wong, T.E., 1989. Revision of the Late Jurassic stratigraphy of the Dutch Central North Sea Graben. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 68: 73-105.
- Herngreen, G.F.W. & Wong, T.E., 2008. Jurassic in The Netherlands. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): *The Geology of Central Europe*. The Geological Society (London): 836-842.
- Herrmann, A., 1957. Der Zechstein am südwestlichen Harzrand (seine Stratigraphie, Fazies, Paläogeographie und Tektonik). *Geologisches Jahrbuch* 72: 2-72.
- Herrmann, A. & Richter-Bernurg, G., 1955. Frühdiagenetische Störungen der Schichtung und Lagerung im Werra-Anhydrit (Z1) am Süd-Harz. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 105: 689-703.
- Hesjedal, A. & Hamar, G.P., 1983. Lower Cretaceous Stratigraphy and tectonics of the south southeastern Norwegian offshore. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 62: 45-49.
- Heuse, T. & Leonhardt, D., 2006. *Silurmonographie Deutschlands*. Schriftenreihe ZDGG (Hannover).
- Heward, A.P., 1991. Inside Auk – the anatomy of an eolian oil reservoir. *In*: Miall, D. and Tyler, N. (Eds): *The Three Dimensional Facies Architecture of Clastic sediments and its implications for Hydrocarbon discovery and Recovery*. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 3: 44-56.
- Heybroek, P., 1974. Explanation to tectonic maps of The Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 53: 43-50.
- Heybroek, P., 1975. On the structure of the Dutch part of the Central North Sea Graben. *In*: Woodland, A.W. (Ed.): *Petroleum and the Continental Shelf of North-West Europe*. Applied Science Publishers Ltd (London): 339.
- Hiete, M., Berner, U., Heunisch, C. & Röhring, H.-G., 2006. A high-resolution inorganic geochemical profile across the Zechstein-Buntsandstein boundary in the North German basin. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften* 157: 77-105.
- Hillier, A.P., 2003. The Leman field, Blocks 49/26, 49/27, 49/28, 53/1, 53/2, UK North Sea *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M. (Eds): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 761-770.
- Hillier, A.P. & Williams, B.P.J., 1991. The Leman Field, Blocks 49/26, 49/27, 49/28, 53/1, 53/2, UK North Sea. *In*: Abbots, I.L. (Ed.): *United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume*. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 451-458.
- Hillis, R.R., 1995. Regional Tertiary exhumation in and around the United Kingdom. *In*: Buchanan, J.G., Buchanan, P.G., Bond, G.C. and Kominz, M.A. (Eds): *Basin Inversion*. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 88: 251-263.
- Hillis, R.R., Holford, S.P., Green, P.F., Doré, A.G., Gatliff, R.W., Stoker, M.S., Thompson, K., Turner, J.P., Underhill, J.R. & Williams, G.A., 2008. Cenozoic exhumation of the southern British Isles. *Geology* 36: 371-374.
- Hindenberg, K., 1999. Genese, Migration und Akkumulation von Erdöl in Mutter- und Speichergesteinen des Strassfurt-Karbonat (Ca2) von Mecklenburg-Vorpommern und Südost-Brandenburg. *Berichte des Forschungszentrums Jülich* 3698: 1-185.
- Hirst, D.M. & Dunham, K.C., 1963. Chemistry and petrography of the Marl Slate of S.E. Durham, England. *Economic Geology* 58: 912-940.
- Hirvas, H. & Tynni, R., 1976. Tertiary clay deposit at Savykoski, Finnish Lapland, and observations of Tertiary microfossils, preliminary report. *Geologi* 28: 33-40.

Hiss, M., Jansen, F. & Prüfert, J., 2005. Das Tertiär des Niederrheins in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41: 307-312.

Hobson, G.D. & Hillier, A.P., 1991. The Sean North and Sean South Fields, Block 49/25a, UK North Sea. *In*: Abbotts, I.L. (Ed.): United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 485-490.

Hodge, M.B., 1932. The Permian Yellow Sands of north-east England. Proceedings of the University of Durham Philosophical Society 8: 410-458.

Hodge, T., 2003. The Saltfleetby Field, Block L 47/16, Licence PEDL 005, Onshore UK. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 911-919.

Hoedemaeker, P.J. & Hergreen, G.F.W., 2003. Correlation of Tethyan and Boreal Berriasian - Barremian strata with emphasis on strata in the subsurface of Netherlands. Cretaceous Research 24: 253-275.

Hoffmann, F., 1823. Beiträge zur genaueren Kenntniß der geognostischen Verhältnisse Nord-Deutschlands. Theil 1: Geognostische Beschreibung des Herzogthums Magdeburg, Fürstenthums Halberstadt, und ihrer Nachbarländer. Mittler (Berlin): 140 pp.

Hoffmann, N. & Franke, D., 1997. The Alvalonia-Baltica Suture in NE Germany – New Constraints and Alternative Interpretations. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 25 (1-2): 3-14.

Hoffmann, N., Hengesbach, L., Friedrichs, B. & Brink, H.J., 2008. The contribution of magnetotellurics to an improved understanding of the geological evolution of the North German Basin – review and new results. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 159: 591-606.

Hoffmann, N., Jödicke, H., Fluche, B., Jording, A. & Müller, W., 1998. Modellvorstellungen zur Verbreitung potentieller präwestfälischer Erdgas-Muttergesteine in Norddeutschland – Ergebnisse neuer magnetotellurischer Messungen. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 44: 140-158.

Hoffmann, N., Jödicke, H. & Gerling, P., 2001. The distribution of pre-Westphalian source rocks in the North German Basin – Evidence from magnetotelluric and geochemical data. Netherlands Journal of Geosciences 80: 71-84.

Hoffmann, N., Jödicke, H. & Horejschi, L., 2005. Regional distribution of the Lower Carboniferous Culm and Carboniferous limestone facies in the North German Basin – evidence from magnetotelluric and geochemical data. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 156: 323-339.

Hoffmann, N., Jödicke, H., Jording, A. & Müller, W., 1996. Ergebnisse neuer magnetotellurischer Messungen in Norddeutschland: Nererkenntnisse zur tektonischen Felderung und zur Verbreitung potentieller Muttergesteine im Präperm. Elektromagnetische Tiefenforschung. Deutsche Geophysikalische Gesellschaft (Burg Ludwigsstein).

Hoffmann, N., Kamps, H.-J. & Schneider, J., 1989. Neuerkenntnisse zur Biostratigraphie und Paläodynamik des Perms in der Nordostdeutschen Senke – ein Diskussionsbeitrag. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 35: 189-297.

Hoffmann, N., Pokorski, J., Linders, W. & Bachmann, G.H., 1997. Rotliegend stratigraphy, palaeogeography and facies in the eastern part of the Central European Basin. Proceedings of the XIII International Congress on the Carboniferous and Permian, Part 2: 75-86.

Hoffmann, N. & Stiewe, H., 1994. Neuerkenntnisse zur geologisch-geophysikalischen Modellierung der Pritzwalker Anomalie im Bereich des Ostelbischen Massivs. Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften 22: 161-171.

Holliday, D.W., Allsop, J.M., Clarke, M.R., Lamb, R.C., Kirby, G.A., Rowley, W.J., Smith, K., Smith, N.J.P. & Swallow, P.W., 1984. Hydrocarbon prospectivity of the Carboniferous rocks of eastern England. Hydrocarbon prospectivity of selected UK onshore basins. London. 84/4; CD-ROM.

Hollingworth, N. & Pettigrew, T., 1988. Zechstein reef fossils and their palaeoecology. Palaeontological Association. University Printing House (Oxford): 75 pp.

Hollingworth, N. & Tucker, M.E., 1987. The Upper Permian (Zechstein) Tunstall Reef of North East England: palaeoecology and early diagenesis. Lecture Notes in Earth Sciences 10: 23-50.

Hollmann, G., Klug, B., Schmitz, J., Stahl, E. & Wellens, M., 1997. Schneeren-Husum – zur Geologie einer Erdgaslagerstätte im Nordwestdeutschen Oberkarbon. Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften Veröffentlichungen 13: 33-34.

Holloway, S., 1985. Jurassic. *In*: Whittaker, A. (Ed.): Atlas of onshore sedimentary basins in England and Wales: Post-Carboniferous tectonics and stratigraphy. Blackie (Glasgow and London): 37-43.

Holloway, S., Jones, N.S., Creedy, D.P. & Garner, K., 2005. Can new technologies be used to exploit the coal resources in the Yorkshire/Nottinghamshire Coalfield? *In*: Collinson, J.D., Evans, D.J., Holliday, D.W. and Jones, N.S. (Eds): Carboniferous hydrocarbon geology – The southern North Sea and surrounding onshore areas. Yorkshire Geological Society Occasional Publication (Antrim) 7: 195-208.

Holloway, S., Vincent, C.J., Bentham, M.S. & Kirk, K.L., 2006. Top-down and bottom-up estimates of CO₂ storage capacity in the UK sector of the Southern North Sea Basin. Environmental Geoscience 13 (2): 74-81.

Hollywood, J.M. & Whorlow, C.V., 1993. Structural development and hydrocarbon occurrence of the Carboniferous in the UK southern North Sea Basin. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 689-696.

Holtam, V.R., van den Boer, M.J. & Platenkamp, R.J., 1990. The Schoonebeek Oilfield: the RW-2E high pressure steam injection project. Revue de l'Institut Français du Pétrole 45: 89-97.

Hooper, R.J., Goh, L.S. & Dewey, F., 1995. The inversion history of the northeastern margin of the Broad Fourteens Basin. *In*: Buchanan, J.G. and Buchanan, P.G. (Eds): Basin Inversion. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 88: 307-317.

Hoth, K., Huebscher, H.D., Korich, D., Gabriel, W. & Enderlein, F., 1993a. Die Lithostratigraphie der permokarbonischen Effusiva im Zentralabschnitt der Mitteleuropäischen Senke – Der permokarbone Vulkanismus im Zentralabschnitt der Mitteleuropäischen Senke. Teil 1. Geologisches Jahrbuch A131: 179-196.

Hoth, K. & Leonhardt, D. (Eds), 2001. Stratigraphie von Deutschland II, Ordovizium, Kambrium, Vendium, Riphäikum, Teil III. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 235: 186 pp.

Hoth, K., Rusbült, J., Zagora, K., Beer, H. & Hartmann, O., 1993b. Die tiefen Bohrungen im Zentralabschnitt der mitteleuropäischen Senke – Dokumentation für den Zeitabschnitt 1962-1990. Schriftenreihe für Geowissenschaften 2: 7-145.

Hoth, K.A., Lindert, W., Hoth, P. & Weyer, D., 2005a. Das Oberkarbon des Nordrandes der Mitteleuropäischen Senke im Bereich Vorpommern, Rügen, Pommersche Bucht. *In*: Wrede, V. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanium) in Deutschland. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 355-368.

Hoth, P., Lindert, W., Hoth, K.A. & Weyer, D., 2005b. Das Oberkarbon des zentralen Bereiches der Mitteleuropäischen Senke in Norddeutschland (Südwest-Mecklenburg, Nordwest-Brandenburg, Altmark). *In*: Wrede, V. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanium) in Deutschland. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 335-354.

Hounslow, M.W. & McIntosh, G., 2003. Magnetostratigraphy of the Sherwood Sandstone Group (Lower and Middle Triassic), south Devon, UK: detailed correlation of the nonmarine Anisian. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 193: 325-348.

Hounslow, M.W., Posen, P.E. & Warrington, G., 2004. Magnetostratigraphy and biostratigraphy of the Upper Triassic and earliest Jurassic (Norian to Hettangian) succession, St. Audrie's Bay, west Somerset, UK. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 213: 331-358.

Hounslow, M.W. & Ruffell, A., 2006. Triassic – Seasonal Rivers, Dusty Deserts and Salty Lakes. *In*: Brenchley, P.J. and Rawson, P.F. (Eds): The Geology of England and Wales. The Geological Society (London): 295-324.

Howard, A., Warrington, G., Ambrose, K. & Rees, J., 2008. A formational framework for the Mercia Mudstone Group (Triassic) of England and Wales. British Geological Survey (Keyworth, Nottingham): 33 pp.

Howard, A.S., Warrington, G., Young, S.R., Ambrose, K., Carney, J.N. & Pharaoh, T.C., 2009. The Geology of the country around Nottingham, Sheet 126 (England and Wales). Memoir of the British Geological Survey (Keyworth, Nottingham).

Howell, J. & Mountney, N., 1997. Climatic cyclicity and accommodation space in arid to semi-arid depositional systems: an example from the Rotliegend Group of the UK southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 63-86.

Huang, W.Y. & Meinschein, W.G., 1979. Sterols as ecological indicators. Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta 43: 739-745.

Huebscher, H.D., 1989. Petrologie der andesitischen subsekuenten variszischen Vulkanite im Ostbrandenburger Vulkanitkomplex und deren epigenetische Umwandlungen. Thesis. E.M. Arndt Universität Greifswald (Greifswald): 143 pp.

Hug, N. & Gaupp, R., 2006. Palaeogeographic reconstruction in red beds by means of genetically related correlation: results from the upper part of the German Zechstein (Late Permian). Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 157: 107-120.

Hünecke, H., 1995. Early Devonian (Emsian) to Late Devonian (Famennian) stratigraphy and conodonts of the Antoinettenweg section in the Lower Harz Mountains (Germany). Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg 188: 99-132.

Hunt, J.M., 1996. Petroleum Geochemistry and Geology. W.H. Freeman (San Francisco): 743 pp.

Hunter, R.E., 1990. Some Thoughts on Erg Margins *In*: Imbrie, J. and Imbrie, J.Z. (Eds): Ancient Aeolian. Stience: 943-953.

Hurter, S. & Haenel, R., 2002. Atlas of geothermal resources in Europe. Commission of the European Communities (Luxemburg): 92 pp.

Hurtig, E., 1995. Temperature and heat-flow density along European transcontinental profiles. Tectonophysics 244 (1-3): 75-83.

Husmo, T., Hamar, G.P., Hoiland, O., Johannessen, E.P., Romuld, A., Spencer, A.M. & Titterton, R., 2002. Lower and Middle Jurassic. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 129-155.

Huttel, P., 1989. Das Stassfurt-Karbonat (Ca2) in Süoldenburg – Fazies und Diagenese eines Sedimentes am Nordhang der Hunte-Schwelle. Göttinger Arbeiten zur Geologie und Paläontologie 39: 1-94.

Huuse, M., 2002. Cenozoic uplift and denudation of southern Norway: insights from the North Sea Basin. *In*: Doré, A.G., Cartwright, J.A., Stoker, M.S., Turner, J.P. and White, N. (Eds): Exhumation of the North Atlantic margin: timing, mechanism and implications for petroleum exploration. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 196: 67-83.

Huuse, M. & Lykke-Andersen, H., 2000. Overdeepened Quaternary valleys in the eastern Danish North Sea: morphology and origin. Quaternary Science Reviews 19: 1233-1253.

Huxley, J., 1983. Britain's onshore oil industry. Macmillan Publishers (London).

Huyghe, P. & Mugnier, J.L., 1995. A comparison of inverted basins of the Southern North Sea and inverted structures of the external Alps. *In*: Buchanan, J.G. and Buchanan, P.G. (Eds): Basin Inversion. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 88: 339-353.

Iakovleva, A.I. & Heilmann-Clausen, C., 2006. Comparisons of Eocene dinoflagellate events across the North Sea Basin, Peri-Tethys and western Siberia: New evidences for long-distance correlations and provincialism, Climate & Biota of the Early Paleogene, Bilbao.

Iakovleva, A.I., King, C., Steurbaut, E., Ward, D.J. & Heilmann-Clausen, C., 2004. Early-Mid Eocene dinoflagellates from the Aktulagay section (Kazakhstan): new information on marine connections between the eastern Peri-Tethys and the North Sea Basin, XI IPC 2004 International Palynological Congress, Granada, 199 pp.

Ineson, J.R., 1993a. Rotliegend (Lower Permian) of Denmark. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse: 29 pp.

Ineson, J.R., 1993b. The Lower Cretaceous chalk play in the Danish Central Trough. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 175-183.

Ineson, J.R., Bojesen-Koefoed, J.A., Dybkjær, K. & L.H., N., 2003. Volgian-Ryazanian 'hot shales' of the Bo Member (Farsund Formation) in the Danish Central Graben, North Sea: stratigraphy, facies and geochemistry. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland 1: 403-438.

Ineson, J.R. & Surlyk, F. (Eds), 2003. The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 948 pp.

International Commission on Stratigraphy, 2008. International Stratigraphic Chart. *In*: Ogg, J.G., Ogg, G. and Gradstein, F.M. (Eds): A Concise Geologic Timescale. Cambridge University Press: 184 pp.

IPCC (Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change), 2005. Special Report on Carbon Dioxide Capture and Storage. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 431 pp.

Isaksen, D. & Tonstad, K., 1989. A revised Cretaceous and Tertiary lithostratigraphic nomenclature for the Norwegian North Sea. Bulletin of the Norwegian Petroleum Directorate 5: 1-59.

Ivanov, V.K., 1975. Ostracods. *In*: Suveizdis, P. (Ed.): Permian deposits of Baltic area (stratigraphy and fauna). Mintis (Vilnius): 156-184.

Jackowicz, E., 1994. Persmkie skaly wulkaniczne północnej czesci monokliny przedsudeckiej. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 145: 1-47.

Jackson, D.I. & Johnson, H., 1996. Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the Triassic, Permian and Carboniferous of the UK offshore East Irish Sea Basin. British Geological Survey (Nottingham): 161 pp.

Jacob, H., Stoppel, D. & Wehner, H., 1981. Untersuchung disperer Bitumina des Westharzes und deren geologische Deutung. Erdöl-Erdgas Zeitschrift 97: 182-190.

Jacobs, P. & De Batist, M., 1996. Sequence stratigraphy and architecture on a ramp-type continental shelf: the Belgian Palaeogene. *In*: De Batist, M. and Jacobs, P. (Eds): Geology of Siliciclastic Shelf Seas. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 117: 23-48.

Jacobsen, N.L., Engstrøm, F., Uldall, A. & Petersen, N.W., 1999. Delineation of Hydrodynamic/Geodynamic trapped oil in Low Permeability Chalk. SPE paper 56514: 10 pp.

Jacquin, T. & De Graciansky, P.C., 1998. Major transgressive/regressive cycles: The stratigraphic signature of European basin development. *In*: De Graciansky, P.C., Jacquin, T. and Vail, P.R. (Eds): Mesozoic and Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy of European basins. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 60: 15-29.

Jäger, H., 1964. Monograptus hercynicus in den Westsudeten und das Alter der Westsudeten-Hauptfaltung. Geologie 13: 249-273.

Jagt, J.W.M., 1999. Late Cretaceous-Early Palaeogene echinoderms and the K/T boundary in the southeast Netherlands and northeast Belgium – Part 1: Introduction and stratigraphy. Scripta Geologica 116: 1-57.

Jakobsen, F., Ineson, J.R., Kristensen, L., Nytoft, H.P. & Stemmerik, L., 2005. The Valdemar Field, Danish Central Graben: field compartmentalization and regional prospectivity of the Lower Cretaceous chalk play. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 177-186.

Jakobsen, F., Ineson, J.R., Kristensen, L. & Stemmerik, L., 2004. Characterization and zonation of a marly chalk reservoir: the Lower Cretaceous Valdemar Field of the Danish Central Graben. Petroleum Geoscience 10: 21-33.

Jakobsen, F. & Kristensen, L., 1998. Reservoir zonation within the Valdemar and Adda Fields. PRIORITY Sub-project 1.5.a. Danmark og Grønlands Geologiske Undersøgelse.

James, W.C., 1985. Early diagenesis, Atherton Formation Quaternary: a guide for understanding early cement distribution and grain modifications in non-marine deposits. Journal of Sedimentary Petrology 55 (1): 135-146.

Janik, T., Grad, M., Guterch, A., Dadlez, R., Yliniemi, J., Tiira, T., Gaczynski, E. & Group, C.W., 2005. Lithospheric structure of the Trans-European Suture Zone along the TTZ-CELO3 seismic transect (from NW to SE Poland). Tectonophysics 411: 129-155.

Jansen, U., Konigshof, P., Plodowski, G., Schindler, E. & Schindler, T., 2001. Pre-Conference field trip (V2): Rhein/Mosel area and Lahn/Dill Synclines, Rheinisches Schiefergebirge. *In*: Jansen, U., Konigshof, P., Plodowski, G. and Schindler, E. (Eds): Field trips guidebook. Int. Senckenberg Conference: 47-54.

Janssen, A.W., 2001. The age of the North Sea Basin Hemmoorian (Miocene); holoplanktonic molluscan evidence. Aardkundige Mededelingen 11: 45-50.

Janssen, A.W. & Gürs, K., 2002. Notes on the systematics, morphology and biostratigraphy of fossil holoplanktonic Mollusca, 12. On the identity of Hyalea perovalis Von Koenen, 1882 (Mollusca, Gastropoda, Euthecosomata) from the Early Miocene of the North Sea Basin. Basteria 66: 143-148.

Janssen, A.W. & Zorn, I., 1993. Revision of Middle Miocene Pteropoda (Mollusca, Euthecosomata) published by W. Krach. *In*: Janssen, A.W. and Janssen, R. (Eds): Proceedings Symposium 'Mollusca Palaeontology', 11th International. Malacological Congress. Scripta Geologica, Siena: 155-236.

Janssen, R., 1979. Die Mollusken des Oberoligozäns (Chattium) im Nordseebecken. 2. Neogastropoda, Euthyneura, Cephalopoda Archiv für Molluskenkunde 109: 277-376.

Japsen, P., 1998. Regional velocity-depth anomalies, North Sea Chalk; a record of overpressure and Neogene uplift and erosion. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 82: 2031-2074.

Japsen, P., 1999. Overpressured Cenozoic shale mapped from velocity anomalies relative to a baseline for marine shale, North Sea. Petroleum Geoscience 5: 321-336.

Japsen, P. & Bidstrup, T., 1999. Quantification of late Cenozoic erosion in Denmark based on sonic data and basin modelling. Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark 46: 79-99.

Japsen, P., Bidstrup, T. & Lidmar-Bergström, K., 2002. Neogene uplift and erosion of southern Scandinavia induced by the rise of the South Swedish Dome. *In*: Doré, A.G., Cartwright, J.A., Stoker, M.S., Turner, J.P. and White, N. (Eds): Exhumation of the North Atlantic margin: timing, mechanism and implications for petroleum exploration. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 196: 183-207.

Japsen, P. & Chalmers, J.A., 2000. Neogene uplift and tectonics around the North Atlantic: Overview. Global and Planetary Change 24: 165-173.

Japsen, P., Green, P.F., Nielsen, L.H., Rasmussen, E.S. & Bidstrup, T., 2007. Mesozoic-Cenozoic exhumation events in the eastern North Sea Basin: a multi-disciplinary study based on palaeothermal, palaeoburial, stratigraphic and seismic data. Basin Research 19: 451-490.

Japsen, P., Mavko, G., Gommesen, L., Fabricius, I., L., Jakobsen, F., Vejbaek, O.V., Rasmussen, R. & Schjøtt, C.R., 2006. Chalk background velocity: Influence of effective stress and texture, EAGE 67th Conference & Exhibition, Madrid, 4 pp.

Jaritz, W., 1973. Zur Entstehung der Salzstrukturen Nordwestdeutschlands. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 10: 1-77.

- Jaritz, W., 1980. Einige Aspekte der Entwicklungsgeschichte der nordwestdeutschen Salzstöcke. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 131: 387-408.
- Jaritz, W., 1987. The origin and development of salt structures in Northwest Germany. *In*: Lerche, I. and O'Brian, J. (Eds): Dynamical Geology of Salt and Related Structures. Academic Press (Orlando): 479-493.
- Jaritz, W., Best, G., Hildebrand, G. & Juergens, U., 1991. Regionale Analyse der seismischen Geschwindigkeiten in Nordwestdeutschland. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe E 45: 23-57.
- Jarosinski, K., 2006. Recent tectonic stress field investigations in Poland: a state of the art. Geological Quarterly 50: 303-321.
- Jarosinski, M., Poprawa, P. & Ziegler, P.A., 2009. Dynamic evolution of the Polish foreland during Cenozoic times. Geological Quarterly 53.
- Jaskowiak-Schoeneichowa, M. & Krassowska, A., 1988. Palaeothickness, lithofacies and palaeotectonics of the epicontinental Upper Cretaceous in Poland. Kwartalnik Geologiczny 32: 177-198.
- Jaworowski, K., 1971. Sedimentary structures of the Upper Silurian siltstones in the Polish Lowlands (in Polish with English summary). Acta Geologica Polonica 21519-571.
- Jaworowski, K., 1987. Geneza bursztynonośnych osadów paleogenu w okolicach Chlapowa (Origin of Paleogene amber-bearing deposits near Chlapowo). Biuletyn Instytutu Geologicznego 356: 89-102.
- Jaworowski, K., 1997. Depositional environments of the Lower and Middle Cambrian sandstone bodies; Polish part of the East European Craton. Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 377: 1-118.
- Jaworowski, K. & Mikołajewski, Z., 2007. Oil- and gas-bearing sediments of the Main Dolomite (Ca2) in the Międzychód region: a depositional model and the problem of the boundary between the second and third depositional sequences in the Polish Zechstein Basin. Przegląd Geologiczny 55: 1017-1024.
- Jaworowski, K. & Sikorska, M., 2006. Lysogóry Unit (Central Poland) versus East European Craton – application of sedimentological data from Cambrian siliciclastic association. Geological Quarterly 50: 77-88.
- Jenkyns, H.C., 1988. The early Toarcian (Jurassic) anoxic event; stratigraphical, sedimentary and geochemical evidence. American Journal of Science 288: 101-151.
- Jenkyns, H.C., Gale, A.S. & Corfield, R.M., 1994. Carbon- and Oxygen isotope stratigraphy of the English chalk and Italian Scaglia and its paleoclimatic significance. Geological Magazine 131: 1-34.
- Jensen, L.N. & Schmidt, B.J., 1993. Neogene uplift and erosion offshore South Norway: Magnitude and consequences for hydrocarbon exploration in the Farsund Basin. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 3: 79-88.
- Jensen, S.L., Janik, T., Thybo, H. & POLONAISE Profile P1 Working Group, 1999. Seismic structure of the Palaeozoic Platform along POLONAISE'97 profile P1 in northwestern Poland. Tectonophysics 314: 123-143.
- Jensen, T.F., Holm, L., Frandsen, N. & Michelsen, O., 1986. Jurassic - Lower Cretaceous lithostratigraphic nomenclature for the Danish Central Trough. Geological Survey of Denmark, Series A: 63 pp.
- Jenyon, M.K., 1985. Basin-edge diapirism and up-dip salt flow in Zechstein of southern North Sea. Bulletin of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists 69: 53-64.
- Jenyon, M.K., Cresswell, P.M. & Taylor, J.C.M., 1984. Nature of the connection between the Northern and Southern Zechstein Basin across the Mid North Sea High. Marine and Petroleum Geology 1: 355-363.
- Jeppson, L. & Laufeld, S., 1986. The late Silurian Öved-Ramsasa Group in Skane, South Sweden. Sveriges Geologiska Undersökning 58: 3-43.
- Jolley, D.W., 1996. The earliest Eocene sediments of eastern England: an ultra-high resolution palynological correlation. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B., Corfield, R.M. and Dunay, R.E. (Eds): Correlation of the Early Paleogene in Northwest Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 101: 219-254.
- Johnson, G.A.L. & Tarling, D.H., 1985. Continental convergence and closing seas during the Carboniferous, Compté Rendu Congres International de Stratigraphie et de Geologie du Carbonifère: 163-168.
- Johnson, H. & Lott, G.K., 1993. Cretaceous of the Central and Northern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham): 1-169.
- Johnson, H., Warrington, G., Stoker, S.J., Cordey, W.G. & Knox, R.W.O.B., 1994. Permian and Triassic of the Southern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham).
- Jones, E., Jones, R., Ebdon, C., Ewen, D., Milner, P., Plunkett, J., Hudson, G. & Slater, P., 2003. Eocene. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 261-277.
- Jones, N.S., Holloway, S., Creedy, D.P. & Garner, K., 2005. Can UK coal resources contribute to a gas renaissance? *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vinning, B. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 715-722.
- Jones, N.S., Holloway, S., Smith, N.J.P. & Browne, M.A.E., 2004. UK Coal Resource for New Exploitation Technologies. British Geological Survey COAL R271, DTI/Pub URN 04/1879 (Keyworth, Nottingham): 183 pp.
- Jordt, H., Faleide, J.I., Bjørlykke, K. & Ibrahim, M.T., 1995. Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy of the central and northern North Sea Basin: tectonic development, sediment distribution and provenance areas. Marine and Petroleum Geology 12: 845-879.
- Jordt, H., Thyberg, B.I. & Nøttevedt, A., 2000. Cenozoic evolution of the central and northern North Sea with focus on differential movements of the basin floor and surrounding clastic source areas. *In*: Nøttvedt, A. (Ed.): Dynamics of the Norwegian margin. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 167: 219-243.
- Jørgensen, L.N., 1992. Dan field – Denmark, Central Graben, Danish North Sea. *In*: Beaumont, E.A. and Foster, N.H. (Eds): Structural traps VI, Atlas of oil and gas fields. American Association of Petroleum Geologists: 199-215.
- Jowett, E.C., Rydzewski, A. & Jowett, R.J., 1987. The Kupferschiefer Cu-Ag ore deposits in Poland: a reappraisal of the evidence of their origin and presentation of a new genetic model. Canadian Journal of Earth Sciences 24: 2016-2037.
- Jubitz, K.B., Znosko, J. & Franke, D., 1987. Lithologic paleogeographic map of the Buntsandstein (1 : 500 000). Zentrales Geologisches Institut Berlin. International geological correlation programme 86, Southwest border of the East-European Platform.
- Jubitz, K.B., Znosko, J. & Franke, D., 1988. Lithologic paleogeographic map of the Muschelkalk (1 : 500 000). Zentrales Geologisches Institut Berlin. International geological correlation programme 86, Southwest border of the East-European Platform.
- Juch, D., Roos, W.-F. & Wolff, M., 1994. Kohleninhalts erfassung in den westdeutschen Steinkohlenlagerstätten: Das Subvariscikum Norwestdeutschlands. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen (Krefeld) 38: 189-307.
- Judd, A.G. & Hovland, M., 2007. Seabed Fluid Flow: The Impact on Geology, Biology and the Marine Environment. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 475 pp.
- Judersleben, G. & Voigt, E., 1993. Diagenese und Speicherraumentwicklung des Stassfurtkarbonats am Zechsteinbeckenrand Südbrandenburgs. Geologisches Jahrbuch A131: 271-303.
- Jureczka, J., 1995. Upper Silesian Coal Basin. *In*: Zdanowski, A. and Zakowa, H. (Eds): The Carboniferous System in Poland. Polish Geological Institute: 177-178.
- Jurkiewicz, H., 1975. Budowa geologiczna podłoża mezozoiku centralnej części niecki miechowskiej. Bulletin Instytutu Geologicznego 283: 5-150.
- Käding, K.C., 2000. Die Aller-, Ohre-, Friesland- und Fulda-Folge (vormals Bröckeschiefer-Folge). Kali und Steinsalz 13: 760-770.
- Käding, K.C., 2003. Bromprofile aus dem Zechstein 4 und 5 – ein Beitrag zur Stratigraphie der Aller- und Ohre-Folge. Kali und Steinsalz 1: 6-17.
- Käding, K.C., 2005. Bromprofile aus dem Zechstein – ein Beitrag zur Zyklusstratigraphie. Kali und Steinsalz: 30-42.
- Kaiser, A., Reicherter, K., Huebscher, C. & Gajewski, D., 2005. Variation of the present-day stress field within the North German Basin – insights from thin shell FE modelling based on residual GPS velocities. Tectonophysics 397: 55-72.
- Kalkowsky, E., 1908. Oolith und Stromatolith im norddeutschen Buntsandstein. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 60: 68-125.
- Kämpf, H., 2001. Mecklenburger Kristallinkomplexe. *In*: Hoth, K. and Leonhardt, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland II – Ordovizium, Kambrium, Vendium, Riphäikum – Teil III. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 235: 152-157.
- Kämpf, H., Koric, D. & Brause, H., 1994. Anorthosit-, Gabbro- und Ilmeniterz-Xenolithe in permischen Basalten der Tiefbohrung Schwerin 1 – ein Indiz für das Ostelbische Massiv. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 22: 115-128.
- Kanev, S., Margulis, L., Bojesen-Koefoed, J.A., Weil, W.A., Merta, H. & Zdanavičiūtė, O., 1994. Oils and hydrocarbon source rocks of the Baltic syncline. Oil and Gas Journal 92: 69-73.
- Kannegieser, E. & Kozur, H., 1972. Mikropaläontologie des Schilfsandsteins (Karn). Geologie 21: 185-215.
- Karnin, W.-D., Gast, R., Bärle, C., Clever, B., Kühn, M. & Sommer, J., 2006. Play types, structural history and distribution of Middle Buntsandstein gas fields in NW Germany: Observations and their genetic interpretation. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 157: 121-134.
- Karnin, W.-D., Merkel, D., Piske, J. & Schretzenmayr, S., 1998a. Geowissenschaftliche Ergebnisse der Kohlenwasserstoff-Exploration im Land Brandenburg und im Thüringer Becken in den Jahren 1991-1996 (Zechstein und Rotliegend). Geologisches Jahrbuch A 149: 59-79.
- Karnin, W.-D., Merkel, D., Piske, J. & Schretzenmayr, S., 1998b. Historie und gemeinsames Explorationskonzept EEG-BEB nach 1990. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 149: 1-320.
- Karnin, W.D., Idiz, E., Merkel, D. & Ruprecht, E., 1996. The Zechstein Stassfurt Carbonate hydrocarbon system of the Thüringian Basin, Germany. Petroleum Geoscience 2: 53-58.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1993. Złoża gazu ziemnego i ropy naftowej w Polsce. Wydawnictwo Geosynoptyków 'Geos' AGH (Kraków): 214 pp.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1994. Rotliegend lithostratigraphy in the central part of the Polish Permian Basin. Geological Quarterly 30: 27-42.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1996a. Modelowania generowania i migracji HC w rejonie Dobrzycy. Przegląd Geologiczny 2: 67-69.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1996b. Thermal history and hydrocarbon generation in the area of Dobrzyca Structure (Western Pomerania, Poland) Przegląd Geologiczny 44 (4): 349-357.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1999a. History of Petroleum Exploration in the Polish Lowlands. *In*: Gorecki, W. (Ed.): GeoSynoptics Society 'GEOS'. University of Mining and Metallurgy (Cracow): 210-203.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1999b. Oil and gas deposits in Poland. Wydawnictwo Geosynoptyków 'Geos' AGH (Kraków): 380 pp.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 1999c. Origin and evolution of the Polish Rotliegend basin. Polish Geological Institute Special Papers 3: 1-93.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 2003a. Carboniferous time in the evolution of the Lublin Basin as the main hydrocarbon formation stage in the Lublin area – results of the geological modelling (PetroMod). Przegląd Geologiczny 51 (9): 783-790.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 2003b. Modelling of hydrocarbon generating conditions within Lower Palaeozoic strata in the western part of the Baltic Basin. Przegląd Geologiczny 51 (9): 756-763.
- Karnkowski, P.H., 2007. Permian Basin as a main exploration target in Poland. Przegląd Geologiczny 55 (12/1): 1003-1015.
- Kasiński, J.R., 1985. Syndimentary tectonics as a factor controlling sedimentation of brown-coal formation in tectonic depressions in western Poland. *In*: Borisov, V.S. (Ed.): Solid fuel mineral deposits. Proceedings of the 27th International Geological Congress, Moscow. VNU Science Press (Utrecht) 14: 247-279.
- Kasiński, J.R., 2000a. Geological atlas of the Tertiary lignite-bearing association in the Polish part of the Zittau Basin. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 59 pp.
- Kasiński, J.R., 2000b. Propozycja podziału litostratygraficznego osadów trzeciorzędowej asociacji brunatnowęglowej w polskiej części Górnokłużyckiego Zagłębia Węgla Brunatnego. *In*: Lipiarski, I. (Ed.): 23 symposium: geologia formacji węglonośnych Polski. Wydawnictwo Akademii Górniczo-Hutniczej Wydawnictwo Akademii Górniczo-Hutniczej (Kraków): 69-79.
- Kasiński, J.R., 2004. Paleogen i neogen w zapadliskach i rowach tektonicznych. *In*: Peryt, T.M. and Piwocki, M. (Eds): Budowa Geologiczna Polski, Stratygrafia, Kenozoik - Paleogen i Neogen 1: 3a. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 134-161.
- Kasiński, J.R., 2005. Zapis sedymentacyjny wpływów morskich w miocenijskiej asociacji brunatno-węglowej w rejonie łuku Mużakowa. *In*: Lipiarski, I. (Ed.): 28 symposium: geologia formacji węglonośnych Polski. Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza (Kraków): 39-46.
- Kasiński, J.R. & Piwocki, M., 2002. Low rank coals in Poland: prospecton – mining – progress. *In*: Jureczka, J. and Podemski, M. (Eds): Proceedings of the IV European Coal Conference. Polish Geological Institute Special Papers (Warszawa) 7: 17-30.
- Kasiński, J.R. & Piwocki, M., 2007a. Neogene. *In*: Wagner, R. (Ed.): Stratigraphic table of Poland. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa).
- Kasiński, J.R. & Piwocki, M., 2007b. Palaeogene. *In*: Wagner, R. (Ed.): Stratigraphic table of Poland. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa).
- Kasiński, J.R.,aternus, A. & Urbański, P., 2008. Łużycko-lubuski masyw złóż węgla brunatnego I jego znaczenie gospodarcze. *In*: Pańczyk, M. (Ed.): Złoża kopalin – aktualne problemy prac poszukiwawczych, badawczych i dokumentacyjnych. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa) 429: 59-62.
- Kattai, V., Lokk, U. & Mokrik, R., 1997. Review of oil deposits in the East Baltic. Bulletin of the Geological Survey of Estonia 8: 4-10.
- Katzung, G., 1972. Stratigraphie und Paläogeographie des Unterperms im Mitteleuropa. Geologie 21: 570-584.
- Katzung, G., 1995. Prä-Zechstein in Zentral- und Ostbrandenburg. Berliner Geowissenschaftliche Abhandlungen A168: 5-21.
- Katzung, G., 2001. The Caledonides at the southern margin of the East European Craton. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 3-53.
- Katzung, G. (Ed.), 2004. Geologie von Mecklenburg-Vorpommern. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 580 pp.
- Katzung, G. & Krull, P., 1984. Zur tektonischen Entwicklung Mittel und Nordwesteuropas während des Jungpaläozoikums. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 30 (4): 163-173.
- Kędzierski, J., 2000. Sequenzstratigraphie des Muschelkalks im östlichen Teil des Germanischen Beckens (Deutschland, Polen). Thesis. Universität Halle (Halle): 210 pp.
- Keller, G.R. & Hatcher, R.D., 1999. A summary of crustal structure along the Appalachian Quachita orogenic belt in North America: a comparison with the TESZ. Tectonophysics 314: 43-68.
- Kemper, E., 1979. Die Unterkreide Nordwestdeutschlands. Ein Überblick. *In*: Wiedmann, J. (Ed.): Aspekte der Kreide Europas. International Union of Geological Sciences Series A6: 1-9.
- Kemper, E., 1987. Das Klima der Kreide-Zeit. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 96: 5-185.
- Kent, P.E., 1980. Subsidence and uplift in East Yorkshire and Lincolnshire: a double inversion. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 42: 505-524.
- Kepińska, B., 2005. Geothermal energy country update report from Poland, 2000-2004, World Geothermal Congress Antalya.
- Kerkmann, K., 1969. Riffe und Algenbänke im Zechstein von Thüringen. Freiburger Forschungshefte: 85 pp.
- Kershaw, S., 2005. Development of a Methodology for Estimating Methane Emissions from Abandoned Coal Mines in the UK. Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (DEFRA) IMC White Young Green Environmental Report D5559\SK\May2005\V3 Prepared for DEFRA (London): 109 pp.
- Kettel, D., 1983. The East Groningen Massif – Detection of an intrusive body by means of coalification. Geologie en Mijnbouw 62: 203-210.
- Ketter, F.J., 1991. The Esmond, Forbes, and Gordon Fields, Blocks 43/8a, 43/13a, 43/15a, 43/20a, UK North Sea. *In*: Abbotts, I.L. (Ed.): United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 425-432.
- Kicula, J. & Żakowa, H., 1972. Devonian and Carboniferous in the basement of the southern part of the Miechów syncline. Rocznik Polskiego Towarzystwa Geologicznego 42: 165-228.
- Kiersnowski, H., 1997. Depositional development of the Polish Upper Rotliegend Basin and evolution of its sediment source areas. Geological Quarterly 41 (4): 433-456.
- Kiersnowski, H., 1998. Depositional architecture of the Rotliegend Basin in Poland. *In*: Narkiewicz, M. (Ed.): Sedimentary Basins Analysis of the Polish Lowlands. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 165: 113-128.
- Kiersnowski, H. & Buniak, A., 2006. Evolution of the Rotliegend Badin of northwestern Poland. Geological Quarterly 50: 119-137.
- Kiersnowski, H., Paul, J., Peryt, T.M. & Smith, D.B., 1995. Facies, paleogeography and sedimentary history of the Southern Permian Basin in Europe. *In*: Scholle, P.A., Peryt, T.M. and Ulmer-Scholle, D.S. (Eds): The Permian of Northern Pangea. Springer-Verlag (Berlin): 119-136.
- Kiersnowski, H., Peryt, T.M., Buniak, A. & Mikołajewski, Z., 2009. From the intra-desert ridges to the marine carbonate island chain: palaeogeography, depositional history and tectonic evolution of the Permian Upper Rotliegend-Lower Zechstein, Wolsztyn-Pogorzela High, West Poland. Geological Journal.
- King, C., 1989. Cenozoic of the North Sea. *In*: Jenkins, D.G. and Murray, J.W. (Eds): Stratigraphic atlas of fossil foraminifera, 2nd edition. Ellis Horwood (Chichester): 418-489.
- King, C., 2006. Paleogene and Neogene: uplift and a cooling climate. *In*: Brenchley, P.J. and Rawson, P.F. (Eds): The Geology of England and Wales. The Geological Society (London): 397-427.
- King, D., 1956. The Quaternary stratigraphic record at Lake Eyre north and the evolution of existing topographic forms. Transactions of the Royal Society of South Australia Incorporated 79.
- Kirby, G.A. & Swallow, P., 1987. Tectonism and sedimentation in the Flamborough Head region of north-east England. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 46: 301-309.
- Kleinsorge, H., 1935. Paläogeographische Untersuchungen über den Oberen Muschelkalk in Nord- und Mitteldeutschland. Mitteilungen aus dem Geologischen Staatsinstitut Hamburg 25: 57-106.
- Klemperer, S. & Hobbs, R., 1991. The BIRPS Atlas – Deep seismic reflection profiles around the British Isles. Cambridge University Press (Cambridge): 124 pp.
- Kley, J. & Voigt, T., 2008. Late Cretaceous intraplate thrusting in central Europe: Effect of Africa-Europe-Iberia convergence, not Alpine collision. Geology 36: 839-842.

Klimuszko, E., 2002. Silurian sediments of the south-eastern Poland as potential source rock for Devonian oils. *Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 402: 75-100.

Klingspor, S.L., 1976. Radiometric age determinations on basalts and dolerites and related arenites in Skåne, South Sweden. *Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar* 98: 195-215.

Klose, G. & Krömer, E., 1983. Frac-Planung und Behandlung Söhligen Z-4; Fracture Design and Treatment Soehlingen Z-4. *Erdöl-Erdgas Zeitschrift* 99.

Kneller, B.C., King, L.M. & Bell, A.M., 1993. Foreland basin development and tectonics on the northwest margin of eastern Avalonia. *Geological Magazine* 130: 691-697.

Knight, J.L., Shelvin, B.J., Edgar, D.C. & Dolan, P., 1996. Coal thickness distributions on the UK continental shelf. *In*: Gayer, R. and Harris, I. (Eds): Coalbed Methane and Coal Geology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 109: 43-57.

Knox, R.W.O.B., 1996. Tectonic controls on sequence development in the Paleocene and earliest Eocene of SE England: implications for North Sea stratigraphy. *In*: Hesselbo, S.P. and Parkinson, D.N. (Eds): Sequence stratigraphy in British geology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 103: 209-230.

Knox, R.W.O.B., Bosch, J.H.A., Rasmussen, E.S., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Hiss, M., De Lugt, I.R., Kasiński, J., King, C., Köthe, A., Stodkowska, B., Standke, G. & Vandenberghe, N., 2010. Cenozoic. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 211-223.

Knox, R.W.O.B. & Holloway, S., 1992. Paleogene of the Central and Northern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham): 1-133.

Koch, B.E., 1989. Geology of the Soby-Fasterholt area. DGU Serie A, No. 22: 171 pp.

Kockel, F., 1991. Die Strukturen im Untergrund des Braunschweiger Landes. *Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A* 127: 391-404.

Kockel, F. (Ed.), 1995. Structural and Palaeogeographical Development of the German North Sea Sector. Beiträge zur Regionalen Geologie. Gebrüder Bornträger (Berlin, Stuttgart): 96 pp.

Kockel, F., 1996. Tectonic Atlas of Northwest Germany, 1985-1996. Federal Institute for Geoscience and Natural Resources (Hannover).

Kockel, F., 1998. Salt problems in Northwest Germany and the German North Sea sector. *Journal of Seismic Exploration* 7: 219-235.

Kockel, F., 2002. Rifting processes in NW-Germany and the German North Sea Sector. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 81 (2): 149-158.

Kockel, F., 2003. Inversion structures in Central Europe – Expressions and reasons, an open discussion. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 82: 367-382.

Kockel, F., Wehner, H. & Gerling, P., 1994. Petroleum Systems of the Lower Saxony Basin, Germany. *In*: Magoon, L.B. and Dow, W.G. (Eds): The Petroleum System – From Source to Trap. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir (Tulsa) 60: 573-586.

Kocurek, G., 1988. First-order and super bounding surfaces in aeolian sequences – bounding surfaces revisited. *Sedimentary Geology* 56: 193-206.

Kocurek, G., Robinson, N.I. & Sharp, J.M., 2001. The response of the water table in coastal aeolian systems to changes in sea level. *Sedimentary Geology* 139: 1-13.

Kombrink, H., 2008. The Carboniferous of the Netherlands and surrounding areas; a basin analysis. Thesis. Utrecht University (Utrecht): 184 pp.

Kombrink, H., Besly, B.M., Collinson, J.D., Den Hartog Jager, D.G., Drozdowski, G., Duser, M., Hoth, P., Pagnier, H.J.M., Stemmerik, L., Waksmundzka, M.I. & Wrede, V., 2010. Carboniferous. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 81-99.

Kombrink, H., Bridge, J.S. & Stouthamer, E., 2007. The alluvial architecture of the Coevorden Field (Upper Carboniferous), the Netherlands. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 86 (1): 3-14.

Kombrink, H., Leever, K.A., Van Wees, J.D., Van Bergen, F., David, P. & Wong, T.E., 2008. Late Carboniferous foreland basin formation and Early Carboniferous stretching in Northwestern Europe – Inferences from quantitative subsidence analyses in the Netherlands. *Basin Research* 20: 377-395.

König, W. & Blumenstengel, H., 2005. Die Oligozänvorkommen am Hartenberg und bei Hüttenrode im Mittelharz und ihre Bedeutung für die känozoische Harzentwicklung. Mitteilungen Verband deutscher Höhlen- und Karstforscher 51: 120-125.

Kooi, H., Cloetingh, S.A.P.L. & Remmelts, G., 1989. Intraplate stresses and the stratigraphic evolution of the North Sea Central Graben. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 68: 49-72.

Kopik, J., 1998. Lower and Middle Jurassic of the north-eastern margin of the Upper Silesian coal basin. *Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 378: 67-120.

Köppen, A., 1997. Faziesentwicklung in der frühen Obertrias Mitteleuropas – ein sequenzstratigraphischer Vergleich. *Gaea heidelbergensis*: 233 pp.

Köppen, A. & Carter, A., 2000. Constraints on provenance of the central European Triassic using detrital zircon fission track data. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 161: 193-204.

Korich, D., 1992. Zur Vulkanologie und Korrelation der permosilesischen Vulkanite im Darß-Uckermark-Eruptivkomplex/Nordostdeutschland. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 20: 467-473.

Kornphl, K., 2005. Tectono-sedimentary Evolution of the NE German Variscan Foreland Basin. Thesis. University of Bonn (Bonn): 123 pp.

Korte, C. & Kozur, H.W., 2005. Carbon isotope trends in continental lake deposits of the uppermost Permian to Lower Olenekian: Germanic Lower Buntsandstein (Calvörde and Bernburg Formations). *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften* B 19: 87-94.

Korte, C., Kozur, H.W. & Bachmann, G.H., 2007. Carbon isotope values of Triassic lacustrine and hypersaline playa-lake carbonates: Lower Buntsandstein and Middle Keuper (Germany). *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften, Reihe B* 29: 1-10.

Kosakowski, P., Burzewski, W. & Kotarba, M.J., 2003. Petroleum potential of the Main Dolomite strata of the Kamień Pomorski area (northern Poland). *Petroleum generation and expulsion processes – Geological Review* 51: 663-673.

Kosakowski, P. & Kotarba, M.J., 2002. Subsidence and hydrocarbon potential of the Main Dolomite carbonates in the Polish part of Pomerania, EAGE 64th Conference & Exhibition, Florence.

Kosmowska-Ceranowicz, B., 1988. Geheimnisse und Schönheit des Bernsteins. *In*: Ganzelewski, M. and Slotta, R. (Eds): Bernstein; Traner der Gotter. Katalog der Ausstellung Des Deutschen Bergbau-Museums (Bochum).

Kossow, D., 2001. Kinematic evolution of the inverted intracontinental Northeast German Basin. Thesis. Potsdam University (Potsdam): 101 pp.

Kossow, D. & Krawczyk, C.M., 2002. Structure and quantification of processes controlling the evolution of the inverted NE-German Basin. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 19 (5): 601-618.

Kossow, D., Krawczyk, C.M., McCann, T., Strecker, M. & Negendank, J.F.W., 2000. Style and evolution of salt pillows and related structures in the northern part of the Northeast German Basin. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 89: 652-666.

Kotarba, M.J., Clayton, J.L., Rice, D.D. & Wagner, M., 2002. Assessment of hydrocarbon source rock potential of polish bituminous coals and carbonaceous shales. *Chemical Geology* 184 (1-2): 11-35.

Kotarba, M.J., Kosakowski, P., Grelowski, C. & Merta, H., 2004. Potencjał węglowodorowy karbońskich skał macierzystych w pomorskim fragmencie bruzdy śrudpolskiej. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 52: 1156-1165.

Kotarba, M.J., Kosakowski, P., Więclaw, D. & Kowalski, A., 2003. Petroleum potential of the Zechstein Main Dolomite strata of the Kamień Pomorski area (northern Poland). Part 1 – source rocks. *Geological Review* 51: 587-594.

Kotarba, M.J., Peryt, T.M., Kosakowski, P. & Wieclaw, D., 2006. Organic geochemistry, depositional history and hydrocarbon generation modelling of the Upper Permian Kupferschiefer and Zechstein Limestone strata in south-west Poland. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 23 (3): 371-386.

Kotarba, M.J., Pomorski, J., Grelowski, C. & Kosakowski, P., 2005. Geneza gazu ziemnego akumulowanego w utworach karbonu i czerwonego spagowca w nadbałtyckiej części Pomorza zachodniego. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 53: 425-433.

Kotarba, M.J. & Wagner, R., 2007. Generation potential of the Zechstein Main Dolomite (Ca2) carbonates in the Gorzów Wielkopolski-Międzychód-Lubiatów area: geological and geochemical approach to microbial-algal source rock. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 55: 1025-1036.

Kotarba, M.J., Więclaw, D. & Kowalski, A., 2000a. Skład, geneza i środowisko generowania ropy naftowej w utworach dolomitu głównego zachodniej części obszaru przedśudeckiego. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 436-442.

Kotarba, M.J., Więclaw, D. & Stecko, Z., 2000b. Skład, geneza i środowisko generowania gazu ziemnego w utworach dolomitu głównego zachodniej części obszaru przedśudeckiego. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 429-435.

Kotas, A., 1995. Moravian-Silesian-Cracovian region. Upper Silesian Coal basin. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 148: 124-136.

Kowalczewski, Z., Jaworowski, K. & Kuleta, M., 1998. Klonów Beds (uppermost Silurian-lowermost Devonian) and the problem of Caledonian deformations in the Holy Cross Mts. *Geological Quarterly* 42: 341-378.

Kowalski, A., 2006. Genetic correlation between oils and source rocks in Zechstein Main Dolomite in north-western part of Zechstein basin of Poland: biomarker and stable carbon isotope studies. Thesis. Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza-UST (Kraków): 135 pp.

Kozur, H.W., 1968. Conodonten aus dem Muschelkalk des Germanischen Binnenbeckens und ihr stratigraphischer Wert. Teil I: Conodonten vom Plattformtyp und stratigraphische Bedeutung der conodonten aus dem Oberen Muschelkalk. *Geologie* 17: 930-946.

Kozur, H.W., 1971. Ökologisch-fazielle Probleme der Biostratigraphie des oberen Muschelkalks. *Freiberger Forschungshefte* 267: 129-154.

Kozur, H.W., 1972. Vorläufige Mitteilung zur Parallelisierung der germanischen und tethyalen Trias sowie einige Bemerkungen zur Stufen- und Unterstufengliederung der Trias. Mitteilungen der Gesellschaft der Geologie- und Bergbaustudenten Innsbruck 21: 623-660.

Kozur, H.W., 1974a. Biostratigraphie der germanischen Mitteltrias. *Freiberger Forschungshefte* 280: Teil I: 1-56, Teil II: 1-70.

Kozur, H.W., 1974b. Probleme der Triasgliederung und Parallelisierung der germanischen und tethyalen Trias. Teil I: Abgrenzung und Gliederung der Trias. *Freiberger Forschungshefte* C 298: 139-197.

Kozur, H.W., 1975. Probleme der Triasgliederung und Parallelisierung der germanischen und tethyalen Trias. Teil II: Anschluss der germanischen Trias an die internationale Triasgliederung. *Freiberger Forschungshefte* C 304: 51-77.

Kozur, H.W., 1976. Ökologisch-fazielle Probleme der stratigraphischen Gliederung und Korrelation der germanischen Trias. *Jahrbuch für Geologie* 7: 70-90.

Kozur, H.W., 1980. Revision der Conodontenzonierung der Mittel- und Obertrias des tethyalen Faunenreichs. *Geologisch-Paläontologische Mitteilungen Innsbruck* 10: 79-172.

Kozur, H.W., 1984. Trias. *In*: Tröger, K.-A. (Ed.): Abriss der Historischen Geologie. Akademie-Verlag (Berlin): 316-348.

Kozur, H.W., 1993a. Annotated correlation tables of the Germanic Buntsandstein and Keuper. *In*: Lucas, S.G. and Morales, M. (Eds): The non-marine Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin 3: 243-248.

Kozur, H.W., 1993b. Range charts of conchostracans in the Germanic Buntsandstein. *In*: Lucas, S.G. and Morales, M. (Eds): The non-marine Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin 3: 249-253.

Kozur, H.W., 1998. The correlation of the Germanic Buntsandstein and Muschelkalk with the Tethyan Scale. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften Beiheft* B5: 97.

Kozur, H.W., 1999. The correlation of the Germanic Buntsandstein and Muschelkalk with the Tethyan scale. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle): 701-725.

Kozur, H.W., 2003. Integrated ammonoid, conodont and radiolarian zonation of the Triassic. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften* B 25: 49-79.

Kozur, H.W., 2007. Biostratigraphy and event stratigraphy in Iran around the Permian-Triassic Boundary (PTB): Implications for the causes of the PTB biotic crisis. *Global and Planetary Change* 55: 155-176.

Kozur, H.W. & Bachmann, G.H., 2008. Updated correlation of the Germanic Triassic with the Tethyan scale and assigned numeric ages. *Berichte Geol. B.-A.* 76: 53-58.

Kozur, H.W. & Bachmann, G.H., 2009. The Middle Carnian Wet Intermezzo of the Stuttgart Formation (Schilfsandstein), Germanic Basin. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology*: doi:10.1016/j.palaeo.2009.11.004.

Kozur, H.W. & Mock, R., 1993. The importance of conchostracans for the correlation of continental and marine beds. *In*: Lucas, S.G. and Morales, M. (Eds): The nonmarine Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin3: 261-266.

Kozur, H.W. & Seidel, G., 1983a. Revision der Conchostracen-Faunen des unteren und mittleren Buntsandsteins. Teil I. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 11 (3): 295-423.

Kozur, H.W. & Seidel, G., 1983b. Die Biostratigraphie des unteren und mittleren Buntsandsteins unter besonderer Berücksichtigung der Conchostracen. *Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften* 11 (4): 429-464.

Kozur, H.W. & Weems, R.E., 2007. Upper Triassic conchostracan biostratigraphy of the continental rift basins of Eastern North America: Its importance for correlating Newark Supergroup events with the Germanic Basin and the international geologic time scale. *In*: Lucas, S.G. and Spielman, J.A. (Eds): The Global Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin 41: 137-188.

Kramarska, R., 1995. Tertiary. Plate XI. *In*: Mojski, J.E. (Ed.): Geological Atlas of the Southern Baltic, 1 : 500 000. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): 19-20.

Kramarska, R., 1999. Geological map of the Baltic Sea bottom without Quaternary deposits, 1 : 500 000. Polish Geological Institute, Gdańsk-Warszawa.

Kramarska, R., 2000. Podłoże czwartorzędu na nowej mapie odkrytej południowego Bałtyku. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 567-570.

Kramarska, R., 2006a. Paleogen i neogen południowego Bałtyku i jego wybrzeża. Thesis. Central Geological Archives of the Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): 139 pp.

Kramarska, R., 2006b. Paleogen i Neogen południowego Bałtyku i jego wybrzeża. Thesis. Geological Archives of the Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa).

Kramarska, R., Piwocki, M., Kasiński, J.R., Stodkowska, B., Sivkov, V. & Lukashina, N., 2004. Korelacja utworów paleogenu i neogenu północnej Polski i Okręgu Kaliningradzkiego (Rosja) ze szczególnym uwzględnieniem osadów bursztynonośnych. Central Geological Archives of the Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa): 35 pp.

Krämer, F. & Kunz, H.W., 1969. Leithorizonte und Schichtausfälle im Buntsandstein Hessens und Thüringens. *Oberrheinische geologische Abhandlungen* 18: 67-76.

Krans, T.F., Tschopp, R., Keulen, H.J., de Boer, G.J.W., Van Tongeren, P.C.H., Van de Laar, J.G.M., Fermont, W.J.J., Van der Meulen, A., Pagnier, H.J.M., Van Amerom, H.W.J. & Van Rooijen, P., 1986. Eindrapport project inventarisatieonderzoek Nederlandse kolenvoorkomens, in Dutch. Geological Survey of The Netherlands GB 2107 (Heerlen): 71 pp.

Krawczyk, C., Elts, F., Lassen, A. & Thybo, H., 2002. Seismic evidence of Caledonian deformed crust and uppermost mantle structures in the northern part of the Trans-European Suture Zone, SW Baltic Sea. *Tectonophysics* 360: 215-244.

Krawczyk, C.M., McCann, T., Cocks, L.R.M., England, R., McBride, J. & Wybraniec, S., 2008a. Caledonian Tectonics. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 301-381.

Krawczyk, C.M., Rabbel, W., Willert, S., Hese, F., Götz, H.-J., Gajewski, D. & SPP-Geophysics Group, 2008b. Crustal structures and properties in the Central European Basin system from geophysical evidence. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer Verlag (Heidelberg): 67-95.

Krawczyk, C.M., Stiller, M. & DEKORP-BASIN Research Group, 1999. Reflection seismic constraints on Paleozoic crustal structure and Moho beneath the NE German Basin. *Tectonophysics* 314 (1-3): 241-253.

Krawczyk, C.M., Stiller, M., Lück, E. & DEKORP-BASIN Research Group, 1997. The northern rim of the Central European Basin System: First results of the offshore-onshore survey BASIN '96. *Terra Nostra* 97: 64-67.

Krebs, W., 1969. Über Schwarzschiefer und bituminöse Kalke im Mitteleuropaischen Variscikum. Teil 1. Vorkommen in tiefen Becken und in abgeschlossenen Teilbecken des offenen Meeres oder auf dem Schelf. *Erdöl und Kohle, Erdgas und Petrochemie* 22.

Krebs, W., 1974. Devonian carbonate complexes of Central Europe. *In*: Laporte, L.F. (Ed.): Reefs in time and space. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 18: 115-208.

Krebs, W., 1979. Devonian basinal facies. *In*: House, M.R., Scrutton, C.T. and Bassett, M.G. (Eds): The Devonian System. Special Papers in Palaeontology 23: 125-139.

Krebs, W. & Wachendorf, H., 1979. Der paläogeographisch-tektonische Entwicklungsgang des südlichen Warsteiner Komplexes, Rheinisches Schiefergebirge. *Aufschluss* 29: 33-45.

Krings, S. & Langguth, H.-R., 1987. Hydrogeology of Thermae boreholes (South-Limburg, the Netherlands). *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 110: 85-95.

Krinsley, D.H. & Smith, D.B., 1981. A selective SEM study of grains from the Permian Yellow Sands of north-east England. *Proceedings of the Geological Association* 92: 189-196.

Kristensen, T.B., Huuse, M., Piotrowski, J.A. & Clausen, O.R., 2007. A morphometric analysis of tunnel valleys in the eastern North Sea based on 3D seismic data. *Journal of Quaternary Science* 22: 801-815.

Królkowski, C. & Petecki, Z., 1995. Gravimetric Atlas of Poland. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa).

Królkowski, C. & Petecki, Z., 1997. Crustal structure at the Trans-European Suture Zone in northwest Poland based on gravity data. *Geological Magazine* 134: 661-667.

Królkowski, C. & Petecki, Z., 2002. Lithospheric structure across the Trans-European Suture Zone in NW Poland based on gravity data interpretation. *Geological Quarterly* 46 (3): 235-245.

Kröner, U., Mansy, J.-L., Mazur, S., Aleksandrowski, P., Hann, H.P., Huckriede, H., Lacquement, F., Lamarche, J., Pharaoh, T.C., Zedler, D., Zeh, A. & Zulauf, G., 2008. Variscan Tectonics. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 559-664.

- Krutzsch, W., Blumenstengel, H., Kiesel, Y. & Rüffle, L., 1992. Paläobotanische Klimagliederung des Alttertiärs (Mitteleozän bis Oberoligozän) in Mitteldeutschland und das Problem der Verknüpfung mariner und kontinentaler Gliederungen (klassische Biostratigraphien – paläobotanisch-ökologischer Klimastratigraphie – Evolutions-Stratigraphie der Vertebraten). Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 186: 137-253.
- Krysinski, L., Grad, M. & POLONAISE'97 Working Group, 2000. POLONAISE'97 – seismic and gravimetric modeling of the crustal structure in the Polish Basin. Physics and Chemistry of the Earth 25: 355-363.
- Krzywiec, P., 2001. Contrasting tectonic and sedimentary history of the central and eastern parts of the Polish Carpathian Foredeep Basin – results of seismic data interpretation. Marine and Petroleum Geology 18: 13-38.
- Krzywiec, P., 2002a. Mid-Polish Trough inversion – seismic examples, main mechanisms and its relationship to the Alpine-Carpathian collision. *In*: Bertotti, G., Schulmann, K. and Cloetingh, S. (Eds): Continental Collision and the Tectonosedimentary Evolution of Forelands. European Geosciences Union, Stephan Mueller Special Publication Series 1: 151-165.
- Krzywiec, P., 2002b. The Oświno structure (NW Mid-Polish Trough)- salt diapir or inversion-related compressional structure? Geological Quarterly 46: 337-346.
- Krzywiec, P., 2004a. Triassic evolution of the Kłodawa salt structure: basement-controlled salt tectonics within the Mid-Polish Trough (central Poland). Geological Quarterly 48 (2): 123-134.
- Krzywiec, P., 2004b. Basement vs. Salt Tectonics and Salt-Sediment Interaction – Case Study of the Mesozoic Evolution of the Intracontinental Mid-Polish Trough, 4th Annual GCSSEPM Foundation Bob F. Perkins Research Conference 'Salt – Sediment Interactions and Hydrocarbon Prospectivity: Concepts, Applications and Case Studies for the 21st Century', Houston: 343-370.
- Krzywiec, P., 2006a. Triassic – Jurassic evolution of the Pomeranian segment of the Mid-Polish Trough – basement tectonics and sedimentary patterns. Geological Quarterly 51 (1): 139-150.
- Krzywiec, P., 2006b. Structural inversion of the Pomeranian and Kuiavian segments of the Mid-Polish Trough – lateral variations in timing and structural style. Geological Quarterly 51 (1): 151-168.
- Krzywiec, P., 2007a. New view on tectonics of the Lublin region (SE Poland) based on results of seismic data interpretation. Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 422: 1-18.
- Krzywiec, P., 2007b. Tectonics of the Lublin area (SE Poland) – new views based on results of seismic data interpretation. Biuletyn Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 422: 1-18.
- Krzywiec, P., 2009. Devonian-Cretaceous repeated subsidence and uplift along the Tornquist-Teisseyre Zone in SE Poland – insight from seismic data interpretation. Tectonophysics 475 (1): 142-159.
- Krzywiec, P., Gutowski, J., Walaszczyk, I., Wróbel, G. & Wybraniec, S., 2009. Tectonostratigraphic model of the Late Cretaceous inversion along the Nowe Miasto - Zawichost fault zone, SE Mid-Polish Trough. Geological Quarterly 53 (1): 27-48.
- Krzywiec, P., Kramarska, R. & Zientara, P., 2003. Strike-slip tectonics within the SW Baltic Sea and its relationship to the Mid-Polish Trough inversion – evidence from high-resolution seismic data. Tectonophysics 373: 93-105.
- Krzywiec, P., Wybraniec, S. & Petecki, Z., 2006. Basement tectonics of the Mid-Polish Trough in central and northern Poland – results of analysis of seismic reflection, gravity and magnetic data. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 188: 107-130.
- Kuhlmann, G., Langereis, C.G., Munsterman, D., Leeuwen van, R.J.W., Verreussel, R., Meulenkamp, J.E. & Wong, T.E., 2006. Chronostratigraphy of Late Neogene sediments in the southern North Sea Basin and paleoenvironmental interpretations. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 239: 426-455.
- Kuhlmann, G. & Wong, T.E., 2008. Pliocene paleoenvironment evolution as interpreted from 3D-seismic data in the southern North Sea, Dutch offshore sector. Marine and Petroleum Geology 25 (2): 173-189.
- Kühn, R. & Schwerdtner, W., 1959. Nachweis deszendenter Vorgänge während der Entstehung der Leine-Serie des deutschen Zechstein-salzes. Kali und Steinsalz 2: 380-383.
- Kühnau, L. & Michelsen, O., 1994. Detailed log-stratigraphic study of the Lower Cretaceous in the Danish Central Trough, North Sea. Marine and Petroleum Geology 11: 467-478.
- Kukla, P.A., Urai, J. & Mohr, M., 2008. Dynamics of salt structures. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer Verlag (Heidelberg): 291-306.
- Kukulus, M. & Henk, A., 1999. Tektonik und Sedimentation im nordwestlichen Saar-Nahe-Becken. Terra Nostra 99: 154-156.
- Kulick, J. & Paul, J., 1987. Zur Stratigraphie und Nomenklatur des Zechsteins: Glossar Internationale Symposium, Exkursionsführer Niedersächsisches Landesamt für Bodenforschung (Hannover) 2: 8-18.
- Kulick, J. & Richter-Bernburg, G., 1987. Der über Tage anstehende Zechstein in Hessen: International Symposium on the Zechstein, Exkursionsführer. Niedersächsisches Landesamt für Bodenforschung (Hannover): 19-140.
- Kulke, H., 1997. Der Harz (Norddeutschland): geologisch-lagerstättenkundlicher Überblick, historische Baumaterialien (Natursteine, Gipsmörtel, Schlackensteine, Blei). Mitteilungen der Österreichischen Mineralogischen Gesellschaft 142: 43-84.
- Kulke, H., Gast, R., Helmuth, H. & Lützner, H., 1993. Harz area, Germany: Typical Rotliegend and Zechstein reservoirs in the Southern Permian Basin (Central Europe). *In*: Mulock Howers, J., Pilaar, W.F. and Van de Graaff-Trouwborst, T. (Eds): Field Trip 4, AAPG International Conference & Exhibition, The Hague.
- Kumpas, M.G., 1979. Mesozoic development of the Hanö Bay Basin, southern Baltic. Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar 101: 359-362.
- Kuster, H., 2005. Das jüngere Tertiär in Nord- und Nordostniedersachsen Geologisches Jahrbuch A158: 3-193.
- Kutek, J., 1994. Jurassic tectonic events in south-eastern cratonic Poland. Acta Geologica Polonica 44: 167-221.
- Kutek, J., 2001. The Polish Permo-Mesozoic Rift Basin. *In*: Ziegler, P.A., Cavazza, W., Robertson, A.H.F. and Crasquin-Soleau (Eds): Peri-Tethys Memoir 6: Peri-Tethyan Rift/Wrench Basins and Passive Margins. Mémoires du Musée Histoire Naturelle 186: 213-236.
- Kutek, J. & Glazek, J., 1972. The Holy Cross Area, Central Poland, in the Alpine Cycle: Acta Geologica Polonica 22: 603-653.
- Kuttner, R.H. & Riepe, L., 1991. Petrophysik und Fördercharakteristik des Dogger-Epsilon-Sandsteins im Gasfeld Thönse. Niedersächsische Akademie der Geowissenschaften Veröffentlichungen 6: 27-33.
- Kuyf, O.S., 1973. Pure Miocene quartz sands in Southern Limburg, The Netherlands, stratigraphical occurrence and regional distribution. Verhandelingen van het Koninklijk Nederlands Geologisch Mijnbouwkundig Genootschap 29: 73-80.
- Kuyf, O.S., 1980. Toelichting bij de geologische kaart van Nederland 1 : 50.000, Blad Heerlen (62 W oostelijke helft, 62 O westelijke helft). Rijks Geologische Dienst (Haarlem): 206 pp.
- Kwolek, A. & Buniak, A., 2004. Charakterystyka geologiczna i potencjał akumulacyjny utworów górnego czerwonego spągowca w rejonie Poznań-Ostrów Wlkp. *In*: Protas, A. and Sikorski, B. (Eds): Basen permski niżu polskiego. Czerwony spagowiec budowa i potencjał zasobowy. PGNiG Konferencja Naukowo (Piła): 47-60.
- Laenen, B., Van Tongeren, P.C.H., Dreesen, R. & Duser, M., 2004. Carbon dioxide sequestration in the Campine Basin and the adjacent Roer Valley Graben (North Belgium): an inventory. *In*: Baines, S.J. and Worden, R.H. (Eds): Geological storage of carbon dioxide. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 233: 193-210.
- Laga, P., 1973. The Neogene deposits of Belgium. Guide book for the field meeting of the Geologists' Association, London. Geological Survey of Belgium (Brussels): 31 pp.
- Laga, P., Louwye, S. & Geets, S., 2001. Paleogene and Neogene lithostratigraphic units (Belgium). Geologica Belgica 4: 135-152.
- Lagrou, D., Vandenbergh, N., Van Simaey, S. & Hus, J., 2004. Magnetostratigraphy and rock magnetism of the Boom Clay (Rupelian stratotype) in Belgium. Netherlands Journal of Geosciences 83: 209-226.
- Laier, T. & Øbro, H., 2009. Environmental and safety monitoring of the underground gas storage facility at Stenlille, Denmark. *In*: Evans, D.J. and Chadwick, R.A. (Eds): Underground gas storage: worldwide experiences and future developments in the UK and Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 313: 81-92.
- Lake, S.D. & Karner, G.D., 1987. The structure and evolution of the Wessex Basin, southern England: an example of inversion tectonics. Tectonophysics 137: 347-378.
- Lamarche, J., Bergerat, F., Lewandowski, M., Mansy, J.L., Swidrowska, J. & Wiecek, J., 2002. Variscan to Alpine heterogenous paleo-stress field above a major Palaeozoic suture in the Carpathian foreland (southeastern Poland). Tectonophysics 357 (1-4): 55-80.
- Lamarche, J., Mansy, J.-L., Bergerat, F., Averbuch, O., Hakenberg, M., Lewandowski, M., Swidrowska, J., Wajsprych, B. & Wiecek, J., 1999. Variscan tectonics in the Holy Cross Mountains (Poland) and role of the structural inheritance during the Alpine tectonics. Tectonophysics 313: 171-186.
- Landesamt für Bergbau, Energie und Geologie (LBEG) (2006). Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland. LBEG annual report, available as download at www.lbeg.niedersachsen.de, Hannover.
- Lane, H.R., Brenckle, P.L., Baesemann, J.F. & Richards, B., 1999. The IUGS boundary in the middle of the Carboniferous; Arrow Canyon, Nevada, USA. Episodes 22 (4): 272-283.
- Lange, G., Söllig, A. & Rippel, J., 1990. Geologische Karte der Deutschen Demokratischen Republik, Tektonische Karte 1 : 500 000. Zentrales Geologisches Institut, Berlin.
- Langenaeker, V., 2000. The Campine Basin. Stratigraphy, structural geology, coalification and hydrocarbon potential for the Devonian to Jurassic. Thesis. Leuven University (Leuven): 142 pp.
- Langford, F.F. & Blanc-Valleron, M.M., 1990. Interpreting Rock-Eval pyrolysis data using graphs of pyrolyzable hydrocarbons vs. total organic carbon. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 74: 799-804.
- Langford, R.P. & Chan, M.A., 1993. Downwind changes within an ancient dune sea, Permian Cedar Mesa Sandstone, southeast Utah. *In*: Pye, K. and Lancaster, N. (Eds): Aeolian sediments, ancient and modern. International Association of Sedimentologists Special Publication 16: 109-126.
- Lanson, B., Beaufort, D., Berger, G., Baradat, J. & Lachapagne, J.C., 1996. Illitization of diagenetic kaolinite-to-dickite conversion series: late-stage diagenesis of the Lower Permian Rotliegend Sandstone reservoir, offshore of the Netherlands. Journal of Sedimentary Research 66 (3): 501-518.
- Larsen, G., 1966. Rhaetic - Jurassic - Lower Cretaceous sediments in the Danish Embayment (A heavy mineral study). Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse 9: 1-127.
- Larsen, G. & Dinesen, A., 1959. Vejle Fjord Formationen ved Brejning. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse, II Række: 144 pp.
- Larsen, M., Bech, N., Bidstrup, T., Christensen, N.P., Biede, O. & Vangkilde-Pedersen, T., 2007. Kalundborg case study, a feasibility study of CO₂ storage in onshore saline aquifers. A CO₂STORE contribution. Danmarks og Grønlands Geologiske Undersøgelse 2007/3 (Copenhagen): 79 pp.
- Larsen, M., Bidstrup, T. & Dalhoff, F., 2003. Mapping of deep saline aquifers in Denmark with potential for future CO₂ storage. A GESTCO contribution. Danmarks og Grønlands Geologiske Undersøgelse 2003/39 (Copenhagen): 83 pp.
- Larsen, M., Christensen, N.P., Boe, R., Bonijoly, D., Duser, M., Hatzijannis, G., Hendriks, C., Holloway, S., May, F. & Wildenborg, A. (2004). Assessing European potential for geological storage of CO₂ – the GESTCO project. GHGT-7, 7th International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies, Vancouver. L2-1.
- Lassen, A. & Thybo, H., 2004. Seismic evidence for Late Proterozoic orogenic structures below the Phanerozoic sedimentary cover in the Kattegat area, SW Scandinavia. Tectonics 23: doi:10.1029/2003TC001499.
- Lassen, A., Thybo, H. & Berthelsen, A., 2001. Reflection seismic evidence for Caledonian deformed sediments above Sveconorwegian basement in the southwestern Baltic Sea. Tectonics 20: 268-276.
- Lawton, D.E. & Roberson, P.P., 2003. The Johnston Gas Field, Blocks 43/26a, 43/27a, UK Southern North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 749-759.
- Le Bas, M.J., 1972. Caledonian igneous rocks beneath central and eastern England. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 29: 71-86.
- Le Pichon, X., Henry, P. & Goffé, B., 1987. Uplift of Tibet: from eclogites to granulites – implications for the Andean Plateau and the Variscan belt. Tectonophysics 272: 269-290.
- Lecompte, M., 1970. Die Riffe im Devon der Ardennen und ihre Bildungsbedingungen. Geologica et Palaeontologica 4: 25-71.
- Ledent, P., 1989. Retrospect of U.C.G. research in western Europe. Proceedings International Underground Coal Gasification Symposium, Delft. 33-55 pp.
- Lee, M., Pharaoh, T.C. & Green, C., 1991. Structural trends in the concealed basement of Eastern England from images of regional potential field data. Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique 114: 45-62.
- Lee, M., Pharaoh, T.C. & Soper, N., 1990. Structural trends in central Britain from images of gravity and aeromagnetic fields. Journal of the Geological Society 147: 241-258.
- Lee, M., Pharaoh, T.C., Williamson, J., Green, C. & De Vos, W., 1993. Evidence of the deep structure of the Anglo-Brabant Massif from gravity and magnetic data. Geological Magazine 130: 575-582.
- Lee, M.K., 1986. Hot dry rock. *In*: Downing, R.A. and Gray, D.A. (Eds): Geothermal Energy – the potential in the United Kingdom. HMSO (London): 21-41.
- Leeder, M.R. & Hardman, M., 1990. Carboniferous of the Southern North Sea Basin and controls on hydrocarbon prospectivity. *In*: Hardman, R.F.P. and Brooks, J. (Eds): Tectonic Events Responsible for Britain's Oil and Gas Reserves. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 55: 87-105.
- Legler, B. (Ed.), 2006. Faziesentwicklung im Südlichen Permbecken in Abhängigkeit von Tektonik, eustatischen Meeresspiegelschwankungen des Proto-Atlantiks und Klimavariabilität (Oberrotliegend, Nordwesteuropa). Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 47: 103 pp.
- Legler, B., Gebhardt, U. & Schneider, J.W., 2005. Late Permian nonmarine-marine transitional profiles in the central Southern Permian Basin, northern Germany. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94 (5-6): 851-862.
- Legler, B. & Schneider, J.W., 2008. Marine incursions into the Middle/Late Permian saline lake of the Southern Permian Basin (Rotliegend, Northern Germany) possibly linked to sea-level highstands in the Arctic rift. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 267: 102-114.
- Leszczyński, K., 1997a. The Lower Cretaceous depositional architecture and sedimentary cyclicity in the Mid-Polish Trough. Geological Quarterly 41: 509-520.
- Leszczyński, K., 1997b. The Upper Cretaceous carbonate-dominated sequence of the Polish Lowlands. Geological Quarterly 41: 521-532.
- Leszczyński, K., 2000. The Late Cretaceous sedimentation and subsidence south-west of the Kłodawa Salt Diapir, central Poland. Geological Quarterly 44: 167-174.
- Leszczyński, K., 2002a. Late Cretaceous inversion and salt tectonics in the Koszalin-Chojnice and Drawno-Człopa-Szamotuly zones, Pomeranian sector of the Mid-Polish Trough. Geological Quarterly 46: 347-361.
- Leszczyński, K., 2002b. The Cretaceous evolution of the Ponetów-Wartkowiec Zone. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego: 176 pp.
- Leveille, G.P., Knipe, R., More, C., Ellis, D.D., Jones, G. & Allinson, G.J., 1997b. Compartmentalization of Rotliegendes gas reservoirs by sealing faults, Jupiter Fields area, Southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 87-104.
- Leveille, G.P., Primmer, T.J., Dudley, G., Ellis, D. & Allinson, G.J., 1997a. Diagenetic controls on reservoir quality in Permian Rotliegendes sandstones, Jupiter Fields area, southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 105-122.
- Liborussen, J., Ashton, P. & Tygesen, T., 1987. The tectonic evolution of the Fennoscandian Border Zone in Denmark. Tectonophysics 137: 21-29.
- Lieberkind, K., Bang, I., Mikkelsen, N. & Nygaard, E., 1982. Cretaceous and Danian limestone. *In*: Michelsen, O. (Ed.): Geology of the Danish Central Graben. Geological Survey of Denmark, Series B (Copenhagen) 8: 45-49.
- Lijmbach, G.W.M., 1975. On the origin of petroleum. Applied Science Publishers Ltd (Tokyo).
- Lindert, W., Wegner, H.-U., Zagora, I. & Zagora, K., 1993. Ein neuer Perm-Aufschluss im Seegebiet östlich von Rügen. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 131: 351-360.
- Lindh, A. & Bergman, C., 1995. An Outline of the Geology of Scania. Terra Nostra 6: 201-225.
- Lindholm, K., 1985. Field Excursion Guide Scania, Sweden. International Conference of the Graptolite Working Group of the International Palaeontological Association (Copenhagen): 46 pp.
- Lindström, M., 1960. On some sedimentary and tectonic structures in the Ludlovian Colonius Shale of Scania. Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar 502: 319-341.
- Lindström, S. & Erlström, M., 2006. The late Rhaetic transgression in southern Sweden: Regional (and global) recognition and relation to the Triassic-Jurassic boundary. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 241: 339-372.
- Linneman, U., McNaughton, N.J., Romer, R.L., Gehmlich, M., Dorst, K. & Tonk, C., 2004. West African provenance for Saxo-Thuringia (Bohemian Massif): Did Armorica ever leave pre-Pangean Gondwana? – U/Pb-SHRIMP zircon evidence and Nd-isotopic record. Geologische Rundschau 93: 683-705.
- Linneman, U., Romer, R.L., Pin, C., Aleksandrowski, P., Bula, Z., Geiler, T., Kachlik, V., Krzeminska, E., Mazur, S., Motuza, G., Murphy, J.B., Nance, R.D., Pisarevsky, S.A., Schulz, B., Ulrich, J., Wisniewska, J., Zaba, J. & Zeh, A., 2008. Precambrian. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 21-154.
- Lippolt, H.J., 1983. Distribution of volcanic activity in space and time. *In*: Fuchs, K. (Ed.): Plateau uplift. Springer (Berlin): 112-120.
- Lippolt, H.J., Raczek, I. & Schleicher, H., 1982. Isotopenalter (⁴⁰Ar-³⁹Ar; Rb-Sr) eines Unteren Rotliegend-Biotits aus der Bohrung Wrzesnia/Polen. Aufschluss 33: 13-25.
- Lister, T., Cocks, L. & Rushton, A., 1969. The basement beds in the Bobbing borehole, Kent. Geological Magazine 106: 601-603.
- Littke, R., Bayer, U. & Gajewski, D., 2005. Dynamics of sedimentary basins: the example of the Central European Basin system. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 779-781.

Littke, R., Bueker, C., Hertle, M., Karg, H., Stroetmann Heinen, V. & Oncken, O., 2000. Heat flow evolution, subsidence and erosion in the Rheno-Hercynian orogenic wedge of Central Europe. *In*: Franke, W., Haak, V., Oncken, O. and Tanner, D. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 231-255.

Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. & Nelskamp, S., 2008. Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins. The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 519 pp.

Lohr, T., Krawczyk, C.M., Tanner, D.C., Samiee, R., Endres, H., Trappe, H., Oncken, O. & Kukla, P.A., 2007. Structural evolution of the NW German Basin over time from 3-D reflection seismic data – a case study at the border between Lower Saxony Basin and Pompeckj Block. Basin Research 19 (4): 579-597.

Lokhorst, A., Adlam, K., Brugge, J.V.M., P., D., Diapari, L., Fermont, W.J.J., Geluk, M., Gerling, P., Heckers, J., Kockel, F., Kotarba, M., Laier, T., Lott, G.K., Milaczewski, E., Milaczewski, L., NicholSEN, R.A., von Platen, F. & Pokorski, J., 1998. NW European Gas Atlas – Composition and Isotope Ratios of Natural Gases. Netherlands Institute of Applied Geoscience – TNO (Haarlem).

Lokhorst, A. & Van Montfrans, H.M., 1988. The Netherlands. *In*: Haenel, R. and Staroste, E. (Eds): Atlas of geothermal resources in the European Community, Austria and Switzerland. Commission of the European Communities (Brussels): 43-45.

Lokhorst, A. & Wong, T.E., 2007. Geothermal energy. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 341-346.

Loope, D.B., Steiner, M.B., Rowe, C.M. & Lancaster, N., 2004. Tropical westerlies over Pangean sand seas. Sedimentology 51: 315-322.

Lorenc, S., 1975. Petrografia i zróźnicowanie faćjalne wapieni i anhydrytów Werra monokliny przedstudeckiej. Geologia Sudetica 10: 59-101.

Lotsch, D., 1981. Geologie, Stratigraphie, Stratigraphische Skala der DDR, Tertiär. Zentrales Geologisches Institut (Berlin).

Lotsch, D., 2002. Tertiär. *In*: Stackebrandt, W. and Manhenke, V. (Eds): Atlas zur Geologie von Brandenburg i.M. 1 : 1 000 000. Landesamt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe Brandenburg: 48-51.

Lotsch, D., Krutzsch, W., Mai, D., Kiesel, Y. & Lazar, L., 1969. Stratigraphisches Korrelationsschema für das Tertiär der Deutschen Demokratischen Republik. Abhandlungen Zentrales Geologisches Institut Berlin 12: 1-438.

Lott, G.K., 1992. Jurassic. HMSO for the British Geological Survey (London): 152 pp.

Lott, G.K. & Knox, R.W.O.B., 1994. Post-Triassic of the Southern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham).

Lott, G.K. & Warrington, G., 1988. A review of the latest Triassic succession in the UK sector of the Southern North Sea Basin. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 47 (2): 139-147.

Lott, G.K., Wong, T.E., Duser, M., Andsjberg, J., Mönning, E., Feldman-Olszewska, A. & Verreusel, R.M.C.H., 2010. Jurassic. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 175-193.

Luan, G., Steffan, E.M. & Weber, R., 1998. Optimizing Well Capacity in a Tight Carboniferous Reservoir. SPE Paper 39912.

Lucas, S.G., Schneider, J.W. & Cassinis, G., 2006. Non-marine Permian biostratigraphy and biochronology: an introduction. *In*: Lucas, S.G., Schneider, J.W. and Cassinis, G. (Eds): Non-marine Permian biostratigraphy and biochronology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 265: 1-14.

Luijendijk, E., Ter Voorde, M. & Van Balen, R., 2009. Temperatures and heatflow in the Roer Valley Graben, part of the European Cenozoic Rift System. Basin Research.

Lustrino, M. & Wilson, M., 2007. The circum-Mediterranean anorogenic Cenozoic igneous province. Earth Science Reviews 81: 1-65.

Lutz, M., Etzold, A., Käding, K.-C., Lepper, J., Hagdorn, H., Nitsch, E. & Menning, M., 2005. Lithofazies und Leitflächen: Grundlagen einer dualen lithostratigraphischen Gliederung. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41 (1/3): 211-223.

Lutz, M., Kaaschieter, J.P.H. & Wijhe, D.H., 1975. Geological factors controlling Rotliegend gas accumulation in the Mid European basin. Proceedings of the 9th World Petroleum Congress 22: 93-97.

Lützner, H., 1988. Sedimentology and basin development of intramontane Rotliegend basins in Central Europe. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 16 (9): 845-863.

Lützner, H., Lüttmann, S., Mädler, J., Romer, R.L. & Schneider, J.W., 2007. Radiometric and biostratigraphic data of the Permocarboniferous reference section Thüringer Wald. *In*: Wong, T.E. (Ed.): Proceedings of the XVth International Congress on Carboniferous and Permian Stratigraphy. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Utrecht): 161-176.

Luzin, G. & Zheleznova, N., 1984. Coal basins and deposits of the CMEA member countries and Yugoslavia. CMEA secretariat (Moscow): 506 pp.

Lyngsie, S.B. & Thybo, H., 2007. A new tectonic model for the Laurentia-Avalonia-Baltica sutures in the North Sea: A case study along MONA LISA profile 3. Tectonophysics 429: 201-227.

Lyngsie, S.B., Thybo, H. & Rasmussen, T.M., 2006. Regional geological and tectonic structures of the North Sea area from potential field modelling. Tectonophysics 413 (3-4): 147-170.

Machel, H.G. & Hunter, I.G., 1994. Facies models for Middle to Late Devonian shallow-marine carbonates, with comparisons to modern reefs: a guide for facies analysis. Facies 30: 155-176.

Mackertich, D.S. & Goulding, D.R.G., 1999. Exploration and appraisal of the South Arne Field, Danish North Sea. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 959-974.

Mader, D., 1983. Aeolische und fluviale Sedimentation im Mittleren Buntsandstein der Nordeifel. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 165: 254-302.

Magaritz, M. & Peryt, T.M., 1994. Mixed evaporative and meteoric water dolomitization; isotope study of the Zechstein Limestone (Upper Permian), southwestern Poland. Sedimentary Geology 92: 257-272.

Mägdefrau, K., 1937. Der Aufbau der thüringischen Zechsteinriffe. Natur und Volk 87: 48-58.

Magoon, L.B. & Beaumont, E.A., 2000. Petroleum Systems. *In*: Beaumont, E.A. and Foster, N.H. (Eds): Exploring for Oil and Gas Traps. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir (Tulsa) 14: 3-21.

Magoon, L.B. & Dow, W.G., 1994. The petroleum system. *In*: Magoon, L.B. and Dow, W.G. (Eds): The Petroleum System – From Source to Trap. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir (Tulsa) 60: 3-24.

Magoon, L.B. & Schmoker, J.W., 2000. The total petroleum system – the natural fluid network that constrains the assessment unit. *In*: Team, U.S.G.S.W.E.A. (Ed.): U.S. Geological Survey World Petroleum Assessment 2000. U.S. Geological Survey Digital Data Series 60: 1-20.

Magraw, D., 1975. Permian beds of the offshore and adjacent coastal areas of Durham and south eastern Northumberland. Journal of the Geological Society 131: 397-414.

Mahler, A. & Magtengaard, J., 2005. Geothermal development in Denmark, World Geothermal Congress Antalya: 1-8.

Mai, D.H., 1995. Tertiäre Vegetationsgeschichte Europas. Methoden und Ergebnisse. Gustav Fischer Verlag (Jena): 691 pp.

Majorowicz, J.A., Čermák, V., Šafanda, J., Krzywiec, P., Wróblewska, M., Guterch, A. & Grad, M., 2003. Heat flow across the Trans-European Suture Zone in the area of the POLONAISE97 seismic experiment. Physics and Chemistry of the Earth 28: 375-391.

Majorowicz, J.A., Mareks, S. & Znosko, J., 1984. Paleogeothermal gradients by vitrinite reflectance data and their relation to the present geothermal gradient patterns of the Polish Lowland. Tectonophysics 103: 141-156.

Malec, J., Milaczewski, L., Narkiewicz, K. & Narkiewicz, M., 1996. Stratigraphy of the Devonian in the Szwejk IG 3 deep well, Central Poland. Geological Quarterly 40: 367-392.

Malec, J., Tarnowska, M., Lenartowicz, L., Fijałkowska, A., Turnau, E., Romanek, A. & Filipiak, P., 1995. Korelacje litostratigraficzne, biostratigraficzne i geochemiczne utworów dewonu w Górach Świętokrzyskich (Lithostratigraphical, biostratigraphical and geochemical correlations of the Devonian deposits in the Holy Cross Mts.) PGI, 202 pp.

Malec, J. & Turnau, E., 1997. Middle Devonian conodont, ostracod and miospore stratigraphy of the Grzegorzowice-Skały section, Holy Cross Mountains, Poland. Bulletin of the Polish Academy of Science, Earth Sciences 45: 67-86.

Maletz, J., 1997. Ordovician and Silurian strata of the G-14 well (Baltic Sea): Graptolite faunas and biostratigraphy. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 25: 29-39.

Maletz, J., 1998. Die Graptolithen des Ordoviziums von Rügen (Norddeutschland, Vorpommern). Paläontologische Zeitschrift 72: 351-372.

Maliszewska, A., Kiersnowski, H. & Jackowicz, E., 2003. Wulkanoklastyczne osady czerwonego spagowca dolnego na obszarze wielkopolski. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 179: 1-59.

Malkovsky, M., 1980. Model of the origin of the Tertiary basins at the foot of the Krušnéhory Mts: volcanotectonic subsidence. Vest. Østred. Ust. Geol. 55: 141-151.

Malkovsky, M., 1987. The Mesozoic and Tertiary basins of the Bohemian Massif and their evolution. Tectonophysics 137: 31-42.

Mamczur, S. & Czeakański, E., 2000. Oil and gas deposit Barnówko-Mostno-Buszewo and exploration for hydrocarbon deposits in the Kościán-Wielichowo area. Oil and Gas News from Poland 10: 47-52.

Mamczur, S., Radecki, S. & Wojtkowiak, Z., 1997. O największym złożu ropy naftowej w Polsce: Barnówko-Mostno-Buszewo (BMB). Przegląd Geologiczny 45: 582-588.

Manning, D.A.C., Younger, P.L., Smith, F.W., Jones, J.M., Dutton, D.J. & Diskin, S.A., 2007. A deep geothermal exploration well at Eastgate, Weardale, UK: a novel exploration concept for low enthalpy resources. Journal of the Geological Society 164: 371-382.

Mansy, J.L., Everaerts, M. & De Vos, W., 1999. Structural analysis of the adjacent Acadian and Variscan fold belts in Belgium and northern France from geophysical and geological evidence. Tectonophysics 309: 99-116.

Marek, S. (Ed.), 1983. Budowa geologiczna niecki Warszawskiej (Płockiej) i jej Podłoża (The geological structure of the Warsaw (Plock) Trough and its basement). Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 103: 278 pp.

Marek, S., 1989. Sedimentäre und paläotektonische Entwicklung der epikontinentalen Unterkreide Polens. *In*: Wiedmann, J. (Ed.): Cretaceous of the Western Tethys. Proceedings 3rd International Cretaceous Symposium, Tübingen 1987. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 755-770.

Marek, S. & Pajchłowa, M. (Eds), 1997. Permian and Mesozoic in Poland. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 153: 452 pp.

Marotta, A.M., Bayer, U., Thybo, H. & Scheck, M., 2002. Origin of the regional stress in the North German basin: results from numerical modelling. Tectonophysics 360: 245-264.

Marshall, J. & Hewett, A., 2003. Devonian. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millenium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 65-82.

Marshall, J., Rogers, D.A. & Whiteley, M.J., 1996. Devonian marine incursions into the Orcadian Basin, Scotland. Journal of the Geological Society 153: 451-466.

Martiklos, G., 2002. Geologische Übersichtskarte von Sachsen-Anhalt 1 : 400 000, Karte ohne quartäre Bildungen. Landesamt für Geologie und Bergwesen Sachsen Anhalt, Halle.

Marx, J., 1994. Die permokarbonen Magmatite Nordwestdeutschlands im Vergleich zu den magmatischen Serien angrenzender Gebiete. Verbreitung, Petrographie, Geochemie, Vulkanostratigraphie. BEB-Geol.2162 (Hannover).

Marx, J., 1995. Permokarbonischer Vulkanismus in Niedersachsen. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie 9/10: 1429-1442.

Marx, J., Huebscher, H.D., Hoth, K., Korich, D. & Kramer, W., 1995. Vulkanostratigraphie und Geochemie der Eruptivkomplexe. *In*: Plein, E. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland I - Norddeutsches Rotliegend-becken. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 183: 54-83.

Mathiesen, A., Larsen, M. & Mahler, A., 2003. Feasibility of CO₂ storage in combination with geothermal plants, Denmark. Danmarks og Grönlands Geologiske Undersøgelse 2003/79 (Copenhagen): 30 pp.

Mathisen, M.E. & Budny, M., 1990. Seismic lithostratigraphy of deep subsalt Permo-Carboniferous gas reservoirs, Northwest German Basin. Geophysics 55: 1357-1365.

Matern, F., 1996. The Elbe zone at Dresden – a Late Paleozoic pull-apart intruded shear zone. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 147: 57-80.

Matyja, B.A., 2006a. Field trip B2 – Upper Jurassic shallow-water carbonate platform and open shelf facies. Open shelf facies of the Polish Jura Chain, 7th International Congress on the Jurassic System, Kraków: 198-204.

Matyja, B.A. & Wierzbowski, A., 2006. The oceanic 'Metis Geotectonic Event' (Callovian/ Oxfordian) and its implications for the peri-Tethyan area of Poland. Volumina Jurassica 4: 60-61.

Matyja, B.A., Wierzbowski, A., Barski, M., Boczarowski, A., Dembic, K., Dudek, T., Gedl, P., Głowniak, E., Kaim, A., Kędzierski, M., Leonowicz, P., Ostrowski, S.Z., Praszkie, R.T., Smolen, J., Szczepanik, P., Wierzbowski, H., Witkowska, M. & Ziája, J., 2006. Field trip B1 – Biostratigraphical framework from Bajocian to Oxfordian. *In*: Jurassic of Poland and adjacent Slovakian Carpathians. Field trip guidebook 7th International Congress on the Jurassic System, Kraków: 133-168.

Matyja, H., 1993. Upper Devonian of Western Pomerania. Acta Geologica Polonica 43 (1-2): 1-94.

Matyja, H., 1998. Depositional architecture of the Devonian basin in the Pomerania-Kujawy area. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 165: 73-78.

Matyja, H., 2006b. Stratigraphy and facies development of Devonian and Carboniferous deposits in the Pomeranian Basin and in the western part of the Baltic Basin and palaeogeography of the northern TESZ during Late Palaeozoic times. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 186: 79-121.

Matyja, H., 2008. Pomerania Basin (NW Poland) and its sedimentary evolution during Mississippian times. Geological Journal 43 (2-3): 123-150.

Matyja, H. & Poprawa, P. (Eds), 2006. Facies, tectonic and thermal evolution of the Pomeranian sector of the Trans-European Suture Zone and adjacent areas. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 186: 293 pp.

May, F., Brune, S., Gerling, P. & Krull, P., 2003. Möglichkeiten zur untertägigen Speicherung von CO₂ in Deutschland – eine Bestandsaufnahme. Geotechnik 26: 162-172.

May, F. & Krull, P., 2003. Work Package 2: Storage capacities of study areas: North Germany. GESTCO Final Report (Copenhagen): 10 pp.

May, F., Müller, C. & Bernstone, C., 2005. How much CO₂ can be stored in deep saline aquifers in Germany? VGB Power Tech 6: 32-37.

May, F. & Turković, R., 2003. Minderung von Treibhausgas-Emissionen durch CO₂-Speicherung in tiefen Aquiferen. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 1: 65-72.

Maynard, J.M. & Gibson, J.P., 2001. Potential for subtle traps in the Permian Rotliegend of the UK Southern North Sea. Petroleum Geoscience 7: 301-314.

Maynard, J.R. & Dunay, R.E., 1999. Reservoirs of the Dinantian (Lower Carboniferous) play of the Southern North Sea. *In*: Fleet, A.J. and Boldy, S.A.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 5th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 729-745.

Maynard, J.R., Hofmann, W., Dunay, R.E., Benthán, P.N., Dean, K.P. & Watson, I., 1997. The Carboniferous of Western Europe: the development of a petroleum system. Petroleum Geoscience 3 (2): 97-115.

Maystrenko, Y., Bayer, U., Brink, H.-J. & Littke, R., 2008. The Central European Basin System – an Overview. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins. The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 15-34.

Maystrenko, Y., Bayer, U. & Scheck-Wenderoth, M., 2005. The Glueckstadt Graben, a sedimentary record between the North and Baltic Sea in north Central Europe. Tectonophysics 397: 113-126.

Mazur, S., Aleksandrowski, P., Kryza, R. & Oberc-Dziedzic, T., 2006. The Variscan Orogen in Poland. Geological Quarterly 50: 89-118.

Mazur, S. & Jarosiński, M., 2006. Deep basement structure of the Palaeozoic Platform in SW Poland in the light of seismic results obtained from the Polonaise97 experiment. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 188: 203-221.

Mazur, S., Scheck-Wenderoth, M. & Krzywiec, P., 2005. Different modes of inversion in the German and Polish basins. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 5-6.

Mazur, S. & Scheck-Wenderoth, S., 2005. Constraints on the tectonic evolution of the Central European Basin System revealed by seismic reflection profiles from Northern Germany. Netherlands Journal of Geosciences 84 (4): 389-401.

McCann, 1998b. Sandstone composition and provenance of the Rotliegend of the NE German Basin. Sedimentary Geology 116: 177-198.

McCann, T., 1998a. Lower Palaeozoic evolution of the northeast German Basin/Baltica borderland. Geological Magazine 135: 129-142.

McCann, T., 1999a. Middle to Late Devonian basin evolution in the Rügen area, NE Germany. Geologie en Mijnbouw 78: 57-71.

McCann, T., 1999b. The tectonosedimentary evolution of the northern margin of the Carboniferous foreland basin of NE Germany. Tectonophysics 313 (1-2): 119-144.

McCann, T. (Ed.), 2008a. The Geology of Central Europe. Volume 1: Precambrian and Paleozoic. The Geological Society (London): 748 pp.

McCann, T. (Ed.), 2008b. The Geology of Central Europe. Volume 2: Mesozoic and Cenozoic. The Geological Society (London): 700 pp.

McCann, T., Kiersnowski, H., Krainer, K., Vožárová, A., Peryt, T.M., Oplustil, S., Stollhofen, H., Schneider, J., Wetzel, A., Boulvain, F., Duser, M., Török, A., Haas, J., Tait, J.A. & Körner, F., 2008b. Permian. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 531-598.

McCann, T., Pascal, C., Timmerman, M.J., Krzywiec, P., Lopez-Gomez, J., Wetzel, A., Krawczyk, C.M., Rieke, H. & Lamarche, J., 2006. Post-Variscan (end Carboniferous - Early Permian) basin evolution in Western and Central Europe. *In*: Gee, D.G. and Stephenson, R.A. (Eds): European Lithosphere Dynamics. Geological Society Memoir (London) 32: 355-388.

McCann, T., Skompski, S., Poty, E., Duser, M., Vozavora, A., Schneider, J., Wetzel, A., Krainer, K., Kornphl, K., Schaefer, A., Krings, M. & Oplustil, S., 2008a. Carboniferous. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 411-530.

McCrone, C.W., 2003. Davy, Bessemer, Beaufort and Brown Fields, Blocks 49/23, 49/30a, 49/30c, 53/5a, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 705-712.

- McKerrow, W.S., 1988. Wenlock to Givetian deformation in the British Isles and the Canadian Appalachians. *In*: Harris, A.L. and Fettes, D.J. (Eds): The Caledonian-Appalachian Orogen. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 38: 437-448.
- McKerrow, W.S., Dewey, J.F. & Scotese, C.R., 1991. The Ordovician and Silurian development of the Iapetus Ocean. *In*: Basset, M.G., Lane, P.D. and Edwards, D. (Eds): The Murchison Symposium. Special Papers in Palaeontology 44: 165-178.
- McKerrow, W.S., MacNiocaill, C. & Dewey, J., 2000. The Caledonian Orogeny redefined. Journal of the Geological Society 157: 1149-1154.
- McLean, D., Owens, B. & Bodman, D., 2004. Palynostratigraphy of the Upper Carboniferous Langsettian-Duckmantian stage boundary in Britain. *In*: Beaudoin, A.B. and Head, M.J. (Eds): The palynology and micropalaeontology of boundaries. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 230: 123-135.
- McLimans, R.K. & Videtich, P.E., 1987. Reservoir diagenesis and oil migration: Middle Jurassic Great Oolite Limestone, Wealden Basin, southern England. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 119-128.
- Megson, J. & Hardman, R., 2001. Exploration for and development of hydrocarbons in the Chalk of the North Sea: a low permeability system. Petroleum Geoscience 7: 3-12.
- Megson, J. & Tygesen, T., 2005. The North Sea Chalk: and underexplored and underdeveloped play. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 159-168.
- Meier, R., 1975. Zu einigen Sedimentgefügen der Werra-Sulfate (Z1) am Osthang der Eichsfeld-Schwelle. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 3: 1333-1347.
- Meischner, D., 1996. Bausteine der Paläogeographie. Devonischer Schelf, nördliches Schiefergebirge. *In*: Franke, W., Meischner, D. and Oncken, O. (Eds): Geologie eines passiven Plattenrandes: Devon und Unterkarbon im Rechtsrheinischen Schiefergebirge. Exkursionen der Geologischen Vereinigung 3: 9-13.
- Meissner, R. & Krawczyk, C.M., 1999. Caledonian and Proterozoic terrane accretion in the South-West Baltic Sea. Tectonophysics 314 (1-3): 255-267.
- Meissner, R., Sadowiak, P., Thomas, S.A. & Group, B.W., 1994. East Avalonia, the third partner in the Caledonian collisions: evidence from deep seismicreflection data. Geologische Rundschau 83: 186-196.
- Meissner, R., Thybo, H. & Abramovitz, T., 2002. Interwedging and inversion structures around the trans-European suture zone in the Baltic Sea, a manifestation of compressive tectonic phases. Tectonophysics 360 (1-4): 265-280.
- Mengel, K. & Kern, H., 1992. Evolution of the petrological and seismic Moho; implications for the continental crust-mantle boundary. Terra Nova 4 (1): 109-116.
- Menning, M., 1995. A numerical timescale for the Permian and Triassic periods: an integrated time analysis. *In*: Scholle, P., Peryt, T. and Ulmer-Scholle, D.S. (Eds): The Permian of Northern Pangea. Springer (Berlin): 77-97.
- Menning, M., Alekseev, A.S., Chuvashov, B.I., Davydov, V.I., Devuyt, F.X., Forke, H.C., Grunt, T.A., Hance, L., Heckel, P.H., Izokh, N.G., Jin, Y.G., Jones, P.J., Kotlyar, G.V., Kozur, H.W., Nemyrovska, T.I., Schneider, J.W., Wang, X.D., Weddige, K., Weyer, D. & Work, D.M., 2006. Global time scale and regional stratigraphic reference scales of central and west Europe, east Europe, Tethys, south China, and North America as used in the Devonian-Carboniferous-Permian Correlation Chart 2003 (DCP 2003). Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 240 (1-2): 318-372.
- Menning, M., Gast, R., Hagdorn, H., Käding, K.C., Simon, T., Szurlies, M. & Nitsch, E., 2005. Zeitskala für Perm und Trias in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002, zyklusstratigraphische Kalibrierung der höheren Dyas und Germanischen Trias und das Alter der Stufen Radium bis Rhaetium 2005. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41: 174-210.
- Menning, M. & German-Stratigraphic-Commission, 2002. A geologic timescale 2002. *In*: Commission, G.S. (Ed.): Stratigraphic Table of Germany 2002.
- Menning, M. & Hendrich, A. (Eds), 2005. Erläuterungen zur Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland (ESTD 2005). Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41: 405 pp.
- Merkel, D., Behla, S. & Karnin, W.D., 1998. Beckenentwicklung und Kohlenwasserstoffpotential. Geologisches Jahrbuch A149: 235-253.
- Meyer, R.K. & Schmidt-Kaler, H., 1996. Gesteinsabfolge des Deckgebirges nördlich der Donau und im Molasseuntergrund: Jura. *In*: Freudenberger, W. and Schwerd, K. (Eds): Erläuterungen zur Geologischen Karte von Bayern 1 : 500 000. Bayrisches Geologisches Landesamt (München): 90-111.
- Michael, E., 1974. Zur Palökologie und Faunenführung des norddeutschen Unterkreide-Meeress. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 19: 1-68.
- Michalik, J., 1978. To the palaeogeographic, palaeotectonic and palaeoclimatic development of the West Carpathian area in the uppermost Triassic. *In*: Vozar, J. (Ed.): Palaeogeographical evolution of the Western Carpathians. D. Stur Institute of Geology (Bratislava): 189-212.
- Michelsen, E., Danielsen, M., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Jordt, H., Laursen, G.V. & Thomsen, E., 1995. Occurrence of major sequence stratigraphic boundaries in relation to basin development in Cenozoic deposits of the southeastern North Sea. *In*: Steel, R.J., Felt, V.L., Johannessen, E.P. and Mathieu, C. (Eds): Sequence Stratigraphy of the Northwest European Margin. NPF Special Publication (Amsterdam) 5: 415-427.
- Michelsen, O., 1971. Lower Carboniferous foraminiferal faunas of the boring Ørsløv No. 1, island of Falster, Denmark. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse (II): 86 pp.
- Michelsen, O., 1978. Stratigraphy and distribution of Jurassic deposits of the Norwegian-Danish Basin. Geological Survey of Denmark Annual Report: 77-78.
- Michelsen, O., 1994. Stratigraphic correlation of the Danish onshore and offshore Tertiary succession based on sequence stratigraphy. Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark 41: 145-161.
- Michelsen, O. & Danielsen, M., 1996. Sequence and systems tract interpretation of the epicontinental Oligocene deposits in the Danish North Sea. *In*: De Batist, M. and Jacobs, P. (Eds): Geology of Siliciclastic Shelf Seas. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 117: 1-13.
- Michelsen, O., Frandsen, N., Holm, I., Jensen, T.F., Møller, J.J. & Vejbaek, O.V., 1987. Jurassic- Lower Cretaceous of the Danish Central Trough-depositional environments, tectonism, and reservoirs. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse 16: 1-44.
- Michelsen, O. & Nielsen, L.H., 1993. Structural development of the Fennoscandian Border Zone, offshore Denmark. Marine and Petroleum Geology 10: 124-134.
- Michelsen, O., Nielsen, L.H., Johannessen, P.N., Andsbjerg, J. & Surlyk, F., 2003. Jurassic lithostratigraphy and depositional development onshore and offshore Denmark. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 147-216.
- Michelsen, O., Thomsen, E., Danielsen, M., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Jordt, H. & Laursen, G.V., 1998. Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy in the eastern North Sea. *In*: De Graciansky, P.C., Jacquin, T. and Vail, P.R. (Eds): Mesozoic and Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy of European basins. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 60: 91-118.
- Mińczewski, L., 1981. The Devonian of the south-eastern part of the Radom-Lublin area (eastern Poland). Prace Instytutu Geologicznego 101: 1-90.
- Miles, J.A., 1994. Illustrated glossary of petroleum geochemistry. Oxford University Press: 150 pp.
- Miller, K.G., Browning, J.V., Aubry, M.-P., Wade, B.S., Katz, M.E., Kulpecz, A.A. & Wright, J.D., 2008. Eocene-Oligocene global climate and sea-level changes: St. Stephens Quarry, Alabama. Geological Society of America Bulletin 120: 34-53.
- Miller, K.G., Mountain, G.S., Browning, J.V., Komins, M., Sugarman, P.J., Christie-Blick, N., Katz, M.E. & Wright, J.D., 1998. Cenozoic global sea-level, sequences, and the New Jersey Transect: Results from coastal plain and slope drilling. Reviews of Geophysics 36: 359-601.
- Ministerium für Wirtschaft Mittelstand und Energie des Landes Nordrhein-Westfalen, 2007. Jahresbericht 2006 der Bergbehörden des Landes Nordrhein-Westfalen. (Düsseldorf): 127 pp.
- Ministry of Economic Affairs, 2006. Yearly report: Exploration and production 2006 and prognoses 2007-2016. The Netherlands Ministry of Economic Affairs (The Hague).
- Minten, L., Raskin, L., Soete, A., Van Doorslaer, B. & Verhees, F., 1992. Een eeuw steenkool in Limburg. Lannoo (Tiel): 280 pp.
- Mitchum, R.M. & Van Wagoner, J.C., 1991. High-frequency sequences and their stacking patterns: sequence-stratigraphic evidence of high-frequency eustatic cycles. Sedimentary Geology 70: 131-160.
- Modliński, Z., Jacyna, J., Kanev, S., Khubldikov, A., Laskova, L., Laskovas, J., Lendzion, K., Mikazane, I. & Pomeranceva, R., 1999. Palaeotectonic evolution of the Baltic Syncline during the Early Palaeozoic as documented by palaeothickness maps. Geological Quarterly 43: 285-296.
- Modliński, Z., Nehring-Lefeld, M. & Ryba, J., 1994. The Early Palaeozoic complex in the Polish part of the Baltic Sea. Zeitschrift für Geologische Wissenschaften 22: 227-234.
- Modliński, Z. & Szymanski, B., 1997. The Ordovician lithostratigraphy of the Peribaltic depression (NE Poland). Geological Quarterly 41: 273-288.
- Mogensen, T.E. & Korstgård, J.A., 2003. Triassic and Jurassic transtension along parts of the Sorgenfrei Tornquist Zone in the Danish Kattegat. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin (Copenhagen) 1: 439-458.
- Mohr, M., Kukla, P.A., Urai, J.L. & Bresser, G., 2005. Multiphase salt tectonic evolution in NW Germany: seismic interpretation and retro-deformation. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 917-940.
- Mojski, J.E., 2005. Ziemia polskie w czwartorzędzie. Zarys morfogenezy. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 404 pp.
- Moldowan, J.M., Seifert, W.K. & Gallegos, E.J., 1985. Relationship between petroleum composition and depositional environment of petroleum source rocks. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 69: 1255-1268.
- Molenaar, N., Čížieně, J. & Šliaupa, S., 2007. Quartz cementation mechanisms and porosity variation in Baltic Cambrian sandstones. Sedimentary Geology 195: 135-159.
- Möller, H., 1985. Petrographie und Fazies des Plattendolomits (Leine-Karbonat, Ca3) im hessischen Zechstein-Becken. Bochumer geologische und geotechnische Arbeiten 20: 1-255.
- Møller, J.J. & Rasmussen, E.S., 2003. Middle Jurassic-Early Cretaceous rifting of the Danish Central Graben. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland 1: 247-264.
- Molyneux, S., 1991. The contribution of palaeontological data to an understanding of the Early Palaeozoic framework of Eastern England. Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique 114: 93-105.
- MONA LISA Working Group, 1997. Deep seismic investigations of the lithosphere in the southeastern North Sea. Tectonophysics 269: 1-19.
- Morbey, J.S., 1975. The palynostratigraphy of the Rhaetian stage, Upper Triassic in the Kendelbachgraben, Austria. Palaeontographica B 152: 1-75.
- Moreton, R., 1995. Tales from Early UK Oil Exploration 1960-1979. Petroleum Exploration Society of Great Britain (London): 144 pp.
- Mortimore, R.N., Wood, C.J. & Gallois, R.W., 2001. British Upper Cretaceous Stratigraphy. Geological Conservation Review Series: 558 pp.
- Morton, A.C., Friis, F., Geets, S. & Kosmowska-Ceranowicz, B., 1988. The Northwest European Tertiary Basin. Results of the IGCP Project 124. Geologisches Jahrbuch A100: 137-139.
- Morycowa, E. & Szulc, J., 2006. Remarks on Middle Triassic (Anisian) scleractinian corals from Cracow-Silesian region, Poland (Northern-Peri-Tethyan realm). Österreichische Akademie des Wissenschaftern, Schriftenreihe der Erdwissenschaftliche Kommission 17: 421-433.
- Moscariello, A., 2005. Exploration potential of the mature southern North Sea basin margins; some unconventional plays based on alluvial and fluvial fan sedimentation models. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 595-605.
- Muche, P., Viaene, W., Bouckaert, J., Conil, R., Duser, M., Poty, E., Soille, P. & Vandenberghe, N., 1991. The occurrence of a microbial buildup at Poederlee (Campine Basin, Belgium); biostratigraphy, sedimentology, early diagenesis and significance for early Warrantian paleogeography. Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique 113 (2): 329-339.
- Mudge, D.C. & Bujak, J.P., 1996a. Paleocene biostratigraphy and sequence stratigraphy of the UK Central North Sea. Marine and Petroleum Geology 11: 166-181.
- Mudge, D.C. & Bujak, J.P., 1996b. An integrated stratigraphy for the Paleocene and Eocene of the North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B., Corfield, R.M. and Dunay, R.E. (Eds): Correlation of the early Paleogene in northwest Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 101: 91-113.
- Mukhopadhyay, P.K. & Dow, W.G. (Eds), 1994. Vitrinite reflectance as a maturity parameter: applications and limitations. American Chemical Society Symposium Series 570: 294 pp.
- Müller, E.P., Dubslaff, H., Eiserbeck, W. & Sallum, R., 1993. Zur Entwicklung der Erdöl- und Erdgasexploration zwischen Ostsee und Thüringer Wald. Geologisches Jahrbuch A 131: 5-30.
- Murray, J.W., 1992. Palaeogene and Neogene. *In*: Cope, J.C.W., Ingham, J.K. and P.F., R. (Eds): Atlas of palaeogeography and lithofacies. Geological Society Memoir (London) 13: 91-113.
- Mutterlose, J. & Böckel, B., 1998. The Barremian-Aptian interval in NW Germany: a review. Cretaceous Research 19: 539-568.
- Mutterlose, J. & Bornemann, A., 2000. Distribution and facies patterns of Lower Cretaceous sediments in northern Germany: a review. Cretaceous Research 21: 733-759.
- Mutterlose, J., Pauly, S. & Steuber, T., 2008. Temperature controlled deposition of early Cretaceous (Barremian - early Aptian) black shales in an epicontinental sea. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 273: 330-345.
- Nalpas, T., Le Douaran, S., Brun, J.P., Unternehr, P. & Richert, J.P., 1995. Inversion of the Broad Fourteens Basin, a small scale model investigation. Sedimentary Geology 95: 237-250.
- Narkiewicz, K. & Szulc, J., 2004. Controls on migration of conodont fauna in peripheral oceanic areas – an example from Middle Triassic of the Northern Peri-Tethys. Geobios 37 (4): 425-436.
- Narkiewicz, M., 1988. Turning points in sedimentary development in the Late Devonian in southern Poland. *In*: McMillan, N.J., Embry, A.F. and Glass, D.J. (Eds): Devonian of the World. Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 14: 619-635.
- Narkiewicz, M., 1991. Mesogenetic dolomitization processes: an example from the Givetian to Frasnian of the Holy Cross Mountains, Poland. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 132: 1-54.
- Narkiewicz, M., 2002. Middle Devonian epicontinental basin development in SE Poland: a role of crustal discontinuities, International Symposium Geology of the Devonian System, Syktyvkar: 30-32.
- Narkiewicz, M., 2003. Tectonic controls of the Lublin Graben (Late Devonian - Carboniferous). Przegląd Geologiczny 51: 771-776.
- Narkiewicz, M., 2005. Devonian and Carboniferous carbonate complex in the Southern Part of the Upper Silesian Block. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 182: 1-46.
- Narkiewicz, M., 2007. Development and inversion of Devonian and Carboniferous basins in the eastern part of the Variscan foreland (Poland). Geological Quarterly 51 (3): 231-265.
- Narkiewicz, M. & Hoffman, A., 1989. The Frasnian/Famennian transition: the sequence of events in southern Poland and its implications. Acta Geologica Polonica 39: 13-28.
- Narkiewicz, M., Mińczewski, L., Krzywiec, P. & Szewczyk, J., 1998. Outline of the Devonian depositional architecture in the Radom-Lublin area. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 165: 57-72.
- Narkiewicz, M. & Narkiewicz, K., 1992. Transgressive pulse in the Upper Frasnian of the Janczyce I section (Holy Cross Mts.): sedimentology and conodont biofacies. Geological Quarterly 36: 281-304.
- Narkiewicz, M., Racki, G. & Wrzosek, T., 1990. Lithostratigraphy of the Devonian stromatoporoid-coral carbonate sequence in the Holy Cross Mountains. Kwartalnik Geologiczny 34: 433-456.
- Narkiewicz, M. & Ziegler, P., 2006. Poland: junction of the main geological provinces of Europe. Geological Quarterly 50: 3-7.
- Nawrocki, J., 1997. Permian to Early Triassic magnetostratigraphy from the Central European Basin in Poland: implications on regional and worldwide correlations. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 152: 37-58.
- Nawrocki, J., 1999. Prefolding remanent magnetisation of diabase intrusion of the Bardo syncline in the Holy Cross Mountains (central Poland). Przegląd Geologiczny 47: 1101-1104.
- Nawrocki, J., 2004. The Permian-Triassic boundary in the Central European Basin: magnetostratigraphic constraints. Terra Nova 16: 139-145.
- Nawrocki, J. & Poprawa, P., 2006. Development of Trans-European Suture Zone in Poland: from Ediacaran rifting to Early Proterozoic accretion. Geological Quarterly 50 (1): 59-76.
- Nawrocki, J. & Szulc, J., 2000. The Middle Triassic magnetostratigraphy from the Peri-Tethys basin in Poland. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 182: 77-92.
- Neal, J.E., 1996. A summary of Paleogene sequence stratigraphy in northwest Europe and the North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B., Corfield, R.M. and Dunay, R.E. (Eds): Correlation of the early Paleogene in northwest Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 101: 15-42.
- Nehring-Lehfeld, M., 1988. Biostratigraphy of Podlasie stage (Upper Silurian) in the Polish part of the Southern Baltic Sea on the basis of ostracodes (Polish with English abstract). Kwartalnik Geologiczny 32: 577-604.
- Nelskamp, S., David, P. & Littke, R., 2008. A comparison of burial, maturity and temperature histories of selected wells from sedimentary basins in The Netherlands. International Journal of Earth Sciences 97: 931-953.
- Nesbor, H.-D., 2004. Paläozoischer intraplattenvulkanismus im östlichen Rheinischen Schiefergebirge-Magmenentwicklung und zeitlicher Ablauf. Geologisches Jahrbuch Hessen 131: 145-182.
- Neumann-Mahlkau, P. & Ribbert, K.-H., 1998. Die Konglomerate der Givet-Stufe östlich des Brabanter Massivs. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen 37: 393-421.

Neumann, E.-R., Dunworth, E.A., Sundvoll, B.A. & Tollefsrud, J.I., 2002. Basaltic lavas in Vestfold-Jeløya area, central Oslo rift; Derivation from initial melts formed by progressive partial melting of an enriched, phlogopite-bearing, sub lithospheric source. *Lithos* 61: 21-53.

Neumann, E.-R., Wilson, M., Heeremans, M., Spencer, K., Obst, K., Timmerman, M.J. & Kirstein, L., 2004. Late Carboniferous-Permian rifting and magmatism in southern Scandinavia, the North Sea and northern Germany: a review. *In*: Wilson, M., Neumann, E.-R., Davies, G.R., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. and Larsen, B.T. (Eds): Permo-Carboniferous magmatism and rifting in Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 223: 11-40.

Neumann, E. & Weil, W., 1984. Conditions of sedimentation and facies variability of Cambrian clastics in the offshore part of the Peri-Baltic syncline: Ocena prognos i efektywnosci poszukiwan ropy i gazu ziemnego w Polsce. *Akademia Górniczo-Hutnicza* (Kraków): 249-257.

Neunzert, G.H., Littke, R. & Scholten, S.O., 1996. Dynamics of natural gas generation and accumulation in Northern Germany, EAGE 58th Conference and Technical Exhibition, Amsterdam.

Neves, R., Gueinn, K.J., Clayton, G., Ioannides, N.S., Neville, R.S.W. & Kruszezwska, K., 1973. Palynological Correlations within the Lower Carboniferous of Scotland and Northern England. *Transactions Royal Society of Edinburgh* 69 (2): 24-53.

Nielsen, L., Thybo, H. & Glendrup, M., 2005a. Seismic tomographic interpretation of Paleozoic sedimentary sequences in the southeastern North Sea. *Geophysics* 70 (4): R45-R56.

Nielsen, L.H., 2003. Late Triassic-Jurassic development of the Danish Basin and Fennoscandian Border Zone, southern Scandnavia. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Ministry of the Environment (GEUS) (Copenhagen) 1: 459-526.

Nielsen, L.H., Balling, N. & Jacobsen, B.H., 2000. Seismic and gravity modelling of crustal structure in the Central Graben, North Sea: observations along MONA LISA Profile 3. *Tectonophysics* 328 (3-4): 229-244.

Nielsen, L.H., Mathiesen, A. & Bidstrup, T., 2004. Geothermal energy in Denmark. Review of Survey activities 2003. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 4: 17-20.

Nielsen, S.B., Paulsen, G.E., Hansen, D.L., Gemmer, L., Clausen, O.R., Jacobsen, B.H., Balling, N., Huuse, M. & Gallagher, K., 2002. Paleocene initiation of Cenozoic uplift in Norway. *In*: Doré, A.G., Cartwright, J.A., Stoker, M.S., Turner, J.P. and White, N. (Eds): Exhumation of the North Atlantic margin: timing, mechanism and implications for petroleum exploration. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 196: 45-65.

Nielsen, S.B., Thomsen, E., Hansen, D.L. & Clausen, O.R., 2005b. Plate-wide stress relaxation explains European Paleocene basin inversions. *Nature* 345: 195-197.

Niemczycka, T., 1976. Lithostratigraphy of Upper Jurassic deposits in the Lublin-Radom area. *Acta Geologica Polonica* 26 (4): 469-301.

Niemczycka, T., 1997. Upper Jurassic. Sedimentation, palaeogeography and palaeotektonic. The epikontinental Permian and Mesozoik in Poland. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 153: 327-331.

Niemczycka, T. & Brochwicz-Lewiński, W., 1988. Evolution of the Upper Jurassic sedimentary basin in the Polish Lowland. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 32 (1): 137-156.

Nikishin, A.M., Ziegler, P.A., Abbott, D., Brunet, M.-F. & Cloetingh, S., 2002. Permo-Triassic intraplate magmatism and rifting in Eurasia: implications for mantle plumes and mantle dynamics. *Tectonophysics* 351: 3-39.

Nikishin, A.M., Ziegler, P.A., Panov, D.I., Nazarevich, B.P., Brunet, M.-F., Stephenson, R.A., Bolotov, S.N., Koratev, M.V. & Tikhomireov, P.L., 2001. Mesozoic and Cainozoic evolution of the Scythian Platform-Black Sea-Caucasus domain. *In*: Ziegler, P.A., Cavazza, W., Robertson, A.H.F. and Crasquin-Soleau, S. (Eds): Peri-Tethys Memoir 6: Peri-Tethyan Rift/Wrench Basins and Passive Margins. *Mémoire Musée Nationale Historie Naturelle* (Paris) 186: 295-246.

NITG, 1998. Geological Atlas of the Subsurface of the Netherlands (1 : 250 000). Explanation to Map Sheet X: Almelo-Winterswijk. Netherlands Institute of Applied Geoscience – TNO (Utrecht): 134 pp.

NITG, 1999. Geological Atlas of the Subsurface of the Netherlands (1 : 250 000). Explanation to Map Sheet XV: Sittard-Maastricht. Netherlands Institute of Applied Geoscience – TNO (Utrecht): 127 pp.

NITG, 2000. Geological Atlas of the Subsurface of the Netherlands (1 : 250 000). Explanation to Map Sheet VI Veendam-Hoogeveen Netherlands Institute for Applied Geoscience TNO – National Geological Survey (Utrecht): 152 pp.

Nitsch, E., 2003. Wie kommt das Salz in den Keuper? Beiträge zur Geologie von Thüringen, Neue Folge 10: 75-110.

Nitsch, E., 2005. Der Keuper in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002: Formationen und Folgen. *Newsletters on Stratigraphy* 41: 159-171.

Nitsch, E., Seegis, D., Vath, U. & Hauschke, N., 2005. Sedimente und Sedimentationspausen im deutschen Keuper: Wie vollständig ist die Überlieferung der späten Triaszeit? *Newsletters on Stratigraphy* 41: 225-251.

Noble, S.R., Tucker, R.D. & Pharaoh, T.C., 1993. Lower Palaeozoic and Precambrian igneous rocks from eastern England and their bearing on late Ordovician closure of the Tornquist Sea: constraints from U-Pb and Nd isotopes. *Geological Magazine* 130: 835-846.

Noe-Nygaard, N. & Surlyk, F., 1985. Mound bedding in a sponge-rich Coniacian chalk, Bornholm, Denmark. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 34: 237-249.

Noe-Nygaard, N. & Surlyk, F., 1988. Wash-over fans and brackish bay sedimentation in the Berriasian-Valanginian of Bornholm, Denmark. *Sedimentology* 35: 197-217.

Norden, N., Förster, A. & Balling, N., 2008. Heat flow and lithospheric thermal regime in the Northeast German Basin. *Tectonophysics* 460 (1-4): 215-229.

Norling, E. & Bergström, J., 1987. Mesozoic and Cenozoic tectonic evolution of Scania, southern Sweden. *Tectonophysics* 137: 7-19.

Norris, R.M. & Norris, K.S., 1961. Algodones Dunes of Southeastern California. *Geological Society of America Bulletin* 72: 605-620.

Notholt, A.J.G. & Highley, D.E., 1973. Mineral Dossier No. 7, Salt. Mineral Resources Consultative Committee, HMSO (London): 36 pp.

Nykjaer, O., 1994. Development of a Thin Oil Rim With Horizontal Well in a Low Relief Chalk Gas Field, Tyra Field, Danish North Sea. *SPE paper* 28834: 299-305.

O'Brien, P.J., Duyster, J., Grauert, B., Schreyer, W., Stockhert, B. & Weber, K., 1997. Crustal evolution of the KTB drill site: From oldest relics to the late Hercynian granites. *Journal of Geophysical Research*. 102 (18): 18203-18220.

O'Mara, P.T., Merryweather, M., Stockwell, M. & Bowler, M.M., 2003a. The Trent gas field, block 43-24a, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 835-849.

O'Mara, P.T., Merryweather, M., Stockwell, M. & Bowler, M.M., 2003b. The Tyne Gas Fields, Block 44/18a, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 851-860.

Obdam, A. & van der Meer, L.G.H., 2003. GESTCO: Reservoir Simulation for Selected Case Studies. TNO-NITG NITG 03-091-A (Utrecht): 64 pp.

Obdam, A., van der Meer, L.G.H., May, F., Kerveyan, C., N, B. & Wildenborg, A., 2002. Effective CO₂ Storage Capacity in Aquifers, Gas Fields, Oil Fields and Coal Fields. *In*: Williams, D.J., Durie, R.A., McMullan, P., Paulson, C.A.J. and Smith, A.Y. (Eds): Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies. Proceedings of the Fifth International Conference on Greenhouse Gas Control Technologies, CSIRO (Collingwood): 339-344.

Øbro, H., 1989. Underground Gas Storage in Denmark – An Overview. *In*: Tek, M.R. (Ed.): Underground Storage of Natural Gas. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 31-44.

Obst, K., Böhnke, A., Katzung, G. & Maletz, J., 2002. Pb-Pb zircon dating of tuff horizons in the Cyrtograptus Shale (Wenlock, Silurian) of Bornholm, Denmark. *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 48: 1-8.

Obst, K., Hammer, J., Katzung, G. & Korich, D., 2004. The Mesoproterozoic basement in the southern Baltic Sea: insights from the G14-1 offshore borehole. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 93: 1-12.

Oczlon, M.S., 2006. Terrane Map of Europe. Gaea Heidelbergensis (Heidelberg): 15 pp.

Oele, J.A., Hol, A.C.P.J. & Tieman, J., 1981. Some Rotliegend gas fields of the K and L Blocks, Netherlands offshore (1968-1978) – a case history. *In*: Illing, L.V. and Hobson, G.D. (Eds): Petroleum geology of the continental shelf of North-West Europe. Institute of Petroleum (London): 289-300

Ogg, J.G., 2004. Status of Divisions of the International Geological Time Scale. *Lethiaia* 37: 183-199.

Olaussen, S., Larsen, B.T. & Steel, R., 1994. The Upper Carboniferous - Permian Oslo Rift: basin fill in relation to tectonic development. *In*: Embry, A.F., Beauchamp, B. and Glass, D.J. (Eds): Society of Petroleum Geologists Memoirs. Memoir Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists (Calgary) 17: 175-197.

Old, R.A., Hamblin, R.J.O., Ambrose, K. & Warrington, G., 1991. Geology of the country around Redditch. Memoir of the British Geological Survey, Sheet 183 (England and Wales). Her Majesty's Stationery Office (London): 83 pp.

Oliver, G.J.H., 1988. Arenig to Wenlock regional metamorphism in the Paratectonic Caledonides of the British Isles: a review. *In*: Harris, A.L. and Fettes, D.J. (Eds): The Caledonian-Appalachian Orogen. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 38: 347-363.

Olsen, D., 2007. Increased Oil Recovery from the Danish North Sea Chalk Fields. Flooding Experiment OCD1. Final Report. Danmarks og Grønlands Geologiske Undersøgelse 2007/30 (Copenhagen): 20 pp.

Olsen, J.C., 1987. Tectonic evolution of the North Sea region. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 389-401.

Oncken, O., Plesch, A., Weber, J., Ricken, W. & Schrader, S., 2000. Passive margin detachment during arc-continent collision (Central European Variscides). *In*: Franke, W., Altherr, R., Haak, V. and Oncken, O. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 199-216.

Oncken, O., von Winterfeld, C. & Dittmar, U., 1999. Accretion of a rifted passive margin; the late Paleozoic Rhenohercynian fold and thrust belt (middle European Variscides). *Tectonics* 18 (1): 75-91.

Ondrak, R., Förster, A., Scheck, M. & Gerisch, R., 1999. The present-day temperature field of the Northeast German Basin – a comparison of temperature measurements and 3D-modeling. *Université Louis Pasteur, Strasbourg, Mémoire* 99: 111-114.

Osborne, M.J. & Swarbrick, R.E., 1997. 'Mechanisms for generating overpressure in sedimentary basins; a reevaluation'. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin* 81: 1023-1041.

Otmans, A.A., 2004. Perspectives of oil resources development in the Kaliningrad district. *Economics & Management* 5-6: 27-31.

Oudmayer, B. & De Jager, J., 1993. Fault reactivation and oblique-slip in the southern North Sea. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 1281-1293.

Overeem, I., Weltje, G.J., Bishop-Kay, C. & Kroonenberg, S.B., 2001. The Late Cenozoic Eridanos delta system in the Southern North Sea Basin: a climate signal in sediment supply? *Basin Research* 13: 293-312.

Owens, B., Gueinn, K.J. & Cameron, I.B., 1977. A Tournaisian miospore assemblage from the Altagoan Formation (Upper Calciiferous Sandstone), Draperstown, Northern Ireland. *Pollen et Spores* 19 (2): 313-324.

Pacześna, J. & Poprawa, P., 2005. Eustatic versus tectonic control on the development of Neoproterozoic and Cambrian stratigraphic sequences of the Lublin-Podlasie Basin (SW margin of Baltica). *Geosciences Journal* 9: 117-127.

Pagnier, H.J.M., Pestman, P.J. & Van Tongeren, P.C.H., 1987. Recent Coal Exploration in the Netherlands. *In*: Martin, J.W. and Barone, S.P. (Eds): Proceedings 13th Annual Underground Coal Gasification Symposium. US Department of Energy (Laramie): 151-162.

Pagnier, H.J.M. & Van Tongeren, P.C.H., 1996. Lithostratigraphy and sedimentology of the Upper Carboniferous of borehole 'De Lutte-6' (East Twente, the Netherlands) and evalution of the Tubbergen Formation in the eastern and southern parts of the Netherlands. *Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst* 55: 3-30.

Palermo, D., Aigner, T., Geluk, M., Pöppelreiter, M. & Pipping, K., 2008. Reservoir potential of a lacustrine mixed carbonate/siliciclastic gas reservoir: the Lower Triassic Rogenstein in the Netherlands. *Journal of Petroleum Geology* 31: 61-96.

Paproth, E., 1989. Die paläogeographische Entwicklung Mittel-Europas im Karbon. *Geologisches Jahrbuch Hessen* 117: 53-68.

Paproth, E., Conil, R., Bless, M.J.M., Boonen, P., Carpentier, N., Coen, M., Delcambre, B., Deprijck, C., Deuzon, S., Dreesen, R., Groessens, E., Hance, L., Hennebert, M., Hibo, D., Hahn, G.R., Hislairé, O., Kasig, W., Laloux, M., Lauwers, A., Lees, A., Lys, M., Op de Beeck, K., Overlau, P., Pirlot, H., Poty, E., Ramsbottom, W., Streel, M., Swennen, R., Thorez, J., Vanguestaine, M., Van Steenwinkel, M. & Vieslet, J.-L., 1983a. Bio- and lithostratigraphic subdivisions of the Dinantian in Belgium, a review. *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 106: 185-239.

Paproth, E., Dusar, M., Bless, M.J.M., Bouckaert, J., Delmer, A., Fairon-Demaret, M., Houleberghs, E., Laloux, M., Pierart, P., Somers, Y., Streel, M., Thorez, J. & Tricot, J., 1983b. Bio- and lithostratigraphic subdivisions of the Silesian in Belgium, a review. *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 106: 241-283.

Paproth, E., Dusar, M., Verkaeren, P. & Bless, M.J.M., 1996. Stratigraphy and cyclic nature of Lower Westphalian deposits in the boreholes KB174 and KB206 in the Belgian Campine. *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 117: 169-189.

Parnell, J., 1983. The distribution of hydrocarbon minerals in the Welsh Borderlands and adjacent areas. *Geological Journal* 18: 129-139.

Parnell, J., 1987. The occurrence of hydrocarbons in Cambrian sandstones of the Welsh Borderland. *Geological Journal* 22: 173-190.

Partington, M.A., Copestake, P., Mitchener, B.C. & Underhill, J.R., 1993. Biostratigraphic calibration of genetic stratigraphic sequences in the Jurassic-lowermost Cretaceous (Hettangian- Ryazanian) of the North Sea and adjacent areas. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 697-706.

Paskevicius, J. (Ed.), 1993. Catalogue of the Vendian-Devonian stratotypes of Lithuania. Geological Society of Lithuania (Vilnius).

Pasternak, M., 2008. Exploration and Production of Crude Oil and Natural Gas in Germany in 2007. *Erdöl Erdgas Kohle* 124 (7/8): 298-310.

Pasternak, M., Brinkmann, S., Messner, J. & Sedlacek, R., 2006. Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 2005. Landesamt für Bergbau, Energie und Geologie (LBEG) (Hannover).

Pasternak, M., Kosinowski, M., Lösch, J., Messner, J., Meyer, H.-J. & Sedlacek, R., 2001. Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 2000. Niedersächsisches Landesamt für Bodenforschung (Hannover).

Pasternak, M., Kosinowski, M., Lösch, J., Meyer, H.-J., Porth, H. & Sedlacek, R., 1998. Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 1997. Niedersächsisches Landesamt für Bodenforschung Geowissenschaftliche Gemeinschaftsaufgaben (NLFb-GGA) (Hannover).

Pasternak, M., Kosinowski, M., Lösch, J., Meyer, H.-J. & Sedlacek, R., 1999. Erdöl und Erdgas in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 1998. Niedersächsisches Landesamt für Bodenforschung (Hannover).

Paszkowski, M. & Szulczewski, M., 1995. Late Paleozoic carbonate platforms in the Polish part of the Moravia-Małopolska shelf. *In*: Szulczewski, M. and Dvorak, J. (Eds): Evolution of the Polish-Moravian carbonate platform in the Late Devonian and Early Carboniferous: Holy Cross Mts., Kraków Upland, Moravian Karst, Guide to Excursion. XIII International Congress on Carboniferous-Permian Stratigraphy (Kraków).

Patijn, R.J.H., 1964. Die Entstehung von Erdgas infolge der Nachinkohlung im Nordosten der Niederlande. *Erdöl und Kohle, Erdgas und Petrochemie* 17: 2-9.

Pattison, J., Smith, D.B. & Warrington, G., 1973. A review of late Permian and early Triassic biostratigraphy in the British Isles. Canadian Society of Petroleum Geologists, Memoir 2: 220-260.

Pätz, H., Rascher, J. & Seifert, A., 1989. Kohle – ein Kapitel aus dem Tagebuch der Erde. BSB B.G. Teubner Verlagsgesellschaft (Leipzig): 150 pp.

Paul, J., 1980. Upper Permian algal stromatolitic reefs, Harz Mountains (F. R. Germany). *Contributions to Sedimentology* 9: 253-268.

Paul, J., 1982a. Der Untere Buntsandstein des germanischen Beckens. *Geologische Rundschau* 71: 795-811.

Paul, J., 1982b. Zur Rand- und Schwellen-Fazies des Kupferschiefers. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft* 133: 571-605.

Paul, J., 1987. Der Zechstein am Harzrand: Querprofil über eine permische Schwelle, Internationales Symposium Zechstein 1987, Wiesbaden: 193-276.

Paul, J., 1996. Stromatolite reefs of the Upper Permian Zechstein Basin. *Göttinger Arbeiten zur Geologie und Paläontologie* 2: 325-328.

Paul, J., 2005. Permo-Carboniferous Paleosols in Central Germany. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften* B19: 25-35.

Paul, J., 2006. Der Kupferschiefer: Lithologie, Stratigraphie, Fazies und Metallogenese eines Schwarzschiefers. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften* 157: 57-76.

Paul, J., submitted. Weissliegend. *In*: Lützner, H. and Kowalczik, G. (Eds): Das Rotliegend von Deutschland II. Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover).

Paul, J. & Huckriede, H., 2004. Riffe, Gips und Erze: Zechstein zwischen Saalfeld und Neustadt/Orla. Schriftenreihe der deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 35: 75-91.

Paul, J. & Peryt, T.M., 2000. Kalkowsky's stromatolites revisited (Lower Triassic Bundsandstein, Harz Mountains, Germany). *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 161: 435-458.

Paul, J., Wemmer, K. & Ahrendt, H., 2008. Provenance of siliciclastic sediments (Permian-Jurassic) in the Central European Basin. *Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften* 159: 641-650.

Paul, J., Wemmer, K. & Wetzel, F., 2009. Keuper (Late Triassic) sediments in Germany – indicators of rapid uplift of Caledonian rocks in southern Norway. *Norwegian Journal of Geology* 89: 193-202.

Paulick, H. & Breitkreuz, C., 2005. The Late Paleozoic felsic lava-dominated large igneous province in northeast Germany: volcanic facies analysis based on drill cores. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 94: 834-850.

Pearce, T.J., Besly, B.M., Wray, D.S. & Wright, D.K., 1999. Chemostratigraphy: a method to improve interwell correlation in barren sequences; a case study using onshore Duckmantian-Stephanian sequences (West Midlands, U.K.). *Sedimentary Geology* 124 (1-4): 197-220.

Plasienka, D., 1997. Cretaceous tectonochronology of the Central Western Carpathians, Slovakia. *Geologia Carpathia* 48: 99-111.

Platt, J.D., 1994. Geochemical evolution of pore waters in the Rotliegend (Early Permian) of northern Germany. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 11: 66-78.

Plein, E., 1978. Rotliegend Ablagerungen im Norddeutschen Becken. *Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie* 129: 71-97.

Plein, E., 1993. Bemerkungen zum Ablauf der paläogeographischen Entwicklung im Stefan und Rotliegend des Norddeutschen Beckens. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A131*: 99-116.

Plein, E., 1994. Deutschland. *In*: Kulke, H. (Ed.): Regionale Erdöl- und Erdgasgeologie der Erde. Gebrüder Bornträger (Berlin): 139-192.

Plein, E., 1995. Norddeutsches Rotliegendbecken, Rotliegend Teil II. 193 pp.

Plessen, B., Lueders, V., Hoth, P. & Wemmer, K., 2006. Nitrogen isotope geochemistry of ammonium during diagenesis and brine events in sedimentary basins. *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta* 70: A497.

Pletsch, T., Appel, J., Botor, D., Clayton, C.J., Duin, E.J.T., Faber, E., Görecki, W., Kombrink, H., Kosakowski, P., Kuper, G., Kus, J., Lutz, R., Mathiesen, A., Ostertag-Henning, C., Papiernek, B. & Van Bergen, F., 2010. Petroleum generation and migration. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 225-253.

Plewa, S., 1994. Geothermal parameters within the area of Poland. PAS MEERI Publishers (Kraków): 138 pp.

Podhalańska, T. & Modliński, Z., 2006. Stratigraphy and facies characteristics of the Ordovician and Silurian deposits of the Kozsalin-Chojnice zone; similarities and differences to the western margin of the East European craton and Rügen area (in Polish with extended abstract in English). *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 186: 39-78.

Pokorski, J., 1981a. Paleogeography of the Upper Rotliegendes in the Polish Lowlands, Proceedings of the Symposium on the Central European Permian, Warszawa: 56-68.

Pokorski, J., 1981b. Propozycja formalnego podziału litostratygraficznego czerwonego spągowca na Niżu Polskim. *Kwartalnik Geologiczny* 25 (1): 41-58.

Pokorski, J. & Wagner, R., 1975. Stratigraphy and palaeogeography of the Permian. *Geol. Inst. Bull., Warsaw* 282: 115-129.

Polish Geological Instytute, 1993. MIDAS Database.

Poole, E.G., 1969. The stratigraphy of the Geological Survey Apley Barn Borehole. *Geological Survey of Great Britain Bulletin* 29: 1-28.

Poole, E.G., 1977. Stratigraphy of the Steeple Aston Borehole, Oxfordshire. *Geological Survey of Great Britain Bulletin* 57: 1-85.

Popov, S.V., Rögl, F., Rozanov, A.Y., Steininger, F.F., Shcherba, I.G. & Kovac, M., 2004. Lithological-Paleogeographic maps of Paratethys – 10 maps Late Eocene to Pliocene. *Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg* (Frankfurt am Main): 46 pp.

Pöppelreiter, M., 1999. Controls on epeiric successions exemplified with the mixed siliciclastic-carbonate Lower Keuper (Ladinian, German Basin). *Tübinger Geowissenschaftliche Arbeiten*: 117 pp.

Pöppelreiter, M.C., Borkhataria, R., Aigner, T. & Pipping, K., 2005. Production from Muschelkalk carbonates (Triassic, NE Netherlands): unique play or overlooked opportunity? *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 299-314.

Pöppelreiter, M.C., Simone, A. & Hoetz, H.L.J.G., 2004. Reservoir characteristics of intracontinental carbonate ramp deposits – Upper Muschelkalk, Middle Triassic, NE Netherlands. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 83 (1): 1-16.

Poprawa, P., 2006. Development of the Caledonian collision zone along the western margin of Baltica and its relation to the foreland basin. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 186: 189-214.

Poprawa, P. & Grotek, I., 2005. Revealing palaeo-heat flow and paleoverpressures in the Baltic Basin from thermal maturity modeling. *Mineralogical Society of Poland, Special Papers* 26: 235-238.

Poprawa, P., Grotek, I. & Żywiecki, M., 2005. Impact of the Permian magmatic activity on the thermal maturation of the Carboniferous sediments on the outer Variscan Orogen (SW Poland). *Polskie Towarzystwo Mineralogiczne Special Papers* 26: 253-260.

Poprawa, P. & Kiernowski, H., 2008. Perspektywy poszukiwań złóż gazu ziemnego w skałach ilastych (shale gas) oraz gazu ziemnego zamkniętego (tight gas) w Polsce. Potential for shale gas and tight gas exploration in Poland, *Pierwszy Polski Kongres Geologiczny. Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego, Kraków*: 145-152.

Poprawa, P. & Paczeńska, J., 2002. Late Neoproterozoic to early Palaeozoic development of a rift at the Lublin-Podlasie slope of the East European Craton – analysis of subsidence and facies record (eastern Poland). *Przegląd Geologiczny* 50: 49-63.

Poprawa, P., Paszkowski, M., Fanning, M., Pécskay, Z., Nawrocki, J. & Sikorska, M., 2006. Geochronological characteristics of source areas for the Lower Palaeozoic sediments from the NW East European Craton and Kozsalin-Chojnice zone; dating of detrital mica (K-Ar) and Zircon (U/Pb SHRIMP). *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 186: 149-164.

Poprawa, P., Šliaupa, S., Stephenson, R. & Lazauskiene, J., 1999. Late Vendian-Early Palaeozoic tectonic evolution of the Baltic Basin: Regional tectonic implications from subsidence analysis. *Tectonophysics* 314: 219-239.

Poprawa, P. & Żywiecki, M.M., 2005. Heat transfer during development of the Lublin Basin (SE Poland): maturity modelling and fluid inclusion analysis. *Mineralogical Society of Poland, Special Papers* 26: 239-248.

Porebski, S.J., 1981. Świebodzice succession (Upper Devonian-Lower Carboniferous; Western Sudetes): a prograding, mass-flow dominated fan-delta complex. *Geologica Sudetica* 16: 101-192.

Porebski, S.J., 1990. Onset of coarse clastic sedimentation in the Variscan realm of the Sudetes (SW Poland): an example from the upper Devonian-lower Carboniferous Świebodzice succession. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 179: 259-274.

POS, 2001. Prawo Ochrony Środowiska. Dziennik Ustaw RP nr 62 poz. 627 z dnia 20 czerwca (Warszawa).

Poty, E., 1997. Devonian and Carboniferous tectonics in the eastern and southeastern parts of the Brabant Massif (Belgium). *Aardkundige Mededelingen* 8: 143-144.

Poty, E., Hance, L., Lees, A. & Hennebert, M., 2001. Dinantian lithostratigraphic units (Belgium). *Geologica Belgica* 4 (1-2): 69-93.

Powell, A.J., 1992. Dinoflagellate cysts of the Tertiary System. *In*: Powell, A.J. (Ed.): A Stratigraphic Index of Dinoflagellate Cysts: 155-251.

Požaryski, W. (Ed.), 1974. Geological structure of Poland. Tectonics. The Polish Lowlands. Geological Publishers (Warszawa): 478 pp.

Požaryski, W., 1977a. Geology of Poland, IV (Tectonics). Wydawnictwa Geologiczne (Warszawa).

Požaryski, W., 1977b. The early Alpine Laramide Epoch in the Platform development east of the Fore Sudetic and Silesian-Cracovian monoclines: Geology of Poland. Wydawnictwa Geologiczne (Warszawa): 351-416.

Požaryski, W., 1990. The Middle European Caledonides – wrenching orogen composed of terranes. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 38: 1-9.

Požaryski, W. & Brochwic-Lewiński, W., 1978. On the Polish Trough. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 57: 545-557.

Požaryski, W. & Brochwic-Lewiński, W., 1979a. Geological map of Poland and adjoining countries, without Cenozoic formations : (without Quaternary in the Carpathians). Opracowanie graficzne i druk Wydawnictwa Geologiczne,

Požaryski, W. & Brochwic-Lewiński, W., 1979b. On the Mid-Polish Aulacogen. *Geological Quarterly* 23: 271-290.

Požaryski, W. & Dembowski, Z., 1983. Geological map of Poland and neighbouring countries without Cenozoic, Mesozoic and Permian deposits, 1 : 1 000 000. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

Požaryski, W. & Nawrocki, J., 2000. Struktura i lokalizacja brzegu platformy wschodnioeuropejskiej w Europie Środkowej. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48 (8): 703-706.

Požaryski, W. & Żytko, K., 1981. On the Mid-Polish Aulacogen and the Carpathian Geosyncline. *Bulletin de l'Academie Polonaise des Sciences, Serie de sciences de la Terre* 28: 303-316.

Praeg, D., 1997. Buried tunnel-valleys: 3D-seismic morphostratigraphy. *In*: Davies, T.A., Bell, T., Cooper, A.K., Josenhans, H., Polyak, L., Solheim, A., Stoker, M.S. and Stravers, J.A. (Eds): Glaciated continental margins: an atlas of acoustic images Chapman & Hall (London): 273-298.

Präger, R., Stedingk, K., Hartmann, O., Karpe, P., Model, E. & Koglin, N., 2003. Übersichtskarte Tiefliegende Rohstoffe und Energierohstoffe in Sachsen-Anhalt 1 : 400 000; Blatt 1: Energierohstoffe.Halle (Saale).

Priem, H.N.A., Mulder, F.G., Boelrijk, N.A., Hebeda, E.H., Verschure, R.H. & Verdurmen, E.A., 1968. Geochronological and palaeomagnetic reconnaissance in parts of central and southern Sweden. *Physics of Earth and Planet Interiors* 1: 373-380.

Prigmore, J., Butler, A. & Woodcock, N., 1997. Rifting during separation of Eastern Avalonia from Gondwana: Evidence from subsidence analysis. *Geology* 25: 203-207.

Protas, A., 2000. Środowiska depozycji a diageneza utworów dolomitu głównego na złożu Barnówko-Mostno-Buszewo (BMB). *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 486-487.

Przeniosło, S. (Ed.), 2005. Bilans zasobów kopalin i wód podziemnych w Polsce wg stanu na 31 XII 2004 r. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa): 459 pp.

Purvis, K. & Okkerman, J.A., 1996. Inversion of reservoir quality by early diagenesis: an example from the Triassic Buntsandstein, offshore the Netherlands. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 179-190.

Quirk, D.G., 1993. Interpreting the Upper Carboniferous of the Dutch Cleaver Bank High. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 697-706.

Quirk, D.G. & Aitken, J.F., 1997. The structure of the Westphalian in the northern part of the southern North Sea. *In*: Ziegler, K., Turner, P. and Daines, S.R. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 143-152.

Raab, M., 1998. Industriegeschichte der Grube Messel. *Aufschluss* 49 (2): 87-132.

Rabbel, W., Förste, K., Schulze, A., Bittner, R., Röhl, J. & Reichert, J.C., 1995. A high velocity layer in the lower crust of the North German Basin. *Terra Nova* 7: 327-337.

Racero-Baena, A. & Drake, S.J., 1996. Structural style and reservoir development in the West Netherlands oil province. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 211-228.

Racki, G., 1993. Evolution of the bank to reef complex in the Devonian of the Holy Cross Mountains. *Acta Palaeontologica Polonica* 37: 87-182.

Racki, G. & Narkiewicz, M., 2000. Tectonic versus eustatic controls of sedimentary development of the Devonian in the Holy Cross Mountains, Central Poland. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 65-76.

Racki, G., Racka, M., Matyja, H. & Devleeschouwer, X., 2002. The Frasnian-Famennian boundary in the South Polish-Moravian shelf basins: integrated event-stratigraphical approach. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 181: 251-297.

Racki, G. & Turnau, E., 2000. Devonian series and stage boundaries in Poland. *Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg* 225: 145-158.

Raczyńska, A., 1979. The stratigraphy and lithofacies development of the younger Lower Cretaceous in the Polish Lowlands. *Prace Instytutu Geologicznego* 89.

Raczyński, P., 2000. Zespoły organizmów w kompleksie rafowym wapienia cechsztyńskiego (Ca1) na wyniesieniu wolsztyńskim. *Przegląd Geologiczny* 48: 469-470.

Radke, M., Willsch, H. & Welte, D.H., 1980. Preparative hydrocarbon group type determination by automated medium pressure liquid chromatography. *Analytical Chemistry* 52: 406-411.

Raeds, C.E.P.M., 1971. De opgang en teleurgang van de Limburgse steenkoolindustrie. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 50: 105-118.

Ramsbottom, W.H.C., Calver, M.A., Eagar, R.M.C., Hodson, F., Holliday, D.W., Stubblefield, C.J. & Wilson, R.B., 1978. A correlation of Silesian rocks in the British Isles. *Geological Society Special Report*: 81 pp.

Ramsbottom, W.H.C., Ridd, M.F. & Read, W.A., 1979. Rates of transgression and regression in the Carboniferous of NW Europe; with discussion and reply. *Journal of the Geological Society* 136 (Rates of marine transgression and regression): 147-154.

Rasch, H.-J., Zagora, K., Schlasi, H., Münzberger, E. & Beer, H., 1993. Zur Geologie und Kohlenwasserstoff-Führung der regionalen Karbonatsand-Barrenzone des Staßfurt-Karbonats in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A131*: 305-329.

Rasch, H.J., Piske, J., Ribbe, E., Karnin, W.D., Merkel, D. & Behla, S., 1998. Zur seismo-geologischen Charakteristik des basalen Zechsteins in Brandenburg. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A149*: 145-167.

Rascher, J., 2002. Rohstoffgeologische Übersichtskarte des Freistaates Sachsen 1 : 400 000. Fossile Brennstoffe. 1. Auflage. Sächsisches Landesamt für Umwelt und Geologie, Freiberg.

Rascher, J., 2009. Braunkohlen. *In*: Pälchen, W. (Ed.): Geologie von Sachsen. Teil II: Georesourcen, Geopotenziale, Georisiken. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart).

Rascher, J., Escher, D., Fischer, J., Dutschmann, U. & Kästner, S., 2005. Geologischer Atlas Tertiär Nordwestsachsen 1 : 250 000. Sächsisches Landesamt für Umwelt und Geologie (Dresden).

Rasmussen, E.S., 2004a. Stratigraphy and depositional evolution of the uppermost Oligocene – Miocene succession in Denmark. *Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin* 51: 89-109.

Rasmussen, E.S., 2004b. The interplay between true eustatic sea-level changes, tectonics and climatic changes: what is the dominating factor in sequence formation of the Upper Oligocene-Miocene succession in the eastern North Sea Basin, Denmark. *Global and Planetary Change* 41: 5-30.

Rasmussen, E.S., 2006. Lagunekyster og flodsletter. *In*: Larsen, G. (Ed.): Naturen i Danmark. Gyldendal (Copenhagen): 227-236.

Rasmussen, E.S., 2008a. Neogene inversion of the Central Graben and Ringkøbing-Fyn High, Denmark. *Tectonophysics* 465: 84-97.

Rasmussen, E.S., 2008b. Neogene inversion of the Danish North Sea Basin and Sorgenfrei-Tornquist zone, International Geological Congress, Oslo.

Rasmussen, E.S., 2009. Neogene inversion of the Central Graben and Ringkøbing-Fyn High, Denmark. *Tectonophysics* 465: 84-97.

Rasmussen, E.S., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Waagstein, R. & Eidvin, T., 2008. The Tertiary of Norden. *Episodes* 31: 1-7.

Rasmussen, E.S., Vejgåk, O.V., Bidstrup, T., Piasecki, S. & Dybkjær, K., 2005. Late Cenozoic depositional history of the Danish North Sea Basin: implications for the petroleum systems in the Kraka, Halfdan, Siri and Nini fields. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B.A. (Eds): Petroleum Geology: North-West Europe and Global Perspectives – Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 1347-1358.

Rasmussen, L.B., 1961. De Miocene Formationer i Danmark. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse, IV Række*: 35 pp.

Rasmussen, L.B., 1978. Geological aspects of the Danish North sector. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse* 44: 1-84.

Rasser, M.W. & Harzhauser, M., 2008. Paleogene and Neogene. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 1031-1139.

Rattas, M. & Kalm, V., 2001. Lithostratigraphy and distribution of tills in the Saadjärve drumlin field, east-central Estonia. *Proceedings of the Estonian Academy of Sciences, Geology* 50: 24-42.

Ravn, J.P.J., 1925. Det cenomane basalkonglomerat på Bornholm. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse* 42: 1-64.

Rawson, P.F., 2006. Cretaceous: sea levels peak as the North Atlantic opens. *In*: Brencchley, P.J. and Rawson, P.F. (Eds): The Geology of England and Wales. The Geological Society (London): 365-393.

Rawson, P.F. & Curry, D., 1978. A correlation of Cretaceous rocks in the British Isles. *Geological Society Special Report* (London): 70 pp.

Rawson, P.F. & Riley, L.A., 1982. Latest Jurassic - Early Cretaceous Events and the 'Late Cimmerian Unconformity' in the North Sea Area. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin* 66: 2628-2648.

Reicherter, K., Froitzheim, N., Jarosinski, M., Badura, J., Franzke, H.-J., Hansen, M., Hünscher, C., Müller, R., Poprowa, P., Reinecker, J., Stackebrandt, W., Voigt, T., Von Eynatten, H. & Zuchiewicz, W., 2008. Alpine tectonics north of the Alps. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe The Geological Society (London): 1233-1295.

Reicherter, K., Kaiser, A. & Stackebrandt, W., 2005. The post-glacial landscape evolution of the North German Basin: morphology, neotectonics and crustal deformation. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 94: 1083-1093.

Reimann, M. & Richter, M., 1991. Lithological sequence of the Main Anhydrite (Zechstein 3) in the Pila IG1 borehole (Poland) in comparison with the normal sequence in the Hannover area (NW Germany). *Przegląd Geologiczny* 39: 203-206.

Reinecker, J., Heidbach, O., Tingay, M., Sperner, B. & Müller, B., 2005. The 2005 release of the World Stress Map. available online at www.world-stress-map.org.

Reinhardt, H.-G., 1977. Regionale Geschwindigkeiten im Nordteil der DDR. Unveröffentlichter Ergebnisbericht. VEB Geophysik (Leipzig).

Reinhardt, H.-G. (Ed.), 1991. Regionales Geophysikalisches Kartenwerk (1960-1991). Unveröffentlichtes Kartenwerk. VEB Geophysik (Leipzig).

Reinhardt, L. & Ricken, W., 2000. The stratigraphic and geochemical record of playa cycles: monitoring a Pangean monsoon-like system (Triassic, Middle Keuper, S. Germany). *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 195: 205-227.

Reinisch, R., 2000. Wybrane aspekty podziemnych magazynów gazu (u progu XXI wieku). Wydawnictwa PLJ (Warszawa): 301 pp.

Remmels, G., 1995. Fault-related salt tectonics in the southern North Sea, the Netherlands. *In*: Jackson, M.P.A., Roberts, D.G. and Snelson, S. (Eds): Salt tectonics: a global perspective. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 65: 261-272.

Remmels, G., 1996. Salt tectonics in the southern North Sea, the Netherlands. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 143-158.

Resak, M., Narkiewicz, M. & Littke, R., 2008. New basin modelling results from the Polish part of the Central European Basin system: implications for the Late Cretaceous-Early Paleogene structural inversion. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 97: 955-972.

Reston, T.J. & Blundell, D.J., 1987. Possible mid-crustal shears at the edge of the London Platform *Geophysical Journal of the Royal Astronomical Society* 89: 251-258.

Rettig, B. & Röhlmg, H.-G., 1999. Die Solling-Folge bei Hardegsen – ein Referenzprofil in 4 Etappen. *In*: Hoppe, A. and Abel, H. (Eds): Geotope – Lesbare Archive der Erdgeschichte. Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft (Hannover) 7: 84-85.

Rheinhardt, H.G., 1993. Structure of NE Germany: regional depth and thickness maps of Permian to Tertiary intervals. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 3: 155-166.

- Rhys, G.H., 1974. A proposed standard lithostratigraphic nomenclature for the southern North Sea and an outline structural nomenclature for the whole of the (UK) North Sea. A report of the joint Oil Industry. Institute of Geological Sciences (London): 14 pp.
- Ribbert, K.-H., 1998. Das Famenne im Untergrund der Niederrheinischen Bucht. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen 37: 81-107.
- Richards, P.C., Lott, G.K. & Johnson, H., 1993. Jurassic of the Central and Northern North Sea. *In*: Knox, R.W.O.B. and Cordey, W.G. (Eds): Lithostratigraphic nomenclature of the UK North Sea. British Geological Survey (Nottingham) 3: 1-219.
- Richardson, J.B. & Rasul, S.M., 1978. Lower Devonian spores and reworked acritarchs from the Witney Borehole, southern England, and their geological implications. *Palynology* 2: 231.
- Richter-Bernurg, G., 1955a. Über salinare Sedimentation Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 105: 593-645.
- Richter-Bernurg, G., 1955b. Stratigraphische Gliederung des deutschen Zechsteins. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 105: 843-854.
- Richter-Bernurg, G., 1985. Zechstein Anhydrite. Fazies und Genese. Geologisches Jahrbuch A85: 1-82.
- Ricken, W., Schrader, S., Oncken, O. & Plesch, A., 2000. Turbidite basin and mass dynamics related to orogenic wedge growth; the Rheno-Hercynian case. *In*: Franke, W., Haak, V., Oncken, O. and Tanner, D. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 257-280.
- Ricour, J., 1963. Contribution – une revision du Trias francais. Mom. Carte Geol. Detail. France,
- Riddler, G.P., 1981. The distribution of the Röt Halite Member in North Yorkshire, Cleveland and North Humberside. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 43 (3): 341-346.
- Rieke, H., Kossow, D., McCann, T. & Krawczyk, C.M., 2001. Tectono-sedimentary evolution of the northernmost margin of the NE German Basin between uppermost Carboniferous and Late Permian (Rotliegend). Geological Journal 36: 19-38.
- Rieke, H., McCann, T., Krawczyk, C.M. & Negendank, J.F.W., 2003. Evaluation of controlling factors on facies distribution and evolution in an arid continental environment: an example from the Rotliegend of the NE German Basin. *In*: McCann, T. and Saintot, A. (Eds): Tracing tectonic deformation using the sedimentary record. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 208: 71-94.
- Riis, F., 1996. Quantification of Cenozoic vertical movements of Scandinavia by correlation of morphological surfaces with offshore data. Global and Planetary Change 12: 331-357.
- Riis, F., Eidvin, T. & Fjeldskaar, W., 2008. Timing of the uplift of the Scandes mountains – a review of the offshore evidence, International Geological Congress, Oslo.
- Riley, N.J., 1993. Dinantian (Lower Carboniferous) biostratigraphy and chronostratigraphy in the British Isles. Journal of the Geological Society 150: 427-446.
- Ritchie, J.S. & Pratsides, P., 1993. The Caister Fields, Block 44/ 23a, UK North Sea. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 759-769.
- Ritzkowski, S., 2005. Das Tertiär der Hessischen Senke in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41 (1-3): 339-346.
- Röber, S., Röhling, H.-G. & Zellmer, H., 2006. Die Stromatolithen am Geologie-Natur-Erlebnispfad 'Heeseberg'. *In*: Weber, J. and Böhn, S. (Eds): Geotope und Geoparks – Schlüssel zu nachhaltigem Tourismus und Umweltbildung. Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 42: 51-55.
- Roberts, A.M., Yielding, G., Kuznier, N.J., Walker, I.M. & Dorn-Lopez, 1995. Quantitative analysis of Triassic extension in the northern Viking Graben. Journal of the Geological Society 152: 15-27.
- Robin, C., Guillocheau, F., Allemand, P., Bourquin, S., Dromart, G., Gaulier, J.-M. & Prijac, C., 2000. Echelles de temps et d'espace du contrôle tectonique d'un bassin flexurale intracratonique: le bassin de Paris. Bulletin de la Société Géologique de la France 171: 181-196.
- Rockel, W., Hoth, P. & Seibt, P., 1997. Charakteristik und Aufschluss hydrogeothermaler Speicher. Geowissenschaften 8: 244-252.
- Rodon, S. & Littke, R., 2005. Thermal maturity in the Central European Basin system (Schleswig-Holstein area): results of 1D basin modelling and new maturity maps. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94: 815-833.
- Roelofsen, J.W. & De Boer, W.P., 1991. Geology of the Lower Cretaceous Q/1 oil-fields, Broad Fourteens basin, The Netherlands. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 1: 203-216.
- Röhl, U., 1988. Multistatigraphische Zyklengliederung im Oberen Muschelkalk Nord- und Mitteldeutschlands. Thesis. Universität Bonn (Bonn): 285 pp.
- Röhling, H.-G., 1989. Subsidenz im Nordwestdeutschen Becken während der untern Trias (Unterer und Mittlerer Buntsandstein). Nachrichten der deutschen geologischen Gesellschaft 41: 111-112.
- Röhling, H.-G., 1991. A lithostratigraphic subdivision of the Early Triassic in the Northwest German Lowlands and the German Sector of the North Sea, based on gamma-ray and sonic logs. Geologisches Jahrbuch A 119: 3-23.
- Röhling, H.-G., 1993. Der Untere Buntsandstein in Nordost- und Nordwestdeutschland – Ein Beitrag zur Vereinheitlichung der stratigraphischen Nomenklatur. Geologisches Jahrbuch A142: 148-181.
- Röhling, H.-G., 1999. The Quickborn Sandstone – a New Stratigraphic Unit in the Lower Triassic of the Mid-European Basin. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) I: 797-812.
- Röhling, H.-G., in press. The Gleina-unconformity – stratigraphic position and quantification of an unconformity in the uppermost Röt Formation (Röt-Folge, Upper Buntsandstein) of the North German Basin. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften.
- Rohrmann, M., Van der Beek, P., Andriessen, P. & Cloetingh, S., 1995. Meso-Cenozoic morpho-tectonic evolution of Southern Norway; Neogene domal uplift inferred from apatite fission track thermo-chronology. Tectonics 14: 700-714.
- Rollin, K., Kirby, G.A., Rowley, W.J. & Buckley, D.K., 1998. United Kingdom. *In*: Hurter, S. and Haenel, R. (Eds): Atlas of Geothermal resources in Europe. Commission of the European Communities (Luxemburg): 92.
- Roman-Becker, A., 2004. Sequenzstratigraphie und Fazies des Unteren und Mittleren Buntsandsteins im östlichen Teil des Germanischen Beckens (Deutschland, Polen). Thesis. University of Halle (Halle): 144 pp.
- Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. & Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds), 1996. Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 304 pp.
- Roscher, M. & Schneider, J.W., 2006. Permo-Carboniferous climate; Early Pennsylvanian to Late Permian climate development of Central Europe in a regional and global context. *In*: Lucas, S.G., Cassinis, G. and Schneider, J.W. (Eds): Non-marine Permian biostratigraphy and biochronology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 265: 95-136.
- Rose, G.N. & Kent, P.E., 1955. A Lingula-Bed in the Keuper of Nottinghamshire. Geological Magazine 92 (6): 476-480.
- Rosenbaum, G., Lister, G.S. & Duboz, C., 2002. Relative motion of Africa, Iberia and Europe during the Alpine orogeny. Tectonophysics 359: 117-129.
- Rosenberg, P., Petersen, H.I. & Thomsen, E., 1996. Combustion char morphology related to combustion temperature and coal petrography. Fuel 75: 1071-1082.
- Rossa, H.G., 1987. Upper Cretaceous and Tertiary inversion tectonics in the western part of the Rhenish-Westphalian coal district (F.R.G.) and in the Campine area (N. Belgium). Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique 109: 367-410.
- Rübenstrunk, E., 1913. Über riffbauende Tiere und andere erdgeschichtliche Beobachtungen im thüringischen Zechstein Riffgebiet. Zeitschrift für Naturwissenschaften 85: 10-32.
- Rullkötter, J. & Marzi, R., 1988. Natural and artificial maturation of biological markers in a Toarcian shale from northern Germany. Organic Geochemistry 13: 639-645.
- Runberg, Y. & Eidvin, T., 2005. Controls on depositional history and architecture of the Oligocene-Miocene succession, northern North Sea Basin. *In*: Wandaas, B.T.G., Nystuen, J.P., Eide, E.A. and Gradstein, F.M. (Eds): Onshore-offshore relationships on the North Atlantic margin. NPF Special Publication 12: 207-239.
- Rushton, A. & Hughes, C., 1981. The Ordovician trilobite fauna of the Great Paxton borehole, Cambridgeshire. Geological Magazine 118: 623-646.
- Rushton, A. & Molyneux, S., 1990. The Withycombe Formation (Oxfordshire subcrop) is of Lower Cambrian age. Geological Magazine 127: 263.
- Ryka, W., 1982. Precambrian evolution of the Polish part of the East European Platform. Geological Quarterly 26: 257-272.
- Ryka, W., 1984. Precambrian evolution of the East-European Platform in Poland. Biuletyn Instytutu Geologicznego 347: 17-28.
- Ryka, W., 1989. Rotliegendes Volcanics, Sediment Lithologies and Paleoenvironments, and Polish Basin History: An Overview. *In*: Boyle, R.W., Brown, A.C., Jefferson, C.W., Jowett, E.C. and Kirkham, R.V. (Eds): Sediment-hosted Stratiform Copper Deposits. Geological Association of Canada, Special Paper 36: 627-633.
- Salomon, W., 1926. Grundzüge der Geologie, vol. II: Erdgeschichte. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 616 pp.
- Samuelsson, J., 1999. Ordovician Chitinozoa from Rügen, North-East Germany. Acta Universitatis Carolinae, Geology 43: 295-297.
- Samuelsson, J., Vecoli, M., Bednarczyk, W.S. & Verniers, J., 2002. Timing of the Avalonia-Baltica plate convergence as inferred from palaeogeographic and stratigraphic data of chitinozoa assemblages in west Pomerania, northern Poland. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 95-114.
- Samuelsson, J., Vecoli, M. & Beier, H., 2001. Ordovician-Silurian palynostratigraphy (chitinozoa and acritarchs) of the G 14-1/86 borehole, southern Baltic Sea. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 91-122.
- Sandberg, C.A., Morrow, J.R. & Ziegler, W., 2002. Late Devonian sea-level changes, catastrophic events, and mass extinction. Geological Society of America Special Paper 356: 473-487.
- Sandberg, C.A., Ziegler, W., Dreesen, R. & Butler, J.L., 1992. Conodont biochronology, biofacies, taxonomy, and event stratigraphy around Middle Frasnian Lion mudmound (F2h), Frasnies, Belgium. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg 150: 1-87.
- Sarginson, M.J., 2003a. The Barque Field, Blocks 48/13a, 48/14, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 663-670.
- Sarginson, M.J., 2003b. The Clipper Field, Blocks 48/19a, 48/19c, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 691-698.
- Schaal, S. & Schneider, U. (Eds), 1995. Chronik der Grube Messel. Gladenbach (Kempkes): 276 pp.
- Schaal, S. & Ziegler, W., 1992. Messel: an insight into the history of life and of the earth. Clarendon Press (Oxford): 322 pp.
- Schäfer, A. & Korsch, R.J., 1998. Formation and fill of the Saar-Nahe Basin (Permo-Carboniferous, Germany). Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 149: 233-269.
- Schäfer, A., Utescher, T. & Mörs, T., 2004. Stratigraphy of the Cenozoic Lower Rhine Basin, northwestern Germany. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 40: 73-110.
- Scheck-Wenderoth, M., Krzywiec, P., Zühlke, R., Maystrenko, Y. & Froitzheim, N., 2008. Permian to Cretaceous tectonics. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 990-1030.
- Scheck-Wenderoth, M. & Lamarche, J., 2005. Crustal memory and basin evolution in the Central European Basin System – new insights from a 3D structural model. Tectonophysics 397: 143-165.
- Scheck, M. & Bayer, U., 1999. Evolution of the Northeast German Basin – inferences from a 3D structural model and subsidence analysis. Tectonophysics 313: 145-169.
- Scheck, M., Bayer, U. & Lewerenz, B., 2003b. Salt redistribution during extension and inversion inferred from 3D backstripping. Tectonophysics 373: 55-73.
- Scheck, M., Bayer, U. & Lewrenz, B., 2003a. Salt movements in the Northeast German Basin and its relation to major post-Permian tectonic phases – results from 3D structural modelling, backstripping and reflection seismic data. Tectonophysics 361: 277-299.
- Scheck, M., Bayer, U., Otto, V., Lamarche, J., Banka, D. & Pharaoh, T.C., 2002a. The Elbe Fault System in North Central Europe – a basement controlled zone of crustal weakness. Tectonophysics 360: 281-299.
- Scheck, M., Thybo, H., Lassen, A., Abramovitz, T. & Laigle, M., 2002b. Basement structure in the southern North Sea, offshore Denmark, based on seismic interpretation. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 311-326.
- Schellschmidt, R., Hägedorn, F. & Fesche, H.-W., 1999. Das Temperaturfeld in Nordostdeutschland – neue Messungen, neue Karten, neue Interpretationen. GGA Report: 23 pp.
- Schenck, P.F., 2001. Untergrund Schleswig. *In*: Hoth, K. and Leonhardt, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland II – Ordovizium, Kambrium, Vendium, Rhiphaikum – Teil III. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 235: 158-162.
- Schiøler, P., Andsbjerg, J., Clausen, O.R., Dam, G., Dybkjær, K., Hamberg, L., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Johannesen, E.P., Kristensen, L.E., Prince, I. & Rasmussen, J.A., 2007. Lithostratigraphy of the Palaeogene - lower Neogene siliciclastic sediments in the Danish sector of the North Sea. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 12: 1-77.
- Schiøler, P., Andsbjerg, J., Clausen, O.R., Dam, G., Dybkjær, K., L. H., Heilmann-Clausen, C., Kristensen, L.E., Prince, I. & Rasmussen, J.A., 2005. A revised lithostratigraphy for the Palaeogene-lower Neogene of the Danish North Sea. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 7: 21-24.
- Schlager, W., 1981. The paradox of drowned reefs and carbonate platforms. Geological Society of America Bulletin 92: 197-211.
- Schlager, W. & Bolz, H., 1977. Clastic accumulation of sulfate evaporites in deep water. Journal of Sedimentary Petrology 47: 600-609
- Schlanger, S.O. & Jenkyns, H.C., 1976. Cretaceous oceanic anoxic events: Causes and consequences. Geologie en Mijnbouw 55: 179-184.
- Schlüter, H.-U., Best, G., Jürgens, U. & Binot, F., 1997. Interpretation reflexionseismischer Profile zwischen baltischer Kontinentplatte und kaledonidischem Becken in der südlichen Ostsee – erste Ergebnisse. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 148 (1): 1-32.
- Schmid, S.M., Bernoulli, D., Fuegenschuh, B., Matenco, L., Schefer, S., Schuster, R., Tischler, M. & Ustaszewski, K., 2008. The Alpine-Carpathian-Dinaridic orogenic system: correlation and evolution of tectonic units. Swiss Journal of Geosciences 101: 139-183.
- Schmid, S.M., Fuegenschuh, B., Kissling, E. & Schuster, R., 2004. Tectonic map and overall architecture of the Alpine orogen. Eclogae Geologicae Helvetiae 97: 93-111.
- Schmid, S.M. & Kissling, E., 2000. The arc of the western Alps in the light of geophysical data and deep crustal structure. Tectonics 19: 62-85.
- Schmid, S.M., Pfiffner, O.A., Froitzheim, N., Schoenborn, G. & Kissling, E., 1996. Geophysical-geological transect and tectonic evolution of the Swiss-Italian Alps. Tectonics 12: 1036-1064.
- Schmidt, K. & Franke, D., 1977. Zur lithologisch-faziellen Entwicklung des Präperms im Nordteil der DDR. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 23: 541-548.
- Schneider, J.W., 1996. Biostratigraphie des kontinentalen Oberkarbon und Perm im Thüringer Wald SW-Saale-Senke: Stand und Probleme. Beiträge zur Geologie von Thüringen, Neue Folge 3: 121-151.
- Schneider, J.W., Gebhardt, U., Gaitzsch, B. & Döring, H., 1995. Fossilführung und Biostratigraphie. *In*: Plein, E. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland I – Norddeutsches Rotliegend-becken. Senckenbergische Naturforschende Gesellschaft (Frankfurt am Main) 183: 23-35.
- Schneider, J.W. & Werneburg, R., 2006. Insect biostratigraphy of the Euramerican continental Late Pennsylvanian and Early Permian. *In*: Lucas, S.G., Cassinis, G. and Schneider, J.W. (Eds): Non-marine Permian biostratigraphy and biochronology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 265: 325-336.
- Schneider, W., 1995. Palaeohistological studies on Miocene brown coals of Central Europe. International Journal of Coal Geology 28 (2-4): 229-248.
- Schnettler, K.I., 2001. The Selandian (Palaeocene) mollusc fauna from Copenhagen, Denmark: the Poul Harder 1920 collection. Geology Survey of Denmark, Bulletin 27: 1-85.
- Scholle, P.A., Albrechtsen, T. & Tirsgaard, H., 1998. Formation and diagenesis of bedding cycles in uppermost Cretaceous chalks of the Dan Field, Danish North Sea. Sedimentology 45: 223-243.
- Schöner, R. & Gaupp, R., 2005. Contrasting red bed diagenesis: the southern and northern margin of the Central European Basin. International Journal of Earth Sciences 94 (5-6): 1437-1454.
- Schott, B. & Schmeling, H., 1998. Delamination and detachment of a lithospheric root. Tectonophysics 296: 225-247.
- Schott, W., 1967. Paläogeographischer Atlas der Unterkreide von Nordwestdeutschland. Bundesanstalt für Bodenforschung (Hannover).
- Schott, W.J., W., Kockel, F., Sames, C.W., Stackelberg, V., Stets, J., Stoppel, D., Baldschuhn, R. & Krampke, K.D., 1969. Paläogeographischer Atlas der Unterkreide von Nordwestdeutschland mit einer Übersichtsdarstellung des nördlichen Mitteleuropa. Bundesanstalt für Bodenforschung (Hannover): 315 pp.
- Schröder, B., 1982. Entwicklung des Sedimentbeckens und Stratigraphie der klassischen germanischen Trias. Geologische Rundschau 71: 783-794.
- Schröder, B., Käding, K.C., Kulick, J. & Richter-Bernurg, G. (Eds), 1991b. Proceedings of the Internatational Symposium 'Zechstein 1987' Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Kassel/Hannover) 1: 1273 pp.
- Schröder, L., Lösch, J., Schöneich, H., Stancu-Kristoff, G. & Tafel, W.D., 1991a. Oil and Gas in the north-west German Basin. *In*: Spencer, A.M. (Ed.): Generation, accumulation and production of Europe's hydrocarbons. Special Publication of the European Association of Petroleum Geoscientists 1: 139-148.
- Schröder, L., Plein, E., Bachmann, G.H., Gast, R.E., Gebhardt, U., Graf, R., Helmuth, H.-J., Pasternak, M., Porth, H. & Süßmuth, S., 1995. Stratigraphische Neugliederung des Rotliegend im Norddeutschen Becken. Geologisches Jahrbuch A148: 3-21.
- Schroot, B.M., 1991. Structural development of the Dutch Central Graben. *In*: Michelsen, O. and Frandsen, F. (Eds): The Jurassic in the Southern Central Trough. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse series B 16: 32-35.

- Schroot, B.M. & de Haan, H.B., 2003. An improved regional structural model of the Upper Carboniferous of the Cleaver Bank High based on 3D seismic interpretation. *In*: Nieuwland, D.A. (Ed.): New insights into structural interpretation and modelling. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 212: 23-37.
- Schroot, B.M., Klaver, G.T. & Schüttenhelm, R.T.E., 2005. Surface and subsurface expressions of gas seepage to the seabed: examples from the Southern North Sea. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 22: 499-515.
- Schroot, B.M. & Schüttenhelm, R.T.E., 2003. Expressions of shallow gas in the Netherlands North Sea. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 82 (1): 91-105.
- Schuler, S. & Santos, R., 1996. Fraced horizontal well shows potential of deep tight gas. *Oil and Gas Journal* 94 (2): 46-53.
- Schulz, R. & Röhlhing, H.-G., 2000. Geothermische Ressourcen in Nordwestdeutschland. *Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie* 46: 122-129.
- Schumacher, K.H. & May, F., 1990. Trends der Verteilung fallen- und lagerstättengenetischer Parameter im Erdgaslagerstattengebiet der Westaltmark. *Erdöl Erdgas Kohle* 106 (6): 243-246.
- Schwab, G., 1985. Paläomobilität der Norddeutsch-Polnischen Senke. Akademie der Wissenschaften (Berlin): 196 pp.
- Schwark, L., Vliex, M., Karnin, W.D. & Waldmann, R., 1998. Geochemische Untersuchungen an ausgewählten Mutter- und Speichergesteinen des Zechstein am Beispiel der Bohrung Sprötau Z1 (Thüringer Becken). *Geologisches Jahrbuch A149*: 185-211.
- Schwarz, C., 1996. Die Bohrungen 89/3, 89/4 und 89/9 auf dem deutschen Nordseeschelf – Sedimentologische und magnetostratigraphische Befunde sowie lithostratigraphische Konnektierung. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A146*: 33-137.
- Schwarzkopf, T. & Leythaeuser, D., 1988. Oil generation and migration in the Gifhorn Trough, NW-Germany. *Organic Geochemistry* 13: 245-253.
- Schweitzer, J., 1995. Blockage of regional seismic waves by the Teisseyre-Tornquist zone. *Geophysical Journal International* 123: 260-276.
- Schwerd, K., 1996. Gesteinsabfolge der Alpen. 188-236 in Erläuterungen zur Geologischen Karte von Bayern 1 : 500 000. Bayrisches Geologisches Landesamt, München.
- Scott, J. & Colter, V.S., 1987. Geological aspects of current onshore Great Britain exploration plays. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 95-107.
- Seegis, D.B., 1997. Die Lehrbergschichten im Mittleren Keuper von Süddeutschland – Stratigraphie, Petrographie, Paläontologie, Genese. Thesis. Universität Stuttgart, Hennecke (Remshalden-Buoch) (Stuttgart): 382 pp.
- Seemann, U., 1982. Depositional facies, diagenetic clay minerals and reservoir quality of Rotliegend sediments in the Southern Permian Basin (North Sea): a review. *Clay Minerals* 17: 55-67.
- Seibt, A., Wolfgramm, M. & Seibt, P., 2006. Thermalsoleaquifere des Nordostdeutschen Beckens und ihre balneologische Nutzung. GTV-Tagung Karlsruhe: 148-157.
- Seibt, P., Kabus, F. & Hoth, P., 2005. The Neustadt-Glewe Geothermal Power Plant – Practical Experience in the Reinjection of Cooled Geothermal Waters Back into Sandstone Aquifers, World Geothermal Congress Antalya: 24-29.
- Sellwood, B.W.T., Scott, J., Mikkelsen, P. & Akroyd, P., 1985. Stratigraphy and sedimentology of the Great Oolite Group in the Humbly Grove Oilfield, Hampshire. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 2: 44-55.
- Sellwood, B.W.T., Shepherd, T.J., Evans, M.R. & James, B., 1989. Origin of late cements in oolitic reservoir facies: a fluid inclusion and isotopic study (Mid-Jurassic, southern England). *Sedimentary Geology* 61: 1-15.
- Selter, V., 1990. Sedimentologie und Klimaentwicklung im Westfal C/D und Stefan des nordwestdeutschen Oberkarbon-Beckens. DGMK (Hamburg): 310 pp.
- Senglaub, Y., Brix, M., Adriasola, A. & Littke, R., 2005. New information on the thermal history of the southwestern Lower Saxony Basin, northern Germany, based on fission track analysis. *International Journal of Earth Sciences* 94 (5): 876-896.
- Servais, T. & Fatka, O., 1997. Recognition of the Trans-European Suture Zone (TESZ) by the palaeogeographical distribution pattern of early to middle Ordovician acritarchs. *Geological Magazine* 134: 617-625.
- Servais, T. & Katzung, G., 1993. Acritarch dating of Ordovician sediments of the Island of Rügen (NE-Germany). *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Monatshefte* 12: 713-723.
- Servais, T., Vanguetaine, M. & Herbosch, A., 1993. Review of the stratigraphy of the Ordovician in the Brabant Massif, Belgium. *Geological Magazine* 130: 699-710.
- Shackleton, N.J., Crowhurst, S., Hagelberg, T., Pisias, N.G. & Schneider, D.A., 1995. A new Late Neogene time scale: application to leg 138 sites. *In*: Pisias, N.G., L.A., M., Janacek, T.R., Palmer-Julson, A. and Van Andel, T.H. (Eds): Proceedings of the Ocean Drilling Program, Scientific Results 138: 73-101.
- Shukla, U.K. & Bachmann, G.H., 2006. Estuarine sedimentation in the Stuttgart Formation (Carnian, Late Triassic), South Germany. *Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen* 243: 305-323.
- Sikorska, M., 1998. Role of diagenesis in forming of pore space in Cambrian sandstones of the Polish part of the East European Craton. *Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego* 164: 1-66.
- Simmelnik, H.J., Lokhorst, A., Vandeweiher, V., Rijkers, R., Benedictus, T. & Van Eijs, R., 2007. Options for CO₂ storage in the Netherlands – time dependent storage capacity, hazard aspects and regulations. Institute of Applied Geoscience TNO 2007-U-R0564/B (Utrecht): 75 pp.
- Simmelnik, H.J., Verweij, J.M.V., Underschultz, J. & Otto, C., 2008. Overpressure distribution in the offshore Netherlands, Overpressure 2008: Present and Future Challenges – A Research Conference, Durham, 80 pp.
- Simms, M.J. & Ruffell, A.H., 1989. Synchronicity of climatic change in the late Triassic. *Geology* 17: 265-268.
- Sindowski, K.H., 1957. Schüttungsrichtungen und Mineral-Provinzen im westdeutschen Buntsandstein. *Geologisches Jahrbuch* 73: 277-294.
- Sintubin, M., 1997. Structural implications of the aeromagnetic lineament geometry in the Lower Palaeozoic Brabant Massif (Belgium). *Aardkundige Mededelingen* 8: 165-168.
- Sintubin, M., 1999. Arcuate fold and cleavage patterns in the southeastern part of the Anglo-Brabant Fold Belt (Belgium): tectonic implications. *Tectonophysics* 309: 81-97.
- Sintubin, M. & Vecoli, M., 2002. The Cambrian to mid Devonian basin development and deformation history of Eastern Avalonia, east of the Midlands Microcraton: new data and a review. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 47-94.
- Sirocko, F., Reicherter, K., Lehné, R., Hübscher, C., Winsemann, J. & Stackebrandt, W., 2008. Glaciation, salt and the present landscape/Glaciation, salt and the present landscape. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 233-245.
- Sissingh, W., 2004. Palaeozoic and Mesozoic igneous activity in the Netherlands: a tectonomagmatic review. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 83: 113-134.
- Sissingh, W., 2006. Syn-kinematic palaeogeographic evolution of the West European Platform: correlation with Alpine plate collision and foreland deformation. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 85: 131-180.
- Siveter, D., 1989. Ostracodes. *In*: Holland, C. and Bassett, M. (Eds): A global standard for the Silurian System. National Museum of Wales, Geological Series (Cardiff) 9: 252-264.
- Skompski, S., 1996. Stratigraphic position and facies significance of the limestone bands in the subsurface Carboniferous succession of the Lublin Upland. *Acta Geologica Polonica* 46: 171-268.
- Sliaupa, S., Motuza, G. & Ciuraitė, K., 2006. Evaluation of the Geothermal Prospects of the Hot Granites of West Lithuania. Proceedings of the Engine Workshop 1 ‘Defining, exploring, imaging and assessing reservoirs for potential heat exchange’, Potsdam.
- Śliwiński, W., 1988. Coastal Zechstein facies in the North Sudetic Trough: Wybrane zagadnienia geologii złóż Polski Zachodniej (Wrocław): 143-166.
- Ślōdkowska, B., 2004. Palynological studies of the Paleogene and Neogene deposits from the Pomeranian Lakeland area (NW Poland). Polish Geological Institute Special Papers 14: 1-114.
- Ślōdkowska, B., 2009. Palynological study of the Paleogene and Neogene deposits from Warmia and Mazury areas (NE Poland). *Geologos* 15 (3): 219-234.
- Sloss, L.L., 1963. Sequences in the cratonic interior of North America. *Geological Society of America Bulletin* 74: 93-114.
- Smith, D.B., 1970a. Permian and Trias. Transactions Natural History Society Northumberland, Durham and Newcastle upon the Tyne 41: 66-91.
- Smith, D.B., 1970b. The palaeogeography of the British Zechstein. *In*: Rau, J.L. and Dellwig, L.F. (Eds): 3rd Symposium on Salt. Northern Ohio Geological Society: 20-23.
- Smith, D.B., 1971. Possible displacive halite in the Permian Upper Evaporite Group of northeast Yorkshire. *Sedimentology* 17: 221-232.
- Smith, D.B., 1974. Permian. *In*: Rayner, D.H. and Hemingway, J.E. (Eds): The Geology and Mineral Resources of Yorkshire. Yorkshire Geological Society (Leeds): 115-144.
- Smith, D.B., 1980. The evolution of the English Zechstein basin. *Contributions to Sedimentology* 9: 7-34.
- Smith, D.B., 1981a. The Magnesian Limestone (Upper Permian) reef complex of northeastern England. Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Special Publication 30: 161-186.
- Smith, D.B., 1981b Bryozoon-algal patch-reefs in the Upper Permian Lower Magnesian Limestone of Yorkshire, northeast England. Society of Economic Paleontologists and Mineralogists Special Publication 30: 187-202.
- Smith, D.B., 1989. The late Permian palaeogeography of northeast England. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 47: 285-312.
- Smith, D.B., 1994. Geology of the country around Sunderland, sheet 21 (England and Wales). Memoir of the British Geological Survey (London): 161 pp.
- Smith, D.B., 1995. Marine Permian of England. Chapman & Hall (London): 205 pp.
- Smith, E.G. & Warrington, G., 1971. The age and relationships of the Triassic rocks assigned to the lower part of the Keuper in north Nottinghamshire, north-west Lincolnshire and south Yorkshire. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 38 (2): 201-227.
- Smith, N.J.P., 1985. Map 1: Pre-Permian Geology of the United Kingdom (South). 1 : 1 000 000. British Geological Survey,
- Smith, N.J.P., 1987. The deep geology of central England: prospectivity of the Palaeozoic rocks. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 217-224.
- Smith, N.J.P., 1993. The case for exploration of deep plays in the Variscan fold belt and its foreland. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 667-675.
- Smith, N.J.P. & Rushton, A.W.A., 1993. Cambrian and Ordovician stratigraphy related to structure and seismic profiles in the western part of the English Midlands. *Geological Magazine* 130: 665-671.
- Sneh, A., 1988. Permian dune patterns in northwestern Europe challenged. *Journal of Sedimentary Petrology* 58: 44-51.
- Sokolowski, J., 1966. The role of halokinesis in the development of Mesozoic and Cainozoic deposits of the Mogilno structure and of the Mogilno-Lódz Synclinorium. *Prace Instytutu Geologicznego*: 112 pp.
- Sokolowski, J. (Ed.), 1995. Geothermal Provinces and Basins in Poland. Polish Geothermal Association and PAS Mineral and Energy Economy Research Centre (Kraków): 122 pp.
- Solecki, T., 2005. Aspekty prawne i bezpieczeństwo składowania dwutlenku węgla w głębokich strukturach geologicznych. *In*: Tarkowski, R. (Ed.): Podziemne składowanie CO₂ w Polsce w głębokich strukturach geologicznych (ropo- gazo- i wodonośnych). Wydawnictwo IGSiE PAN (Kraków): 55-68.
- Soper, N.J., England, R.W., Snyder, D.B. & Ryan, P.D., 1992. The Iapetus suture zone in England, Scotland and eastern Ireland: a reconciliation of geological and deep seismic data. *Journal of the Geological Society* 149: 697-700.
- Soper, N.J., Webb, B.C. & Woodcock, N.H., 1987. Late Caledonian (Acadian) transpression in north-west England: timing, geometry and geotectonic significance. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 46: 175-192.
- Sørensen, H.S., Rosenberg, P., Petersen, H.I. & Sørensen, L.H., 2000. Char porosity characterisation by scanning electron microscopy and image analysis. *Fuel* 79: 1379-1388.
- Sorensen, K., 1986. Danish Basin subsidence by Triassic rifting in a lithosphere cooling background. *Nature* 319: 660-663.
- Sorgenfrei, T. & Buch, A., 1964. Deep tests in Denmark 1935-1959. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse 36: 1-146.
- Southwood, D.A. & Hill, W.O.R., 1995. The origin and distribution of porosity in the Zechsteinkalk (Upper Permian) of Hewett Field, Southern North Sea. *Petroleum Geoscience* 1: 289-302.
- Spain, D.R. & Conrad, C.P., 1997. Quantitative analysis of top-seal capacity offshore Netherlands, southern North Sea. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 76: 217-226.
- Speczik, S. & Kozłowski, A., 1987. Fluid inclusion study of epigenetic veinlets from the Carboniferous rocks of the Fore-Sudetic monocline (SW Poland). *Chemical Geology* 61: 287-298.
- Sroda, P., Czuba, W., Grad, M., Guterch, A., Gaczynski, E. & POLONAISE WORKING Group, 2002. Three dimensional seismic modelling of crustal structure in the TESZ region based on POLONAISE’97 data. *Tectonophysics* 360 (169-185).
- Sroda, P. & POLONAISE WORKING Group, 1999. P- and S-wave velocity model of the southwestern margin of the Precambrian East European Craton; POLONAISE’97, profile P3. *Tectonophysics* 314: 175-192.
- Stackebrandt, W., Ludwig, A.O. & Ostaficzuk, S., 1981. Base of Quaternary deposits of the Baltic Sea depression and adjacent areas. *Brandenburgische Geowissenschaftliche Beiträge* 8: 13-19.
- Stackebrandt, W. & Manhenke, V., 2002. Atlas zur Geologie von Brandenburg im Masstab 1 : 1 000 000. Landesamt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe Brandenburg (Kleinmachnow).
- Stampfli, G.M. & Borel, G.D., 2002. A plate tectonic model for the Paleozoic and Mesozoic constrained by dynamic plate boundaries and restored synthetic oceanic isochrons. *Earth and Planetary Science Letters* 196 (1-2): 17-33.
- Stampfli, G.M. & Borel, G.D., 2004. The TRASNSMED Transects in space and time: Constraints on the Paleotectonic evolution of the Mediterranean domain. *In*: Cavazza, W., Roure, F.M., Stampfli, G.M. and Ziegler, P.A. (Eds): The TRANSMED Atlas, The Mediterranean Region from Crust to Mantle. Springer (Berlin, Heidelberg): 52-80.
- Stancu-Kristoff, G. & Stehn, O., 1984. Ein gross-regionaler Schnitt durch das nordwestdeutsch Oberkarbon Becken vom Ruhrgebiet bis in die Nordsee. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen 32 (1): 35-38.
- Standke, G., 2002. Das Tertiär zwischen Leipzig und Altenburg. Beiträge Geologie Thüringen. Neue Folge 9: 41-73.
- Standke, G., 2006. Paläogeographisch-fazielle Modellierung des Unter-/Mittelmiozän-Grenzbereichs in der Lausitz (Briesker Folge/Formation). Schriftenreihe für Geowissenschaften 140: 1-130.
- Standke, G., 2008a. Paläogeografie des älteren Tertiärs (Paleozän bis Untermiozän) im mitteldeutschen Raum. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften 159: 81-103.
- Standke, G., 2008b. Tertiär. In: Pälchen, W. and Walter, H. (Eds): Geologie von Sachsen. E. Schweizerbart’sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart).
- Standke, G., 2008c. Bitterfelder Bernstein gleich Baltischer Bernstein? – Eine geologische Raum-Zeit-Betrachtung und genetische Schlussfolgerungen. Exkursionsführer und Veröffentlichungen der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 236: 11-33.
- Standke, G., Blumenstengel, H. & Von Bülow, W., 2005. Das Tertiär Ostdeutschlands in der Stratigraphischen Tabelle von Deutschland 2002. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 41: 323-338.
- Standke, G., Rascher, J. & Strauss, C., 1993. Relative sea level fluctuations and brown coal formation around the Early-Middle Miocene boundary in the Lusatian brown coal district. *Geologische Rundschau* 82: 295-305.
- Standke, G., Rascher, J. & Volkmann, N., 2002. Lowstand cycles and coal formation in paralic environments: new aspects in sequence stratigraphy. *In*: Gürs, K. (Editor), Northern European Cenozoic stratigraphy. Proceedings of the 8th Biannual Meeting, Flintbek: 153-161.
- Staplin, F.L., 1969. Sedimentary organic matter, organic metamorphism, and oil and gas occurrences. Canadian Petrol. Geol. Bull. 17: 47-66.
- STD (Deutsche Stratigraphische Kommission, Ed.; coordination and layout: M. Menning & A. Hendrich), 2002. Stratigraphische Tabelle von Deutschland 2002 – Chart 96 × 130 cm. GeoForschungsZentrum (Potsdam).
- Steele, R.P., 1983. Longitudinal draa in the Permian Yellow Sands of North-East England. *In*: Brookfield, M.W. and Ahlbrandt, T.S. (Eds): Eolian Sediments and processes. Elsevier (Amsterdam): 543-550.
- Steer, D.N., Knapp, J.H. & Brown, L.D., 1998. Super-deep reflection profiling: exploring the continental mantle lid. *Tectonophysics* 286: 111-121.
- Steiner, M.B., 2006. The magnetic polarity time scale across the Permian-Triassic boundary. *In*: Lucas, S.G., Cassinis, G. and Schneider, J.W. (Eds): Non-marine Permian biostratigraphy and biochronology. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 265: 15-38.
- Steinhoff, I. & Strohmeier, C., 1999. Facies differentiation and sequence stratigraphy in ancient evaporate basins – an example from the Basal Zechstein (Upper Permian of Germany). *Carbonates and Evaporites* 14: 146-181.
- Stemmerik, L. & Frykmann, O., 1989. Stratigraphy and sedimentology of the Zechstein carbonates of southern Jylland, Denmark. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse, Serie A 26: 1-33.
- Stemmerik, L., Ineson, J.R. & Mitchell, J.G., 2000. Stratigraphy of the Rotliegend Group in the Danish part of the northern Permian Basin, North Sea. *Journal of the Geological Society* 157 (6): 1127-1136.
- Stenestad, E., 1972. Træk af det Danske Bassins udvikling i Øvre Kridt. Dansk geologisk Forening. Årsskrift 1971: 63-69.
- Stephenson, R.A., Narkiewicz, M., Dadlez, R., Van Wees, J.D. & Andriessen, P.A.M., 2003. Tectonic subsidence modelling of the Polish Basin in the light of new data on crustal structure and magnitude of inversion. *Sedimentary Geology* 159: 59-70.
- Stets, J. & Schäfer, A., 2002. Depositional environments in the Lower Devonian siliciclastics of the Rhenohercynian Basin (Rheinisches Schiefergebirge, W-Germany). Case studies and a model. *Contr. Sedim. Geol.* 22.
- Stewart, S.A. & Bailey, H.W., 1996. The Flamborough Tertiary outlier. *Journal of the Geological Society* 153: 163-173.
- Stille, H., 1920. Über alter und Art der Phasen varischer Gebirgsbildung. Nachrichten Akademie der Wissenschaften (Göttingen): 218-224.

- Stille, H., 1924. Grundfragen vergleichender Tektonik. Borntraeger (Berlin): 443 pp.
- Stoker, M.S., Long, D. & Fyfe, J.A., 1985a. A revised Quaternary stratigraphy for the central North Sea. British Geological Survey: 35 pp.
- Stoker, M.S., Long, D. & Fyfe, J.A., 1985b. The Quaternary succession in the Central North Sea. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 14: 119-128.
- Stolarczyk, F., 1972. Nowe dane o permie wschodniej części syneklizy perybałtyckiej. Kwartalnik Geologiczny 16: 113-130.
- Stollhofen, H., Bachmann, G.H., Barnasch, J., Bayer, U., Beutler, G., Franz, M., Kästner, M., Legler, B., Mutterlose, J. & Radies, D., 2008. Upper Rotliegend to Early Cretaceous basin development. *In*: Littke, R. (Ed.): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer (Berlin): 181-210.
- Stollhofen, H. & Stanistreet, I.G., 1994. Interaction between bimodal volcanism, fluvial sedimentation and basin development in the Permo-Carboniferous Saar-Nahe-Basin (south-west Germany). Basin Research 6: 245-267.
- Stoppel, D. & Amler, M.R.W., 2006. Zur Abgrenzung und Untergliederung des Unterkarbons. *In*: Amler, M.R.W. and Stoppel, D. (Eds): Stratigraphie von Deutschland VI – Unterkarbon (Mississippi). Schriftenreihe der Deutschen Gesellschaft für Geowissenschaften (Hannover) 41: 15-26.
- Stouge, S., 2001. Lower Ordovician conodonts from the G14 well, Baltic Sea (Germany). Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 222: 141-160.
- Strasser, A., Hilgen, F.J. & Heckel, P.H., 2006. Cyclostratigraphy - concepts, definitions, and applications. Newsletters on Stratigraphy 42: 75-114.
- Streel, M., Caputo, M.V., Loboziak, S. & Melo, J.H.G., 2000. Late Frasnian-Famennian climates based on palynomorphs analyses and the question of Late Devonian glaciations. Earth Science Reviews 52: 121-173.
- Streif, H., 1996. Deutsche Beiträge zur Quartärforschung in der südlichen Nordsee. Geologisches Jahrbuch A146: 1-244.
- Strohmenger, C., Antonini, M., Jäger, G., Rockenbauch, K. & Strauss, C., 1996b. Zechstein 2 Carbonate reservoir facies distribution in relation to Zechstein sequence stratigraphy (Upper Permian, north-west Germany): an integrated approach. Bulletin des Centres de Recherches Exploration-Production Elf-Aquitaine 20: 1-35.
- Strohmenger, C., Rockenbauch, K. & Waldmann, R., 1998. Fazies, Diagenese und Reservoirentwicklung des Zechstein 2-Karbonats (Ober -Perm) in Nordostdeutschland. Geologisches Jahrbuch A149: 81-113.
- Strohmenger, C. & Strauss, C., 1996. Sedimentology and palynofacies of the Zechstein 2 Carbonate (Upper Permian, Northwest Germany): implications for sequence stratigraphic subdivision. Sedimentary Geology 102: 55-77.
- Strohmenger, C., Voigt, E. & Zimdars, J., 1993. Einfluss von Eustasie und Paläorelief auf die sedimentologische und diagenetische Entwicklung der Zechstein 2 Karbonate (Ober-Perm, NO Deutschland). Erdöl Erdgas Kohle 109: 445-450.
- Strohmenger, C., Voigt, E. & Zimdars, J., 1996a. Sequence stratigraphy and cyclic development of Basal Zechstein carbonate evaporite deposits with emphasis on Zechstein 2 off platform carbonates (Upper Permian, northeast Germany). Sedimentary Geology 102: 33-54.
- Stuart, I.A., 1991. The Rough Gas Storage Field, Blocks 47/3d, 47/8b, UK North Sea. *In*: Abbotts, I.L. (Ed.): United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 477-484.
- Suhr, P., 2003. The Bohemian Massif as a catchment area for the NW European Tertiary Basin. GeoLines 15: 147-159.
- Suk, M. et al. (Ed.), 1984. Geological history of the territory of the Czech Socialist Republic. Czech Academy of Sciences and Academia Publishing House (Prague): 396 pp.
- Sundsø, G.O. & Meyson, J.B., 1993. Structural styles in the Danish Central Graben. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 1255-1268.
- Sundvøll, B., Larsen, B.T. & Wandaas, B., 1992. Early Magmatic phase in the Oslo Rift and its related stress regime. Tectonophysics 208: 37-54.
- Surlyk, F., 2003. The Jurassic of East Greenland: a sedimentary record of thermal subsidence, onset and culmination of rifting. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 659-722.
- Surlyk, F., Dons, T., Clausen, C.K. & Highham, J., 2003. Upper Cretaceous. *In*: Evans, D., Graham, C., Armour, A. and Bathurst, P. (Eds): The Millennium Atlas: Petroleum Geology of the Central and Northern North Sea. The Geological Society (London): 213-233.
- Surlyk, F. & Ineson, J.R., 2003. The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland: key elements in the reconstruction of the North Atlantic Jurassic rift system. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 9-20.
- Surlyk, F. & Lykke-Andersen, H., 2007. Contourite drifts, moats and channels in the Upper Cretaceous chalk of the Danish basin. Sedimentology 54: 405-422.
- Suveizdis, P. (Ed.), 1975. Permian deposits of Baltic area (stratigraphy and fauna). Transactions. Mintis (Vilnius) 29: 218 pp.
- Sweet, M.L., 1999. Interaction between aeolian, fluvial and playa environments in the Permian Upper Rotliegend Group, UK southern North Sea. Sedimentology 46: 171-187.
- Świdrowska, J., Hakenberg, M., Poluhtovič, B., Seghedi, A. & Višňakov, I., 2008. Evolution of the Mesozoic basins of the southwestern edge of the East European Craton (Poland, Ukraine, Moldova, Romania). Studia Geologica Polonica 130: 3-130.
- Swift, A., 1989. First record of conodonts from the Late Triassic of Britain Palaentology 32: 325-333.
- Swift, A., 1995. Conodonts from the Late Permian and Late Triassic of Britain. Monograph of the Palaentological Society (London): 80 pp.
- Sylwestrzak, J., 2000. Zróżnicowanie raf mszywiolowych Ca1 w świetle wyników badań petrograficznych i izotopowych (streszczenie posteru). Przegląd Geologiczny 48: 465.
- Szulc, J., 1999. Anisian-Carnian evolution of the Germanic basin and its eustatic, tectonic and climatic control. *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie (Halle) I: 813-852.
- Szulc, J., 2000. Middle Triassic evolution of the Northern Peri-Tethys Area as influenced by early opening of the Tethys Ocean. Annales Societatis Geologorum Poloniae 70: 1-48.
- Szulc, J., 2007. Sponge-microbial stromatolites and coral-sponge reef recovery in the Triassic of the Western Tethys Domain. *In*: Lucas, S. and Spielmann, J. (Eds): The Global Triassic. New Mexico Museum of Natural History & Science Bulletin 41: 1-402.
- Szulc, J., Gradziński, M., Lewandowska, A. & Heunisch, C., 2006. The Upper Triassic crenogenic limestones in Upper Silesia (southern Poland) and their paleoenvironmental context. *In*: Alonso-Zarza, A.M. and Tanner, L.H. (Eds): Paleoenvironmental record and applications of calcretes and palustrine carbonates. Geological Society of America Special Paper 416: 133-151.
- Szulczewski, M., 1971. Upper Devonian conodonts, stratigraphy and facial development in the Holy Cross Mts. Acta Geologica Polonica 21: 1-129.
- Szulczewski, M., 1995. Depositional evolution of the Holy Cross Mts. (Poland) in the Devonian and Carboniferous – a review. Geological Quarterly 39: 471-488.
- Szulczewski, M., Bělka, Z. & Skompski, S., 1996. The drowning of a carbonate platform: an example from the Devonian-Carboniferous of the southwestern Holy Cross Mountains, Poland. Sedimentary Geology 106: 21-49.
- Szurlies, M., 1999. Zyklusstratigraphie und Gamma-Ray-Korrelation im Unteren Buntsandstein (Untere Trias) des nördlichen Harzvorlandes. Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften Beiheft B 21: 35-53.
- Szurlies, M., 2004. Magnetostratigraphy: the key to a global correlation of the classic Germanic Trias – case study Volpriehausen Formation (Middle Buntsandstein), Central Germany. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 227: 395-410.
- Szurlies, M., 2007. Latest Permian to Middle Triassic cyclo-magnetostratigraphy from the Central European Basin, Germany: Implications for the geomagnetic polarity timescale. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 261: 602-619.
- Szurlies, M., Bachmann, G.H., Menning, M., Nowaczyk, N.R. & Käding, K.C., 2003. Magnetostratigraphy and high-resolution lithostratigraphy of the Permian-Triassic boundary interval in Central Germany. Earth and Planetary Science Letters 212: 263-278.
- Szyperko-Teller, A. & Moryc, W., 1988. Roswój basenu sedimentacyjnego pstrego pias kowca na obszarze Polski (Aufbau des Buntsandstein-Sedimentationsbeckens auf dem Gebiet Polens). Kwartalnik Geologiczny 32 (1): 53-72.
- Tait, J., Schatz, M., Bachstade, V. & Soffel, H., 2000. Palaeomagnetism and Palaeozoic palaeogeography of Gondwana and European Terranes. *In*: Franke, W., Haak, V., Oncken, O. and Tanner, D. (Eds): Orogenic processes – Quantification and modelling in the Variscan Belt of central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 179: 21-34.
- Tait, J.A., Bachtadse, V., Franke, W. & Soffel, H.C., 1997. Geodynamic evolution of the European Variscan fold belt; palaeomagnetic and geological constraints. Geologische Rundschau 86 (3): 585-598.
- Tarkowski, R. & Uliasz-Misiak, B., 2005. Struktury geologiczne (poziomy wodonośne i złoża węglowodorów) dla podziemnego składowania CO₂ w Polsce. *In*: Tarkowski, R. (Ed.): Podziemne składowanie CO₂ w Polsce w głębokich strukturach geologicznych (ropo-, gazo- i wodonośnych). Wydawnictwo IGSMiE PAN (Kraków): 69-111.
- Tarkowski, R. & Uliasz-Misiak, B., 2006. Possibilities of CO₂ sequestration by storage in geological media of major deep aquifers in Poland. Chemical Engineering Research and Design 84(A9): 776-780.
- Tarnowska, M., 1976. Lithological correlation of the Lower Devonian in the eastern part of the Góry Świętokrzyskie. Biuletyn Instytutu Geologicznego 296: 75-128.
- Tarnowska, M., 1988. Zarys historii sedymentacji osadów dewonu dolnego w południowej czesci Gor Swietokrzyskich. Geological Quarterly 32: 242-243.
- Taylor, J.C.M., 1980. Origin of the Werraanhydrit in the UK Southern North Sea. Contributions to Sedimentology 9: 91-113.
- Taylor, J.C.M., 1986. Gas prospects in the Variscan Thrust Province of southern England. *In*: Brooks, J., Goff, J.C. and Van Hoorn, B. (Eds): Habitat of Palaeozoic Gas in NW Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 23: 37-53.
- Taylor, J.C.M., 1998. Upper Permian - Zechstein. *In*: Glennie, K.W. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of the North Sea – Basic concepts and recent advances. Blackwell (Oxford): 174-212.
- Taylor, S.R., 1983. A stable isotope study of the Mercia Mudstones (Keuper Marl) and associated sulphate horizons in the English Midlands. Sedimentology 30: 11-31.
- Thielemann, T., 2005. Geowissenschaftliche Karte der Bundesrepublik Deutschland 1 : 2 000 000; Kohlereviere, Kohle – Infrastruktur sowie Torf- und Ölschieferlagerstätten Bundesanstalt für Geowissenschaften und Rohstoffe, Hannover.
- Thieme, B. & Rockenbauch, K., 2001. Floßtektonik in der Trias der Deutschen Südlichen Nordsee. Erdöl Erdgas Kohle 117: 568-573.
- Thiery, M. & Dupuis, C. (Eds), 1998. The Paleocene/Eocene boundary in Paris Basin: the Sparnacian deposits. Ecole des Mines de Paris, Mémoires Sciences de la Terre 34: 91 pp.
- Thomsen, E., 1995. Kalk og Kridt i den Danske undergrund. Aarhus Geokompendier. Geologisk Institut, Aarhus Universitet: 31-65.
- Thomsen, E., Damtoft, K. & Andersen, C., 1987. Hydrocarbon plays in Denmark outside the Central Graben. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 375-388.
- Thomsen, E. & Koch, E.B., 1989. Description of the components of the Brown Coal Bearing Sequence of the southern part of the Søby-Fasterholt area, central Jutland, Denmark: the brown coal seams. *In*: Koch, E.B. (Ed.): Geology of the Søby-Fasterholt area. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse Serie A (Copenhagen) 22: 38-52.
- Thybo, H., 1990. A seismic velocity model along the EGT profile – from the North German Basin to the Baltic Shield. *In*: Freeman, R., Giese, P. and Mueller, S. (Eds): The European Geotraverse: Integrative studies. European Science Foundation (Strasbourg): 99-108.
- Thybo, H., 1997. Geophysical characteristics of the Tornquist fan area Northwest Trans-European suture zone; indication of Late Carboniferous to Early Permian dextral transtension. Geological Magazine 134: 597-606.
- Thybo, H., 2000. Crustal structure and tectonic evolution of the Tornquist Fan region as revealed by geophysical methods. Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark 46: 145-160.
- Thybo, H., 2001. Crustal structure along the EGT profile across the Tornquist Fan interpreted from seismic, gravity and magnetic data. Tectonophysics 334: 155-190.
- Thybo, H., 2006. The heterogeneous upper mantle low velocity zone. Tectonophysics 416: 53-79.
- Thybo, H., Abramovitz, T., Lassen, A. & Schjoth, F., 1994. Deep structure of the Sorgenfrei-Tornquist Zone interpreted from BABEL seismic data. Zeitschrift geologischer Wissenschaften 22: 3-17.
- Thybo, H., Kjørboe, L.L., Møller, C., Schönharting, G. & Berthelsen, A., 1990. Integrated geophysical and tectonic Interpretation of EUGENO-S. *In*: Freeman, R. and Mueller, S. (Eds): Proceedings of the VI Workshop on the European Geotraverse Project. ESF (Strasbourg): 93-104.
- Thybo, H. & Nielsen, C.A., 2009. Magma-compensated crustal thinning in continental rift zones. Nature 457: 873-876.
- Thybo, H., Pharaoh, T.C. & Guterch, A. (Eds), 1999. Special Issue on Geophysical investigations of the Trans-European Suture Zone. Tectonophysics 314: 350 pp.
- Thybo, H., Pharaoh, T.C. & Guterch, A., 2002. Geophysical studies of the Trans European Suture Zone – Introduction. Tectonophysics 360: 1-4.
- Thybo, H., Sandrin, A., Nielsen, L.H., Lykke-Andersen, H. & Keller, G.R., 2006. Seismic velocity structure of a large mafic intrusion in the crust of central Denmark from project ESTRID. Tectonophysics 420: 105-122.
- Thybo, H. & Schönharting, G., 1991. Geophysical evidence for early Permian igneous activity in a transtensional environment, Denmark. Tectonophysics 189: 193-208.
- Tietze, K.-W., 1997. Ein Buntsandstein-Profil am Westrand der Hessischen Senke (Raum Marburg). Geologica et Palaeontologica 31: 285-294.
- Timmerman, M.J., 2004. Timing, geodynamic setting and character of Permo-Carboniferous magmatism in the foreland of the Variscan Orogen, NW Europe. *In*: Wilson, M., Neumann, E.-R., Davies, S.J., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. and Larsen, B.T. (Eds): Permo-Carboniferous magmatism and rifting in Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 223: 41-74.
- Tissot, B.P. & Welte, D.H., 1984. Petroleum Formation and Occurrence. Springer-Verlag (Berlin): 699 pp.
- TNO-NITG, 2004. Geological Atlas of the Subsurface of the Netherlands – onshore. TNO-NITG (Utrecht): 103 pp.
- TNO & DHV, 2008. Potential for CO₂ storage in depleted gas fields on the Dutch Continental Shelf, Phase 1: Technical assessment. DHV & TNO TNO 2008-U-R0674/A (Utrecht, Amersfoort): 71 pp.
- Tomczyk, H., 1968. Stratigrafia syluru w obszarze nadbałtyckim Polski na podstawie wierceń. Kwartalnik Geologiczny 12: 15-34.
- Tomczyk, H., 1976. Rozwój litofacji syluru w zachodniej części Syneklizy Perybałtyckiej (with English summary). Instytut Geologiczny Bulletin 270: 109-130.
- Tomczyk, H., 1987. Sylur. *In*: Raczyńska, A. (Ed.): Budowa geologiczna walu pomorskiego i jego podłoża. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 119: 12-16.
- Tomczykowa, E. & Tomczyk, H., 1979. Stratigraphy of the Polish Silurian and Lower Devonian and Development of the Proto-Tethys. Acta Palaeontologica Polonica 24: 165-183.
- Torsvik, T.H., 1998. Palaeozoic palaeogeography: A North Atlantic viewpoint. Geologiska Föreningens i Stockholm Förhandlingar 120: 109-118.
- Torsvik, T.H., Carlos, D., Mosar, J., Cocks, L.R.M. & Malme, T.N.M., 2002. Global reconstructions and North Atlantic paleogeography 440 Ma to recent. *In*: Eide, E.A. (Ed.): Batlas – Mid Norway plate reconstruction atlas with global and Atlantic perspectives. Geological Survey of Norway (Trondheim): 18-39.
- Torsvik, T.H., Smethurst, M.A., Meert, J.G., Van der Voo, R., McKerrow, W.S., Brasier, M.D., Sturt, B.A. & Walderhaug, H.J., 1996. Continental break-up and collision in the Neoproterozoic and Palaeozoic – A tale of Baltica and Laurentia. Earth-Science Reviews 40: 229-258.
- Trammer, J., 1972. Stratigraphical and paleogeographical significance of conodonts from the Muschelkalk of the Holy Cross Mountains. Acta Geologica Polonica 22: 219-232.
- Trench, A. & Torsvik, T.H., 1992. The closure of the Iapetus Ocean and Tornquist Sea: new palaeomagnetic constraints. Journal of the Geological Society 149: 867-870.
- Trewin, N., H. 2003. The Geology of Scotland. The Geological Society (London): 550 pp.
- Trewin, N.H., Fryberger, F.G. & Kreutz, H., 2003. The Auk Field, Block 30/16, UK North Sea. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 485-496.
- Troost, P.J.P.M., 1981. Schoonebeek Oil Field: the RW-2E stream injection project. Geologie en Mijnbouw 60: 531-539.
- Trotter, J.T., Thompson, D.M.T. & Paterson, T.J.M., 1985. First Mined Underground Storage in Great Britain. *In*: Jones, M.J. (Ed.): Tunnelling '85: Proceedings of the Fourth International Symposium. Institution of Mining and Metallurgy (Brighton): 3-12.
- Truman, S., 2003. Humbly Grove, Herriear, Storrington, Singleton, Stockbridge, Goodworth, Horndean, Palmers Wood, Bletchingley and Albury fields, Hampshire, Surrey and Sussex, UK Onshore. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hichens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 929-941.
- Trusheim, F., 1957. Über Halokinese und ihre Bedeutung für die strukturelle Entwicklung Norddeutschlands. Zeitschrift der Deutschen Geologischen Gesellschaft 112: 150-163.
- Trusheim, F., 1960. Mechanism of Salt Migration in Northern Germany. Bulletin of the American Association of Petroleum Geologists 44 (9): 1519-1540.
- Trusheim, F., 1961. Über Diskordanzen im Mittleren Buntsandstein Norddeutschlands zwischen Ems und Weser. Erdöl Zeitschrift 79: 277-292.
- Trusheim, F., 1963. Zur Gliederung des Buntsandsteins. Erdöl Zeitschrift 79: 3-18.
- Trusheim, F., 1971. Zur Bildung der Salzlager im Rotliegenden und Mesozoicum Mitteleuropas. Geologisches Jahrbuch Beiheft 112: 1-51.
- Tryggvason, A., Lund, C.-E. & Friberg, M., 1998. A two-dimensional seismic velocity model across the transition zone between the Baltic Shield and the North German Basin – the EUGENO-S profile 1 revisited. Tectonophysics 290: 47-58.
- Tschernoster, R., 2001. Isotopengeochemische Untersuchungen am Detritus der Dänisch-Norddeutsch-Polnischen Kaledoniden und deren Vorland. Shaker-Verlag (Aachen): 128 pp.
- Tsien, H.H., 1979. Paleoeology of algal-bearing facies in the Devonian (Couvinian to Frasnian) reef complexes of Belgium. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 27: 103-127.
- Tucker, M.E., 1992. Discussion on sequence stratigraphy of carbonate evaporite basins: models and application to the Upper Permian (Zechstein) of northeast England and adjoining North Sea. Journal of the Geological Society 149: 1050-1054.

Tucker, M.E. & Hellingworth, N., 1986. The Upper Permian Reef Complex (EZ1) of North-East England: diagenesis in a marine evaporitic setting. *In*: Purser, B.H. and Schröder, J.H. (Eds): Reef Diagenesis. Springer (Berlin): 270-290.

Turnau, E. & Matyja, H., 2001. Timing of the onset of Devonian sedimentation in northwestern Poland: palynological evidence. *Rocznik Polskiego Towarzystwa Geologicznego* 71: 67-74.

Turner, B.R. & Smith, D.B., 1997. A playa deposit of pre-Yellow Sands age (upper Rotliegend/Weissliegend) in the Permian of northeast England. *Sedimentary Geology* 114: 305-319.

Turner, P., Jones, M., Prosser, D.J., Williams, G.D. & Searl, A., 1993. Structural and sedimentological controls on diagenesis in the Ravenspurn north gas reservoir, UK Southern North Sea. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 771-785.

Tyráček, J., Westaway, R. & Bridgland, D., 2004. River terraces of the Vlatava and Labe (Elbe) system, Czech Republic, and their implications for the uplift history of the Bohemian Massif. *Proceedings of the Geologists' Association* 115: 101-124.

Tyson, R.V., 1995. Sedimentary organic matter. Organic facies and palynofacies. Chapman & Hall (London): 615 pp.

Ulmishek, G., 1990. Geological Evolution and Petroleum Resources of the Baltic Basin. *In*: Leighton, M.W., Kolata, D.R., Oltz, D.L. and Eidel, J.J. (Eds): Intercratonic Basins. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 51: 603-632.

Underhill, J.R. & Partington, M.A., 1993. Jurassic thermal doming and deflation in the North Sea: implications of the sequence stratigraphic evidence. *In*: Parker, J.R. (Ed.): Petroleum Geology of Northwest Europe: Proceedings of the 4th Conference. The Geological Society (London): 337-345.

Unrug, R. & Dembowski, Z., 1971. Rozwój diastroficzno-sedymentacyjny basenu morawsko-śląskiego. *Towarzystwa Geologicznego* 41: 119-168.

Urlichs, M., 1978. Über zwei alpine Ammoniten aus dem Oberen Muschelkalk SW-Deutschlands. *Stuttgarter Beiträge zur Naturkunde, Serie B* 39: 1-13.

Urlichs, M. & Kurzweil, W., 1997. Erstnachweis von Flexoptychites (Ammonoidea) aus dem Oberen Muschelkalk (Mitteltrias) Nordwürttembergs. *Stuttgarter Beiträge zur Naturkunde B* 253: 1-8.

Urlichs, M. & Tichy, G., 1998. Correlation between the Bleiglanzbank (Gipskeuper) of Germany and upper Ladinian beds of the Dolomites (Italy). *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. *Hallesches Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaften* (Halle) B5: 179.

Urlichs, M. & Tichy, G., 1999. Correlation of the Bleiglanzbank (Gipskeuper, Grabfeld Formation) of Germany with upper Ladinian beds of the Dolomites (Italy). *In*: Bachmann, G.H. and Lerche, I. (Eds): The Epicontinental Triassic. *Zentralblatt für Geologie und Paläontologie* (Halle) I: 997-1007.

Ustawa o odpadach, 2001. Dziennik Ustaw RP nr 62, poz. 628 z dnia 20 czerwca 2001r. (Warszawa).

Ustawa o swobodzie działalności gospodarczej, 2004. Dziennik Ustaw RP nr 173, poz. 1807 z dnia 2 lipca 2004 r. (Warszawa).

Vail, P.R., Mitchum, R.M., Todd, R.G., Widmer, J.M., Thomson, J.M., Sangree, J.B., Bubb, J.M. & Hatelid, W.G., 1977. Seismic stratigraphy and global changes of sea level. *In*: Payton, C.W. (Ed.): Seismic stratigraphy – Applications to hydrocarbon exploration. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Memoir 26: 49-212.

Van Adrichem Boogaert, H.A. & Burgers, W.F.J., 1983. The development of the Zechstein in The Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 62: 83-92.

Van Adrichem Boogaert, H.A. & Kouwe, W.F.P., 1993. Stratigraphic nomenclature of the Netherlands, revision and update by RGD and NOGEPa. Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst 50: 1-40.

Van Balen, R.T., Houtgast, R.F., Van der Wateren, F.M., Vandenberghie, J. & Bogaart, P.W., 2000a. Sediment budget and tectonic evolution of the Meuse catchment in the Ardennes and the Roer Valley Rift System. *Global and Planetary Change* 27: 113-129.

Van Balen, R.T., Van Bergen, F., De Leeuw, C., Pagnier, H., Simmelink, H., Van Wees, J.D. & Verweij, J.M., 2000b. Modelling of the hydrocarbon generation and migration in the West Netherlands Basin, the Netherlands. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 79: 29-44.

Van Bergen, F., Pagnier, H.J.M., Damen, K., Faaij, A.P.C. & Ribberink, J.S., 2004. Feasibility study on CO₂ sequestration and Enhanced CBM production in Zuid-Limburg. Netherlands Agency for Energy and Environment 90-5747-031-X (Utrecht): 76 pp.

Van Bergen, F., Pagnier, H.J.M. & Van Tongeren, P.C.H., 2007. Peat, coal and coalbed methane. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 265-282.

Van Bergen, M.J. & Sissingh, W., 2007. Magmatism in the Netherlands: expression of the north-west European rifting history. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 197-222.

Van Buggenum, J.M. & Den Hartog Jager, D.G., 2007. Silesian. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and de Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 43-62.

Van Dalfsen, W., Doornenbal, J.C., Dortland, S. & Gunnink, J.L., 2006. A comprehensive seismic velocity model for the Netherlands based on lithostratigraphic layers. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 85: 277-292.

Van den Berg, M.W., Groenewoud, W., Lorenz, G.K., Lubbers, P.J., Brus, D.J. & Kroonenberg, S.B., 1994. Patterns and velocities of recent crustal movements in the Dutch part of the Roer Valley rift system. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 73: 157-168.

Van den Haute, P. & Vercoutere, C., 1990. Apatite fission track evidence for a Mesozoic uplift of the Brabant Massif – preliminary results. *Annales Société Géologique de Belgique* 112: 443-452.

Van der Baan, D., 1990. Zechstein reservoirs in the Netherlands. *In*: Brooks, J. (Ed.): Classic petroleum provinces. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 50: 379-398.

Van der Bogaard, P. & Schmincke, H.-U., 1990. Die Entwicklungsgeschichte des Mittelrheinraumes und die Eruptionsgeschichte des Osteifel-Vulkanfeldes. *In*: Schirmer, W. (Ed.): Rheingeschichte zwischen Mosel und Maas. Deuqua-Führer 1: 166-190.

Van der Burgh, J., Van Rooijen, P. & Van Amerom, H.W.J., 1988. Bruinkool, 20 miljoen jaar geschiedenis van een energiebron. Rijks Geologische Dienst (Heerlen): 47 pp.

Van der Molen, A.S., 2004. Sedimentary development, seismic stratigraphy and burial compaction of the Chalk Group in the Netherlands North Sea area. Thesis. Utrecht University (Utrecht): 175 pp.

Van der Molen, A.S. & Wong, T.E., 2007. Towards an improved lithostratigraphic subdivision of the Chalk Group in the Netherlands North Sea area – A seismic stratigraphic approach. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 86: 131-143.

Van der Poel, A.B., 1989. A case study on the hydrocarbon geology of Upper Permian (Zechstein-3) carbonates in licence P6, the Netherlands' offshore. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 68: 285-296.

Van der Sande, J.M.M., Reijers, T.J.A. & Casson, N., 1996. Multidisciplinary exploration strategy in the northeast Netherlands Zechstein 2 Carbonate play, guided by 3D seismic. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 125-142.

Van der Zwan, C.J. & Spaak, P., 1992. Lower and Middle Triassic sequence stratigraphy and climatology of the Netherlands, a model. *Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology* 91: 277-290.

Van Doorn, T.H.M. & Rijkers, R.H.B., 2002. The Netherlands. *In*: Hurter, S. and Haenel, R. (Eds): Atlas of geothermal resources in the European Community. Commission of the European Communities (Luxemburg).

Van Egmond, B., 2006. Developing a method to screen and rank geological CO₂ storage sites on the risks of leakage. Thesis. Utrecht University (Utrecht): 93 pp.

Van Grootel, G., Verniers, J., Geerkens, B., Laduron, D., Verhaeren, M., Hertogen, J. & De Vos, W., 1997. Timing of magmatism, foreland basin development, metamorphism and inversion in the Anglo-Brabant fold belt. *Geological Magazine* 134: 607-616.

Van Heekeren, E.V., 2008. The Netherlands Country Report-Legal Framework and Geothermal Policy Issues. Stichting Platform Geothermie (Den Haag): 24 pp.

Van Heekeren, E.V., Snijders, A.L. & Harms, H.J., 2005. The Netherlands – Country Update on Geothermal Energy, World Geothermal Congress Antalya.

Van Hoorn, B., 1987. Structural evolution, timing and tectonic style of the Sole Pit inversion. *Tectonophysics* 137: 239-284.

Van Hulten, F.F.N. & Poty, E., 2008. Geological factors controlling Early Carboniferous Carbonate Platform development in the Netherlands. *Geological Journal* 43: 175-196.

Van Lith, J.G.J., 1983. Gas fields in the Bergen concession, The Netherlands. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 62: 63-74.

Van Rooijen, P., 1989. Bruinkool; ontstaan en voorkomen. Grondboor en Hamer 5-6: 211-213.

Van Simaey, S., 2004. Stratigraphic and Paleoenvironmental Analysis of the Rupelian and Chattian in their Type Regions: Implications for Global Oligocene Chronostratigraphy. Thesis. Katholieke Universiteit (Leuven): 201 pp.

Van Tongeren, P.C.H., 1987. Renewed interest in coal. *In*: Visser, W.A., Zonneveld, J.I.S. and van Loon, A.J. (Eds): Seventy-five years of geology and mining in the Netherlands. Royal Geological and Mining Society of The Netherlands (KNGMG) (The Hague): 231-242.

Van Veen, F.R., 1975. Geology of the Leman gas field. *In*: Woodland, A.W. (Ed.): Petroleum and the Continental Shelf of North-West Europe. Applied Science Publishers Ltd (Amsterdam): 477-487.

Van Vliet-Lanoë, B., Laurent, M., Hallégouët, B., Margerel, J.-J., Chauvel, J.-J., Michel, Y., Mogueudet, G., Trautman, F. & Vauthier, S., 1998a. Le Mio-Pliocène du Massif Armoricaïn. *Comptes Rendus de l'Académie des Sciences, Series IIA* 326: 333-340.

Van Vliet-Lanoë, B., Mansy, J.-L., Margerel, J.-P., Vidier, J.-P., Lamarche, J. & Everaerts, M., 1998b. The Dover Strait, a discretely open Cenozoic strait. *Comptes Rendus Academie des Sciences, Paris* 326: 729-739.

Van Vliet-Lanoë, B., Vandenberghie, N., Laurent, M., Laignel, B., Lauriat-Rage, A., Louwy, S., Mansy, J.-L., Mercier, D., Hallégouët, B., Laga, P., Laquement, F., Meilliez, F., Michel, Y., Mogueudet, G. & Vidier, J.-P., 2002. Palaeogeographic evolution of northwestern Europe during the Upper Cenozoic. *Geodiversitas* 24: 511-540.

Van Wees, J.-D. & Beekman, F., 2000. Lithosphere rheology during intraplate basin extension and inversion; inferences from automated modeling of four basins in Western Europe. *Tectonophysics* 320: 219-242.

Van Waterschoot van der Gracht, W.A.J.M. (1909). The deeper geology of the Netherlands and adjacent regions, with special reference to the latest borings in the Netherlands, Belgium and Westphalia, with contributions on the fossil flora by Dr W. Jongmans. *Memoirs of the Government Institute for the Geological Exploration of The Netherlands* (Rijksopsporing van Delfstoffen) N. 2: 435 pp.

Van Wees, J.-D. & Cloetingh, S., 1996. 3D flexure and intraplate compression in the North Sea basin. *Tectonophysics* 266: 343-359.

Van Wees, J.D., Stephenson, R.A., Ziegler, P.A., Bayer, U., McCann, T., Dadlez, R., Gaupp, R., Narkiewicz, M., Bitzer, F. & Scheck, M., 2000. On the origin of the Southern Permian Basin, Central Europe. *Marine and Petroleum Geology* 17 (1): 43-59.

Van Wees, J.D., van Bergen, F., David, P., Nepveu, M., Beekman, F. & Cloetingh, S., 2008. Probabilistic Tectonic heat flow modelling for basin maturation: method and applications. *Journal of Marine and Petroleum Geology* 26: 536-551.

Van Wijhe, D.H., 1987a. Structural evolution of inverted basins in the Dutch offshore. *Tectonophysics* 137: 171-219.

Van Wijhe, D.H., 1987b. The structural evolution of the Broad Fourteens Basin. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 315-323.

Van Wijhe, D.H., Lutz, M. & Kaaschieter, J.P.H., 1980. The Rotliegend in the Netherlands and its gas accumulations. *Geologie en Mijnbouw* 59: 3-24.

Vandenberghie, N., Brinkhuis, H. & Steurbaut, E., 2003. The Eocene/Oligocene boundary in the North Sea area: a sequence stratigraphic approach. *In*: Prothero, D.R., Ivany, L.C. and Nesbitt, E.A. (Eds): From greenhouse to icehouse. The marine Eocene-Oligocene transition. Columbia University Press: 420-437.

Vandenberghie, N., Dusar, M., Boonen, P., Fan Lie, S., Voets, R. & Bouckaert, J., 2000. The Merksplas-Beerse geothermal well (17W265) and the Dinantian reservoir. *Geologica Belgica* 3 (3-4): 349-367.

Vandenberghie, N., Laga, P., Steurbaut, E., Hardenbol, J. & Vail, P.R., 1998. Tertiary sequence stratigraphy at the southern border of the North Sea Basin in Belgium. *In*: De Graciansky, P.C., Hardenbol, J., Jacquin, T. and Vail, P.R. (Eds): Mesozoic and Cenozoic sequence stratigraphy of European basins. SEPM Special Publication (Tulsa) 60: 119-154.

Vandenberghie, N., Van Simaey, S., Steurbaut, E., Jagt, J.W.M. & Felder, P.J., 2004. Stratigraphic architecture of the Upper Cretaceous and Cenozoic along the southern border of the North Sea Basin in Belgium. *Netherlands Journal of Geosciences* 83: 155-171.

Vandycke, S., 2002. Paleostress records in Cretaceous formations in NW Europe: extensional and strike-slip settings in relationships with Cretaceous-Tertiary inversion tectonics. *Tectonophysics* 357: 119-136.

Vandycke, S. & Bergerat, F., 2001. Brittle tectonic structures and palaeostress analysis in the Isle of Wight, Wessex basin, southern U.K. *Journal of Structural Geology* 23: 393-406.

Vanguetstaine, M., 1992. Biostratigraphie par acritarches du Cambro-Ordovicien de Belgique et des régions limitrophes: synthèse et perspectives d'avenir. *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 115: 1-18.

Vejbæk, O.V., 1990. The Horn Graben and its relationship to the Oslo Graben and the Danish Basin. *Tectonophysics* 178: 29-49.

Vejbæk, O.V., 1992. Geodynamic modelling of the Central Danish Trough. Structural and tectonic modelling and its application to petroleum geology. *In*: Larsen, R.M., Brekke, H., Larsen, B.T. and Telleraas, E. (Eds): Structural and Tectonic Modelling and its Application to Petroleum Geology: Proceedings of the Norwegian Petroleum Society Workshop. Norwegian Petroleum Society Special Publication 1: 1-17.

Vejbæk, O.V., 1997. Dybe strukturer i danske sedimenter bassiner. *Geologisk Tidsskrift* 4: 1-31.

Vejbæk, O.V., 2008. On dis-equilibrium compaction as the cause for Cretaceous-Paleogene over-pressures in the Danish North Sea. American Association of Petroleum Geologists Bulletin 92: 1-16.

Vejbæk, O.V. & Andersen, C., 1987. Cretaceous Early Tertiary inversion tectonism in the Danish Central Trough. *Tectonophysics* 137: 221-238.

Vejbæk, O.V. & Andersen, C., 2002. Post mid-Cretaceous inversion tectonics in the Danish Central Graben – Regionally synchronous tectonic events? *Bulletin of the Geological Society of Denmark* 49: 129-144.

Vejbæk, O.V., Andersen, C., Dusar, M., Hergreen, G.F.W., Krabbe, H., Leszczyński, K., Lott, G.K., Mutterlose, J. & Van der Molen, A.S., 2010. Cretaceous. *In*: Doornenbal, J.C. and Stevenson, A.G. (editors): Petroleum Geological Atlas of the Southern Permian Basin Area. EAGE Publications b.v. (Houten): 195-209.

Vejbæk, O.V., Bergström, J., Khubldikov, A., Jaworowski, K., Laškovas, J. & Sivhed, U., 2000. Extent of Cambrian, Ordovician and Silurian deposits in the Baltic Basin. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse* (Copenhagen).

Vejbæk, O.V. & Britze, P., 1995. Top pre-Zechstein. *Geological Map of Denmark* 1 : 750 000. Danmark Geological Survey, Map series 45, 9 pp.

Vejbæk, O.V., Frykman, P., Bech, N. & Nielsen, C.M., 2005. The history of hydrocarbon filling of Danish chalk fields. *In*: Doré, A.G. and Vining, B. (Eds): North-West Europe and Global Perspectives. Proceedings of the 6th Petroleum Geology Conference. The Geological Society (London): 1331-1346.

Vejbæk, O.V., Stouge, S. & Poulsen, K.D., 1994. Palaeozoic tectonic and sedimentary evolution and hydrocarbon prospectivity in the Bornholm area. *Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse Serie A* (Kobenhavn): 23 pp.

Vercoutere, C. & van den Haute, P., 1993. Post-Palaeozoic cooling and uplift of the Brabant Massif as revealed by apatite fission track analysis. *Geological Magazine* 130 (5): 639-646.

Verdier, J.P., 1996. The Rotliegend sedimentation history of the southern North Sea and adjacent countries. *In*: Rondeel, H.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and Nieuwenhuijs, W.H. (Eds): Geology of Gas and Oil under the Netherlands. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 45-56.

Verhoef, J., Macnab, R. & Roest, W. et al., 1996. Magnetic anomalies, Arctic and North Atlantic Oceans and adjacent land areas. Geological Survey of Canada Open File, 3282c.

Verniers, J., Herbosch, A., Vanguetstaine, M., Geukens, F., Delcambre, B., Pingot, J.L., Bélanger, I., Hennebert, M., Debacker, T., Sintubin, M. & De Vos, W., 2001. Cambrian-Ordovician-Silurian lithostratigraphic units (Belgium). *In*: Bultynck, P. & Dejonghe, L. (Eds): Guide to a revised lithostratigraphic scale of Belgium. *Geologica Belgica* 4: 5-38.

Verniers, J., Nestor, V., Paris, F., Dufka, P., Sutherland, S. & Van Grootel, G., 1995. A global Chitinozoa biozonation for the Silurian. *Geological Magazine* 132: 651-666.

Verniers, J., Pharaoh, T.C., André, L., Debacker, T., De Vos, W., Everaerts, M., Herbosch, A., Samuelsson, J., Sintubin, M. & Vecoli, M., 2002. The Cambrian to mid Devonian basin development and deformation history of Eastern Avalonia, east of the Midlands Microcraton: new data and a review. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 47-93.

Verniers, J. & Van Grootel, G., 1991. Review of the Silurian in the Brabant Massif, Belgium. *Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique* 114: 163-193.

Verweij, H., 2003. Fluid flow systems analysis on geological timescales in onshore and offshore Netherlands, with special reference to the Broad Fourteens Basin. Thesis. Vrije Universiteit (Amsterdam): 278 pp.

Verweij, H., Simmelink, E. & Underschlutz, J., 2008. Application of integrated hydrodynamic analysis of overpressure distributions in offshore Netherlands, Overpressure 2008: Present and Future Challenges – A Research Conference, Durham.

Vinken, R., 1988. The Northwest European Tertiary Basin. Results of the International Geological Correlation Programme, Project No. 124, *Geologisches Jahrbuch A* 100: 1-511.

Visscher, H., Brugman, W.A. & van Houte, M., 1993. Chronostratigraphical and sequence stratigraphic interpretation of the palynomorph record from the Muschelkalk of the Obersee well, south Germany. *In*: Hagdorn, H. and Seilacher, A. (Eds): Muschelkalk, Schöntaler Symposium 1991. Sonderbände der Gesellschaft für Naturkunden in Württemberg: 145-152.

Visser, W.A., 1955. The Upper Permian in the Netherlands. *Leide Geologische Mededelingen* 20: 185-194.

Visser, W.A., 1987. The Gelria concession. *In*: Visser, W.A., Zonneveld, J.I.S. and Van Loon, A.J. (Eds): Seventy-five years of geology and mining in the Netherlands. Royal Geological and Mining Society of the Netherlands (The Hague): 147-152.

Voigt, S., Wagreich, M., Surlyk, F., Walaszczyk, I.U., D. Cech, S., Voigt, T., Wiese, F., Wilmsen, M., Niebuhr, B., Reich, M., Funk, H., Michalik, J., Jagt, J.W.M., Felder, P.J. & Schulp, A.S., 2008. Cretaceous. *In*: McCann, T. (Ed.): The Geology of Central Europe. The Geological Society (London): 752.

Voigt, T., Eynatten, H.V. & Franzke, H.-J., 2004. Late Cretaceous unconformities in the Subhercynian Basin (Germany). *Acta Geologica Polonica* 54: 673-694.

- Voigt, T. & Gaupp, R., 2000. Die fazielle Entwiclung an der Grenze zwischen Unterem und Mittleren Buntsandstein im Zentrum der Thüringer Senke. Beiträge zur Geologie von Thüringen, Neue Folge 7: 55-71.
- Volkolakov, F.K., Polivko, I.A., Agaltsova, E.N. & Yakovleva, V.I., 1977. Geological structure and petroleum aspects of the offshore part of the Baltic Syncline.
- Von Alberti, F., 1834. Beitrag zu einer Monographie des Bunten Sandsteins, Muschelkalk und Keupers und die Verbindung dieser Gebilde zu einer Formation. Cotta (Stuttgart/Tübingen): 366 pp.
- Von Bender, F. & Hedemann, H.A., 1983. Zwanzig Jahre erfolgreiche Rotliegend-Exploration in Nordwestdeutschland – weitere Aussichten auch im Präperm. Erdöl-Erdgas Zeitschrift 99 (2): 39-49.
- Von Buch, L., 1839. Über den Jura in Deutschland. Königlich Preussische Akademie der Wissenschaften (Berlin): 87 pp.
- Von Bülow, W. (Ed.), 2000. Geologische Entwicklung Südwest-Mecklenburgs seit dem Ober-Oligozän. Schriftenreihe für Geowissenschaften (Berlin) 10: 413 pp.
- Von Daniels, C.H., 1986. Uvigerina in the NE European Neogene. Utrecht Micropalaontological Bulletin 35: 67-119.
- Von Hoegen, J., Lemme, B., Zielinski, J. & Walter, R., 1985. Cambrian and Lower Ordovician in the Stavelot-Venn Massif. A model for depositional history. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Abhandlungen 171: 217-235.
- Vulpius, R., 1993. Die Braunkohlelagerstätten in den fünf neuen Bundesländern. Zeitschrift für Angewandte Geologie 39: 96.
- Wachendorf, H., 1986. Der Harz, variszischer Bau und geodynamische Entwicklung. Geologisches Jahrbuch A91: 3-67.
- Wachendorf, H., Buchholz, P. & Zellmer, H., 1995. Fakten zum Harz-Paläozoikum und ihre geodynamische Interpretation. Nova Acta Leopoldina 71: 119-150.
- Wagner, G.A., Coyle, D.A., Duyster, J., Henjes-Kunst, F., Peterek, A., Schröder, B., Stökhert, B., Wemmer, K., Zulauf, G., Ahrendt, H., Bischoff, R., Hejl, E., Jacobs, J., Menzel, D., Lal, N., Van den Haute, P., Vercoutere, C. & Welzel, B., 1997. Post-Variscan thermal and tectonic evolution of the KTB site and its surroundings. Journal of Geophysical Research. 102 (B8): 18221-18232.
- Wagner, R., 1988. Evolution of the Zechstein Basin in Poland. Kwartalnik Geologiczny 32 (1): 32-52.
- Wagner, R., 1994. Stratigraphy and development of the Zechstein Basin in Poland. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 146: 1-71.
- Wagner, R. (Ed.), 2007. Stratigraphic table of Poland. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa).
- Wagner, R., 2008. Tabela stratygraficzna Polski. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny (Warszawa).
- Wagner, R. & Peryt, T.M., 1997. Possibility of sequence stratigraphic subdivision of the Zechstein in the Polish Basin. Geological Quarterly 41: 457-474.
- Waksmundzka, M.I., 1998. Depositional architecture of the Carboniferous Lublin basin. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 165: 89-100.
- Waksmundzka, M.I., 2005. Ewolucja facjalna i analiza sekwencji w paralicznych utworach karbonu z pñ.-zach. i centralnej Lubelszczyzny. Thesis. Polish Geological Institute (Warszawa).
- Waksmundzka, M.I., 2007. Karbon. Wyniki badań litologicznych, sedimentologicznych i stratygraficznych. *In*: Waksmundzka, M.I. (Ed.): Profile Głębokich Otworów Wiertniczych Państwowego. Instytutu Geologicznego (Lublin): 114-119.
- Walker, I.M. & Cooper, W.G., 1987. The structural and stratigraphic evolution of the northeast margin of the Sole Pit Basin. *In*: Brooks, J.V.R. and Glennie, K.W. (Eds): Petroleum Geology of North West Europe. Graham and Trotman (London): 263-275.
- Wallace, P., 1968. The sub-Mesozoic palaeogeology and palaeogeography of Northeastern France and the Straits of Dover. Palaeogeography, Palaeoclimatology, Palaeoecology 4: 241-255.
- Walter, R., 1992. Geologie von Mitteleuropa. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 561 pp.
- Ward, J., Chan, A. & Ramsay, B., 2003. The Hatfield Moors and Hatfield West Gas (Storage) Fields, South Yorkshire. *In*: Gluyas, J.G. and Hitchens, H.M. (Eds): United Kingdom Oil and Gas Fields, Commemorative Millennium Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 20: 905-910.
- Warr, L.N., 1993. Basin Inversion and foreland basin development in the Rhenohercynian zone of south-west England. *In*: Gayer, R.A., Greiling, R.O. and Vogel, A.K. (Eds): Rhenohercynian and subvariscan foldbelts. International Monograph Series (Wiesbaden): 197-224.
- Warren, J.K., 2006. Evaporites: Sediments, resources and hydrocarbons. Springer Verlag (Heidelberg): 1036 pp.
- Warren, J.K., 2008. Salt as sediment in the Central European Basin System as seen from a deep time perspective. *In*: Littke, R., Bayer, U., Gajewski, D. and Nelskamp, S. (Eds): Dynamics of complex intracontinental basins: The Central European Basin System. Springer Verlag (Heidelberg): 249-276.
- Warrington, G., 1970. The stratigraphy and palaeontology of the 'Keuper' Series of the central Midlands of England. Quarterly Journal of the Geological Society of London 126 ((1-2)): 183-223.
- Warrington, G., 1974. Trias. *In*: Rayner, D.H. and Hemingway, J.E. (Eds): The Geology and Mineral Resources of Yorkshire. Yorkshire Geological Society: 145-160
- Warrington, G., 1996. Triassic spores and pollen. *In*: Jansonius, J. and McGregor, D.C. (Eds): Palynology, principles and applications. American Association of Stratigraphic Palynologists Foundation 2: 755-766
- Warrington, G., Audley-Charles, M.G., Elliott, R.E., Evans, W.B., Ivimey-Cook, H.C., Kent, P.E., Robinson, P.L., Shotton, F.W. & Taylor, F.M., 1980. A correlation of Triassic rocks in the British Isles. Geological Society Special Report (London): 78 pp.
- Warrington, G. & Ivimey-Cook, H.C., 1992. Triassic. *In*: Cope, J.C.W., Ingham, J.K. and Rawson, P.F. (Eds): Atlas of palaeogeography and lithofacies. Geological Society Memoir (London) 13: 97-106.
- Waters, C.N., Gillespie, M.R., Smith, K., Auton, C.A., Floyd, J.D., Leslie, A.G., Millward, D., Mitchell, W.I., McMillan, A.A., Stone, P., Barron, A.J.M., Dean, M.T., Hopson, P.M., Krabbendam, M., Browne, M.A.E., Stephenson, D., Akhurst, M.C. & Barnes, R.P., 2007. Stratigraphical Chart of the United Kingdom: Northern Britain. British Geological Survey, Nottingham.
- Wehner, H., 1997. Source and maturation of crude oils in northern and eastern Germany. Geologisches Jahrbuch D103: 85-102.
- Wehner, H., Gerling, P., Hiltmann, W. & Kockel, F., 1979. Erdöl-Charakteristik und Öl-Muttergesteinskorrelation im Niedersächsischen Becken. Nachrichten der deutschen geologischen Gesellschaft 41: 77-78.
- Wenselaers, P., Dusar, M. & van Tongeren, P., 1996. Steenkoolaaig methaangaswinning in het Kempens kolenbekken. Het proefproject te Peer. Ministerie van de Vlaamse Gemeenschap, afdeling Natuurlijke Rijkdommen en Energie.
- Werner, A.G., 1786. Kurze Klassifikation und Beschreibung der verschiedenen Gebirgsarten. Abhandlungen der Böhmischen Gesellschaft der Wissenschaften: 272-297.
- Westen, J.M.J., 1971. Statistisch overzicht van productie, bezetting en prestaties van de Limburgse steenkolenmijnen. Geologie en Mijnbouw 50: 311-320.
- White, N.J. & Lovell, B., 1997. Measuring the pulse of a plume with the sedimentary record. Nature 387: 888-891.
- Whittaker, A. (Ed.), 1985. Atlas of onshore sedimentary basins in England and Wales: Post-Carboniferous tectonics and stratigraphy. Blackie (Glasgow and London): 68 pp.
- Whitten, D.G.A. & Brooks, J.R.V., 1972. Penguin Dictionary of Geology. Penguin (Harmondsworth): 516 pp.
- Wierzchowska-Kiculowa, K., 1984. Budowa geologiczna utworów podpermkich monokliny przedsudeckiej. Geologia Sudetica 19: 121-139.
- Wignall, P., 1992. The day the world nearly died. New Scientist 25: 51-55.
- Wilde-Piórko, M., Grad, M. & Group, P.W., 1999. Regional and teleseismic events recorded across the TESZ during POLONAISE'97. Tectonophysics 314: 161-174.
- Wilkinson, M., Haszeldine, R.S., Fallick, A.E., Odling, N., Stocker, S.J. & Gatlift, R.W., 2009. CO2-mineral reaction in a natural analogue for CO2 storage-Implication for modelling. Journal of Sedimentary Reseachr 79: 486-494.
- Will, H.-J., 1969. Untersuchungen zur Stratigraphie und Genese des Oberkeupers in Nordwestdeutschland. Geologisches Jahrbuch Beiheft 54: 1-240.
- Williams-Stroud, S.C. & Paul, J., 1997. Initiation and growth of gypsum piercement structures in the Zechstein Basin. Journal of Structural Geology 19: 897-909.
- Williamson, J.P., Pharaoh, T.C., Banka, D., Thybo, H., Laigle, M. & Lee, M.K., 2002. Potential field modelling of the Baltica-Avalonia (Thor-Tornquist) suture beneath the southern North Sea. Tectonophysics 360: 47-60.
- Wills, L.J., 1978. A palaeogeological map of the Lower Palaeozoic floor. The Geological Society, London.
- Willumsen, M., 1993. Early lithification in Danian azooxanthellate scleractinian tithoterms, Faxø Quarry, Denmark. Beiträge zur Paläontologie 20: 123-131.
- Wilson, I.G., 1971. Desert sandflow basins and a model for the development of ergs. Geographical Journal 137: 180-199.
- Wilson, M., Neumann, E.-R., Davies, G.R., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. & Larsen, B.T., 2004. Permo-Carboniferous Magmatism and Rifting in Europe. *In*: Wilson, M., Neumann, E.-R., Davies, G.R., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. and Larsen, B.T. (Eds): Permo-Carboniferous magmatism and rifting in Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 223: 1-10.
- Wilson, P.A., Norris, R.D. & Cooper, M.J., 2002. Testing the Cretaceous greenhouse hypothesis using glassy foraminiferal calcite from the core of the Turonian tropics on Demerara Rise. Geology 30: 607-610.
- Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. & Verniers, J., 2002. Palaeozoic amalgamation of Central Europe: an introduction and synthesis of new results from recent geological and geophysical investigations. *In*: Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C. and Verniers, J. (Eds): Palaeozoic Amalgamation of Central Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 201: 1-18.
- Winchester, J.A., Pharaoh, T.C., Verniers, J., Ioane, D. & Seghedi, A., 2006. Palaeozoic accretion of Gondwana-derived terranes to the East European Craton: recognition of detached terrane fragments dispersed after collision with promontories. *In*: Gee, D.G. and Stephenson, R.A. (Eds): European Lithosphere Dynamics. Geological Society Memoir (London) 32: 323-332.
- Winter, D.A. & King, B., 1991. The West Sole field, Block 48/6, UK North Sea. *In*: Abbotts, I.L. (Ed.): United Kingdom Oil and Gas fields: 25 Years Commemorative Volume. Geological Society Memoir (London) 14: 517-523.
- Wirth, R., 1978. Geochemie und Petrographie der paläozoischen Magmatite des Frankenwaldes. Diabase – Keratophyre – Pikryte. Thesis. Universität Würzburg (Würzburg): 130 pp.
- Wolburg, J., 1961. Sedimentations-Zyklen und Stratigraphie des Buntsandsteins in NW-Deutschland. Geotektonische Forschungen 14: 7-74.
- Wolburg, J., 1962. Über Schwellenbildung im Mittleren Buntsandstein des Weser-Ems-Gebietes. Erdöl Zeitschrift 78: 183-190.
- Wolburg, J., 1963. Das Unterkarbon- und Devonprofil der Bohrung Münsterland 1. Fortschritte in der Geologie von Rheinland und Westfalen 11: 517-538.
- Wolburg, J., 1968. Vom zyklischen Aufbau des Buntsandsteins. Neues Jahrbuch für Geologie und Paläontologie, Monatshefte: 535-559.
- Wolburg, J., 1969. Die epigenetischen Phasen der Muschelkalk- und Keuper-Entwicklung Nordwest-Deutschlands, mit einem Rückblick auf den Buntsandstein. Geotektonische Forschungen 14: 7-74.
- Wolf, L. & Alexowsky, W., 2008. Quartär. *In*: Pälchen, W. and Walter, H. (Eds): Geologie von Sachsen. E. Schweitzerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 419-462.
- Wolf, R., 1985. Tiefentektonik des linksniederrheinischen Steinkohlengebietes. Beiträge zur Tiefentektonik westdeutsche Steinkohlenlagerstätten (Krefeld): 105-167.
- Wolfgang, M., Brecht, G.A., Schmidt-Mumm, A. & Breitkreuz, C., 1998. Reconstruction of the thermal evolution in the NE-German Basin during the Mesozoic. Halbmtonatsschrift Jahrbuch für Geowissenschaftlichen B5: 211-231.
- Wolfgang, M., Seibt, P. & Lenz, G., 2004. Neue Aspekte der Speicherbewertung für die geothermische Stromerzeugung. GTV-Tagung Landau: 120-130.
- Wong, T.E., 1991. Petroleum geology of the Dutch Central North Sea Graben. *In*: Michelsen, O. and Frandsen, F. (Eds): The Jurassic in the Southern Central Trough. Danmarks Geologiske Undersøgelse series B16: 36-40.
- Wong, T.E., 2007. Jurassic. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and de Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 107-126.
- Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. & De Jager, J. (Eds), 2007a. Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 354 pp.
- Wong, T.E., De Lugt, I.R., Kuhlmann, G. & Overeem, I., 2007b. Tertiary. *In*: Wong, T.E., Batjes, D.A.J. and De Jager, J. (Eds): Geology of the Netherlands. Royal Netherlands Academy of Arts and Sciences (Amsterdam): 151-172.
- Wong, T.E., van Doorn, T.H.M. & Schroot, B.M., 1989. Late Jurassic petroleum geology of the Dutch Central North Sea Graben. Geologische Rundschau 78: 319-336.
- Wood, C.J. & Schmid, F., 1991. Upper Cretaceous of Helgoland (NW Germany): Lithology, palaeontology and biostratigraphy. Geologisches Jahrbuch, Reihe A 120: 37-61.
- Woodcock, N. & Pharaoh, T.C., 1993. Silurian facies beneath East Anglia. Geological Magazine 130: 681-690.
- Woodcock, N.H., 1991. The Welsh, Anglian and Belgian Caledonides compared. Annales de la Société Géologique de Belgique 114: 5-17.
- Worssam, B.C. & Ivimey-Cook, H.C., 1971. The stratigraphy of the Geological Survey borehole at Warrlingham, Surry. Bulletin of the Geological Survey of Great Britain 36: 1-146.
- Worum, G. & Michon, L., 2005. Implications of continuous structural inversion in the West Netherlands Basin for understanding controls on Palaeogene deformation in NW Europe. Journal of the Geological Society 162: 73-85.
- Wrede, V., 2005. Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanium) in Deutschland. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 477 pp.
- Wrede, V. & Ribbert, K.H., 2005. Das Oberkarbon (Silesium) am Nordrand des rechtsrheinischen Schiefergebirges (Ruhrkarbon). *In*: Wrede, V. (Ed.): Stratigraphie von Deutschland V – Das Oberkarbon (Pennsylvanium) in Deutschland. Courier Forschungsinstitut Senckenberg (Frankfurt am Main) 254: 225-254.
- Wurster, P., 1964. Geologie des Schilfsandsteins. Mitteilungen des Geologischen Staatsinstituts Hamburg 33: 1-140.
- Wurster, P., 1968. Paläogeographie der deutschen Trias und die paläogeographische Orientierung der Lettenkohle in Südwestdeutschland. Elogae Geologicae Helvetiae 61: 157-166.
- Wybraniec, S., Zhou, S., Thybo, H., Forsberg, R., Perchuc, E., Lee, M., Demianov, G.D. & Strakhov, V.N., 1998. New map compiled of Europe's gravity field. Eos, Transactions, American Geophysical Union 79: 437-442.
- Wycisk, P., 1984. Faziesinterpretationen eines kontinentalen Sedimentationstrogs (Mittlerer Buntsandstein, Hessische Senke). Berliner Geowissenschaftliche Abhandlungen A54: 1-104.
- Yang, C.S. & Baumfalk, Y.A., 1994. Milankovitch Cyclicity in the Upper Rotliegend Group of the Netherlands Offshore. *In*: De Boer, P.L. and Smith, D.G. (Eds): Orbital forcing and cyclic Sequences. International Association of Sedimentologists Special Publication 19: 47-61.
- Yans, J., Dejax, J., Pons, D., Taverne, L. & Bultynck, P., 2006. The iguanodonts of Bernissart (Belgium) are middle Barremian to earliest Aptian in age. Bulletin de l'Institut royal des Sciences naturelles de Belgique, Sciences de la Terre 76: 91-97.
- Yardley, M.J., 1984. Cross-bedding in the Permian Yellow Sands of County Durham. Proceedings of the Yorkshire Geological Society 45: 11-18.
- Zachos, J., Pagani, M., Sloan, L., Thomas, E. & Billups, K., 2001. Trends, rhythms, and aberrations in global climate 65 Ma to present. Science 292: 686-693.
- Zagora, K., 1995. Devonian of the Isle of Rügen. Studia geophysica et geodaetica 39: 298-301.
- Zagora, K. & Zagora, I., 1997. Ein Werrakarbonat (Ca1)-Riff im deutschen Anteil der Ostsee. Freiburger Forschungshefte C466: 19-31.
- Zagora, K. & Zagora, I., 2004. Devon. *In*: Katzung, G. (Ed.): Regional geology of the state of Mecklenburg-Western Pomerania, NE-Germany. E. Schweizerbart'sche Verlagsbuchhandlung (Stuttgart): 70-79.
- Zagorodnykh, V.A., 1996. Mineral resources of Upper Permian deposits in the Kaliningrad Region. Lithology and Mineral Resources 31: 86-94.
- Zaicevs, V., Seredenkon, R., Talpas, A. & Suuroja, S. (Eds), 1997. Bedrock map of the gulf of Riga. 1 : 200 000. Geological survey of Latvia, Geological survey of Estonia.
- Zandstra, J.G., 1971. Geologisch onderzoek in de stuwwal van de oostelijke Veluwe bij Hattem en Wapenfeld. Mededelingen Rijks Geologische Dienst 22: 215-258.
- Zdanaviciute, O. & Bojesen-Koefoed, J.A., 1997. Geochemistry of Lithuanian oils and source rocks: a preliminary assessment. Journal of Petroleum Geology 20 (4): 381-402.
- Zdanaviciute, O. & Lazauskiene, J., 2004. Hydrocarbon migration and entrapment in the Baltic Syncline. Organic Geochemistry 35 (4): 517-527.
- Zdanaviciute, O. & Lazauskiene, J., 2007. The petroleum potential of the Silurian succession in Lithuania. Journal of Petroleum Geology 30: 325-337.
- Zdanowski, A. & Żakowa, H. (Eds), 1995. The Carboniferous system in Poland. Prace Państwowego Instytutu Geologicznego 148: 215 pp.
- Zdanowski, P., 2004. Wide restricted lagoons (salinas) of the Main Dolomite as a final deposition of carbonate lowstand system tracts in the Gorzów Wielkopolski region IAS 23rd Meeting, Coimbra, 291 pp.
- Zdanowski, Z., 1995. Coalbed methane in the Lublin Coal Basin. *In*: Zdanowski, A. and Zakowa, H. (Eds): The Carboniferous System in Poland. Polish Geological Institute: 176–177.
- Zeiss, A., 2003. The Upper Jurassic of Europe: its subdivision and correlation. *In*: Ineson, J.R. and Surlyk, F. (Eds): The Jurassic of Denmark and Greenland. Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland Bulletin 1: 75-114.
- Żelaźniewicz, A., Marheine, D. & Oberc-Dziedzic, T., 2003. A Late Tournaisian synmetamorphic folding and thrusting event in the eastern Variscan foreland: 40Ar-39Ar evidence from the phyllites of the Wolsztyn-Leszno High, western Poland. International Journal of Earth Sciences 92: 185-194.
- Ziegler, K., Turner, P. & Daines, S.R. (Eds), 1997. Petroleum Geology of the Southern North Sea: Future Potential. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 123: 209 pp.
- Ziegler, M.A., 1989a. North German Zechstein facies patterns in relation to their substrate. Geologische Rundschau 78: 105-127.
- Ziegler, P.A., 1982a. Geological Atlas of Western and Central Europe. Shell Internationale Petroleum Maatschappij B.V.; Elsevier Scientific Publishing Company: 130 pp.

Ziegler, P.A., 1982b. Triassic rift and facies patterns in western and central Europe. *Geologische Rundschau* 71: 747-772.

Ziegler, P.A., 1988. Evolution of the Arctic, North Atlantic and western Tethys. *American Association of Petroleum Geologists*: 198 pp.

Ziegler, P.A., 1989b. Evolution of Laurussia – a study in Late Palaeozoic plate tectonics. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht, Boston, London): 102 pp.

Ziegler, P.A., 1990a. Geological Atlas of Western and Central Europe (2nd edition). Shell Internationale Petroleum Maatschappij B.V.; Geological Society Publishing House (Bath): 239 pp.

Ziegler, P.A., 1990b. Tectonic and palaeogeographic development of the North Sea rift system. *In*: Blundell, D.J. and Gibbs, A.D. (Eds): Tectonic evolution of the North Sea rifts. Oxford Science Publications (Oxford): 1-36.

Ziegler, P.A., Cloetingh, S. & Van Wees, J.-D., 1995. Dynamics of intraplate compressional deformation: the Alpine foreland and other examples. *Tectonophysics* 252: 7-59.

Ziegler, P.A. & Dèzes, P., 2006. Crustal evolution of Western and Central Europe. *Memoirs of the Geological Society of London* 32: 43-56.

Ziegler, P.A. & Dèzes, P., 2007. Cenozoic uplift of Variscan Massifs in the Alpine foreland: Timing and controlling mechanisms. *Global and Planetary Change* 58: 237-269.

Ziegler, P.A. & Horvath, F., 1996. Peri-Tethys Memoir 2: Structure and Prospects of Alpine Basins and Forelands. *Memoir de Museum National D'Histoire Naturelle*: 552 pp.

Ziegler, P.A., Schumacher, M., Cloetingh, S. & Van Wees, J.-D., 2006. Post-Orogenic evolution of the Variscan lithosphere in the area of the European rift system. *In*: Gee, D.G. and Stephenson, R.A. (Eds): European Lithosphere Dynamics. Geological Society Memoir (London) 32: 97-112.

Ziegler, P.A., Schumacher, M.E., Dèzes, P., van Wees, J.D. & Cloetingh, S.A.P.L., 2004. Post-Variscan evolution of the lithosphere in the Rhine Graben area; constraints from subsidence modelling. *In*: Wilson, M., Neumann, E.R., Davies, G.R., Timmerman, M.J., Heeremans, M. and Larsen, B.T. (Eds): Permo-Carboniferous magmatism and rifting in Europe. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 223: 289-317.

Ziegler, P.A. & Stampfli, G.M., 2001. Late Palaeozoic-Early Mesozoic plate boundary reorganization: collapse of the Variscan Orogen and opening of Neotethys. *In*: Cassinis, G. (Ed.): Permian continental deposits of Europe and other areas. Regional reports and correlations. *Natura Bresciana, Monograph* 25: 17-34.

Ziegler, P.A., Van Wees, J.-D. & Cloetingh, S.A.P.L., 1998. Mechanical controls on collision-related compressional intraplate deformation. *Tectonophysics* 300: 103-129.

Zielhuis, A. & Nolet, G., 1994. Deep seismic expression of an ancient plate boundary in Europe. *Science* 265: 79-81.

Zikmundová, J., 1964. Conodontenfunde im Devon des Jested-Gebirges. *Vestník Ústředního ústavu geologického* 39: 455-457.

Zimmerle, W., 1995. Petroleum sedimentology. Kluwer Academic Publishers (Dordrecht): 424 pp.

Zirngast, M., 1991. Die Entwicklungsgeschichte des Salzstocks Gorleben – Ergebnis einer strukturgeologischen Bearbeitung. *Geologisches Jahrbuch A132*: 3-31.

Znosko, 1979. Teisseyre-Tornquist tectonic zone: some interpretative implications of recent geological and geophysical investigations. *Acta Geologica Polonica* 29: 365-382.

Znosko, J., Dadlez, R., Grocholski, A., Kowalczewski, Z., Rytko, W. & Ryka, W., 1998. Tectonic map of Poland 1 : 500 000. Państwowy Instytut Geologiczny, Warszawa.

Zumberge, J.E., 1987. Terpenoid biomarker distributions in low maturity crude oils. *Organic Geochemistry* 11: 479-496.

Zwingmann, H., Clauer, N. & Gaupp, R., 1998. Timing of fluid flows in a sandstone reservoir of the northern German Rotliegend (Permian) by K-Ar dating of related hydrothermal illite. *In*: Parnell, J. (Ed.): Dating and duration of fluid flow and fluid-rock interaction. Geological Society Special Publication (London) 144: 91-106.

Zwingmann, H., Clauer, N. & Gaupp, R., 1999. Structure-related geochemical (REE) and isotopic (K-Ar, Rb-Sr, $\delta^{18}\text{O}$) characteristics of clay minerals from Rotliegend sandstone reservoirs (Permian, northern Germany). *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta* 63: 2805-2823.

Index

A

A15-A field — 223

A6/B4 field — 264

Aachen Basin — 86

Aachen Overthrust — 72

Aalburg Formation — 175, 176, 183, 188, 190, 244

Aalenian — ix, 36, 37, 99, 175, 176, 183, 184, 185, 245, 246, 290, 291, 295

Acadian Deformation Phase — 61

Acadian Unconformity — 59, 72

Acker-Bruchberg Zone — 76

acoustic blanking — 249, 253

acoustic turbidity — 253

Adler-Kamien-Rønne Graben — 34, 41

Adlergrund Conglomerate Member — 65

Adlergrund Sandstone Member — 65

Adria Plate — 48

Adriatic indentor — 44

Æbelø Formation — 215

Africa-Iberia-Europe convergence — 48

African Plate — 101

Akkrum concession — 293

Albian — viii, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 47, 99, 190, 195, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 209, 245, 248, 295, 299

Albury gasfield — 278

Alemannic Gate — 160, 162, 163, 164, 166

Aller Lineament — 34, 35, 37, 47

Allertal Fault — 38

Alluvial and fluvial depositional cycle (AL II) — 112

Alnarp Trough — 43

Alpenrhein Depression — 160

Alpine Foreland Basin — 213

Alpine inversion — 50, 230, 231, 233

Alpine Orogeny — 25, 230, 275

Alpine-Carpathian Orogen — 11, 25, 47, 48

Alston Block — 287

Altena Group — 184

Altensalzwedel pilot — 119

Altmark I — 31, 32, 99, 105

Altmark III — 99

Altmark I-III unconformities — 31, 105

Altmark-Fläming Basin — 206

Alum Shale Formation — 62, 65, 67, 68, 226, 229, 272

Ameland Block — 34, 37, 39

Ameland Claystone Member — 118

Amethyst Member — 157

ammonoid zones — 82

Anglo-Brabant Deformation Belt — viii, 59, 61, 64

Anglo-Brabant Fold Belt — 61

Anglo-Brabant Massif — 61, 200, 202, 203

Anglo-Dutch Basin — 105, 108, 150, 158, 159, 163, 164, 165, 238, 273, 274, 275

Anhydrit-Klippen — 132

Anisian — 99, 149, 158, 159, 160, 162, 163

Anklam Fault — 62, 65

appraisal wells — iii, 191, 193, 255, 264, 268

Aptian — viii, 36, 37, 39, 40, 41, 47, 195, 200, 202, 203, 204, 209, 248

aquifers — 283, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 297, 298, 299

Arctic Ocean — 33, 213

Arctic Seas — 25, 31, 36, 37

Arctic-North Atlantic rift system — 25, 33, 35, 36

Arden Sandstone Formation — 164

Ardennes Fold Belt — 25

Ardennes-Eifel fluvial system — 150

Ardennian Deformation Phase — 64

Ardenno-Rhenish Massif — 47

Arkona Black Shale Formation — 65

Armorican Terrane Assemblage — 11, 12, 25, 26, 71

Arnager Greensand Formation — 200, 204

Arnager Limestone Formation — 204

Arnsbergian — 82, 85, 86

Arnstadt Formation — 35, 99, 164, 165, 167

Arsten/Bremen Graben — 107

Artinskian — 32, 120

Artois Sill — 213

Asbian — 85

Åsgard Formation — 200

Ashgill — 25, 61, 64, 66, 67

Askern-Spital Fault — 97

Askrigg Block — 83

Asquempont Detachment System — 61

Asselian — 104

asthenosphere — 15, 31, 32

Asturian — 28, 30, 86, 87, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 97, 237

Atlantic Ocean — 25, 44, 175, 185, 213, 218

Auk field — 72

Auk Formation — 104

Austro-Alpine-ALCAPA block — 40

Avalon Composite Terrane — 12

Aye Formation — 74

B

Baarlo Formation — 86

Bacton Group — 136

Baelen Member — 74

Bagå Formation — 184, 285

Bajocian — 37, 39, 99, 183, 184, 185, 245, 291

Balka Sandstone Formation — 65

Baltic Basin — viii, 59, 62, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 77, 226, 227, 228, 229, 271, 272, 273

Baltic Gravel Assemblage — 219, 220

Baltic High — 77

Baltic Platform — 211

Baltic River — 219, 220, 221, 252

Baltic Sea — iii, 9, 13, 16, 26, 46, 59, 66, 67, 68, 77, 143, 149, 219, 255, 261, 265, 298

Baltic Seaway — 213, 217, 218

Baltic Shield — 19, 20, 32, 48, 108, 211

Baltic Syncline — 68, 226

Baltica Palaeocontinent — 65

Baltik Formation — 157

Bamble Trough — 108

Bänderschiefer — 76

Banjaard Group — 74

Barcza Beds — 78

Barents Sea — 123, 126, 133

Barnim Depression — 291

Barremian — 38, 39, 40, 195, 200, 202, 203, 204, 206, 209

Bartonian — 217

Basal Anhydrite (A2) — 138, 239

Basal Conglomerate — 64, 72, 126, 142, 204

Basal Detfurth Sandstone — 170

Base Cretaceous Unconformity — 168, 195, 238

Base Permian Unconformity — 29, 31, 89, 104, 105, 238, 274, 284

Bashkirian — 82

Basin inversion — viii, 25, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46, 48, 51, 55, 61, 114, 120, 123, 189, 207, 243

Bathonian — 37, 173, 183, 184, 185, 187, 189, 243, 245, 291

Belzec Formation — 187

Bentheim Sandstone Member — 43, 207

Bergisches Land — 75, 76

Bernburg Formation — 150, 157

Bernissart colliery — 200

Berriasian — ix, 6, 38, 39, 99, 195, 200, 202, 203, 205, 207, 208, 209

Beverire Formation — 74

Bihain Formation — 64

Bjørkåsholmen Formation — 65

Black Band Bed — 204

Black Band Member — 202

Black Band Unit — 202

Black Sea domain — 36, 37

black shales — 12, 26, 29, 61, 65, 68, 73, 75, 76, 78, 85, 86, 92, 94, 127, 187, 195, 205, 226, 228, 229, 231, 234, 235, 236, 243, 276, 277, 278

Blacourt Formation — 74

Blankenburg Zone — 77

Blanmont Formation — 61

Blätterton — 202

Blea Wyke Sandstone Formation — 175

Blodøks Formation — 204

Blue Anchor Formation — 165

Bo Member — 187, 246

Bóbrka-Rogi field — 255

Bochum Greensand — 205

Bohemian Massif — 1, 11, 30, 36, 37, 38, 41, 44, 47, 62, 79, 165, 176, 183, 195, 202, 205, 220

Bohemian Terrane — 79

Bois de Bordeaux Formation — 73

Bollen Claystone — 74

Bolsdorf Schichten — 76

Bolsovian — 80, 82, 86, 87, 92, 93, 94, 97, 98, 237, 283

Border Conglomerate — 141

Border Dolomite — 126

Boreal Sea — 126, 157, 175

Børglum Formation — 195, 200

Borkum High — 34

Bornholm Island — 59, 285

Borucice Formation — 183

Borzęcin field — 295

Boscheveld Formation — 74

Bostów Beds — 78

Botney Member — 87

Boulby Halite Formation — 127, 296

Boulton field — 93, 94, 96

Bowland Shale Formation — 85, 92, 97, 274

Brabant Formation — 184

Brabant Massif — 11, 12, 19, 26, 32, 34, 37, 39, 41, 47, 52, 59, 61, 62, 64, 71, 72, 74, 75, 76, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 87, 90, 105, 136, 150, 166, 195, 200, 202, 203, 205, 229, 284, 288, 289, 292

Brabantian Deformation Phase — 61

Bramsche and Apeldorn offshoots — 237

Brande Trough — 105

Brandenburg Slope 240

Brechte Syncline — 202

Breda Formation — 289

Breeveertien — 190

Bremen Graben — 41, 107

Briançonnais Terrane — 36, 40

Bridport Sand Formation — 190

Brieske Formation — 223

Brig Formation — 87

Brigantian — 82, 85, 92

bright spots — ix, 223, 249, 252, 253

Broad Fourteens Basin — 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 41, 44, 45, 50, 51, 137, 184, 187, 190, 218, 237, 244, 247, 274

Bröckelschiefer Member — 126

Broens Odde Member — 65

Brońsko field — 139, 140

Brunovistulian Terrane — viii, 59, 68

Brussels Sand Member — 289, 290

Bryne Formation — 246, 250

Buchan Formation — 72, 75

Bückeberg Formation — 99, 188, 202

Bug Member — 86

Bunte-Ebbe Formation — 76

Bunter Sandstone Formation — 168, 171

Bunter Shale Formation — 157

Buntsandstein Group — ix, 145, 149, 150, 157, 166, 172, 288, 290, 292, 293, 294, 295, 297, 298

Burdigalian — 47

Burgundy-Kraichgau Basin — 32

Burnot Formation — 73

Büsum salt dome — 193

Bychawa Formation — 79

C

Caffiers Formation — 74

Caister Formation — 86, 92

calc-alkaline magmatism — 61

Caldecote Volcanic Formation — 59

Caledonian Deformation Front — 12, 13, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 25, 65, 226

Caledonian foredeep — 66

Caledonian Orogeny — 14, 15, 18, 59, 81, 226

Caledonian unconformity — 61

Caledonides — viii, 1, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16, 17, 19, 25, 59, 61, 65, 66, 67, 68, 78, 82, 163, 166, 211, 217

Callovian — ix, 6, 37, 38, 39, 99, 181, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 191, 241, 245, 291

Cambrian — 5, 11, 12, 25, 27, 59, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 71, 72, 81, 226, 227, 228, 264, 265, 271, 272, 273, 298, 299

Campanian — 40, 41, 43, 44, 47, 99, 195, 202, 203, 204, 206

Campine Basin — 9, 44, 81, 83, 86, 87, 90, 92, 93, 203, 259, 265, 284, 288, 292, 297

Capitanian — 104

Caradoc — 27, 59, 61, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 272

Carboniferous Limestone Series — 81

Carisborg mine — 285

Carnian — 99, 163, 164, 165, 166

Carpathian foredeep — 41, 46, 55, 79, 286

Carpathian Foreland — 41, 217

Carpathian Overthrust — 68

Carpathian Seaway — 202

Cenomanian — 6, 40, 99, 187, 195, 196, 198, 200, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206

Cenozoic — viii, ix, 1, 6, 9, 11-14, 17, 25, 26, 40, 41, 43-48, 50, 51, 52, 54, 64, 65, 75, 107, 116, 142, 146, 168, 171, 175, 176, 183, 184, 186, 187, 189, 195, 203, 204, 209, 211-223, 227, 229, 230, 234, 235, 237, 239, 240, 244, 245, 248, 271, 272, 281, 290

Central Atlantic sea-floor spreading — 36

Central Channel Basin — 213, 217

Central European Basin — 65

Central Graben — 11, 15, 25, 26, 31, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 40, 41, 44, 50, 51, 65, 81, 104, 105, 107, 133, 135, 158, 159, 161, 163, 164, 165, 168, 170, 175, 176, 183-191, 195, 200, 202, 204, 208, 209, 211, 219, 229, 241, 244-246, 249, 264, 271, 274, 279, 280, 293

Central Graben Subgroup — 186, 191

Central North Sea Dome — 37, 38, 51

Central North Sea Graben — 184

Central North Sea thermal uplift — 184

Central-German mining district — 285

Chabowo aquifer — 299

Chalk Group — ix, 6, 41, 43, 44, 46, 51, 52, 195, 198, 202, 203, 204, 206, 208, 209, 212, 214, 239, 242, 244, 246, 249, 279, 292

Changhsingian — 149

Channel Seaway — 213, 215, 217, 219, 220

Charnian — 59, 61

Charnian Supergroup — 59

Chattian — 213, 218, 219

Cheshire Basin — 31, 296

Cheviot Granite — 64

Chevlipont Formation — 61

Chociwel Formation — 187

Chokier Formation — 26

Chokierian — 82

Christiansø Horst — 46

Church Stretton Fault — 68

Ciechocinek Formation — 183

Cimmerian — viii, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 44, 51, 52, 99, 115, 117, 162, 164, 165, 166, 169, 175, 183, 190, 195, 237, 238, 242, 244, 284

Cimmerian Orogeny — 35, 36, 37

Cimmerian Terrane — 36

Ciney Formation — 74

clastic-delta play concept — 93

Clay Deep Member — 188, 191, 193

Cleaver Bank High — 27, 29, 34, 37, 39, 41, 50, 51, 81, 90, 92, 159, 168, 237, 238

Cleveland Basin — 39, 175, 184, 185, 188, 189, 195, 213, 229, 230, 232, 233, 234, 265, 271, 274, 275

Cleveland High — 46

CO₂ capture and storage — 294

coal — iii, ix, 6, 9, 27, 29, 59, 80-82, 85-87, 89, 90, 92-94, 97, 98, 101, 112, 114-120, 136-138, 163, 166, 168-170, 172, 176, 183, 184, 187-191, 193, 195, 200, 221, 229, 230, 231, 235-239, 246, 248, 250, 252, 255, 259, 261, 264, 273, 274, 283-287, 290, 292-294

Coal Measures — 29, 81, 82, 86, 90, 92, 93, 94, 97, 98, 101, 112, 115-119, 136-138, 168-170, 172, 188, 191, 193, 200, 230, 237, 238, 273, 274, 284, 292

coal-bed methane — 92, 283, 293

Coevorden field — 97, 98, 238

Coevorden Formation — 188, 248, 249

Coffee Soil Fault — 246

Colonus Shale — 66

Condroz Group — 74

Condroz Inlier — 59, 61

Coniacian — viii, 40, 41, 43, 44, 47, 52, 202, 204, 205, 206, 248

continental collision — 41

Copper Shale Member — 239

Coral Formation — 187

Corallian Group — 174, 185, 190, 191, 278

corals 72, 73, 76, 77, 79, 82, 224, 225

Corbula Limestone Member — 187

Cornubian Massif — 202

Cotham Member — 166

Couvin Formation — 72

creaming curves — vi, 272, 274, 277, 279

Cromer Knoll Group — 195, 200, 209

crustal lineaments — 25, 36

Culm basins — 82

Cyrena shell horizons — 248

Cyrtograptus Shale — 66, 67

Czaplinek Sub-basin — 112

Czaplinek Tectonic Step — 112

Czech Foreland Basin — 85

Człuchów Formation — 77

D

Dąbrowa Unit — 78, 79

Dacia block — 36

Dan field — 207, 208, 209, 279

Danian — 6, 41, 43, 51, 52, 99, 120, 195, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 212, 214, 215

Danish Basin — 14, 15, 17, 25, 32, 35, 37, 39, 43, 46, 52, 53, 161, 162, 165, 175, 176, 184, 187, 195, 200, 204, 205, 211, 217, 290, 298

Danish Central Graben — 38, 41, 44, 81, 104, 105, 175, 176, 183, 184, 189, 191, 204, 208, 209, 219, 246, 249, 264

Danish Shelf — 211, 217, 218, 219, 220

Dasberg Beds — 76

De Lutte Formation — 87

De Wijk field — 167, 168, 169

Delfland Subgroup — 51, 187, 190, 195, 280

Derbyshire Block — 82, 83, 92, 228

Dethlingen Formation — 106, 109, 112

development drilling — ix, 115, 265, 268

Devil’s Hole Formation — 200

Deville Group — 64

Devonian granites — 82

diapirs — 35, 37, 41, 46, 51, 54, 99, 129, 132, 167, 170, 175, 184, 187, 206, 244, 246, 252, 265, 274, 283, 286, 290, 297, 299

Dicellograptus Shale — 65

Dichotomites Sandstone — 202

Dictyonema Shale — 68, 69, 228

Dill Syncline — 76

Dinant Basin — 81

Dinant Zone — 72

Dinantian — viii, 26, 27, 28, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 92, 93, 94, 97, 188, 229, 230, 255, 265, 274, 275, 283, 290, 292

Dogger Group — 184

Dogger Troughs — 241, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 271, 280, 281

Dolhain Formation — 74

Dolomie de Beaumont — 165

Donderslag Fault Zone — 284

Donets-Caspian Basin — 217

Donstorfer Trough — 43

Dorp Limestone — 76

Döttingen sandstones — 159

Dowsing Fault Zone — 39, 50, 105, 161, 164, 292

Dowsing Formation — 160, 161, 162, 164

Dowsing-South Hewett Fault Zone — 32, 39, 45, 61, 115, 195

Duckmantian — 86, 87, 92, 93, 94, 98, 283

Dudgeon Formation — 162, 163, 164

Dufa Sandstone Member — 217

Durham coalfield — 230

Durham Shelf — 104

Dutch Central Graben — 34, 35, 37, 38, 40, 41, 44, 50, 51, 168, 170, 183, 184, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 241, 244, 245, 246, 271, 274, 279, 280

Dyminy Reef — 79

Dziwna Formation — 89

E

Eakring Fault — 12, 28, 29

Early Cimmerian — 35, 36, 99, 162, 164, 165, 166

East Brandenburg High — 34, 200

East Carpathian Gate — 37, 161, 163, 175, 184

East Elbian Massif — 66

East European Craton — 1, 11, 17, 18, 20, 25, 27, 59, 65, 67, 68, 77, 79, 87, 107, 110

East European Platform — 20, 35, 36, 37, 39, 48, 59, 65, 66, 67, 68, 71, 77, 108, 141, 175, 183, 185, 231, 235, 272, 291

East Holstein Trough — 187, 246

East Irish Sea Basin — 31
East Midlands Basin — 184, 186
East Midlands Platform — 195
East Midlands Shelf — 28, 37, 39, 50, 104, 105, 175, 186
East Netherlands High — 200
East Netherlands Swell — 149
East Shetland Platform — 215
Eastern England Shelf — 213, 215, 216, 292
Eau Noire Formation — 72
Ebbe Anticline — 64
Ecker Gneiss — 25, 68
Ediacaran — 27, 59, 60, 66, 68
Eger Graben — 47
Eichsfeld-Altmark Swell — 33, 34, 149, 157
Eifel Mountains — 76
Eifelian — 72, 73, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79
Elbe Fault System — 31, 54, 202
Elbe Line — 11, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 86
Elbe Subgroup — 104, 106, 108
Elbow Spit High — 64
Elsterian — 220, 221, 223, 286
emission trade system (ETS) — 295
Ems Graben — 117
Ems Low — 33, 34, 37, 53, 150, 158, 161, 163, 164, 237, 238, 239
Ems Quartzite — 75
Ems Trough — 107
Emscher Greensand — 206
Emscher Marls — 206
Emsian — 28, 71, 72, 75-79
Emsland Trough — 35
Enhanced Oil Recovery (EOR) — 207, 294
environmental protection — ii, iv, 147, 292, 295, 298
Eocene — iii, ix, 41, 43-48, 51, 99, 210, 211, 213, 215-221, 223, 285, 290, 291
Epen Formation — 85
Eridanos delta — 47
Esk Evaporite Member — 160
Eskdale field — 255
Eskdale Group — 157
Esneux Formation — 74
Etroeungt Formation — 74
Etruria Formation — 87
Euramerica — 71, 75
Eurasia — 34, 35, 36, 40
European Geotraverse — 17, 19, 59
EUROPROBE programme — 59
Evieux Formation — 74
ewaldi Marl — 202
exploration wells — 8, 77, 107, 185, 246, 264-269, 271, 272, 274, 275, 279
Exter Formation — 99, 165

F

F03-FB field — 191, 192
F15-A field — 170, 171, 191, 274
F15-B field 191, 193
Famenne Group — 73, 74
Famennian — 26, 28, 59, 71, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 79, 81
Faroe-Rockall Rift — 106
Faroe-Rockall Trough — 33
Farsund Basin — 195
Farsund Formation — 246, 250, 279

Fasterholt Member — 221
Fatric Basin — 41
Fatric-Hronic nappe system — 41
Feda Graben — 246
Fennoscandia — 18, 25, 34, 86, 163, 219, 220
Fennoscandian Border Zone — 32, 46
Fennoscandian High — 176, 183, 184, 185
Fennoscandian Platform — 211, 216, 217, 220
Fennoscandian Shield — 20, 25, 36, 43, 44, 47, 150, 217, 285
Ferques Inlier — 72
Ferriby Chalk Formation — 202
Firlej Formation — 79
Fischschiefer — 200, 202
Fjerritslev Formation — 175, 176, 184, 294, 298
Flamborough Chalk Formation — 202
Flamborough Head Fault Zone — 46, 230, 275
Flammenmergel — 202, 205
Flechting Swell — 211, 215
Flechtingen High — 16, 41
Flechtingen Hills — 81, 106
Flechtingen Horst — 37
Flechtingen-Rosslau Block — 107
Flinz facies — 76
Flora field — 229
flower structures — 29, 41, 44, 51, 107
Flözleeres Series — 85, 86
Flybjerg Formation — 187
Fordon Evaporite Formation — 127
Fore-Sudetic Basin — 278
Fore-Sudetic Monocline — 18, 47, 81, 85, 92, 138, 233-237, 239-242, 255, 264, 265, 268, 271, 276-278, 291, 298
Franconian Alb — 175, 176, 184, 187
Franconian Fault — 41
Frasnian — 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 85
Frederikshavn Formation — 195, 290, 293
Freja Sandstone Member — 219
Friesland High — 38
Friesland Platform — 32, 38
Frombork Formation — 162
Fulda Formation — 126
Fur Formation — 210, 216

G

G16 field — 135
Gainsborough Trough — 90, 97, 229
Gardelegen Fault — 17, 41, 54
gas chimneys — 252
gas storage — ix, 1, 90, 168, 255, 265, 283, 293, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299
Gassum Formation — 175, 176, 290, 293, 294, 298
Gdańsk Bay — 77, 299
Gelasian — 211, 217, 220, 222
Gelinden Member — 215
geochemical data — vi, 8, 68, 226-228, 230, 232-236, 238, 240, 242-245, 247-251
geothermal energy — ii, ix, 1, 6, 259, 283, 287-292, 294
Geul Valley — 81

Geverik Formation — 26
Geverik Member — 85
Gifhorn Graben — 107
Gifhorn Trough — 34, 37, 167, 184, 244, 281
Gigaskalk — 187
Gildehaus Sandstone — 202
Givetian — 26, 61, 64, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79
Glaucosandmergel Member — 187
Glückstadt Graben — 35, 46, 54, 105, 150, 163, 165, 244
Gogolin Formation — 160
Goldenstedt/Visbek structure — 274
Gondwana Palaeocontinent — 25, 61, 67
Góra diapir — 299
Görlitz-Kaczawa Unit — 79
Gorm field — 260
Göschwitz Member — 159
Gouwzee Trough — 41
Grabfeld Formation — 163, 164, 165
Grande Faille du Midi Thrust — 72
Granulitgebirge — 68
graptolite biozones — 66
Great Oolite Group — 187, 189, 190, 278
Grenvillian — 65
Grey Chalk Subgroup — 203
Grey Salt Clay — 126, 127, 130, 137
Grimmen Basin — 37
Grimmen High — 205, 206
Groningen field — iii, 90, 101, 117, 118, 297
Groningen High — 32, 117, 130
Gryfice Block — 112
Grzegorzowice Formation — 78

H

Hainaut Trough — 85
Haldager Sand Formation — 184, 290, 293
Halfdan field — 207, 208, 279
Haliszka Formation — 78
halokinetic activity — 195
Haltern Beds — 206
Hampshire-Dieppe High — 188, 190, 279
Hangenberg Shale — 76
Hangende Alaunschiefer — 85
Hankensbüttel — 281
Hannover Formation — 106
Hanonet Formation — 73
Hantum Fault Zone — 45
Hanze field — 244
Hardeggen Formation — 158
Hardeggen Unconformity — 34, 99, 158, 159
Harlingen field — 239, 273
Hartlepool Anhydrite — 127
Hartshill Sandstone Formation — 59
Harwich Formation — 216
Harz Boundary Fault 17, 24
Harz Massif — 211
Harz Mountains — viii, 25, 26, 31, 37, 38, 41, 44, 47, 59, 62, 64, 68, 71, 75, 76, 77, 81, 85, 106, 123, 128, 129, 130, 132, 143, 145, 206, 224, 225, 276
Harz Swell — 211
Harzgerode Zone — 77
Hasle Formation — 176
Hatton-Greenland rift — 40

Hauptblättertön — 200, 202
Hauterivian — 38, 39, 40, 195, 200, 202, 209, 245, 248
Havel Subgroup — 30, 99, 104, 106, 108, 114, 118, 119
heat flow — 20, 22, 226, 229, 246, 277, 287, 289, 291
Heers Formation — 215
Heibaart dome — 83, 265
Heide Trough — 187, 246
Heisdorf Formation — 76
Heksenberg Member — 284
Heldburg Gypsum Member — 99
Helgoland-Pomerania Deformation Belt — 66, 77
Helmstedt-Halle embayments — 211, 217
Helvetic Shelf — 36
Hemberg Beds — 76
Hengstlage field — 274
Hercynian Complex — 75
Herring Formation — 202, 204
Herscheid Group — 64
Hessian Depression — 32, 37, 105, 106, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162
Hessian Seaway — 213
Hettangian — ix, 36, 37, 175, 176, 183, 189, 243, 291, 295
Hewett field — 133, 136, 137
Hewett Sandstone — 133, 136
Hidra Formation — 202, 203, 204
Hierges Formation — 72
Hils Sandstone — 202
Hils Syncline — 245
Hod Formation — 204, 206
Holland Formation — 200
Hollygate Skerries — 164
Holocene — 1, 221
Holstein Trough — 183, 187, 193, 244, 246, 281
Holt Farm Formation — 72
Holunger Graben — 206
Holy Cross Fault — 68
Holy Cross Mountains — 35, 39, 41, 43, 55, 59, 62, 65, 67, 68, 70, 71, 78, 79, 81, 82, 157, 175, 183, 184, 187, 233, 235
Horda half-graben — 33
Horn Graben — 31, 35, 37, 50, 52, 53, 104, 150, 158, 160
Hörre-Gommern Quartzite 76
Huczwa Formation — 85
Hulcza Formation — 79
Hunsrück Mountains 75
Hunsrück Shale — 75
Hunte Swell — 33, 34, 35, 172

I

Ieper Clay Formation — 215
Indefatigable fields — 115
Indefatigable High — 114
Indefatigable Shelf — 50, 114
Inden Formation — 221
Industrial Revolution — 81, 89
Inferior Oolite Group — 190
inflexus Marl — 202
Intra-Sudetic Basin — 79
Irish Sea — 31, 33, 36, 92, 126, 296, 297

J

jacobi-nolani Clay — 202
Jadeberger Trough — 244
Jalhay Formation — 64
Jasieniec Formation — 187
Jażwica Member — 78
Jemelle Formation — 72
Jena Formation — 161
Jerrestad Formation — 66
Jet Rock Member — 175, 188, 189, 241
Johnston field — 116, 117
Jukes Formation — 202
Jupiter field — 112, 114
Jura Mountains — 30, 175
Jydegård Formation — 200

K

K12-B gasfield — 293
K5 Trough — 112
Kaisberg Formation — 86
Kajetanowo Member — 187
Kaliningrad — 1, 66, 68, 72, 77, 123, 127, 141, 217, 226
Kamień Pomorski field — 276
Kamień Pomorski Platform — 239
Kamienna Group — 183
Karl Formation — 104
Karlstadt Formation — 161
Kcynia Formation — 187, 200
Kellaways Formation — 187
Kellwasser Limestones — 76
Ketch Formation — 87, 92
Keuper Anhydrite Member — 165
Keuper Formation — 149
Keuper Group ix, — 149, 162
Keuper Halite Member — 164
Kielce Unit — 68
Kijkduin High — 45
Kimmeridge Clay Formation — 185-191, 195, 241, 246, 278
Kimmeridgian — ix, 38, 39, 99, 185-190, 195, 208, 209, 245
Kinderscoutian — 275
Kirkham Abbey Formation — 127, 195
Klanino Formation — 77
Kleszczów Trough — 223, 286
Kłodawa salt structure — 35, 47, 55
Klonów Beds — 78
Köbbinghausen Formation — 76
Koczala Formation — 77
Kohlenkalk — 82
Komstad Limestone Formation — 65
Kościan field — 139, 140
Kostomloty Beds — 79
Koszalin Fault Zone — 231
Koszalin-Chojnice Zone — 65, 66, 67
Kowala Formation — 78
Kraichgau Trough — 108
Kraików Fault — 68
Kraków-Hamburg Fault Zone — 165
Kraków-Wieluń Upland — 286
Krefeld High — 64, 75
Krojanty Formation — 77
Krośniewice Depression — 163
Kruszwica Member — 295

Kujawy Swell — 291, 294, 295
Kulm Grauwacken — 85
Kulm Kieselschiefer — 85
Kulm Tonschiefer — 85
Kupferschiefer (Copper Shale) — 6, 33, 99, 104, 112, 123, 126, 127, 135, 141, 142, 239
Küre Basin — 35
Kutno Depression — 37, 183
Kwaczala Arkose — 89
Kyle Group — 72

L

Labrador Sea — 36, 40
Ladinian — 33, 34, 99, 149, 160, 162, 163, 164, 165
Lambermont Formation — 73
Landen — 43
Langport Member — 166
Langsettian — 82, 86, 89, 90, 92, 93, 94, 97, 98, 237, 283
Late Cimmerian Unconformity — 38, 39
late Hauterivian unconformity — 38
Laurentia — 14, 25, 36, 59, 61, 64, 81, 82
Laurussia — viii, 12, 25, 26, 27, 28, 30, 81, 82, 86
Lausitz Block — 30, 37, 39, 41
Lausitz High — 195, 205, 206
Lausitz Massif — 68
Lausitz-Izera Unit 79
Lauwerszee Trough 32, 45, 117, 237
Le Roux Formation — 73
Łeba Elevation — 130, 145, 146
Łeba High — 205, 226
Leek Member — 200
Leine Salt — 132
Leman field — 115, 116
Leman Sandstone Formation — 104, 110, 114, 116, 117, 292
Lenham Beds — 213, 220
Lenneschiefer — 76
Les Valisettes Formation — 73
Lesczno Formation — 219
Lias — 6, 166, 175-177, 179, 183, 184, 187-191, 241, 243, 278
Lias Group — 175, 176, 183, 187-190
Liegende Alaunschiefer — 85
lignite — ix, 6, 99, 188, 216, 221, 223, 264, 282-287
Ligurian Basin — 213
Lilstock Formation — 166
Limburg Group — 118
Limestone Group — 288, 289, 292, 297
Lion Member — 73
Lista Formation — 215
Liva Member — 104
Lizard-Giessen oceanic basins — 25
Llandovery — 61, 66, 67, 68, 226, 272
Llanvirn — 61, 64, 65, 66, 67
Lobez Formation — 183
Lochkovian — 67, 72, 76, 78, 79
Loire Seaway — 213, 217, 219
Loki Shear — 75
Lola Formation — 246
Lomme Formation — 73
London Clay Formation — 215

London Platform — 190
London-Brabant Massif — 11, 12, 32, 34, 37, 39, 41, 47, 64, 76, 81-83, 85-87, 90, 105, 150, 166, 195, 200, 203, 205, 229
Löwenstein Formation — 165
Lower Anhydrite — 126, 127, 128, 129, 132, 134
Lower Buntsandstein Subgroup — 34, 99, 133, 150, 157, 158, 167
Lower fluvial and playa-lake depositional cycle (P-L II) — 112
Lower Gipskeuper — 163, 165
Lower Graben Formation — 184, 191, 192
Lower Greensand Group — 200
Lower Keuper Subgroup — 163, 165
Lower Muschelkalk Subgroup — 160, 161, 162, 168
Lower Rhine Embayment — 33, 83, 221
Lower Rhine Graben — 211, 219, 220
Lower Rhine Lineament — 29, 75
Lower Rhine rift system — 45
Lower Rhine Sub-basin — 127
Lower Saxony Basin — 11, 27, 37, 38, 40, 41, 43, 47, 51, 53, 54, 137, 167, 168, 172, 175, 183, 184, 187, 188, 195, 200, 202, 206, 207, 241, 244-252, 264, 271, 274, 280, 281, 289
Lower Silesian Coal Basin — 81, 85
Lower Sitkówka Beds — 79
Lower Slochteren Sandstone — 273
Lower Volpriehausen Sandstone — 168, 169, 170
Lublin Basin — 28, 29, 82, 85, 86, 87, 90, 92, 93, 98, 187, 235, 236, 237, 271, 278
Lublin Formation — 87
Lublin Graben — 79
Lublin-Podlasie Basin — viii, 67, 68, 69, 272
Lubmin Sandstone Formation — 65, 67
Lulita field — 191
Lulu Formation — 184, 285
Lund Sandstone — 204
Lustin Formation — 73
Lutetian — 99, 211, 217, 218, 221
Lyna Formation — 187
Łysogóry Unit — viii, 18, 67, 68
Łysogóry-Radom Block — 77, 78

M

Maasbommel High — 39, 41, 52
Maastricht-Puth Basin — 83
Maastrichtian — viii, 40, 41, 43, 47, 51, 52, 55, 120, 195, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 208, 209, 245
Madot Formations — 61
Mads High — 246, 264
Magdeburg-Roxförde-Velpke-Asse intrusion — 31
magnetostratigraphy — 126, 149, 214
Magnuszew Formation — 278
Magura Basin — 41
Main Anhydrite — 127, 130, 132, 135, 137, 145
Main Buntsandstein Subgroup — 137, 167, 289
Main Claystone — 168

Main Dolomite — 129, 130, 133-135, 138-141, 172, 239-242, 265, 276-278, 298

Main Limestone — 79

Main Seam — 221

Malm Group — 187

Małopolska Block — 67, 68, 77, 78, 79

Małopolska Massif — viii, 59, 67, 68, 235

Małopolska Terrane — 18

mantle — 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 30, 31, 37, 47, 51, 61, 107, 215

Marienburg-Eicklingen zones — 41

Market Weighton Block — 229

Market Weighton High — 37, 184, 195

Markham field — 273

Marl Slate — 126, 127

Marsdenian — 94

Massenkalk Formation — 187

Matagne Formation — 73

Mazurian complex — 17

Mazury-Belarus High — 67, 68, 77

McAdam fields — 92

Mecklenburg-Vorpommern High — 112

Mecklenburg-Vorpommern Sub-Province (MVSP) — 107

Megasequence — 1 61

Megasequence — 2 61, 64

Megasequence — 3 61

Meissner Formation — 99

Mercia Mudstone Group — 160, 164, 241, 243, 296

Mesoproterozoic — 65

Mesozoic — viii, 1, 11-18, 25, 27-29, 31, 32, 35, 40, 41, 43-46, 48, 50-52, 54, 55, 59, 64, 67, 69, 75, 77, 79, 97, 99, 107, 146, 172, 175, 187, 206, 211, 213, 217, 218, 225, 227-229, 237, 264, 272, 275-277, 284, 287, 290-295

Mid North Sea High — iii, 32, 33, 37, 52, 53, 64, 65, 68, 71, 75, 82, 101, 105, 135, 183, 185, 195, 202, 255, 265, 283, 295

Mid-German Crystalline High — viii, 59, 68, 75, 76

Mid-German Crystalline Rise — 25, 59, 85

Mid-Jurassic doming — viii, 37

Mid-Netherlands Fault Zone — 45, 161

Mid-Norway Shelf — 31

Mid-Polish Anticlinorium — 1, 46, 187, 195, 202

Mid-Polish High — 211, 217

Mid-Polish Swell — 18, 41, 43, 44, 183

Mid-Polish Trough — 25, 27, 31, 32, 33, 35, 36, 37, 39, 41, 43, 46, 47, 49, 51, 55, 56, 77, 150, 158, 159, 160, 162, 165, 175, 183, 184, 185, 187, 195, 200, 204, 205, 211, 233, 235, 278

Middle Buntsandstein Subgroup — 148, 150, 158, 159, 172, 290, 291

Middle Graben Formation — 191, 192

Middle Keuper Subgroup — 162, 163

Middle Muschelkalk — 47, 149, 161, 162, 164

Midi Overthrust — 72

Midi-Eifel Fault — 284

Midlands Microcraton — viii, 12, 59, 61, 64, 68

Miechów Depression — 205

migration pathways — 168, 175, 189, 227, 238, 239, 252, 279

Milankovitch Cycles — 99, 104, 149

Milldale Limestone — 229

Millstone Grit — 81, 86, 94, 230, 274

minus Clay — 202

mining laws — 294

Miocene — viii, ix, 9, 25, 41, 43, 44, 45, 47, 48, 51, 55, 92, 189, 211, 213, 215, 219, 220, 221, 223, 242, 243, 252, 253, 284, 285, 286, 287, 294

Mirow Formation — 109, 112

Mississippi — 82

Mittelplate field — 193

Mogilno diapir — 299

Mogilno Formation — 200, 295

Mogilno Trough — 295

Mons Basin — 39, 200, 203

Montfort Formation — 74, 75

Moorby Microgranite — 61

Moracz High — 112

Moravian Seaway — 213, 215, 217, 218, 219, 220

Moravo-Silesian blocks — 47

Moscow Platform — 30

Mosel Synclinorium — 75

Mountsorrel Granodiorite — 59, 61

Mousty Formation — 61

Mudstone Series — 86

Münder Formation — 99, 187

Munk Marl Bed — 200, 209

Münster Block — 29

Münsterland Basin — 205, 206

Münsterland Block — 41

Murdoch Sandstone — 87, 92, 93, 94

Müritz Subgroup — 31, 99

Muschelkalk Group — ix, 99, 157, 160, 161, 162, 168, 172

Muschelkalk Halite Member — 162

Muschelkalk transgression — 99, 160, 161

Mutterflöz — 126

N

Namur Synclinorium — 72, 73

Namur-Dinant Basin — 81

Namur-Verviers Synclinorium — 284

Namur-Vesdre Syncline — 86

Namurian — viii, ix, 17, 26-30, 52, 54, 61, 71, 81, 82, 85-90, 92-94, 97, 98, 105, 114, 115, 121, 135, 167, 228-237, 274-278, 283-285, 292, 295-297

Namurian black shales — 29, 85, 92, 229, 234, 235, 236, 276, 277, 278

Narva Group — 77

Neeroeteren Formation — 87, 93, 288, 292, 297

Neoarchean — 66

Neogene — viii, 1, 11, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 206, 211, 213, 215, 218, 219, 220, 221, 237, 283, 286, 287

Neoproterozoic — 25, 28, 65, 66, 67, 68, 82

Neotethys Ocean — 35, 36

Netherlands Swell — 34, 149, 159

Neu-Oos Formation — 76

Neufchâteau Synclinorium — 72

Neuville Formation — 73

Nexø Sandstone Formation — 65

Nida Trough — 39, 41, 55

Nieczulice Formation — 78, 79

Niederrhein Graben — 86

Niedersachsen Basin — 98

Niedersachsen Group — 187, 195

Niedrzwica Formation — 79

Nismes Formation — 73

Nobbin Greywacke Formation — 65

Nord-Artois Fault Zone — 200

Norian — 35, 36, 99, 163, 165, 167

Noricum Sandstone — 202

North Channel Basin — 31

North Dogger Fault Zone — 164

North Dogger Shelf — 46

North German Basin — viii, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 25, 31, 32, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 46, 47, 48, 51, 54, 81, 105, 106, 108, 112, 114, 133, 150, 158, 159, 160, 166, 175, 176, 184, 185, 187, 193, 237, 244, 290, 291, 294, 298

North Holland Platform — 41

North Polish Platform — 211, 217

North Sea Basin — viii, 1, 12, 25, 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 40, 41, 43, 44, 46, 47, 48, 51, 52, 175, 176, 185, 195, 203, 204, 210, 211, 213, 215, 216, 217, 219, 220, 222, 264, 292

North Sea Group — 41, 43, 223

North Sea rift system — 25, 33, 36, 37, 38, 40, 99, 157

North Sea thermal sag basin — 25, 43, 44

North-Sudetic Basin — ix, 142

Northern Permian Basin — 13, 31, 32, 105, 123

Northern Phyllite Zone — 59, 64

Northern Province — 202, 203

Northumberland Trough — 26, 72

Northwest European Carboniferous Basin (NWECB) — 81

Norwegian Sea — 221

Norwegian Seaway — 213, 217

Norwegian-Danish Basin — 25, 32, 35, 37, 39, 43, 46, 52, 53, 161, 162, 211, 217

Norwegian-Greenland Sea — 31, 36, 40, 211

Nossen-Wilsdruffer Schiefergebirge — 68

Noteć Subgroup — 108

Nottingham Castle Sandstone Formation — 159

Nowe-Miasto-Itża Fault Zone — 35

Nuneaton Anticline — 59

O

Oaks Rock Sandstone — 296

Obernkirchen Sandstone — 202, 205

Odderup Formation — 221

Odershausen Beds — 76

offshore licensing — ix, 255, 258

Oi-1 cooling event — 217

Old Red Continent — 12, 30, 81, 82, 86

Old Red Group — 75

Older Halite — 127, 129, 130, 141, 239

Older Potash — 127, 129, 130

Oldest Halite 1— 26, 127, 129, 132, 133

Oligocene — ix, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 50, 51, 52, 99, 211, 213, 215, 216, 217, 218, 219, 220, 221, 291, 294

Oligocene-Miocene unconformity — 219

Ölschiefer Formation — 183, 188

Ølst Formation — 216

Ommelanden Formation — 203, 204

Oolitic Formation — 187

Oos Formation — 76

Orcadian Basin — 72

Ordovician — 5, 12, 16, 18, 25, 58, 59, 61, 64-69, 75, 77, 81, 226, 227, 228, 272, 273

Ornatenton Formation — 184

Oslo Graben — 30, 31, 32, 87, 89, 163

Oslo Rift — 31, 89

Osning Lineament-Nordwestfalen-Lippe Swell — 43

Osning Sandstone — 200, 205

Ostsauerland Syncline — 76

Otolithenpflaster — 187

Ottré Formation — 64

Outer Rough Basin — 31, 38, 52, 53, 246, 264

Öved-Ramsåsa Group — 66, 67

Oxford Clay Formation — 185, 187, 189, 190, 241, 243

Oxfordian ix, — 6, 38, 39, 99, 174, 176, 181, 184, 185, 187, 189, 190, 191, 241, 243, 245, 291

P

Pagórczańskie Member — 295

palaeomagnetic data — 26, 59, 68, 104

Paleocene — iii, ix, 11, 17, 25, 40, 41, 43, 44, 45, 48, 51, 52, 99, 187, 195, 205, 208, 211, 213, 215, 216, 221, 223, 246, 286

Paleocene-Eocene Thermal Maximum (PETM) — 216

Paleogene — 1, 11, 25, 41, 43, 45, 47, 48, 50, 51, 53, 55, 183, 206, 209, 215, 217, 218, 220, 221, 244, 246, 286, 294

Paleotethys Ocean — 26, 33, 34, 35

Paleozoic — viii, 1, 11, 12, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20, 25-28, 30, 31, 35, 37, 43, 46, 52, 59, 61, 63-69, 72, 74, 77-79, 81, 82, 107, 108, 183, 205, 206, 219, 220, 225, 226, 227, 235, 240, 271, 272, 284, 287, 288, 290-293

Palmers Wood field — 191

Pangea Supercontinent — 25

Parchim Formation — 106, 112

Parchim graben system — 32

Paris Basin — 39, 166, 175, 184, 213, 217, 218, 219, 220, 259

Patch Formation — 75

Peel Block — 47

Peel Boundary Fault — 47, 52

Pegmatite Anhydrite — 127, 132

Penarth Group — 165, 166

Pennine Basin — 28, 29, 86, 87

Pennine High — 32, 150, 166, 184

Pennsylvanian — 82

Perloja Series — 141

Permo-Carboniferous tectono-magmatic cycle — 33

Permo-Silesian extensional phase — 65

Permo-Triassic — 28, 34, 50, 54, 287

Pernis-West field — 171

Petit-Mont Member — 73

petroleum migration — 225, 237, 279

petroleum provinces — ix, 6, 225, 239, 249, 271, 272

petroleum systems — ix, 69, 225, 226, 246, 271

Pewsey-London Platform — 190

Pfalzian tectonic phase — 133

Phanerozoic — 20, 99, 289

Phillippeville Formation — 73

Piemont-Penninic-Vahic subduction system — 40

Pieniny Klippen Belt — 41

Piła Sub-basin — 112

pinch-out traps — ix, 244, 252

Piotrków Trybunalski Depression — 165

Plattendolomite — 133

Platy Dolomite — ix, 127, 130, 133, 134, 135, 142, 145, 146

playa lakes — 108, 110, 158

Pleistocene — 25, 43, 46, 47, 142, 202, 211, 221, 289

Pliensbachian — 175, 176, 183, 241, 291, 295

Plio-Pleistocene subsidence — 43

Pliocene — ix, 25, 43, 47, 48, 50, 51, 211, 213, 219, 220, 252, 253

pockmarks — 249, 253

Polish Anticlinorium — 1, 41, 46, 187, 195, 202

Polish Basin — 1, 10, 18, 25, 32, 35, 36, 39, 40, 41, 43, 46, 47, 51, 55, 59, 107, 108, 112, 126, 183, 184, 185, 187, 211, 220, 276

Polish Jura Chain — 175, 183, 184, 187

Polish Platform — 185, 211, 213, 215, 217, 218, 219

Polish Trough — 25, 27, 31-33, 35-37, 39, 41, 43, 46-49, 51, 55, 56, 59, 71, 77, 105, 108, 120, 126, 130, 133, 150, 158-160, 162, 165, 175, 183-185, 187, 195, 200, 202, 204, 205, 211, 231, 233, 235, 265, 278

Pomeranian Basin — 66, 187, 234

Pomeranian Swell — 291

Pomeranian-Warsaw-Lublin-Lviv depressions — 202

Pompeckj Block — 37, 41, 53, 54, 202, 205, 237

Pompeckj High — 205

Pompeckj Swell — 38, 39, 53, 200, 281

Pont de la Folle Formation — 73

Portland Group — 187, 190

Portland Sandstone — 278

Posidonia Shale Formation — 36, 99, 176, 188, 189, 190, 191, 225, 241, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 280, 281

Posidonienschiefer — iii, 183, 189, 241

Poul Formation — 187

Prabuty Shale and Marl Formation — 66

Pragian — 28, 71, 76, 77, 78, 79

Precambrian — 1, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20, 25, 28, 43, 61, 65, 66, 77, 227, 228

Preesall Halite — 297

Presles Formation — 73

Pridoli 64, 65, 66, 67, 68

Prieglus Series — 142

Prignitz Basin — 37, 41

Prignitz-Lausitz High — 205, 206

Proterozoic — 1, 13, 15, 16, 20, 27, 59, 61, 64, 67, 68

Psammites du Condroz — 74

Psilonoten and Liassic sandstones — 175

Puck Bay — 132, 133, 299

Purbeck Anhydrite — 190, 243, 278

Purbeck Beds — 278

Pyrenean Phase — 211, 218

Q

Quaternary — ix, 1, 3, 26, 47, 202, 210, 211, 213, 215, 219, 220, 222, 223, 234, 235

R

Rabekke Formation — 200

Radlin field — 121, 233

Ran Sandstone unit — 200

Rastrites Shales — 66

Ravenscar Group — 184, 188, 283

Red Salt Clay — 126, 127, 132

reef structures — 26

regulations and licensing — 8, 284, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 297, 298, 299

Rehden field — 172, 274

Remscheid Anticline — 64, 76

Remscheid Formation — 76

reservoirs — ix, 35, 38, 46, 68, 69, 71, 81, 90, 92-95, 97, 98, 101, 108, 109, 112, 114, 115, 119, 120, 133-136, 139, 141, 158, 167-172, 184, 188-191, 193, 204, 206, 207, 209, 225, 227, 229-231, 233, 234, 237-240, 243-246, 248, 252, 264, 272-282, 288-298

Revin Group — 64

Rewal Formation — 126, 127

Rhaetian — 6, 35, 36, 99, 162, 163, 165, 167, 172, 173, 175, 176, 183, 245, 290, 291

Rhaetian-Liassic reservoirs — 290

Rheic Ocean — 12, 25, 59, 61, 64, 71, 72

Rheinsberg Lineament — 31

Rheinsberg Trough — 35, 51, 54

Rhenish Massif — viii, 1, 34, 38, 47, 59, 62, 64, 71, 75, 76, 82, 129, 161, 162, 183, 200, 202, 205, 206, 211

Rhenish Trough — 75, 76

Rhenish-Bohemian Massif — 176

Rheno-Hercynian Basin — 25, 26, 75, 81, 82

Rheno-Hercynian Ocean — viii, 26, 71, 76, 81

Rheno-Hercynian Zone — viii, 11, 12, 27, 28, 59, 61, 64, 68, 71, 75, 81, 82

Riasanian — 187

Rifgronden Fault Zone — 38

Rigénée Formation — 61

Rijnland Group — 39, 195, 200, 293, 297

rim-synclines — 35, 37, 170, 184, 187, 202, 205, 206, 211, 221, 244, 281, 290

Ringkøbing-Fyn High — 15, 25, 35, 37, 39, 44, 52, 53, 59, 65, 66, 86, 101, 108, 163, 184, 187, 200, 204, 206, 211, 219, 290

Riphean — 64, 82

Rispebjerg Sandstone — 65

Riviere Formation — 73

Roadian — 104

Robbedale Formation — 200

Rockall-Faroe Trough — 40

Rocroi Massif — 72

Rødby Formation — 200

Roer Valley Graben — 38, 41, 44, 45, 47, 52, 93, 149, 150, 158, 175, 176, 184, 187, 195, 202, 203, 205, 222, 244, 284, 290, 292

Roermond event — 47

Roethian — 294

Rogenstein Member — 169

Rønne Graben — 17, 28, 34, 35, 41, 43, 46, 59, 66, 112

Ronquières unconformity — 61, 64

Roswinkel field — 168

Röt clay — 294

Röt Evaporites — 6, 137, 153, 172

Röt Formation — 99, 149, 157, 159, 160, 161, 164, 167, 171, 298

Röt Fringe Sandstone — 171

Röt Halite Member — 159, 160, 162

Röt Salt — 41, 43, 47, 168

Röt transgression — 160

Rötdolomit — 159

Rote Fäule deposits — 142

Rothenberg Sandstone — 202

Rötkalk — 159

Rotliegend Basin — 33, 101, 104, 106, 107, 108, 112, 120, 123

Rotliegend Group — 29, 115, 120, 293, 297

Rotliegend II thermal subsidence stage — 108

Rough field — 112

Rozansko field — 264

Ruda Lubycka Formation — 187

Rügen Depression — 77

Rügen Swell — 162

Ruhr Basin — 85, 86, 87, 91, 229

Rupel Clay Member — 294

Rupelian — 99, 213, 218, 219, 220, 290, 291

Rüthen Beds — 206

Ryazanian — 6, 38, 39, 185, 187, 195, 196, 197, 200, 246

S

Saalian Unconformity — 30, 31, 99, 104, 105

Saar-Nahe Basin — 32, 101, 108

Saar-Saale Trough — 240

sabkha environments — 32

Sachsen-Anhalt — 8, 9, 119, 176, 205, 261

Sainte-Godeleine Formation — 74

saline aquifers — 292, 293, 294, 298

saline lakes — 101

Salm Group — 58, 64

salt caverns — 283, 293, 296, 297, 298, 299

Salt Dome Province — 246, 249

salt domes — 35, 38, 46, 172, 206, 252, 279, 283, 298, 299

salt movements — 35, 47, 54, 98, 130, 172, 193

salt storage caverns — 296

salt structures — 1, 51, 54, 55, 170, 187, 200, 221, 295

Salzwedel field — 120

Sambre-Meuse axis — 284

Samme Formation — 73
Sandomierz Deformation Phase — 68
Santonian — 24, 40, 41, 43, 47, 52, 195, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 245, 248
Sapolno Formation — 77
Sasino Shale Formation — 65, 66
Sasnava Series — 141
Savian Phase — 45, 46, 211, 213
Saxonian — 37, 38, 120
Saxonian Straight — 37, 38
Schiefergebirge — 68, 144
Schieland Group — 184, 186, 187, 191, 195
Schilfsandstein — 35, 164, 166
Schill Grund High — 34, 37, 38, 39, 51, 170, 191
Schneverdingen Graben — 30, 104, 107, 118
Schneverdingen Sandstone — 114, 118, 119
Schöningen mine — 221
Schoonebeek gasfield — ix, 137, 138
Schoonebeek oilfield — iii, ix, 137, 188, 207, 249, 255, 271, 280, 281
schrammeni Clays — 202
Schwarbe Buntschiefer Formation — 65
Schwarzburg Anticline — 68
Schwarzer Jura — 183
Schwelm Limestone — 76
Screening Anhydrite — 127, 129, 130
Scremerston Formation — 86, 283
Scruff Greensand Formation — 187
Scruff Group — 186, 191, 193, 195
Scythian — 35
Seeley Formation — 186
Selandian — 43, 44, 45, 215, 216
Selborne Group — 200
Selby coalfield — 230
Senonian — 25, 40, 41, 43, 48
Serpelkalk — 187
shallow gas — ix, 221, 223, 225, 249, 252, 271
Shelveian (Ardennian) Orogenic Phase — viii, 25
Sherwood Sandstone Group — 157, 159, 241, 243, 287, 288, 292, 295
Shetland Plateau — 195
Sidmouth Mudstone Formation — 160, 161, 162, 163, 164
Siedlce Formation — 66
Siegen Anticline — 76
Silesian — 35, 41, 47, 59, 65, 68, 77, 81, 82, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 92, 93, 159, 160, 162, 163, 184, 233, 240, 245, 284, 295
Silesian Coal Basin — 81, 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 92, 93
Silurian — 12, 18, 25, 27, 52, 59, 60, 61, 64-69, 72, 73, 75-79, 81, 107, 141, 226-229, 272, 273
Silverpit Evaporite Member — 104
Silverpit Formation — 93, 94, 104, 110, 115, 117, 238, 292
Silverpit Shale Formation — 116
Sinemurian — 36, 37, 175, 176, 183, 241, 243, 291, 295
Siri field — 246
Sitkówka Beds — 79
Skagerrak Formation — 290, 293
Skagerrak-Kattegat Platform 184
Skåty Formation — 78

Skloby Formation — 175
Skotniki Member — 187
Slochteren Formation — 111, 113, 114, 118, 119, 120, 289, 293, 297
Slochteren Sandstone — 108, 112, 239, 273
Slochteren-Zechstein transgression — 104
Sluchowo Shale Formation — 66
Søby mine — 221
Søgne Basin — 189, 246, 285
Söhlingen field — 118, 119
Sola Formation — 200, 209
Sole Pit Basin — 12, 32, 35, 37, 39, 41, 45, 46, 50, 115, 116, 184, 189, 195, 213, 219, 274
Sole Pit inversion — 39, 44, 50, 202, 211, 213, 215, 217, 219
Sole Pit Trough — 105, 114, 175, 186, 230, 275, 283
Solting Claystone — 167, 168, 170
Solting Formation — 34, 99, 159, 167, 172
Solting unconformity — 159
Solnhofen Formation — 187
Soltau basalt — 106
Solway-Vale of Eden Depression — 33
Sorgenfrei-Tornquist Zone — 1, 11, 17, 20, 25, 28, 35, 37, 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 53, 184, 200, 202, 204, 211, 219, 290
Sorthat Formation — 176
source rocks — 6, 8, 25, 26, 31, 35, 68, 69, 78, 81, 90, 92, 98, 99, 112, 114, 120, 134, 135, 137, 139, 141, 167, 168, 170, 175, 187-191, 217, 225-234, 236-244, 246, 248-250, 252, 271-281
South Hewett Fault System — 29
South Hewett Shelf — 44, 50, 136
South Leicestershire Diorites — 59, 61
South Limburg coalfield — 90
South Swedish Dome — 211, 218, 220
Southern North Sea Basin — 32, 34, 35, 37, 38, 41, 44, 175, 195, 203, 215, 264, 292
Southern North Sea Terrane — 12
Southern Phyllite Zone — 68
Southern Province — 202
Souverain-Pré Formation — 74
Søvind Marl Formation — 217
Sowie Góry Block — 79
Spilsby Sandstone Formation — 39, 185, 195, 292
Start-Cotentin swell — 213, 217, 218, 219
Stassfurt Carbonates — 134, 135, 225, 238, 291
Stassfurt cycle — 133
Stassfurt evaporites — 133, 239
Stassfurt Formation — 239
Stassfurt Halite — 101, 127
Stassfurt-Kaliflöz — 130
Stavelot Massif — 58
Stavelot-Venn Anticline — 64
Stavelot-Venn Inlier — 59, 64
Steinmergelkeuper — 35, 165, 167
Step Graben — 37, 38, 172
Stephanian — viii, 27, 28, 30-32, 82, 86, 87, 89, 92, 93, 97-99, 101, 105, 107, 229, 274, 277
Stężyca Anticline — 98
Stężyca field — 98, 278
Stinkschiefer Member — 239

Stockingford Shale Group — 59
Stockridge field — 243
Stralsund Basin — 87
stress fields — 25
Strunian Group — 73
Studnica formations — 77
Stuttgart Formation — 35, 163, 164, 166
Styliolina Sandstone — 76
Sub-Hercynian Basin — 24, 37, 41, 132, 206, 276
Sub-Hercynian Phase — 40, 41, 43, 51
Suderbruch Sandstone — 190
Sudetic Basin — ix, 79, 142, 278
Sudetic High — 85
Sudetic Ophiolite — 79
Süntel Formation — 99, 187
Süplingen Basin — 107
Sveconorwegian gneisses — 65
Sventapilis (Mamonovo) Series — 142
Swabian Alb — 183
Swarte Bank Hinge Zone — 39, 50
Świebodzice Depression — 79
Świętomarz Formation — 78
Szczecin-Kalisz Swell — 159

T

Taaken — 274
Tail End Graben — 52, 53, 187, 246, 249, 250, 271, 279, 285
Tarchały — 277
Tarpорley Siltstone Formation — 160
Taunus — 75, 76
Taunus Quartzite — 76
taxation — 259, 260, 261
Tayport Formation — 75
Teesside — 296
Teisseyre-Tornquist Zone — 11, 18, 25, 27, 31, 32, 39, 41, 43, 77, 82, 85, 87, 89, 101, 107, 175, 183, 226, 235
Ten Boer — iii, 108, 118, 255
Ten Boer Claystone Member — 118
Terebin Formation — 85, 86
Terschelling — 32, 34, 37, 38, 168, 170, 186, 187, 189, 191, 195, 293
Terschelling Basin — 32, 37, 38, 168, 186, 187, 189, 191, 195, 293
Tertiary — ix, 1, 6, 51, 97-99, 112, 114, 115, 120, 167, 184, 188-191, 202, 208, 209, 211-214, 216, 218, 220, 221, 255, 273, 275, 279, 280, 284 286, 289-292, 298
Tertiary North-west European Basin — 211, 213, 216, 286
Tethys Ocean — viii, 25, 35, 36, 37, 39, 99, 127, 150, 158, 159, 160, 162, 166, 175, 184, 185, 187, 195, 202, 211, 213, 215
Texel Formation — 203
Texel-IJsselmeer — 32, 39, 105, 274
Texel-IJsselmeer High — 105, 274
Thanetian — 43, 99, 215, 216
thermal destabilisation — 31, 33, 35
thermal doming — 25, 35, 175
thermochemical sulphate reduction (TSR) — 135
thermogenic gas — 246, 248, 249, 252, 253
Theux Basin — 284

Thönse gasfield — 172, 173, 281
Thor Suture — 11, 25, 28, 62, 65, 67, 72
Thüringia — viii, 11, 26, 30, 34, 35, 36, 38, 47, 59, 68, 71, 79, 128, 134, 143, 144, 163, 239, 240, 264, 271, 275, 276, 294, 298
Thüringian Basin — 35, 38, 134, 143, 239, 240, 264, 275, 276, 294, 298
Thüringian Forest — 128, 276
Tithonian — 37, 38, 39, 99, 185, 186, 187, 195, 200, 245, 246
Toarcian — ix, 36, 37, 99, 175, 176, 183, 184, 189, 191, 241, 243, 244, 291, 295
Toarcian Anoxic Event — 176
Tønder structure — 298
Tor Formation — 204, 206, 207, 208, 209
Torksey — 275
Tornquist Fault Zone — 108, 158
Tornquist Ocean — 11, 12, 15, 19, 61, 67, 81
Tornquist Sea — viii, 25
Tournai — 81
Tournaisian — 26, 83, 85, 87, 92, 229, 230, 231, 277, 292
Trans-European Suture Zone — viii, 11, 13, 17, 27, 59, 68, 107, 175, 231
transtensional basins — 25, 30, 31, 36, 37, 38, 40, 41, 46, 48
Tremadocian — 59, 61, 62, 64, 65, 66, 68, 69, 71, 72, 272
Tremadocian-Arenigian transition — 64
Trent — 6, 92, 93, 94, 96
Trent field — 94, 96
Tribotte Formation — 61
Trier Embayment — 38
Triton Formation — 165
Trochitenkalk Formation — 162
Trois-Fontaines Formation — 73
Trzebież-Stargard area — 112
Trzek 1 well — 120
Tubantian — 33, 107, 133
Tubbergen Formation — 87
Tubize Formation — 61
Tuchola Formation — 77
Turnhout — 288
Turonian — viii, 25, 40, 41, 43, 55, 99, 194, 195, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 245, 248
Turów — 287
Tuvalian — 164
Tuxen Formation — 200, 206, 209
Tyne — 92, 93, 287
Tyra field — 209
Tyra-Igor inversion ridge — 208, 209

U

Uelsen — 168
Ultimate Recoverable Reserves — iii
underground storage — ix, 292, 293, 294, 298
Upper Anhydrite — 126, 127, 128, 129, 139, 140, 142, 146
Upper Buntsandstein Subgroup — 159, 160, 161, 294
Upper Claystone Formation — 133, 136
Upper fluvial and playa-lake depositional cycle (P-L IV) — 112
Upper Gipskeuper — 35, 164

Upper Graben Formation — 191, 192
Upper Keuper Subgroup — 165, 166, 167
Upper Lias — 188
Upper North Sea Group — 223
Upper Rhine Graben — 47, 211, 213, 217, 218, 219, 220, 294
Upper Rhine Valley — 291, 298
Upper Silesian Block — 77
Upper Silesian Coal Basin — 85, 86, 87, 89, 90, 92, 93
Upper Silesian Sandstone Series — 87
Urals — 30
Usedom High — 112
Utsira Formation — 294

V

Valais Ocean — 36
Valanginian — 38, 43, 52, 99, 195, 200, 202, 204, 207, 245, 248, 281
Valdemar field — 209
Vale of Pickering-Flamborough Head Fault Zone — 46, 230, 275
Valhall Formation — 200
Variscan compression — 30
Variscan Deformation Front — 12, 30, 86, 101, 107, 231, 233
Variscan Externides — 26, 27, 107, 277
Variscan Fold Belt — 12, 14, 87, 99, 107
Variscan Foreland — viii, 26, 28, 29, 30, 52, 72, 85, 99, 101, 105, 106, 107, 233
Variscan Front — 12, 15, 17, 29, 61, 64, 71, 72, 87
Variscan Front Thrust — 12
Variscan Internides — viii, 26, 27
Variscan inversion — 86, 93, 97, 98, 275
Variscan Massif — 51
Variscan Mountains — 31, 52, 81, 82, 86, 87, 89, 108, 109, 110, 160
Variscan Orogeny — 11, 12, 25, 64, 65, 68, 71, 81, 82, 105, 229, 275
Variscan Unconformity — 12, 30, 31, 61, 99, 229, 230
Variscides — 61, 68, 72
Varnkevitz Sandstone Formation — 65
Vedsted Formation — 195, 200
Vendian — 18, 68, 82
Vesdre — 72, 73, 74, 86
Vesdre Nappe — 73, 74
Viborg Formation — 217, 218
Viking Graben — 36, 37, 195, 216, 217, 219
Ville Formation — 221, 285
Vindelician Massif — 165
Visé-Puth Basin — 85
Visean — iii, 26, 28, 82, 83, 85, 90, 92, 93, 98, 114, 229, 230, 231, 235, 236, 237, 255, 274, 277, 278
Vlieland Basin — 38, 187, 195
Vlieland Claystone Formation — 169, 200, 273, 280
Vlieland Sandstone Formation — 200, 280, 293, 297
Volgian (Tithonian) — 186, 187, 200
Volpriehausen Clay-Siltstone — 170
Volpriehausen Formation — 170, 172
Voorne Trough — 41, 45, 52

W

Wallerstheim Dolomit — 76
Wallonian Basin — 90
Warburg Formation — 162
Wardour-Portsmouth structures — 190
Warsaw Trough — 294
Warwickshire coalfield 59, — 61
Wassenaar field — 43
Waulsortian buildups — 83
Weald Anticline — 213
Weald Basin — 37, 44, 46, 72, 175, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 200, 203, 213, 220, 241, 242, 243, 244, 271, 278, 279, 296
Weald-Artois Axis — 41, 220
Weald-Artois landbridge — 221
Weald-Artois uplift — 220
Wealden ‘paper shales’ — 207
Wealden Anticlinorium — 242
Wealden Formation — 281
Weardale Granite — 287
Weissenmoor field — 238, 274
Weissliegend — 104, 110, 126, 141, 277
Weisspläner — 205
Wellenkalk facies — 161
Welton Chalk Formation — 202, 297
Welton field — 97
Welzow Member — 223
Wenlock — 25, 27, 61, 66, 67, 68, 227, 272
Werkendam Formation — 184
Werra Anhydrite — 128, 129, 135
Werra cycle — 133, 142, 143, 276
Weser Formation — 164, 165
Weser Trough — 33
Wessex Basin — 13, 39, 190, 202, 241, 253
West Brandenburg High — 107
West Sole field — iii, 110, 116, 117, 255
West Sole Group — 184, 283
West Walton Formation — 186
Westbury Formation — 165, 166
Westdorf Graben — 35, 161
Western Approaches Basin — 213
Western Pomerania Upland — 107
Westphalian — viii, ix, 26-31, 39, 52, 61, 81, 82, 85-87, 89-94, 97, 98, 101, 108, 112, 114-121, 137, 138, 168-170, 172, 188, 190, 193, 225, 229-231, 233, 235-240, 273-275, 277, 278, 283-285, 292, 295, 296
Westphalian Coal Measures — 90, 93, 94, 97, 98, 101, 112, 115-119, 137, 138, 168, 169, 170, 172, 188, 193, 230, 237, 273, 274
Whitby — 189, 255, 283
Whitby Mudstone Formation — 189
Whitehill — 296
Wieniec Member — 187
Wietze — iii, 187, 255
Willebadessen Member — 162
Winna Formation — 78
Winterton High — 37
Wippraer Zone — 26, 64, 68
Wiśniówka Sandstone Formation — 68
Wissenbach Shale — 76
Withycombe Farm borehole — 61
Wocklumeria Limestone — 79

Wojciechowice Formation 78
Wolsztyn High — ix, 18, 107, 108, 109, 112, 120, 135, 138, 146, 147, 233, 234
Worcester Basin — 31
Wordian — 31, 104
Wozniki Limestone — 165
wrench-fault systems — 93
wrench-induced deformation — 30
Wuchiapingian — 104, 123
Württemberg — 166
Wustrow Member — 112
Wyitch Farm field — 243

Y

Yeadonian — 90, 94
Yellow Sands Formation — 104, 110, 114, 288, 292
Yoredale delta — 228, 229
Yoredale delta system — 229
Yoredale facies — 82, 229
Yoredale Formation — 229, 230, 237
Yorkshire-Nottinghamshire coalfield — 283
Younger Halite — 127, 130, 132
Ypresian — 99, 216, 217

Z

Z1 Anhydrite platform — 127, 129, 137
Z1 Carbonate reservoirs — 133
Z2 (Stassfurt) Cycle — 33
Z2 (Stassfurt) Formation — 127, 129
Z2 cycle — 33
Z2 Main Dolomite — 129
Z2 Salt — 127, 130, 132
Z2-Stassfurt — 126
Z3 Carbonate — 127, 132, 133, 135, 137
Z4-Aller Series — 126
Z7 cyclothem — 133
Zagaje Formation — 175
Zagórze Formation — 78
Załęcze — 120, 277, 294, 299
Zandvoort High — 41, 52
Zandvoort Ridge — 38
Zechstein Basin — 35, 123, 126, 127, 133, 135, 142, 143, 147, 239, 240, 273, 274
Zechstein Limestone — ix, 120, 122, 126-129, 131-135, 139-144, 146, 233, 277, 298, 299
Zechstein salt — iii, 16, 25, 29, 31, 33-36, 39, 41, 43-45, 47, 51, 52, 54, 116, 164, 167, 168, 175, 183, 184, 191, 231, 238, 244, 273, 291-293, 298
Zechstein Sea — 32, 33, 112, 120, 127, 239, 240
Zechstein Supergroup — 116
Zechstein transgression — 33, 101, 104, 106, 108, 110, 126, 127
Zechstein-Buntsandstein boundary — 126, 142
Zechsteinkalk — 127, 136, 137
Zeeland Formation — 290
Zuidwal alkaline volcanic complex — 38
Zwoleń Formation — 78